"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain early, cloudy late today; south to west winds; Friday fair.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,195. ... NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

ALLIES NEAR DECISION ON ARMISTICE TERMS, GIVING DEFINITION TO WILSON'S POINTS; NEW GERMAN NOTE SEEKS TO HASTEN ACTION; 33,000 AUSTRIANS, MANY GUNS, TAKEN IN ITALY

SMITH DENIES ALL WHITMAN CHARGES, DEMANDS PROOF

Says He Appointed Only Three of the Men Denounced by the Governor.

ONE OF THEM WAS ELECTED

Defends Schoolmate and Declares Accusations Against Him Without Foundation.

20-YEAR-OLD CHARGE MADE

Candidate Did Not Inquire Into Past of Man with Two Sons Now in France.

Speaking at the Lyceum Theatre in Forty-fifth Street last night, Alfred E. Smith answered the charges of Governor Whitman that he had appointed gamblers to office while Speaker of the Assembly and during his administration as President of the Board of Aldermen. Some of the persons referred to by the Governor, Mr. Smith said, he had not appointed at all or even recommended their appointment, and he defied the Governor to substantiate his charges concerning the others. He accused the Governor of attempting to "draw a red herring" across his own trail, and said, amid applause, that he did not intend to let the Governor get away with it.

Mr. Smith was received with enthusiasm both at the theatre and at two crowded meetings in the Bronx, where he criticised the Governor's record in office. Following Mr. Smith at the Lyceum Theatre, Frederic R. Coudert praised President Wilson as a great world leader and Mr. Smith as a "capable, trained, honorable, and strong man" who would not be subservient to Tammany Hall.

"Governor Whitman," said Mr. Smith, "referred in his Union League Club speech to men I have appointed while in the Assembly and in the Board of Aldermen. Three of these men were appointed by me. Patrick J. Hogan I appointed as a private clerk while Speaker of the Assembly. I have known Hogan for thirty years, and that is a long time for a man of my age. He sat beside me in school, and I knew him intimately. The Governor's accusations against him are entirely without foundation in fact.

"I appointed Matthew T. Horgan on Jan. 1, when I went to the Board of Aldermen, as an accountant. Although the title of his position is Assistant President his real duties are those of an accountant. I appointed him because he was particularly fitted and able to fulfill the duties for which I did appoint him. The Governor has mentioned an incident in his past life that happened twenty years ago. I made no inquiry regarding that. I had known him as a steady, sober, hard-working man, and the father of five children. Two of his sons are in France now fighting for their country."

The audience vigorously applauded, and Mr. Smith went on:

"The Governor's criticism clearly draws the line between us. I have insulted me some of the milk of human kindness. He has not got any. I may also state that the charge that Horgan ever was indicted is an absolute falsehood."

There were more cheers, and Mr. Smith took up the case of "Carl Winters," whom the Governor described as "well-known sheet writer in gambling houses in this city." There is a Charles A. Winters who is an examiner in the office of the President of the Board of Aldermen.

"I did not know Winters well," said Mr. Smith, "and I appointed him at the request of many leading citizens of Yorkville, right in this city. They recommended him as being capable and efficient. I have asked these citizens who recommended him and they have told me that there is no foundation in fact whatever for the Governor's charges. The others mentioned by the Governor were not appointed by me or on my recommendation."

Mr. Smith then referred to Cornelius Crowley, an Assistant Sergeant at Arms of the Board of Aldermen who, the Governor declared, "was in the gambling business for years."

"The Governor ought to know," said Mr. Smith, "that the office of Sergeant at Arms is an elective office, and I have

Continued on Page Six.

Have you had Influenza? Bask in the sun at Asbury Park. Hotel Marlborough now quoting between season rates. 'Phone 1280.—Advt.

Serbs on Way to Belgrade Reach Danube Near Semendria

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Operations in the eastern theatre are described in the War Office communication tonight as follows:

On Oct. 29, Serbian cavalry reached the Danube east of Semendria (twenty-four miles southeast of Belgrade) and occupied Pozharevatz.

The enemy beat a precipitate retreat before the Serbian armies, which reached the front of Orn, Milanovatz, Topola, and Palanka, sixty kilometers (thirty-seven miles) south of Belgrade, capturing additional prisoners and war material.

WHITMAN RENEWS ATTACK ON SMITH

Quotes from McClure's Magazine How Opponent Got Jack Sirrocco Free.

GETS REPLY FROM SMITH

"I Did Not Put the Kaiser on His Throne and I Didn't Appoint Baker."

Governor Whitman, speaking at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn last night, continued to assail Alfred E. Smith for his appointments while Speaker of the Assembly as well as during his present term as President of the Board of Aldermen. Referring again to the cases he cited in his speech at the Union League Club on Tuesday night, the Governor added several more names and accused his opponent of representing criminals in court proceedings.

At one point, holding aloof a large photograph, the Governor said it represented "about the entire criminal world" and that it was inscribed "To our pal, Al Smith." The photograph, he said, was taken about the time Mr. Smith was made Speaker of the Assembly. The Governor pointed out to his audience various persons represented in the photograph, among them being "Philadelphia Slim," who, he said, was arrested in Norwich, N. Y., for breaking into a bank. At this man's trial, he said, Mr. Smith appeared and begged the Judge to show leniency. Name after name he mentioned of criminals who had served prison sentences and declared:

"I do not know whether all of them represent the criminal element, but I do know that they honestly represent the criminal element which comes from the east side and who have been working for Tammay Hall and who have been followers of Alfred E. Smith for four years."

The Governor also accused Mr. Smith of appointing Calvert Baker a Sergeant-at-Arms of the Board of Aldermen. He said that Baker was one of the oldest poolroom operators in New York and at one time was President of the Timothy D. Sullivan Association.

"And this man," he added, "now holds one of the best appointments under Mr. Smith. Is Smith the right man to be Governor of this State?"

Mr. Smith made this reply last night to the Governor's latest charges:

"I did not put the Kaiser on his throne, nor did I appoint von Hindenburg, nor had nothing to do with the appointment of Ludendorff, and neither did I commission von Bernstorff. Under the law I could just as well have made any of these appointments as the appointment of Calvert Baker. If the Governor had taken the trouble to investigate for

Continued on Page Six.

ITALIANS CAPTURE VITTORIO

Now Driving Austrians Back Along Piave from Mountains to Sea.

AMERICANS JOIN FIGHTING

Our 332d Regiment Thrown Into the Struggle on the Mountain Front.

MONTICANO RIVER CROSSED

Enemy's Entire Position in the Coast Region Imperiled by Allied Advance.

Direct Peace Offer to Italy May Be Made by Austria

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Count Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, has resolved to initiate direct peace negotiations with Italy, "Austria's sole antagonist," according to a Vienna telegram received in Copenhagen and transmitted by the Central News Agency.

We're Evacuating, Says Vienna.

VIENNA, Thursday, Oct. 31, (via London.)—"In view of our desire for peace, our troops on Italian soil are evacuating occupied regions," says an official statement issued late last night.

ROME, Oct. 30.—Thirty-three thousand Austrians, including 802 officers, and hundreds of guns, have been captured by the allied forces since the offensive against the enemy started on Oct. 24. East of the Piave River the Italians have reached Vittorio, (terminus of a northerly branch of the Treviso-Udine railroad.)

The 332d American Infantry Regiment (composed of men from Ohio and some Pennsylvanians) is participating in the battle in the Brenta region, according to the War Office announcement tonight, which reads:

Our offensive extended southward from the Middle Piave yesterday. A third army has now entered the struggle. On the front from the Brenta to the sea three-quarters of the Italian army are fighting in brotherly union with a gallant French division and the young and daring 332d American infantry regiment.

Between the Brenta and Piave rivers the bitterness of the resistance and the aggressiveness of the enemy, supported by fresh reserves, have for six days given the struggle particular fierceness.

East of the Piave the enemy is yielding to our pressure and we are overcoming successive lines.

In the Grappa region yesterday our Fourth Army gained advantages. In the region of Pertice and Col del Orso. The Twelfth Army has reached the outskirts of the village of Quero, taken Sequisine, and carried Monte Cesen.

The Eighth Army has occupied the defile of Follina and reached Vittorio. There is fighting north of Conegliano.

The Italian Tenth Army is beyond the Conegliano-Oderzo road.

The Third Army has crossed the Piave to San Dona Piave and east of Zenson.

The prisoners captured since Thurs-

Continued on Page Three.

Airplane Report Lists Good and Ill; Hughes's Findings to be Made Public Today

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The report of Charles E. Hughes on the aircraft investigation, will be sent to President Wilson tomorrow by Attorney General Gregory and made public then. A number of specific acts and plans involved in the big task of preparing the nation for warfare in the air are declared subject to criticism, but, in the light of later developments, some of these are held to be excusable. The Government plans for large production are generally commended.

Officials who had been in touch with the investigation emphasized today that this was not to be interpreted as meaning that blanket approval of the way in which the program had been carried out was given. On the other hand, they said, plenty of evidence of inefficiency in manufacturing plans and waste of money and time is presented, indicating that the execution of the Government's plans might have been much better on the part of both Government agencies and contractors for airplanes.

Although President Wilson has not yet seen the report, he has been told the substance of its findings.

Attorney General Gregory devoted most of his time today and this evening to perusal of Mr. Hughes's report and to preparing a letter of transmittal, in which he is expected to offer his individual comment on the findings. His attitude is understood not to be radically different from that of Mr. Hughes.

The report, it is said, deals in detail with separate phases of the production program, such as the preliminary planning by army officers, the Aircraft Board, and other advisers called in by the Government; the execution of these plans, and the final results shown in finished planes. Criticism both adverse and favorable follows, and testimony is cited to show where the fault lay in preliminary ideas and in the industrial and mechanical execution.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.
Delightful at The Greenbrier now. European plan. Open all year. Wonderful curative waters. No influenza. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

Germans Are Now Preparing To Quit Line of the Scheldt

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.) — The British troops in the Valenciennes-Courtrai sector were resting on their arms this morning, with their line for most of the way snug up against the Scheldt River and Canal, to which they had forced the enemy. On the other side of these natural defenses the Germans were still clinging to positions which they hoped would afford them protection in a further withdrawal.

In the meantime preparations for a retirement to a line further back were going on apace in the enemy's forward areas. Railway communications were being destroyed and highways were being blown up as fast as the war materials could be removed. The new German line would depend largely on the trend of events, but indications are that the enemy would stand temporarily on the Dendre River, which affords an excellent defense.

GREAT MASSACRE PLANNED BY REDS

Night of Nov. 10 Fixed for a St. Bartholomew of Russian Bourgeoisie.

WILD PANIC IN PETROGRAD

Harold Williams Says That Terrorists Mean What They Say —Slaying Now 500 a Day.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—A special to the Koebenhaven from Petrograd reports that the Bolsheviki now openly declare that the night of Nov. 10 will be a general St. Bartholomew, with the murder of the entire bourgeoisie and intellectual class.

Indescribable panic is said to reign in Petrograd.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—With reference to the Copenhagen report that the Bolsheviki intend to make Nov. 10 a general St. Bartholomew for the Bourgeoisie, Harold Williams writes:

"It is futile to cherish the illusion that the Bolsheviks do not mean what they say. During September their official organ announced daily 500 names of persons shot in cold blood without trial and without reason, and a cool estimate of the daily quota of victims of the terror throughout Russia is 500.

"If not for the sake of Russia, then for the sake of humanity, of liberty, of civilization, and for the security of the peace that at last draws near it is high time to put a stop to atrocities as fiendish as any committed by the Germans in this war."

Reds Report 25,000 Shot by Krasnoff.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—During the rule of General Krasnoff, the Cossack leader and former member of the staff of Alexander Kerensky in the Don region, 25,000 persons have been shot, according to a Russian wireless dispatch received here tonight.

This wireless dispatch is virtually from the Soviet Government.

DEVASTATE RUSSIA AS THEY WITHDRAW

Germans Carry Off Everything Transportable, Leaving the People to Starve.

LONDON, Oct. 30, (British Wireless Service.)—Conditions in Russian territory occupied by the Germans are described in an official Russian wireless message, which says:

From all regions now in German occupation it is reported that the German military authorities are carrying off everything that it is possible to take to Germany. They are devastating the country.

In White Russia there are no horses and no cattle because the Germans have taken them all. In the regions where evacuation is pending the fields remain unsown because the Germans have left no seed. Children are dying of starvation. Milk cannot be obtained.

Household furniture, telegraphic and telephonic instruments and appliances from many towns have been sent to Germany. The railway lines have been stripped, only wrecked and useless cars being left behind.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Red Cross workers who recently returned to Archangel from a trip to isolated towns along the coast of the White Sea report that the inhabitants were on the verge of starvation and that some of the villages had been without flour and sugar for two years. A cablegram received today at Red Cross Headquarters said the Red Cross workers distributed 100 tons of provisions, medicines, and other supplies.

GERMANY CITES REFORMS

Latest Note to President Gives Steps Toward Democratization.

WILL NOT BE MADE PUBLIC

Government Officials Suspect It Is Merely Another Piece of Junker Propaganda.

HARSH TERMS LOOKED FOR

Expected That Armistice Will Leave Germany Helpless—Reply to Austria Ready.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Anxiety by Germany for a successful outcome of her request for an armistice is held here to be reflected in a new note from the German Government received at the State Department today. In it the powers that be at Berlin state in detail the steps alleged to have been taken to democratize the Government, the apparent purpose being to impress upon the United States that they have taken all necessary measures to comply with the stand of President Wilson that any arrangement looking toward an ending of the war cannot be made with an autocracy.

At the same time the note is open to suspicion that it was prepared for propaganda purposes, and for this reason the State Department is declining to give its text to the public. Officials of the department seem to fear that if they furnish the communication to the press they will be helping a German game to impress the American people with the idea that the German governmental system has been completely reformed and that the people are now in control.

The State Department indicates that the note is of no public value, because it does not produce any change in the situation that has arisen from the German proposal for a suspension of hostilities. This is the official reason advanced for the unwillingness of the department to let the American people see what the note contains. Evidently officials suspect that the German Government is working again at its old game of attempting to influence sentiment in foreign countries.

Apparently note writing at this stage of the game will be of no benefit to Germany. The United States Government is not in a mood to show any consideration for a defeated adversary who seeks to gain sympathy by such well-known methods.

Storm Continues to Rise.

There is every indication that Germany, through whatever means she can employ, is seeking to bring about the arrangement of an armistice without delay. The reasons for her anxiety are well understood in Washington and the capitals of the Allies. Among those in position to have intimate information as to conditions in Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey, the understanding prevails that the Central Powers realize that the game is up and that their only hope of salvation from overwhelming disaster lies in an ending of hostilities in the immediate future.

Excellent reason exists for the understanding in allied capitals that Hindenburg served notice on his Imperial master and on the ruling Prussian group that it was useless for Germany to go on fighting longer. The belief prevails also, and probably rests on a firm foundation of intelligence from the enemy countries, that Austria-Hungary and Turkey served notice on Germany that unless an armistice were arranged soon, Germany's two remaining partners would withdraw from the partnership and make a separate peace with their enemies. This, it is suggested, was the acute cause of the sudden appeal of the German Government to President Wilson.

Outside of the indication of the state of affairs in the Austro-Hungarian Empire given by the Vienna Government's separate, direct appeal to Washington for an immediate armistice, plenty of evidence is at hand that Austria-Hungary will go to pieces unless the war is ended very soon, and even in that event may find it impossible to maintain a stable Government.

Short of Supplies of War.

Both Germany and Austria are understood to be short of ammunition and other military supplies, and in both countries, particularly Austria, the people are so set upon having peace that serious outbreaks are likely unless the armistice negotiations succeed. Germany's losses in cannon, machine guns,

Continued on Page Two.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

Kaiser Thinks Time to Abdicate Has Not Yet Come; Says He Will Quit if Germany's Interest Demands It

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—An Exchange Agency dispatch from Amsterdam says that, according to a telegram received from Berlin, the Kaiser, speaking to a number of members of the Reichstag during the past few days, expressed the opinion that the people must not think that he had decided to stay on the throne.

"In any case," the Emperor added, "if the moment comes when the interest of Germany demands it, I should abdicate and would do so without hesitation; but the moment does not seem to have come yet."

It is generally admitted that the abdication, when it takes place, will be in favor of Prince William, the Crown Prince's eldest son. The Regency Council would then be instituted, headed by the Chancellor.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30.—"The German people shall be the freest people in the world."

This declaration was made by Emperor William in addressing the new State Secretary Oct. 21, according to a Berlin dispatch printed in the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette of Essen.

TURKS SUMMON ALLIED FLEET?

Said to Have Invited Ships to Dardanelles to Oversee Demobilization.

PEACE SPIRIT IS STRONG

Unofficial Delegates Reported to Have Left Constantinople Several Days Ago.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30.—According to a Constantinople dispatch, reports are current that Turkey, under the peace negotiations, has invited the allied fleet to enter the Dardanelles.

Troops are not to be landed, it is said, with the exception of a small detachment to supervise the demobilization of the Ottoman Army.

The Constantinople newspaper Ikdam printed on Sunday a statement from a "competent source" that Turkey had begun official peace negotiations with the Entente, adding that delegates already had left the Turkish capital.

In other quarters in Constantinople, however, it is declared that the negotiations are unofficial.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—A dispatch from Athens to the Matin says that the "sole remaining Turkish Army" has been concentrated at Bulair, a town at the neck of the Gallipoli Peninsula.

The Tchatalja positions are being prepared as the second line of defense for Constantinople.

Germans Control Turks' Fleet.

At last accounts a German admiral was in command of the Turkish fleet, which had absorbed the surviving units of the Russian Black Sea fleet last Spring. Besides, there are still the officers and crews of the German battle cruiser Goeben and the light cruiser Breslau. The latter was sunk and the former injured in an encounter with British ships on January 20 at the mouth of the Dardanelles.

But the Goeben, which is now known as the Sultan Selim, reached the Golden Horn and was repaired. Aircraft observers say that she is anchored off Skutari, on the Asiatic side of the Bosporus.

Her position there was in a way explained in the last week of September, when, following General Allenby's victories in Palestine, and especially after the surrender of Bulgaria, it was rumored that the Turkish soldiers and populace of Constantinople would force the pro-German Government of Enver Pasha to surrender.

It was then reported that the German Admiral had the guns of the Goeben turned on the city and threatened to reduce it should a revolt take place.

With a new Sultan and Ministry with pro-Ally sentiments, such as the new Turkish Government is now reported to have, it may be that this Government now seeks the aid of the Entente ships in preventing the German Admiral from carrying out his threat.

Although the other Turkish ships and the captured Russian ships are supposed to be commanded by Germans, they are practically out of commission owing to lack of repairs and poor crews.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

CZECHS TAKE OVER RULE OF PRAGUE

Army Submits to Them as Their Authority Spreads Fast Over Bohemia.

MANY KILLED AT BUDAPEST

Rioting There Nearly All of Sunday Night—Fleet Withdrawn to Fiume.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Czech National Committee now controls Prague fully and its authority is being accepted in some other parts of Bohemia, according to dispatches received here today from neutral countries where direct information from the interior of Austria-Hungary is obtained. Additional details are available of the bloodshed at Budapest which is marking the progress of the Hungarian independence movement.

Negotiations are going on between the Government officials of Bohemia and the Czech National Committee to insure a public administration, says a dispatch from Prague received today in Basle. The present Bohemian officials will remain provisionally, but the Governor, Count von Coudenhove, has been placed on unlimited leave at his own demand.

The authority of the Austrian monarchy now is only a name in Prague. Budapest newspapers report that Field Marshal Paul Kestranek, Commander in Chief in the Prague district, and Field Marshal Eduard Zanantoni handed over all the military authority to the Czech Committee on Monday.

The Czech National Committee also took over the functions of the local Government in Prague on Monday, marking the final step in its successful revolution there, according to a telegram from Berlin to the National Tidende of Copenhagen. The Austrian imperial symbols were removed from various buildings and imperial proclamations were torn down. The city officials have taken an oath of fidelity to the Czech State.

All-Night Battle in Budapest.

Many persons were killed and wounded in street conflicts between demonstrators and troops at Budapest on Sunday, according to a dispatch received in Berne tonight from the Hungarian capital and transmitted to The Associated Press here. The manifestants insisted on passing over the great chain bridge toward the Old Castle. Troops occupied the bridge and the banks of the Danube River.

The crowd forced the cordon of troops and the military fired their rifles and machine guns and attacked the rioters with bayonets. The struggle continued almost all night.

By mutual agreement between Count Michael Karolyi, the head of the new Hungarian Government, and Count Andrassy, the latter fills the post of joint Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister only for a limited period, suffi-

Continued on Page Two.

VENUS PENCILS set the standard of the world for quality. BUY VENUS.—Advt.

ALLIES UNITING ON TERMS

Conference on Armistice Is Reported Making Rapid Progress.

INFORMAL PARLEYS FIRST

Supreme War Council Will Meet After a Full Agreement Is Reached.

MUST FREE ALL BRITISH

Home Secretary Cave Insists on This in Truce—England's Anger Over Cruelties Grows.

PARIS, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—The heads of the Allied Governments and Colonel E. M. House, special representative of the United States Government, with the military and naval advisers of the respective countries, continued their informal meetings today.

Differences of view, natural to the immensity of the interests involved, have arisen, but under friendly examination they have largely disappeared.

Although some points in President Wilson's declarations may require more complete definition, an entire agreement is in immediate prospect.

The Supreme War Council will not met formally until this full understanding has been reached.

A naval conference was held at the Ministry of Marine on Monday. Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, presided. Admiral Wemyss, First British Sea Lord; Vice Admiral William S. Sims, and Admiral William S. Benson of the United States Navy, Vice Admiral Thaon di Revel of the Italian Navy, and Admirals Grassi and Bon of the French Navy were present.

The following Ministers and military and naval chiefs of the Allies have recently arrived in Paris: Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Minister Balfour, War Secretary Milner, Field Marshal Haig, Sir Eric Geddes, Admiral Wemyss and General Wilson of Great Britain, Admiral Benson and Vice Admiral Sims of the United States; Premier Orlando, Vice Admiral di Revel, and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy.

Colonel House has taken a residence in a quiet quarter of Paris, on the left bank of the Seine, not far from the French Ministry of War. He has already had conversations of considerable length with Premier Clemenceau, Field Marshal Haig, Viscount Milner, and Premier Venizelos of Greece.

Believe Germany Will Submit.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Germany's reply is generally construed as another step toward acceptance of the inevitable. I can state with authority that there is a greater degree of belief in Germany's sincerity in establishing a democratic Government than at any previous time. In quarters where skepticism has existed heretofore, one encounters today willingness to believe that Germany is surely moving toward acceptance of the terms of an armistice which will deprive her of military power and virtually throw her on the moderation of the Allies and America.

The arrival of Colonel House has produced a most helpful effect in all quarters. The French and English show confidence in his wisdom, and the fact that the United States is personally represented in the War Council is exercising an influence.

French and English statesmen recall Colonel House's work of a year ago, when he sowed the seeds of military unity and economic co-operation. His personal acquaintance with European leaders and his tactful and agree-

able methods are most helpful in a situation of such importance and delicacy.

ARMISTICE MUST FREE ALL CAPTIVE BRITONS

Home Secretary Cave Declares This to be a Prerequisite of Any Truce.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—That the immediate release of all British prisoners will be insisted upon by the Government as part of the armistice terms is confidently expected here. Sir George Cave, the Home Secretary, announced in the House of Commons yesterday that the same conditions imposed on Bulgaria in this matter would be insisted upon in any truce with Germany or Austria, and that General Allenby had been instructed to follow the same policy in dealing with the Turks.

There is plenty of evidence that British prisoners have received worse treatment throughout the war than the others, except the Russians.

Such a demand will be a very important factor and it is not likely that the other Allies will show less regard for their nationals who are suffering in German camps. Events since the German peace overtures were launched have not tended to instill any spirit of conciliation, forgiveness, or leniency toward the enemy in British breasts.

The sinking of the Leinster followed close on the German note. The evacuation of Belgian and French towns, for years under German rule, has opened what has heretofore been largely a sealed book of rumors, and authentic stories from truthful people of German barbarities toward the inhabitants have been flowing out.

Finally yesterday's discussions in the House of Commons of the treatment of British prisoners appears to have been about the last straw breaking the back of British patience—patience which the country generally seems now to think has been carried much too far. The Germans have only themselves to blame that these revelations came at a time so unfortunate for German interests.

Public Anger Seething.

The topic was forced upon the House by a strong public demand for light upon the circumstances of what is termed German blackmail in refusing to ratify an agreement drawn up for an equitable exchange of prisoners unless the British consented to go outside that subject and give guarantees against the deportation of Germans from China.

Captain Craig, a member of the House and himself an exchanged prisoner, told with emotion of his experiences and the sights he had seen in the prison camps.

Sir George Cave gave authentic details of wholesale deaths of British soldiers, kept ragged, starving and verminous and compelled to work long hours in salt mines and under fire at the front, contrary to the rules of The Hague Convention, beaten and tortured and shot for petty or no offenses.

Old Parliamentary reporters say that they have never seen such a bitter and strong feeling pervade the House of Commons, and the same feeling has infected the whole country. The only group of members who held aloof was a handful of pacifists, who appear to object to any unpleasant words about Germany more than they object to the war.

Germany has flagrantly broken the rules of international law in her treatment of British prisoners of war, said Sir George Cave in discussing the question of prisoners of war. Some of the German internment camps, he said, were reasonably well organized, but there were other camps where conditions were almost unspeakable and where inhuman treatment almost past belief went on. These things were going on today and the evidence the Government had obtained from lately returned prisoners was very much on the same lines as previously. Working parties of British prisoners were beaten, tortured, and made to work when they were ill. Everything was done to break their spirit, but, Sir George added, the enemy had failed in most cases.

Make an Example of Germany.

"It will do no good to talk to the people who do these things," said the Home Secretary. "We have got to take them by the neck and the throat if we can and punish them so that it will be an example for generations to come."

The speaker said that he held reports which could not be read to the House because of the character of the atrocities. In one camp since November, 1916, more than 2,000 prisoners of all nations had died.

The Home Secretary said nine men purposely drove picks into their feet in order to get away from a mining camp. In a salt mine a prisoner was beaten unconscious and when he regained his senses he was beaten unconscious again. The names of the officers and superintendents who carried out the outrages against the prisoners are known to the British Government. Reports of what had happened in factories, the speaker continued, could not be read without something more than anger.

Regarding the treatment of British prisoners behind the firing line, Sir George said, it was as bad as anything that could be found. Although General Ludendorff had promised redress, his promise had not been fulfilled, he said. Men were being marched up and put to work within range of the British shell fire, and they had to carry munitions of war and do other work which prisoners should not be put to. It was necessary for these facts to be made known, the speaker declared; Germany had a debt to pay, and Germany ought to be made to pay it.

Sir George said that in the bad treatment of prisoners Turkey had proved herself a fit ally to Germany. Bulgaria also had treated prisoners very badly, but happily the suffering of the captives there was over and the men were being brought out of the country.

Stiff Guarantees Demanded.

The general nature of the military guarantees which the Allies will require has been outlined as the occupation of strategical German bases, as well as the retirement of the German Army to its own soil. Wartime guarantees are considered equally important to Great Britain. Their nature thus far is only speculative, but the internment of the German submarines, if not the surrender of the whole fleet, appears to be the minimum terms which would satisfy the British people. The sea is as important as the land to this island nation, and the only detail in President Wilson's fourteen points on which there is constant questioning is what the President means by "freedom of the seas."

Suspicion is the word which still summarizes the public attitude toward the Central Powers' manoeuvres. Some of the most important papers believe that Germany and Austria, or what remains of the Austrian Government, are working together. They interpret Austria's rush toward a separate peace as part of a plan—now that Austrian military power is dissolving—to place Austrian territory as neutral ground between Germany and the allied armies, which may soon be able and ready to march through Austria.

Turkey's position is not yet clear. The Committee of Union and Progress apparently is still in the saddle at Constantinople. The fact that Djamid Pasha, Minister of Finance, is perhaps the most influential man in the Cabinet seems to show that Talaat Pasha, the former Grand Vizier, is still strong behind the scenes and that the Young Turks and Germany yet hold the power.

The one and greatest hope of the old guard in Germany, judging from the German papers, appears to be to drive a wedge between President Wilson and the Allies and to make the President play the part of mediator instead of belligerent.

The Frankfort Zeitung says: "If the Allies insist upon such disarmament terms as to make further German resistance impossible, not only Germany but he (President Wilson) himself would disappear from among the factors which are decisive for the conclusion of peace. His own position as world arbiter depends solely on whether Germany's military power at least is worth so much that it cannot be forced to surrender without the help of the American forces."

The article concludes by trying to make it appear that the President's rôle is now linked with that of Germany, by saying that in such a position as outlined "his rôle would be played out if he did not commence war against the Allies."

RED GOVERNMENT ASKS WILSON FOR 'ARMISTICE'

Tchitcherin Requests to be Informed When American Troops Will Be Withdrawn.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30.—Russian Foreign Minister Tchitcherin addressed a note to President Wilson on Oct. 24, according to Petrograd newspapers, saying:

"As a condition of the armistice during which peace negotiations shall be begun, you in your note to Germany demanded the evacuation of occupied territories.

"We are ready, Mr. President, to conclude an armistice on this condition and request you to inform us when you intend to withdraw your troops from the Murman, Archangel, and Siberia."

SEES PLEA OF DESPERATION.

Andrassy Moved by Fear of Berlin, Paris Paper Suggests.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The second note of Count Julius Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, to President Wilson is interpreted as evidence that Austria is in a desperate plight and has exhausted her powers of resistance.

"The Danubian monarchy seeks an issue all the more promptly because it knows of the anger aroused across the Rhine by its defection and the desire for vengeance which inspires the Berlin Cabinet," says the Petit Parisien.

The Matin says:

"It is essential that Entente troops shall have every latitude in occupying regions the inhabitants of which expect from us the fulfillment of solemn promises. It is also essential that, in the event of Germany not accepting our conditions for an armistice, the territory of the monarchy shall not constitute an obstacle to our military operations."

Lieut. Col. de Thomasson, in the Petit Journal, says:

"Proposals for an armistice, presented separately by Germany and Austria-Hungary, place the allied Governments in the presence of a delicate problem. We must decide to which of the two powers we shall first state our conditions. The solution which it adopted will evidently not modify the issue of the war, but may have the effect of lengthening hostilities."

PARIS CENSORSHIP TIGHTENED

News Also Shut Off by Flood of Exchanges on Peace.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The meagerness of news during this important period in Paris is due to the strictness of the censorship.

The foregoing relates to the proceedings of the Interallied Council, at which terms of the armistice to be submitted to Germany are being formulated.

In addition to the strict censorship, dispatches are being held up on account of the congestion of the cables by the exchange of communications between the United States Government and its representatives at the Interallied Conference.

CZECHS TAKE OVER RULE OF PRAGUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

ciently long to arrange for certain changes in the diplomatic situation.

According to a Budapest dispatch to the Weser Zeitung, Count Andrassy will then retire from Hungarian representation, Count Karolyi becoming Hungarian Foreign Minister, thus completing the separation of Austria and Hungary.

Count Hadik, former Hungarian Food Minister, has been charged with the formation of a Hungarian Cabinet, another dispatch from Budapest says.

The Austrian fleet has been hastily concentrated at Fiume, according to a dispatch from Rome to the Paris Temps under date of Sunday. A few vessels remain at Pola, but all that were at Cattaro have left. It is said that the concentration was demanded by Hungary.

Advices from Budapest state that on instructions of the Hungarian Government the Governor surrendered Fiume out of consideration of the small number of Croatian troops there and that the Town Council was dissolved and all the authorities ceased their functions. The fate of Fiume will be decided in the peace conference.

Andrassy Recognizes Czechs.

The Hungarian newspaper Norody Listy says that Count Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, has entered into diplomatic relations with members of the Czechoslovak Government in Paris.

Paris newspapers state that the Czechoslovak Council of State has decided to make Pressburg the capital of Slovakia.

Pressburg is on the north bank of the Danube, thirty-four miles southeast of Vienna. It is one of the finest cities in Hungary, and Hungarian Kings were crowned at the Cathedral of St. Martin at Pressburg for centuries. The population of the city in 1900 was 61,537. It was announced recently that the Czechoslovak Council had changed the name of Pressburg to Wilsonstadt in honor of President Wilson.

GERMANY CITES REFORMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

and ammunition in recent operations in France and Belgium have been enormous. The abandonment of artillery and other military stores has been on such prodigious scale as to give the impression that demoralization exists in the Kaiser's army.

The fact that the Germans are making marked resistance to the American offensive in the Argonne has not changed this view as to Germany's loss of power. It is true that many military officers serving in the theatre of war do not share the belief that Germany's punch has gone. These officers, and, in fact, the allied armies generally, are anxious to end the war by a victory of arms and have no patience with the negotiations for an armistice. They contend that Germany is seeking only to gain time to shorten her lines and fall back to better defensive positions, with a view to putting up a stiffer resistance in the Spring. They want to go straight through to Berlin and make peace as conquerors.

But there is reason to believe that the Governments of the Allies have obtained reliable information of conditions in Germany and the state of affairs in the German armies that brings confidence that resistance being offered now to the allied forces cannot be maintained for any great time. It is conceded that if the armistice negotiations fail the Germans may be able to prevent final victory for the Allies during the Winter months, but there is a widespread feeling in well-informed quarters that Germany is anxious to have the war end with the least possible delay, although an ending at this time will bring to her great humiliation and tremendous material loss.

Called a Memorandum.

The latest German note was delivered to Secretary Lansing today by Frederick Oederlin, Chargé d'Affaires of the Swiss Legation here, who represents German interests in the United States. The communication was officially described as a memorandum. While its contents are not revealed, other than to the extent that it contains information for the benefit of the United States Government concerning fundamental changes claimed to have been made in the German Constitution and Government, it is said to recite the various steps taken by the Reichstag and the Federal Council with a view to curtailing the power of the Kaiser.

The measures alleged to have been ratified by the Reichstag and the Federal Council may be summarized as follows:

Placing in the hands of the Reichstag and the Federal Council the making of war and peace and depriving the Kaiser of these powers.

Subordination of the Imperial Government to the legislative assemblies, particularly the Reichstag, which, it is asserted, represents the people directly.

Placing the military organization of the Empire under the civil authorities.

Amending the electoral laws so as to give the people control of the Government through universal exercise of the franchise.

Secretary Lansing has not yet received the official communication from the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs addressed to him personally and requesting his intermediation with the President in behalf of that Empire. According to the belief prevailing in Washington, President Wilson's response to the Austrian communication received yesterday, in which the Vienna Government expresses its wish to conclude peace on the terms indicated by the President, has been completed and will be forwarded to Vienna at once.

Harsh Conditions Predicted.

Discussion and speculation prevail in Washington, as in other capitals, as to the scope and character of the terms for an armistice with the allied Governments will lay before Germany through Marshal Foch should the pending negotiations have a favorable conclusion. No doubt appears to exist that these terms will be so stiff that, if they are accepted by Germany, the abject defeat of that Government will be emphasized in a material way. The guarantees that will be demanded are certain, it is believed, to bring the humiliation to Germany of having enemy forces occupy part of her territory. It is known that President Wilson would be satisfied with nothing less than an arrangement that will bring Germany to such a state of military impotency that she would be unable to resume hostile operations should peace negotiations end in failure.

As for Austria-Hungary and Turkey, it seems to be assured that they will feel obliged to consent to any terms General Foch may dictate and will make separate armistice agreements should Germany balk at the harsh proposals that Foch will lay down.

Grip of Junkers Loosened.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—The general opinion among officials and diplomats here is that the German proposal for an armistice and peace, while having its origin in a plan to gain time for strengthening the army and restoring its shattered morale, has now gotten beyond the control of the military party, and that the German people are the force which is driving the German Government to its present efforts for ending the war.

President Wilson was at work today on his reply to Austria's renewed plea for an armistice and peace. It was understood that in the note the President intended to touch upon the steps that Austria and Hungary had taken in the direction of releasing subject peoples from political bondage, but that the Austrian Government's plea would be referred to the allied Governments. The Administration was said to be well convinced now that Austria already was nearly out of the war and that her will for peace was simply tempered by a natural disposition to get the best terms possible short of unconditional surrender.

The report that Count Andrassy, the new Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, was about to sue directly to Italy for peace on the ground that Italy was Austria's "sole antagonist," is generally regarded as confirmatory of this understanding of the hopeless situation in the Dual Empire. It was pointed out that, since Italy solemnly engaged with the other Entente powers not to make a separate peace, if Austria carried out this plan it naturally would be referred by Italy to the Supreme War Council.

There was no official information here today as to the progress of the deliberations of the Supreme War Council and notice was taken of the reserved attitude of the Council in issuing any statements. The inference is drawn that a definite policy has been agreed upon to withhold all information regarding the discussions before the Council of the grave diplomatic and military questions which now engage its attention in connection with the preparation of an armistice.

House Reports to Washington.

Colonel E. M. House, who is in Paris as the special representative of the American Government to the European Governments, has been making long reports to Washington, but it is believed these do not relate to the proceedings of the War Council, but rather embody the individual views he has gathered from many private conferences with the Entente Premiers, Cabinet officers, and military and naval officers in attendance upon the Council.

There has been much speculation in official circles as to the probable feature of the armistice which will be offered to the Central Powers, but it is admitted that there is no definite knowledge on the subject. One comparatively new proposition relates to the guarantees to be exacted from Germany for the repayment of the tremendous financial losses suffered by the populations of those portions of Belgium and France occupied by the German troops. This is understood to contemplate the possession by the Entente Powers of a number of important industrial cities in the Rhine country and of the products of the mines and the soils therein until compensation has been made. Thus Germany would be dependent upon the Entente powers for any iron or coal or manufactured products she might have to draw from that territory.

The official text of the Austrian note, which did not differ materially from the unofficial version, was made public today at the State Department, but there was no announcement of the receipt of the communication from Count Andrassy to Secretary Lansing asking the Secretary to use his good offices with the President in behalf of Austria's plea.

Nor would any one admit knowledge of the extraordinary communication from M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, as given in cable dispatches today, demanding the evacuation by the Allied and American troops of "The Mourman, Archangel, and Siberia." As the State Department has never recognized even the existence of the government of which M. Tchitcherin is a part, it is not probable that his note will elicit a response. It is regarded as quite natural that the German supported Bolshevist Government should have been made very nervous by the impending collapse of the military party in Germany and Austria-Hungary.

The Rumanian National League of America, representing the Rumanians of Transylvania, in a declaration made public here today, vigorously protested against both the scheme of federation of Austria-Hungary mapped out by Emperor Charles, and the plan of the new Hungarian government to retain the oppressed nationalities within the control of that government. The protest, adopted at a recent meeting of the league in Cleveland, O., said the Rumanians in Austria-Hungary repudiated any kind of autonomy or federation under Hungarian or Austro-German leadership.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 30.—The German Government, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, dispatched its latest memorandum to the Government at Washington for the purpose of enabling President Wilson to more clearly understand the alterations recently made in the German constitution.

GERMANS ENRAGED AT AUSTRIAN MOVE

Dismay in Reichstag Over Separate Peace Overture—Kaiser's Fall Predicted.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—A German wireless dispatch picked up here tonight says that the German National Party at yesterday's sitting expressed profound indignation at Count Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, for making an offer to President Wilson to negotiate a separate peace without consulting the German Government or the representatives of the German Executive Committees.

In the Reichstag, the dispatch adds, Count Andrassy's action caused dismay and anger, it being declared that it was not necessary, as the situation was assuming a form under which co-operation with Germany would be possible.

An Amsterdam dispatch says that the principal topics of comment in German newspapers received there are the resignation of General Ludendorff and Austria's activity for a separate peace. Austria's action was received with some signs of resentment, but at the same time with a certain sense of relief, as clearing the situation and leaving Germany free to act in her own interest.

Urge Unity with Austrian Germans.

In this connection there are some intimations in the newspapers of a movement for joining the Austrian Germans with Germany. For instance, Germania, the Catholic Centrist organ, says that Germany henceforth will be able to drop consideration for her allies, and champion more decisively than hitherto her kinsmen in Austria.

The Börsen Courier agrees that Germany and Austria, according to the principle of self-determination, are now entitled to negotiate separately.

The Vossische Zeitung admits that Count Andrassy had no alternative, and declares it is useless to shout treachery.

"If our allies have shamefully broken the faith," says the Deutsche Tageszeitung, "we must remain true to ourselves. We still have the strength to stand alone."

Vorwärts, the organ of the Socialists, argues that Count Andrassy was speaking only on behalf of the dynasty, and says it will be no wonder if the entire world believes that "the Austrian Government wants to purchase a merciful peace with a kick at a dying lion." The newspaper adds that Germany and German Austria will not perish.

Vienna Government Only on Paper.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says that as the Austro-Hungarian Government now exists only on paper the recognition of the Czechoslovaks and South Slavs possesses no further significance, but that it is imperative that German Austria shall assert its rights as against the Slavs and before President Wilson.

Commenting on General Ludendorff's resignation, the Weser Zeitung contrasts the public mental poise of Germany unfavorably to that of France, which it says never lost courage "even when the enemy was at the gates of the capital, while the German people, instead of smiting their bosoms for their own sins, all are blaming each other."

The Austrian censor permitted the Arbeiter Zeitung to publish a leading editorial article violently denouncing the "puny" German Kaiser, "who preferred to see bitter humiliation inflicted on his people rather than abdicate." Arguing that voluntary abdication would have produced easier terms for an armistice, the newspaper adds:

"A real Emperor would rather proudly abdicate before being branded by the whole world as the man who caused his nation's humiliation."

Strong Hint to Kaiser.

Commenting on the present political situation in Germany, the Frankfurter Zeitung says, according to an Amsterdam dispatch:

"In broad circles of the German people it is made quite clear that the people would have been thankful if, in the radical changes in the home and foreign policy now begun, Emperor William had drawn personal consequences from those changes, especially for his own sake."

The newspaper considers that Emperor William's "strong religious nature is a guarantee of his good intentions in Germany's past policy," and it acquits him of having planned the great war, but it adds that he has made himself a "symbol of the old régime."

Deputy Richard Kaikhof declared at a recent meeting of the Centrist Party that he was able to affirm that Emperor William would not cling to the crown, but would abdicate for Germany's good, according to the Kölner Tageblatt, as quoted in a Basle dispatch.

A Copenhagen dispatch says that the Berliner Lokal-Anzeiger states that Dr. Richard von Kühlmann, former German Secretary of Foreign Affairs, will be one of Germany's representatives at the peace conference.

The German Reichsbank has issued banknotes to the amount of 2,000,000,000 marks during the last four weeks, according to the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich. The newspaper says that this was caused by the hoarding of banknotes by the people, and points out that if the Germans do not give up their present "craze" a financial catastrophe is inevitable.

GARFIELD'S SON DECORATED

Receives the French War Cross for Gallantry in Action.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Lieutenant Stanton Garfield of the French Field artillery, youngest son of Fuel Administrator Garfield, has been decorated with the Croix de Guerre for valor at the front in France, Dr. Garfield was notified today.

For some time prior to the entry of America in the war young Garfield had been driving an ambulance at the front. Later he and a number of his associates got an opportunity to take the artillery course at the French artillery school, receiving commissions in the French Army on their graduation.

ENEMY LOST HEART IN FACE OF DEFEAT

Natives of Lille and Roubaix Tell How Arrogance of Invaders Disappeared.

MEN ILL-FED, HORSES DYING

Teutons Struck Women in Face Who Slipped Bread to Captured Officers of Allies.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Oct. 30.—Our armies are not attacking just now and the situation remains as it was round Tournai and Valenciennes, with the enemy's machine-gun rear guards holding interferences of those cities. The latest information indicates that the Germans' plan is to retreat clear out of Belgium and France, taking as much material as they can in expectation of peace by the time they reach their frontiers.

Germany is both beaten and ruined, recent prisoners say. However, German machine gunners, who are the élite of their army, are fighting bravely and doggedly in order to gain time for retreating troops. Our pursuit has been too rapid for the enemy's plans of orderly withdrawal, and he is still holding on to his present line because he has not had enough time to do his packing up and is afraid of losing masses of material. But behind these military arrangements, which are still being carried out with method and discipline, there are bigger things, which make them only the last demonstration of German militarism in the fields of war.

In spite of Hindenburg's order that German soldiers have no concern with politics, the imminent surrender of their army leaders, the despair and passion that are breaking loose among their people, and the knowledge of defeat have broken the spirit of the German armies as a fighting machine and they are not unconcerned with the doom that is upon them. Civilians in the newly liberated towns of Lille and Roubaix and others tell me that the breaking up of German discipline and well-being was plainly visible about a year ago and during the last six months could not be hidden.

Horses Died in Streets.

The fighting machine and fighting spirit of these men were wearing out and withering. Their horses became so thin and starved that even in the streets of Lille they used to drop down dead. Rations of the men were reduced and they became pinched and pallid. The arrogance of the officers, brutal beyond words in the early days to citizens of Lille, became chastened, and among the men there was a growing revolt against the officer class and "capitalists," whom they denounced as the authors of the war. They were struck in the face and slapped with whips by their officers for any trivial offense, and they cherished these things and said:

"We will cut their throats when we are free of this."

They learned what liberty meant from the French people of these northern towns, who maintained their independence, the spirit of their dignity and their pride against all oppression of German kommandants and German police and fines and imprisonments and blows in the face—for even women were cuffed if they happened to be two minutes late in closing their shops or if they smuggled bread or cigarettes to our poor prisoners—and German soldiers said:

"You people have liberty in your souls and we will have it, too, when their war ends, for now we live under tyranny."

Always conversation of French civilians in these liberated towns goes back to the sight of our prisoners, and there is a sick look in their eyes when they tell of their sufferings.

"Sir," said a French barber last night, "I have seen your officers in fur coats stoop to pick up bits of bread from dust heaps in the roads."

Struck Merciful Women.

"When they first came in," said a lady with whom I spoke this morning, "they were robust and healthy and jaunty, so that they went whistling through the streets to show they were not down-hearted, but after fifteen days they became thin and weak and stumbled along with a dreadful look of hunger and misery. They had no changes of linen and became verminous, and one heard them coughing as they marched. We used to stand along tram lines pretending to wait for trams and slip things into their hands as they passed, but we were put in prison or struck in the face if guards saw us, unless they happened to be good-natured men who looked the other way, as sometimes happened."

Those memories are so fresh that every time one stops in the streets or enters a shop in liberated towns people tell these things, and one cannot forget them, but because the horror has passed from them the inhabitants of Lille and Doubaix and Tourcoing are very happy.

It is happiness which shines in their eyes and they smile and nod as one passes and there is a great friendliness shown to any soldier who stops to ask the way. Boys and girls clamor for seats on any British lorry passing through and crowd in next to the driver with beaming faces. Over and over again I hear the words which I first heard in Lille on the morning after its liberation:

"It is like a dream. To be free again is like being in a dream."

It was glorious Autumn weather and there was a glint of gold down the streets of these northern towns, with their long, broad avenues of trees, from which yellow leaves were fluttering down to redden in the roadways. They are handsome, modern towns, full of big, well-furnished houses and with public gardens and statues along their boulevards.

Reminders of Invasion.

It is difficult to believe that less than a fortnight ago they were in German hands. Little things remind one of this—German notices on the walls, German tickets on bronzes in drawing rooms permitting owners to keep family treasures as exceptions to the general requisition, concrete dugouts in gardens of big houses used by German staffs. And not far away there is another reminder that war is not remote from these towns even now. It is the sound of big guns, very close and very loud, for Roubaix and Lille are not far behind our lines and are within easy gun range, and it is only the change that has come over the German Army and their knowledge of retribution which save these towns from shellfire.

The city of Valenciennes is almost entirely surrounded by floods covering a very considerable area, so that it would be difficult for our troops to make a crossing. Over southward, where the ground is passable, the enemy is holding his line with six divisons on a narrow front. All told there are eight divisions between Valenciennes and Le Quesnoy, which shows the enemy's anxiety to hold this door closed until he has had more time to escape by the back way.

LODGE INDORSES FIVE WILSON POINTS

Reconciled to Some of President's Terms, But Attacks Him For Recent Appeal.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 30.—Expressing the opinion that the war could last but a few weeks longer, Senator Lodge declared at a political rally here tonight that the present was no time for parley, and that Americanism—not Republicans or Democrats—must prevail.

After dissecting the fourteen articles for peace set forth by President Wilson, Senator Lodge called upon America to stand fast by the ideals for which it entered the war, which, in his opinion, was for the maintenance of the freedom of civilization, and was to be accomplished only when Germany was beaten down like Bulgaria, and in a position where she could never break out on the world again.

He deplored the action of President Wilson in calling for Democratic support in Congress. It had not only divided the country heretofore united, he said, but had tended to make the war a party war. No policy had been announced, Mr. Lodge asserted, for which Democratic support was asked.

He said it was an injustice that Republicans worthy to go into the trenches, worthy to subscribe to the major part of Liberty Loans, good enough to give to all charity and war causes should be characterized by the President as "unfit" to take part in the Government.

Of the fourteen articles for peace suggested by President Wilson, Senator Lodge expressed himself in favor of the seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh and thirteenth.

TO SEIZE PART OF POLAND.

Ukraine Dictator Prepares to Occupy Cholm and Podlachia.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—General Skoropadski, the Ukranian Hetman, according to a Zurich dispatch to the Journal des Débats, has sent three Ukranian divisions to the Polish frontier with the object of occupying the districts of Cholm and Podlachia, which were given to the Ukraine to the prejudice of Poland by the Brest-Litovsk treaty. The Ukranians intend to move into Poland whenever the German and Austrian groups withdraw.

The German authorities in the Ukraine, it is added, support General Skoropadski. Numerous German soldiers have joined the Ukrainian divisions sent to the Polish frontier.

ASKS ABOUT PEACE TERMS.

Question in Commons Guardedly Answered by Bonar Law.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—"Does the Premier intend to take steps to secure that the peace agreement shall in general principles accord with the wishes of the majority of the members of the House of Commons?" was the question submitted in the House of Commons yesterday by Sir Richard Cooper, Unionist for Walsall.

Andrew Bonar Law, Government spokesman, replied that the Government must be the interpreter of the views of the House and the nation.

Sir Richard then asked if the country would be committed to a secret peace agreement. In answer Mr. Bonar Law said:

"I do not quite know what the honorable member means. I do not suppose he suggests that peace terms should be put up to the country as a referendum, and I know of no other way in which the country can be represented, except by the Government."

German Lies Still Afloat in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—German propaganda is working in Mexico. The State Department was advised today that the Germans are publishing in Guadalajara a story that the deaths in New York City from influenza have been so numerous that the victims are lying in heaps in the streets.

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GEN. GROENER TAKES LUDENDORFF POST

Prussian War Minister, a Genius in Organization, Headed Military Railway Service.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—General Groener, the Prussian War Minister, after an audience with the Emperor, has gone to German Headquarters as the successor to General Ludendorff, who resigned several days ago, according to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen.

There may be significance in the appointment of General Groener to succeed Ludendorff as Chief Quartermaster General. Groener, who is regarded as the greatest organizing director in Germany, was chief of the military railway service when the war began. He not only distributed the troops on the western and eastern fronts, but moved large bodies of them from one to the other when circumstances demanded. It may be that his services are now required on the problem of returning the troops to their homes.

In November, 1916, Groener was made head of the Department of Munitions. A year later he was suddenly relieved of his post after a quarrel with the Kaiser. While in office he was practically director of labor and manufacture in the Empire, and is said to have produced astonishing results. While waiting for a command in the field, which never came, he visited the great munition and other plants and made eloquent speeches on speeding up the work.

It was in December, 1916, when he was 40 years old, that Groener was at the height of his fame, and he was then called the third in Germany's great military triumvirate, the others being Hindenburg and Ludendorff. An interview with him, published in THE TIMES of Dec. 14, 1916, said of him:

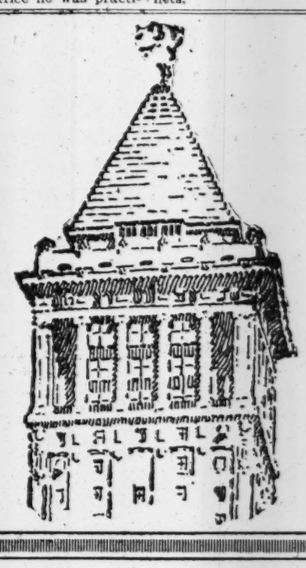
"He is essentially a business man, making, but for his uniform, much the impression on the interviewer of a live-wire American corporation head, a pioneer of large vision and fertility, of far-seeing plans, with the practical-headed training for materializing them, inexhaustible enthusiasm for work, and faith in himself and his big business proposition."

STILL SEES KAISER RULE.

Bundesrat System's Power Not Modified, Cecil Says.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, Lord Robert Cecil, Assistant Secretary for Foreign Affairs, asserted that there was no evidence that the powers of the German Bundesrat's system had in any way been modified.

The German Secretaries of State were appointed by the Emperor, Lord Robert added, and presumably were liable to dismissal by him. It might, therefore, be presumed that the so-called German War Cabinet did not correspond constitutionally with the allied war cabinets.



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DOWN 21 GERMAN PLANES

Only Two of Our Men Missing After Banner Day—Big Guns Bombarding the Enemy.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTH OF VERDUN, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Capturing Aincreville, the Americans today advanced north of the town and established a new line on the series of ridges in that region.

By the occupation of Aincreville the Americans have brought within their lines a series of hills and natural positions dominating the country for miles. Aincreville was taken with but little opposition, the resistance being principally from machine guns.

Twenty-one German aviators were downed today by American chasing aviators. It was a banner day in American aviation, considering the number of victories achieved over the Germans.

Two American airmen are missing as a consequence of the fighting in the air.

The aerial activity began early this morning and, aided by the clear weather, American bombers were successful in attacking various enemy points of troop concentration both in the morning and in the afternoon.

In the region of Grand Pré General Pershing's forces improved their positions. Bellejoyeuse Farm is now virtually within the American lines.

East of the River Meuse there was considerable activity, but there was no material change in the line. The Germans desperately resisted attempts to drive them from Hill 360.

Enemy artillery activity east of the Meuse decreased this evening, but the Germans continued to throw gas into different parts of the line and to hurl shells of large calibre in the back areas.

The big American guns also were active, bombarding crossroads and railway junctions far and wide within the region of the previous bombardment of objectives behind the enemy lines.

The Germans showed more than ordinary activity in the air on Tuesday night, bombing the region of Montfaucon, Cuisy, and other places. The German squadron known as the "Traveling Circus" also appeared at different parts of the front. The airplanes were painted in bright colors. A number of combats resulted and several German machines were brought down within their own lines.

PERSHING REPORTS ADVANCE.

Lines Established Just North of Aincreville, He States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Occupation of Aincreville by the American troops is reported in General Pershing's bulletin of today, which reads:

"Headquarters Expeditionary Forces, Oct. 30, (morning:)

"North of Verdun our troops have occupied Aincreville and have established their lines just north of the village. Lively artillery fighting occurred during the night at various points along the front.

"In the Woevre our patrol successfully engaged hostile detachments and captured prisoners."

General Pershing's communiqué of yesterday says:

"Headquarters Expeditionary Forces, Oct. 29, (morning:)

"Artillery and machine gun fire continued heavy during the night on the front of the First Army north of Verdun, reaching particular intensity in the region of the Bois Belleu and the Bois d'Ormont. From the remainder of the front there is nothing of importance to report.

"On the Verdun front there has been heavy artillery and machine gun fire today west of the Meuse, especially in the region north of St. Juvin.

"With more favorable weather conditions there has been increased aerial activity on the front of the First Army throughout the day. Our pursuit squadrons engaged the enemy in numerous combats, in the course of which eighteen enemy airplanes were shot down. Five of our machines did not return. Our aviators also carried out important reconnoissance and photographic missions."

RICKENBACHER WINS TWICE.

Ace Downs a Fokker and a Balloon, Making 24 Victories.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTH OF VERDUN, Oct. 30.—Captain Edward Rickenbacher today achieved his twenty-third and twenty-fourth air victories. He was over enemy lines doing a bit of boche hunting when a Fokker sped below him. Diving on the German flier, he brought him down in flames.

As Rickenbacher turned to come home he saw an observation balloon on the ground below him and sent an incendiary bullet into it, burning it.

GREAT AIR ACTIVITY ON THE FRENCH FRONT

Debeney's Forces Push a Little Nearer to Guise—Make Progress on the Peron.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Operations on the French and British sections of the western front today were generally lacking in startling features.

General Debeney's First French Army has made some gains in the region near Guise and made some progress along the Peron River.

An official report of French aerial operations shows intense activity by that branch of the army yesterday. The bulletin says:

On Oct. 29 our observation airplanes spread over the areas behind the enemy's front and pushed forward for more than thirty kilometers (18 miles) inside the lines. Some proceeded as far as eighty kilometers (nearly fifty miles), while one got as far as one hundred and twenty kilometers into the zone occupied by the Germans. The patrols brought back 1,350 photographs and useful reports.

Bombing machines dropped more than 37,000 kilos of explosives on and fired 20,000 cartridges at enemy concentrations and convoys in the region of Remaucourt, Son and Serain-court. In the course of these operations and cruising enterprises by fighting planes, twenty enemy machines were brought down or fell in a damaged condition, and three Drachens were burned.

During the night our bombing machines attacked enemy railway stations where activity was being displayed. They employed 18,000 kilos of projectiles with good results on the junctions at Olvet, Mézières, Hirson, Vervins and Montcornet and on depots and bivouacs in the region of Provisy and Montcornet.

The War Office communication tonight says:

Local operations in the region south of the Guise enabled us to occupy several enemy trenches and to approach the road running between Guise and Herie-la-Vieville.

Our troops continued their offensive between Banogne and Herpy, taking prisoners. West of St. Fergeux and near Hill 145 very spirited engagements occurred. Our troops resisted several enemy counterattacks.

The day report is as follows:

North of Guise we have advanced on the north bank of the Oise and captured the Beaufort Farm, west of Lesquielles-St. Germain. On the right of the Peron we have made a new advance east of Monceau-le-Neuf, taking prisoners.

In Lorraine the Germans made two raids without any results.

On the British front, Field Marshal Haig reports there has been no activity except patrol encounters and artillery activity.

The night bulletin reads:

Apart from outpost and artillery activity, there is nothing to report.

The day statement from British headquarters was as follows:

Apart from patrol encounters in which we made progress and secured a few prisoners, there is nothing to report.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Civilians have not been evacuating in great numbers. Tournai, which is closely invested by the British, appears to be full if civilians, who, thanks to the chivalry of the British forces, are in no danger, excepting from the Huns. The British have religiously refrained from shelling towns along the the line, even though it must be of military advantage to do so.

On the other hand, the enemy has been venting his hate on villages in the allied territory along the line. Last night several places were shelled with high explosives and gas shells, and casualties were caused among the inhabitants.

Copies of German orders and battle objective maps which recently fell into the hands of the British show how complete has been the miscarriage of the enemy's schemes. Great efforts were made to bolster up the lagging spirits of the men by impressing upon them the idea that the more strenuously they fought the better would be the prospect for more favorable peace terms.

Under date of Oct. 12 this document was issued:

"The high command states that the possibility of an armistice depends on the battle coming to a standstill. Every gunner must carry out his duty night and day. The English must not cross the Selle River. The artillery must prevent them."

BERLIN TELLS OF REPULSES.

Again Declares British Fire Caused Loss of Civilian Life.

BERLIN, Oct. 30, (via London.)—The official statement of the General Staff today reads:

Between the Lys and the Scheldt, near Famars and Englefontaine, violent partial attacks of the enemy were repulsed.

British fire directed on the suburbs of Tournai and places in the Scheldt lowlands again caused considerable loss of life among civilians.

Along the Oise Canal violent enemy attacks broke down in the early hours of the morning.

After strong artillery preparation the French resumed their attacks between Nizy-le-Comte and the Aisne, bringing numerous tanks into action. The troops of General von Eberhardt and von Below completely beat back the enemy on the eleven-mile attacking front.

Parts of our position northwest of Herpy, which were temporarily lost, were recaptured by a counterattack. In the evening violent attacks by the enemy broke down everywhere.

The French suffered heavy losses yesterday and a great many tanks were destroyed.

On both sides of Vouzers and east of the Aisne there was intermittent artillery fire.

We shot down twenty-seven enemy airplanes yesterday.

REWARD 5 AMERICANS FOR BRAVERY IN RUSSIA

British Decorations Conferred For Daring Deeds on Vologda Railroad Front.

ARCHANGEL, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Five Americans have received British decorations for gallantry in fighting along the Vologda Railroad front in connection with the Russo-Allied advance in the vicinity of Oboserskaya Sept. 29. The following are the citations:

"First Lieutenant H. J. Costello, 387 Union Avenue, Bridgeport, Conn., a machine gun officer, is awarded the military cross. He displayed great gallantry and devotion to duty and showed great initiative in handling a difficult situation. By his example and action he undoubtedly enabled our infantry to repulse an enemy counterattack. This officer showed great initiative in reconnoissance for his machine gun targets on several occasions."

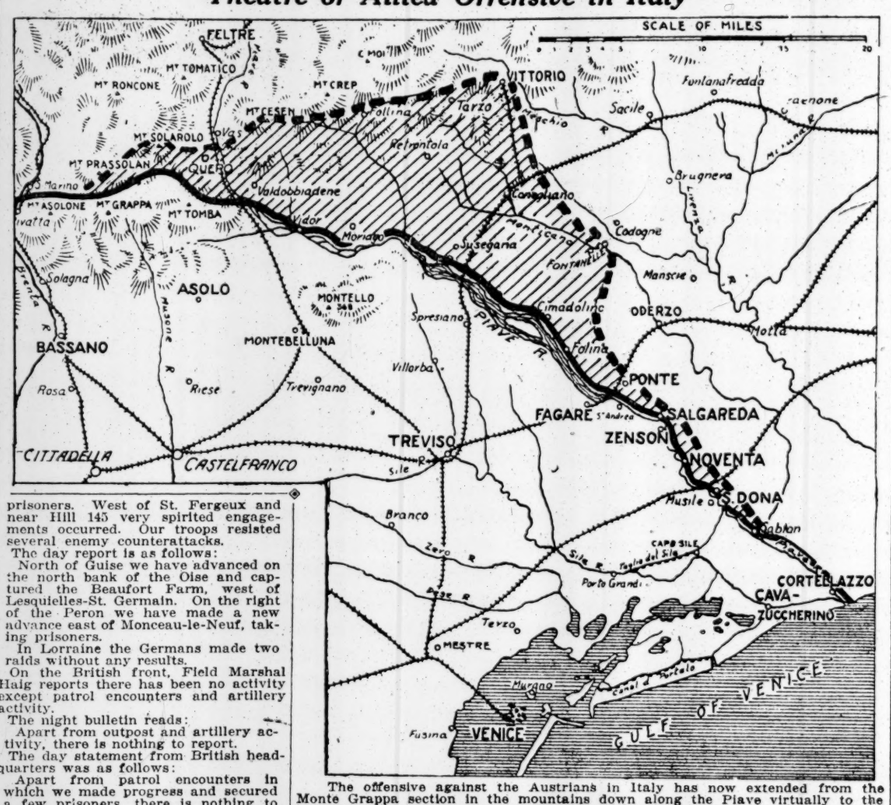
Second Lieutenant L. P. Keith of 6,045 Kimbark Avenue, Chicago, received the Military Cross for "great gallantry, energy, and presence of mind." "Although wounded," says the citation, "he took charge of the situation, inflicting heavy losses on an enemy covering movement of infantry. This officer also handled his trench mortar in the early stages of the fight with great dash, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy."

"Corporal M. G. Grahek, 2,401 B Street, Calumet, Mich., is awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal. He handled a Lewis gun with great coolness under machine gun and shrapnel fire. After his platoon had been forced to retire he returned under a severe shrapnel fire to bring in a wounded comrade."

"Private C. A. Miller, 430 Hamblin Street, Battle Creek, Mich., is awarded the Military Medal. He also handled a Lewis gun with great coolness and bravery under heavy machine gun and shrapnel fire. When his platoon was forced to retire he returned under severe shrapnel fire to bring in a wounded comrade."

"Private J. Driscoll, 1,047 East Palmer Street, Detroit, is awarded the Military Medal for great gallantry and devotion to duty. In the face of heavy machine gun fire he worked his machine gun in a covering movement of the Franco-American troops to the bridge at Verst 458. By his bold action and determined resistance he greatly helped in beating off counterattacks."

Theatre of Allied Offensive in Italy



The offensive against the Austrians in Italy has now extended from the Monte Grappa section in the mountains down along the Piave virtually to the Adriatic. The shaded area shows the extent of the allied advance at latest advices.

LUDENDORFF ORDERED LOOTING OF MILLS

Text of Instructions Showed a Lack of Packers to Salvage the Plunder.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Oct. 27.—The retirement of Gen. Ludendorff, formerly Chief of Staff and really Generalissimo of the German armies, is evidently an event of the first importance. For him to throw up the sponge in the prime of life and at the height of the crisis of his country's destinies must mean that he is faced by some immense impossibility.

There appears to be only these alternatives, either of which is improbable: That he, the head of the German armies, despairing of the military position, wished to make peace in some way unacceptable to his masters, or, which seems a more likely explanation, that he wished to continue the war, but found all the effective power of the empire against him.

I give these two hypotheses in the absence of certain information; but the latter is generally accepted. He will not be altogether forgotten by his old adversaries. There are many accounts to be regulated.

One of his last army regulations lies before me. It was issued from General Headquarters at Mézières and Charleville on August 22 last, and the caption announces its purpose as being a modification of an earlier decree on "the carrying away of Jacquard loom cards from weaving mills." In robberies of this kind, "hitherto executed by several armies," it appears there had been loss through bad packing.

"There being now," said the Chief of Staff, "a lack of packers and packing material, it would be best not to bother about Jacquard cards, of which the damaged ones could be sent to the junk yard, but to concentrate on the recuperation of important raw materials."

I wonder what the great Moltke would have said of such preoccupations as these by his successor? Or did they loot mills in 1870 also?

CAPTURE 1,000 TURKS IN TIGRIS ADVANCE

British in Mesopotamia Occupy Kaleh Sherghat on the Way Toward Mosul.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—The Turks were heavily engaged by the British Tuesday north of Kaleh Sherghat, the official report on the Mesopotamian operations says. The British captured 1,000 Turks. The statement reads:

On Saturday evening our cavalry, moving up the east bank of the Tigris, forded the river north of Kaleh Sherghat, joined the armored cars which approached from the west, and established themselves astride the Turkish communications with Mosul.

There they were heavily attacked by the Turks on Monday, and, though the right flank had to withdraw, they succeeded in defeating all attempts to drive them off the road. In the evening they were reinforced by troops from the eastern bank, which enabled them to restore the situation completely.

The same day we advanced up the western bank of the Tigris after a long and difficult march, attacked and drove the Turks from their positions three miles south of Kaleh Sherghat and captured the village.

On Tuesday the pursuit continued. The Turks were heavily engaged five miles north of Kaleh Sherghat, where they put up a stubborn defense in broken ground and ravines. By nightfall we had penetrated deeply into the enemy positions, and a portion of his force, which attempted to escape to the northwest, was cut off by our cavalry from the north, who captured 1,000 prisoners and much material.

ORDERED TO POISON WELLS

Washington Has Copy of German Commander's Instructions to Men.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Documents quoting orders issued by German commanders for the methodical destruction of property and for the poisoning of wells during the recent evacuation of Belgian and French territory have reached Washington. Among them is an order taken from a prisoner, issued by the commander of the 108th Infantry Brigade of the German army, on Sept. 5, directing specifically that certain villages be destroyed by the rear guard.

Designated units are assigned to the destruction of the villages named and, in addition, the order states, "It is the duty of every one to participate in these destructions," which are to be carried out "with more method and less haste." The order, which is signed "Wick," presumably either the Brigade Commander or his Chief of Staff, says, "It is recalled that wells are to be contaminated."

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The situation in Italy is assuming the proportion of an Austrian rout. Just as the German line in France broke in the offensives in July and August, so has the Austrian line broken now. It is probable, however, that the Austrian defense bears a closer resemblance to the defense of Bulgaria just before the latter State sued for an armistice. In other words, the break was due more to political manoeuvres than to military force.

The comparison is not absolute. The Austrians are still fighting, and in the mountain regions are fighting hard. But in the plains east of the Piave they have completely broken. Their defensive zone has been penetrated, and it would seem that the Allies are pouring through a gap in their lines extending from Segusino, where the Austrian line crosses the Piave to its crossing by the Treviso-Gorizia Railroad. Over this section of the river—that is the section comprised between these two points—the river has been forced and the eastern bank is in the hands of the British and the Italians.

They have, however, pushed far beyond the river in numerous places. It would seem that the greatest advance after crossing the river has been northward where they have reached Vittorio. This strikes at a particularly vital point. Apparently the Allies' object is to advance up the road which runs northward from Vittorio east of Belluno. Just to the north of Belluno this road reaches the main railway which comes down from the north through Belluno and continues on to Feltre. It is this line which enables Austria to maintain her positions in the mountain area between the Piave and the Brenta valleys.

This is the only railroad penetrating the mountains from the east, and if the Allies can reach the road in time the Austrians in the Venetian Alps will be completely isolated. Before this point is reached, however, the Austrians will probably see their danger and pull back their mountain positions to the north. But the rectification in any event will have to be rapid, and can be effected even now only with material loss in men and guns. The prisoners have already reached the substantial total of 33,000, and the fighting has just begun. Each mile of advance increases the Austrian danger.

Just why the attack should have been made in the face of such information as has reached us as to Austria's condition is not altogether clear. Two reasons, however, suggest themselves aside from the fact that in spite of all peace talk the duty of an army is to keep on fighting until an actual armistice is arranged. The first is that there is a possibility that Austria is not as badly off as is indicated by the reports that have come to us, and that there is something more to her offer to surrender on the terms we have imposed than appears on the surface. In other words, somewhere in the peace offer there is a trap cleverly laid with German inspiration.

If this be the case it is not altogether apparent unless Austria hopes to attain peace on some other terms than those of Bulgaria, a peace which would prevent the Allies from occupying her southern border. There are, however, sufficient brains and foresight in the allied ranks to prevent such a move.

The second is that the more Italian territory the Austrians hold the more they will have to talk about in the peace conference. This, however, assumes that there is to be a peace conference and that Austria is to have something to say about terms; in other words, that the peace with Austria is to be a compromise affair, a give-and-take proposition. There has been no indication from overseas that there is any such intention.

It is more than probable, however, that the Allies do not want to take any chances of internal troubles causing an Austrian defeat. They want to be sure that the defeat occurs, with internal assistance if possible, but without it if necessary. The surest way of augmenting any unrest that may exist is to administer a serious defeat. This they have reason to believe Austria cannot stand. Therefore, in spite of prevailing weather conditions which are not as favorable as they might be, they are pushing things to the limit while the game is in their hands.

Austria's defeat on this front promises to be most serious. It is a long way to the Tagliamento, the next barrier behind which the enemy can take refuge, and there is an excellent chance that before they reach that barrier they will meet with serious misfortune.

ITALIANS CAPTURE VITTORIO

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

day number 802 officers and 32,198 men. Of guns several hundred have been taken. It has been impossible to calculate the number of machine guns and the quantity of material captured.

British Across the Monticano.

LONDON, Oct. 30.—British troops in their offensive on the northern Italian front have at some places crossed the Monticano River, the British War Office announced this evening. The Tenth (British) Army has reached approximately Roncadelle, Ormielle, Fontanelle, and the line of the River Monticano to Ramara, and has made 11,000 of the enemy prisoner. The communication reads:

The Tenth Army has reached approximately Roncadelle, Ormielle, Fontanelle, and the line of the Monticano River to Ramara. At some places we have crossed the Monticano.

The prisoners taken by the Tenth Army since the commencement of the operation amount to 11,002, including 345 officers. Of these the 14th British Corps captured 246 officers and 5,030 men of other ranks. The number of guns and the material captured have not been enumerated. The Montello group of armies has made a magnificent advance and taken many of the enemy prisoner.

Our airplanes were engaged all the afternoon against hostile columns in dense masses retreating down the Conegliano-Usacile and Conegliano-Vittorio roads.

VIENNA, Oct. 29, (Via London, Oct. 30.)—In the Alano Basin, on the eastern end of the Italian mountain front, Austrian detachments were forced to retire Monday, but elsewhere between the Brenta and the Piave the fighting activity was not intense, according to the statement tonight from Austro-Hungarian Headquarters. The statement reads:

For the defenders of Monte Asolone, Monte Pertica, and Monte Solarolo, yesterday passed without large infantry engagements. In the region of Monte Spinoncia our troops rectified their position.

In the Alano Basin our detachments were pressed back, but other enemy attacks against our positions in this region broke down with heavy losses.

The battle on the Piave continues to rage. The enemy has brought up considerable reinforcements and is continuing his attack, especially near Valdobbiadene, north of Moraga and Seraglia, and south of the Susegana, near Tezze and Polo di Piave.

Although the Entente troops did not break through, it was decided to withdraw to the rear our troops in the sectors most strongly attacked.

Americans in the Battle Line.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS ON THE PIAVE FRONT, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—The American troops on this front commanded by Maj. Gen. Charles G. Treat, are operating with the Tenth Army, composed of British, Italians, and Americans, under Lieutenant General the Earl of Cavan.

This was the first army to begin operations by establishing a bridgehead across the Piave River at the Island of Grave di Papadopoli.

The Third Army has established three bridgeheads on the lower Piave.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 30.—The 332d Regiment, mentioned in the official Rome dispatch as being in action on the Austro-Italian front, is part of the 83d Division, trained at Camp Sheridan, Chillicothe, Ohio.

Colonel William Wallace was the commanding officer of this regiment when it landed overseas.

AUSTRIANS IN FULL FLIGHT.

Abandon Many Big Guns and Munition Wagons on the Piave Front.

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS ON THE PIAVE, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Austro-Hungarian forces are retiring in the region east of Conegliano. They are leaving behind them scattered along the roads toward Vittorio, seven miles north of Conegliano, and Sacile, further to the east, many big guns and munition wagons.

The capture of Conegliano by the Italians was important, since that town is the centre of five highways and also is situated on the railway. The city is being used as a supply station for the Italians. From this city the Italians will be able to dominate not only the lower mountain region, but also the enemy troops on the lower Piave.

Large numbers of Italian cavalry already have crossed the Piave. The position of the enemy forces on the lower stream is becoming critical and they may be cut off.

The taking of Conegliano was effected by Italian troops which crossed the Piave south of the Nervesa region on Monday night in the face of an intense artillery fire. They cut their way through roads barred and blocked by barbed wire and machine guns. The first troops to enter Conegliano were seven cyclists, who were followed by the Como Infantry Brigade. The Italians were met by civilians waving Italian flags.

It is felt that the attack against the enemy will become overwhelming as soon as the entire allied forces can enter the action.

With three successive days of fair weather, an extremely large body of troops, with supplies, has crossed the pontoons over the Piave. It is expected that the Austrian munition supply will give out. There are indications that the enemy's heavy artillery is being withdrawn in an effort to save the big guns.

During the crossing of the Piave an Austrian battleplane attacked an Italian observation balloon and attempted to pass through it. The attempt failed and the enemy airplane became entagled in the ropes of the balloon. Both the balloon and the airplane were set on fire and the burning mass dropped to the ground in the region of Montello. Neither the pilot of the airplane nor the observers in the balloon were hurt.

The American Red Cross is preparing to assist the Italian population in towns evacuated by the Austrians. The majority of these people are old men and women and children. For ten miles back from the rived the country has been desolated. Only one house is left standing at Cimadolmo.

King Victor Emanuel visited the reconquered territory yesterday. The correspondent saw him helping to straighten out traffic on a crowded road over which Italian troops and thousands of Austrian prisoners were passing. The Italians cheered the King, who smiled and shook hands with the soldiers nearest him.

Australia Insists on Surrender.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 30.—The people of Australia will not be satisfied unless Germany surrenders unconditionally, it is declared in a resolution unanimously passed by the City Council of Melbourne. The resolution requests that Great Britain insist on an adequate indemnity for Australia, the British Navy not to permit the German flag on any ocean until such an indemnity is paid.

NEW YORKERS WON GLORY IN BIG DRIVE

Upton Division Has Record of Action on Vesle and in Argonne for 63 Days.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—New York City will be particularly interested in details brought to Paris by officers of the 77th (Upton) Division who have recently come out of Argonne after obtaining a few hours' leave in Paris. On Oct. 16 the 306th Regiment received orders to take Hill 182 and St. Juvin, which it commanded, about four kilometers distant from Grand Pré.

Company H went up hill and captured 375 German prisoners, including two Majors. The Captain of this unit, with ten of his men, advanced under fire, drove off 150 Germans, many of whom were killed or captured. The only trouble was that the Captain did not have men enough to act as guards for the prisoners. The Captain was recommended for citation and promotion by his Colonel as a result of the day's work. Men from six different divisions were caught in that day's showing of German disorganization.

The 77th Division has made a record of having been in continuous action along the Vesle and in the Argonne sixty-seven days, except four days, about half of which was spent in traveling from the one sector to the other. The losses have been made up largely by Southerners and Westerners, and the division is in fine condition, considering its continuous and active service.

The 77th went from the Vesle to the Aisne in twenty-eight hours through mud literally knee deep. In the Argonne the men have been fighting in tough country, covered with dense underbrush, carefully plotted by the Germans with wire and paths, the latter full of concealed machine guns. Within five yards of a machine gun, hid in the foliage, an American colonel found eight of his men lying dead.

The Germans are unexcelled in concealing and handling these small machine guns. Three company commanders of the 305th Regiment were killed in one day. Eight signalmen were killed in fifteen minutes, crossing the River Aire. In one place eight dead food carriers were counted.

Of men cited for the D. S. C. one was born in Austria, another in Germany, and a third is a New York Chinaman named Sing Kee.

"Cooties" are almost worse than the Germans in the Argonne.

"Sometimes we read newspapers and sometimes we read our undershirts," said one young officer.

All these things emphasize the spirit and fighting qualities of this New York division. Men from the East Side, from Fifth Avenue and Central Park West are working shoulder to shoulder with dauntless courage and never-failing cheerfulness.

One mustn't leave out mention of a little pants cutter from the East Side who has made a wonderful record as a runner, laughing shells and bullets to scorn and seeming to bear a charmed life. He is to get the D. S. C.

AUSTRIANS FLEEING FROM MONTENEGRO

Cettinje and Other Cities Seized by Insurgents—Scutari in Albania Occupied.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Oct. 30.—Trustworthy information received tonight at the Secolo office by indirect route from Laibach, Austria, announces that the Austrian forces hitherto in occupation of Montenegro are everywhere beating a hasty retreat.

The capital of Cettinje is already in the hands of insurgent bands, as is also the adjacent town Rijecka, besides Nikeitz, twenty-five miles north of Cettinje, and Berane and Anrijeviza eastward between the capital and Ipek.

Albanian freebooters aided by Montenegrin volunteers have further taken possession of Scutari, northern Albania, and are linking up with the Italian contingent at Alessio, nineteen miles distant.

ROME, Oct. 30.—An official bulletin announces that in Albania the Italians have occupied San Giovanni di Medua and are advancing on Scutari.

AMERICAN AIRMEN INTERNED

Lieuts. Nelnis and Gibbs Land in Holland from Damaged Machine.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON THE DUTCH FRONTIER, Oct. 28, (Via The Hague, Oct. 30.)—An American biplane made a forced landing at noon yesterday between Schoondyke and Mostburg, in Dutch Flanders. It was a clear day and the machine, which came from the direction of Zeebrugge, was visible in the morning over the German lines in Belgian Flanders from the Dutch frontier.

The machine was hit in the propeller and the petrol tank when it was 6,000 feet up. It being Sunday, news that an American airplane had landed with two American fliers soon spread throughout the nearby country and a great crowd collected.

The two Americans, Second Lieutenants Frank Nelnis, Jr., and G. Frederick Gibbs, were taken to Mostburg and later were interned. The airplane was armed with two machine guns and belonged to the bombing section of the American air fleet. It was marked "D" and "No. 3,274."

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Now it's an obligation to prevent fire and that's where sprinklers come in. And they save enough in insurance to pay for themselves. Let us explain.

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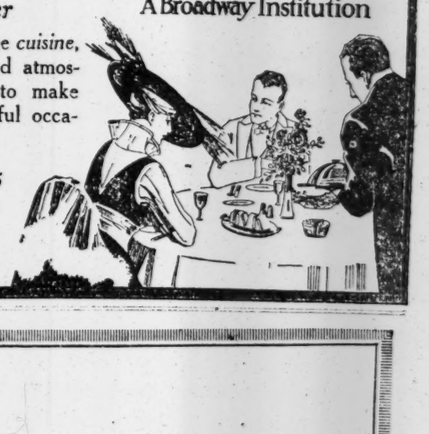

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614 NEW CASUALTIES REPORTED BY PERSHING—TOTAL FOR ARMY NOW UP TO 59,513

95 Dead and 477 Wounded Named In the Latest Lists Made Public

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contain 614 names, bringing the total for the army up to 59,513. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued.

The lists issued today contained the names of 84 killed in action, 21 died of wounds, 8 died of accident, 32 died of disease, 81 severely wounded, 92 wounded to a degree undetermined, 304 slightly wounded, and 42 missing and prisoners.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Oct. 26.	Total.
Killed in action	10,530	34	10,564
Lost at sea	623	..	623
Died of wounds	3,955	21	3,976
Died of accident and other causes	1,168	8	1,176
Died of disease	3,471	32	3,503
Total	19,747	95	19,842
Wounded	32,968	477	33,445
Missing, including prisoners	6,184	42	6,226
Total	58,899	614	59,513

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident and Other Causes.	Gen. General. Col. Colonel.
(DD) Died of Disease.	Maj. Major.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.	Capt. Captain. Lt. Lieutenant.
(DW) Died from Wounds.	Sgt. Sergeant.
(KA) Killed in Action.	Corp. Corporal.
(LS) Lost at Sea.	Bgl. Bugler.
(MA) Missing in Action.	Mch. Mechanic.
(P) Prisoner.	Wagn. Wagoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.	Mus. Musician.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.	Hrs. Horseshoer.
(WS) Wounded Severely.	
(WU) Wounded (Degree Undetermined).	

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED OCT. 30.

The following army casualties, including names of next of kin and emergency addresses, were announced today:

NEW YORK CITY.

ANDERSON, J.; Mrs. M. Case, 2,130 Tiebout Av....(WU)
ANDERSON, W. H.; W. H. Anderson, 625 E. 28th St., Brooklyn....(WU)
ANGELLOTI, J.; Mrs. M. Angelloti, 15 Mott St.....(MA)
BASS, M.; A. Bass, 351 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn....(WL)
BECKLING, J.; Mrs.M.Beckling,1,411 Sutter Av.,Bkn.(WU)
BENNIS, E.; Anna Bennis, 234 E. 70th St.—Corp....(WU)
BICKARD, S.E.; G.Bickard, 155 Logan St.,Bkn.—Sgt.(WL)
BLAIR, A. B.; E. J. Kaffrey, 514 W. 168th St.—Corp.(WL)
BRENNAN, L.; Mrs. Rose Brennan, 545 10th Av....(KA)
CAPEK, J. J.; Mrs. B. Capek, 418 E. 80th St.....(WL)
CLARKE, E. E.; A. C. Clarke,370 W. 30th St.—Corp.(MA)
CLIFFORD, T. D.; Mrs. C. Clifford, 2,411 Snyder Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
CONKLON, J. P.; Mrs. L. Conlon, 38 Sutton St., Bkn.(WS)
COONEY, J. J.; D. A. McWalters, 190 Westminster Road, Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
CORRIGAN, F.; Mrs A. Corrigan, 536 W. 42d St....(WL)
DALEY, J. M.; T. Daley, 349 W. 21st St.....(WL)
EDWARDS, G. H.; Mrs. E. V. Edwards, 608 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn....(KA)
EGAN, M.; Mrs. M. Egan, 521 St. Mark's Av., Bkn....(WU)
ELLBOGEN, M.; A. Ellbogen, 1,404 Madison Av—Corp(WU)
ENGELBRECHT, F.; Mrs. M. Engelbrecht, 716 51st St., Brooklyn....(WU)
EULERT, E. F., Jr.; E. F. Eulert, 675 Morgan Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
FITZWILLIAMS, M. J.; Mrs. A. Fitzwilliams, 2,183 Amsterdam Av.....(WL)
FLAM, A.; Mrs. L. Flam, 85 Ridge St.....(WU)
FRANK, B.; Mrs. S. Frank, 995 Jefferson Av., Bkn.(WU)
GEARY, J. J.; Mrs. M. E. Geary, 3,060 Broadway...(WL)
GIDDINGS, A. J.; Mrs. L. Giddings, 569 4th St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
HAGERTY, J.; Miss M. Hagerty, Perry, 411 W. 128th St.—Corp....(WL)
HANNIGAN, D. M.; J. Hannigan, 254th St. and Sycamore Av.—Corp....(WU)
HAUSMAN, M. D.; M. D. Hausman, 910 Herkimer St., Brooklyn....(WL)
HOFMANN, A. E.; Mrs. P. Hofmann, 566 W. 119thSt.(WL)
HOGAN, M., Jr.; Mrs. E. Hogan, 1,829 Dean St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WL)
HYNES, W. J.; J. Hynes, 346 E. 42d St.....(WL)
JACOBSON, J.; M. Jacobson, 64 E. 90th St.....(WL)
KANE, E. A.; M. J. Kane, 248 W. 137 St.—Lt.....(WL)
KAUFMAN, BENJAMIN; Mrs. A. Kaufman, 2,145 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
KELLY, E. J.; Mrs. C. Kelly, 149 Jefferson Av.,Bkn.(WL)
KELLY, JAMES; P. Kelly, 144 E. 97th St.....(WU)
KEMPINGER, J. G.; Mrs. C. Kempinger, 96 Stockton St., Brooklyn—Lt....(WU)
KENT, A. W.; Mrs. J. W. Kent, 348 Summer Av., Brooklyn—Bgl....(WL)
KINKEL, W. J.; J. C. Kinkel, 198 Prospect Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
LA MARCA, F.; F. La Marca, 912 Freeman St.....(WL)
LEGGIO, S. F.; Mrs. M. Leggio, 108 MontroseAv.,Bkn(WL)
LEUER, H.; L. Leuer, 110 Lewis St.....(DW)
LEVINE, L. I.; Mrs.R. Levine, 888 Lafayette St.,Bkn(WL)
LEVY, A.; Max Sorkelein, 80 Norfolk St.—Corp....(WU)
LEVY, HAROLD; Mrs. R. Levy, 15 Beekman Place.(WL)
LIOTTA, JOHN; T. Liotta, 2 Walton Street, Brooklyn(WL)
LIPSHITZ, H.; Mrs. R. Lipshitz, 213 Monroe St.....(WL)
LOOS, G. C.; Mrs. G. C. Loos, 1702 W. 8th St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
LUKOWSKI, JOSEPH; L. LUKOWSKI, 101 Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn....(WL)
LYNCH, L.; Mrs. E. Wall, 215 W. 16th St—Corp....(WL)
McCAULEY, O. J.; Mrs. K. McCauley, 215 E. 31st St.(WU)
McDERMOTT, P. J.; Mrs. M. McDermott, 97 Old Broadway....(WS)
McDONALD, W. M.; Mrs. F. C. McDonald, 649 2d Av.(WL)
McGARRY, G. T.; Mrs. J. McGarry, 202 W. 106th St.(WU)
McGOWAN, F. J.; J. McGowan, 311 E. 40th St—Sgt.(WU)
McKAY, M.; Mrs. B. McKay, 255 Pacific St. Brooklyn....(WU)
McMONIGLE, T. J.; T. McMonigle, 304 E. 49th St.(WL)
McNAMARA, T. J.; R. J. McNamara, Richmond Turnpike, Stapleton....(WU)
MCNIFF, MATTHEW; Miss N. McNiff, 2160 Fulton St., Brooklyn....(WL)
MALVEY, C. F.; Mrs. J. Malvey, 129 Perry St.....(MA)
MARCUS, SAMUEL; A. Marcus, 957 Fox St.—Sgt.(WL)
MARTIN, J.; Mrs. M. Martin, 1551 Pacific St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
MAUSER, J. M.; F. Mauser, 607 Seneca Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
MILLER, LOUIS; A. Miller, 385 S. 3d St., Brooklyn.(WS)
MULVEY, J. V.; Mrs. M. M. Mulvey, 437 E. 35th St., Brooklyn....(WU)
MURRAY, J. M., Jr.; Mrs. C. Murray, 413 Sackett St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
NEARY, WALTER J.; Neary, 745 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn....(WU)
NOWAK, A. J.; A. Nowak, 686 Prospect P., Bklyn.(WS)
O'HARA, ROBERT; Mrs. M. O'Hara, 143 E. 8th St., Brooklyn....(WU)
OLANSEN, J.H.; Mrs.G.Krogstad, 226 49th St.,Bklyn.(WL)
ONEILL, J.; O'Neill, 33d E. 43d St.....(WL)
OSTROVSKY, I.; M. Ostrovsky, 228 Orchard St.....(MA)
PAUL, E. L.; Mrs. B. Paul, 953 Tinton Av.—Corp..(WL)
PETTERSON, C.; J. Larsen, 544 W. 128th St.....(WL)
POTTER, F. R.; Dr. F. F. Potter, 160 W. 121st St., Capt.....(WL)
RICHL, F. W.; A. Witzel, 7 Hausman St., Bklyn....(WL)
RILEY, J. F.; Mrs. C. Riley, 301 W. 67th St.....(WL)
ROEDLER, C.; Mrs. K. Roedler, 243 9th Av., Astoria.(WL)
ROSSUM, H. H.; Mrs. M. Rossum, 251 52d St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
ROTHBAUM, J.; S. Horowitz, 98 Orchard St.....(KA)
SAK, L.; Mrs. S. Marmar, 223 E. 10th St.....(WL)
SIEBERT, F.; Mrs. L. Siebert, 1,575 W. 11th St—Corp.(WL)
SMIDT, C. G.; Mrs. A. Schmidt, 1,459 Bryant Av.(WL)
SPIRO, P.; Mrs. M. Sokol, 594 E. 141st St.....(WL)
SHEEHAN, E. J.; Mrs. M. Sheehan, 160 Manhattan Av.—Corp....(DW)
SLATER, E. P.; Mrs. G. D. Slater, 331 Senator St., Brooklyn....(WU)
STEFFEE, E. H.; Mrs. A. Steffee, 147 E. 30th St.—Corp....(WL)
STEVENS, G.; Mrs. M. Stevens, 421 E. 17th St., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WL)
STOKES, F. H.; F. A. Stokes, care of F. A. Stokes Co., 449 4th Av—Lt....(WS)
SUPER, I.; Mrs. D. Super, 134 Avenue D.....(DD)
SWEENEY, G. L.; Mrs. M. Naylor, 15 Glenada Place, Brooklyn....(WL)
SWERRE, S.; Mrs. E.Swerse, 135 Bay 35th St.,Bklyn.(WL)
TOPPIN, A. M.; Mrs. A. B. Toppin, Culver Depot, Coney Island—Sgt....(WL)
VALENTE, L.; Mrs. C. Valente, 1453 President St., Brooklyn—Mch....(WL)
WAGNER, W.J.; J.Wagner, 21 Townsend Av.,Clifton.(WL)
WHELAN, E. A.; Mrs. C. Whelan, 148 W. 93d St.—Corp....(WL)
WILLIAMS, D. C.; Mrs. N. R. Williams, care M. Griffin, 305 E. 85th St.....(DW)
WOERTHER, A. F.; Mrs. M. C. Woerther, 2,801 Hughes Av.—Corp....(WS)
ZACHER, L. C.; C. Zacher, 207 Kent Av., Bklyn....(WU)
ZERESKY, B.; Mrs. A. Zeresky, 1,050 Hoe Av.—Corp.(WL)
ZIMMERMAN, H.; Mrs. P. Zimmerman, 595 St. Ann's Av.....(WL)

NEW YORK STATE.

ACOVANGELO, A.; A. Acovangelo, Silver Creek....(WL)
ANDREWS, T.; J. Andrews, 40 Nassau Nurseries, Great Neck....(WL)
BOROSKY, S.; H. Evatska, Oyster Bay.....(WL)
COLMERAUER, J. M.; J. Colmerauer, Gardenville..(WL)
DEYO, H. J.; Mrs. R. L. Brown, Buffalo.....(WL)
DILLINGHAM, W. H.; Mrs.J.Dillingham, Laurel Hill.(WU)
DONELLY, H. J.; Mrs. P. Donelly, Batavia—Mch....(WU)
DU BOIS, R. L.; Mrs. C. Du Bois, Annandale-on-the-Hudson....(WU)
FINCK, A. R.; Mrs. M. E. Finck, Hornell—Corp....(WS)
FITZGERALD, P.; Miss M. Fitzgerald, Hudson—Lt...(WL)
GATES, G.; F. Gates, Willow Point.....(P)
GERRARD, L. T.; Mrs. M. McMahon, Cortland.....(WL)
HANSEN, C.; C. P. Johnson, Tarrytown.....(WU)
HERR, E. F.; Mrs. S. D. Freitag, 9 Waterbury St., Richmond Hill....(WL)
HOUGHTALING, F. T.; T. Houghtaling, Auburn.....(WL)
IRELAND, E.; Mrs. E. Ireland, Beacon.....(WL)
JOHNSON, L. M.; J. P. Johnson, Jamestown.....(WL)
KALABURKA, J.; Mrs. M. Kalaburka, Lackawanna—Sgt....(WL)
KEARNEY, E. A.; Mrs. E. Kearney, Lackawanna..(MA)
KELLY, F. J.; J. Kelly, Skaneateles.....(WL)
KELSO, J. E.; N. W. Kelso, Mechanicsville.....(WL)
KISTNER, ; Mrs. M. Parker, Buffalo.....(WL)
KROTZ, ; Miss E. Kress, Winfield—Mch....(KA)
LANG, F.; Miss J. Lang, Buffalo.....(WL)
LANG, J. J.; Mrs. K. Leys, Lynbrook—Corp.....(WL)
LAMB, S. C.; I. D. Lamb, Binghamton.....(WU)
LAUER, M., Jr.; M. Lauer, Sr., Evergreen.....(WL)
LEFLEUR, C. H.; Mrs. M. Lefleur, Glenpark—Corp.(WL)
McCABE, I.; Mrs. C. McCabe, Buffalo.....(WL)
MacDONALD, J. J.; Mrs. W. MacDonald, 133 Richmond Av., Port Richmond—Corp.....(WL)
McGILL, R. F.; Mrs. E. R. McGill, Jamestown—Corp.(MA)
MACY, D.; H. Macy, Ossining.....(WL)
MANKE, P. M.; Mrs. M. Manke, Springville.....(WL)
MARTEN, A.; Mrs. C. Marten,, Farmingdale—Corp.(WL)
OEHNCK, E. J.; Mrs. M. Oelnck, Rome.....(WU)
PACICCA, F. N.; M. Paciccа, Syracuse.....(WU)
PERSONIUS, L. D.; Mrs. E. Personius, Elmira.....(WU)
PETERS, A. D.; T. Ulla, East Syracuse.....(WS)
PHILLIPS, T. J.; F. Phillips, Skaneateles Falls....(WL)
REHM, T. O.; Mrs. P. Rehm, Whitehall—Corp.....(WL)
SILLETTI, Frank; J. Foggetti, Rochester.....(WL)
SINGE, Luigi; Mrs. P. Singe, Utica.....(MA)
SLAGA, Stanley; M. Bush, Poughkeepsie.....(WU)
SMITH, J. A.; W. S. Amos, Saranac Lake.....(WS)
SPELLMAN, Harry; E. Driscoll, Buffalo.....(WS)
STELLA, Romolo; L. Stella, Beacon.....(WL)
TESTASECCA, Luigi; D. Raschistore, E. Rochester.(WL)
THOMPSON, T. J.; C. K. Dearth, Valley Stream..(WL)
TISNOWER, Isaac; M. Tisnower, Southampton—Corp.(KA)
TOOLY, A. J.; C. Tooly, Antwerp.....(DD)
TRUMBLE, L. H.; Mrs. C. O. Trumble, Troy—Corp.(WU)
VANDISH, A. E.; Mrs. A. M. Vandish, Oswego.....(WL)
WIGHT, Roy; Mrs. S. Wight, Alexander.....(WU)

ALABAMA.

BELL, J. E.; R. B. Bell, Jackson.....(WS)
FUNDERBURG, R. L.; G. W. Funderburg, Anniston—Corp.....(WL)
McCLURE, J. A.; Mrs. E. McClure, Florence.....(WL)
ROPER, Jerry; Mrs. A. Roper, Fort Deposit—Corp...(WS)
TATUM, Manning; Mrs. K. Tatum, Skinnerton.....(MA)
WHITMORE, C. D.; Mrs. C. Whitmore, Attalla.....(WL)

ARIZONA.

McCARTHY, JOE; A. McCarthy, Tucson.....(WU)

ARKANSAS.

AVERY, H. G.; Dr. H. D. Avery, Garnett.....(WL)
BARBER, JESSIE; J. P. Barber, Cord.....(WS)
MATHIS, ROSS; Mrs. R. Mathis, Cotton Plant—Lt...(P)
ROBINSON, G. F.; Mrs. M. E. Robinson, Little Rock.(WS)
TATON, J. W.; Mrs. S. Taton, Emmett.....(WU)

CALIFORNIA.

BRAZILL, W. J.; Mrs. A. Brazill, Fresno.....(WL)
DAVIS, THOMAS; Miss E. Williamson, Alameda....(WL)
FRUIT, W. L.; Miss A. J. Fruit, Haydesville.....(WS)
MILLER, MAX; I. Miller, Bakersfield.....(WS)
SPENKER, D. S.; Mrs. J. Spenker, Modesto.....(DD)
STAMPER, C. R.; Mrs. L. Trainor, San Francisco—Corp.....(WS)

COLORADO.

JOHNSON, E. E.; Mrs. Johnson, Fort Collins.....(WL)
MARTIN, B. D.; Mrs. A. B. Swingle, Denver.....(WU)
MORIN, F. E.; Mrs. A. F. Morin, Rosita—Corp.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

HOLBROOK, D. T.; Mrs. E. Holbrook, Ansonia.....(WS)
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KOSLKO, STEPHEN, R. Andrewygk, New Britain..(WL)
LAMOUREAUX, W. L.; G. Watson, Waterbury—Corp.....(WU)
MAY, W. H.; Mrs. R. May, Bridgeport.....(WL)
PORAT, ALBERT; Mrs. R. Porat, Bristol.....(WL)
THOMPSON, W. R.; Mrs. M. E. Thompson, Broadbrook.....(WL)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

EASTON, J. H.; Mrs. M. Easton, Washington.....(KA)

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McMILLAN, C. J.; Mrs. I. E. McMillan, Tampa.....(WU)

GEORGIA.

HARDEMAN, O. R.; Mrs. M Hardeman, Augusta....(DW)
KEITH, W. J.; Mrs. R. L. Keith, Atlanta.....(WL)
KEYES, C. E.; Mrs. G. Keyes, Tunnel Hill.....(WL)
PHILLIPS, J. A.; Mrs. J. Phillips, Carrollton....(KA)
PRINCE, NOAH; Mrs. E. Prince, Americus—Mch....(WU)
ROLLINS, W. L.; R. A. Rollins, Donalsonville.....(KA)
SHEFFIELD, R. M.; Mrs. L. T. Sheffield, Statham..(DD)
SMITH, R. L.; Mrs. V. Smith, Calhoun.....(KA)
STANLEY, H. DE W.; S. T. Stanley, Ohoopee—Corp.(WS)
TUCKER, W. H.; F. M. Tucker, Modoc.....(DD)
WHITE, JAMES; J. Freeman, Atlanta.....(WL)

ILLINOIS.

ARNOLD, C. W.; Mrs. F. Arnold, Rockford.....(DW)
AUSTIN, RASHO; S. Austin, Metropolis.....(WL)
BRISTLE, R. J.; Mrs. H. Bristle, Chicago.....(WU)
CLEMENSON, C. C.; Mrs. T. F. Clemenson, Chicago.(KA)
DEKKER, CORNELIUS; S. Dekker, Chicago.....(MA)
DU MONT, MAURICE; Mrs. S. Du Mont, Aurora.....(WS)
FADRARO, JOHN; J. Kennedy, Chicago.....(WS)
GEPFERT, W. H.; W. J. Geffert, Hinsdale.....(WL)
HANKS, J. C.; H. Hanks, Fairbury.....(WL)
HEANY, BERNARD; Mrs. M Heany, Chicago.....(WL)
HIBBARD, L. G.; Mrs. S. Hibbard, Chicago.....(WL)
LEONARD, J. F.; C. Leonard, Macon.....(WL)
MOSKAL, J. V.; Mrs. C. Moskal, Chicago—Corp.....(WU)
MUELLER, F. W. F.; C. Mueller, Chicago.....(DD)
OLANDER, G. C.; Mrs. I. Olander, Chicago.....(WU)
RAUCH, J. E.; Mrs. V. M. Rauch, Charleston.....(KA)
SIMANDL, JOSEPH; J. Simandl, Chicago.....(WU)
SPARACINO, A.; Mrs. R. Sparacino, Rockford.....(KA)
SPRAGUE, FULLER; A. Hayen, Chicago.....(WS)
STANLEY, Miss A.; Stade, Chicago.....(WL)
STILLE, E. F.; W. Stille, Edwardsville.....(DD)
VAN THYNE, A.; Mrs. L. Van Thyne, Chicago—Sgt..(WS)
WARRUS, J. A.; Mrs. E. Richtor, Chicago.....(WS)
WINTERROWD, V. L.; Mrs. C. H. Winterrowd, Martinsville.....(WS)
ZEMANN, E. L.; Mrs. W. S. Zemann, Quincy.....(DD)

INDIANA.

GARVIN, EVERETT; J. V. Garvin, South Whitley...(MA)
HARMAN, E. L.; Mrs. A. Boswell, Winchester.....(WL)
HERT, JOHN A.; Hert, Springville.....(WU)
KAROUZOS, G.; J. Tollspoulos, Indiana Harbor.....(WS)
LAMB, WILLIAM; E. Padgett, Paxton.....(WU)
LONGSHINE, FRANK; A. J. Shelby, Lebanon.....(MA)
RANSDELL, D.; Mrs. Ransom, Hamilton—Lt...(DW)
RASMUSSEN, R.; Mrs. S. Rasmusson, Indianapolis..(WL)
WALTERS, M. T.; Mrs. D. Walters, North Judson—Corp.....(WL)
WARFIELD, ROY; L. D. Warfield, Star City.....(KA)
WOJIECHOWSKI, G. S.; Mrs. M. Wojiechowski, South Bend.....(DW)

IOWA.

AVERY, W. C.; Mrs. E. Avery, Sioux City.....(WL)
CROCE, L.; Mrs. W. Croce, Fulton.....(WL)
DOUGHERTY, G. E.; H. Dougherty, Seymour.....(WS)
FAIRBROTHER, C. H.; Mrs. E. Fairbrother, Melvin..(DD)
FLANNIGAN, J.; O. M. O'Handlen, Washington.....(DW)
FREID, D. H.; H. Freid, Sioux City.....(WL)
GILLAND, J. W.; Mrs. N. Gilliland, Mount Ayr—Wagn.....(WU)
JANSSEN, H. W.; H. Janssen, Pomeroy.....(WU)
MOATS, H. M.; H. G. Moats, Villisca—Sgt.....(WU)
OSBAUGH, G. A.; Mrs. R. E. Osbaugh, Tipton.....(MA)
PETIKA, F. J.; G. Story, Fairfield.....(KA)
ROBERTSON, R. N. Robertson, Sioux City.....(WL)
VANDEL, S. W.; S. Vandel, Lineville.....(WL)

KANSAS.

BRUMFIELD, R. T.; Mrs.A. Brumfield, Kansas City.(DW)
CAIRE, G. J.; F. W. Cahre, Wilson.....(DA)
HENRY, G. R.; Mrs. L. M. Shipp, Arkansas City—Wagn.....(WL)
MORRIS, H. C.; Mrs. M. Morris, Onaga.....(WL)
TAZMAN, J. B.; Mrs. A. B. Tutman, Hartford.....(MA)
YOUNG, H. J.; Mrs. M. Young, Beatrice—Corp.....(WU)

KENTUCKY.

BUSSELL, BERT; Mrs. M. Patterson, Maysville.....(WL)
DEPP, W. A.; J. P. Depp, Glasgow.....(WU)
HOWELL, ; Mrs. T. S. Dowell, Irington.....(DD)
ENGLAND, M. L.; England, Columbia.....(WS)
RECTOR, WILLIE; Mrs. E. Rector, Bowling Green...(KA)
THORPE, E. O.; T. Wallace, Irvin.....(KA)

LOUISIANA.

ADAMS, F. L.; T. Adams, New Orleans.....(WL)
ALLEN, T. B.; Mrs. J. Allen, Luna.....(WS)
DALRYMPLE, H. H.; G. W. Dalrymple, Shreveport..(KA)
GILBERT, OSCAR; Mrs. D. Gilbert, Gandy.....(DD)

MAINE.

ROBERGE, P. N.; Miss A. Roberge, Sanford.....(WL)

MARYLAND.

DUNPHY, P. M.; J. E. Dunphy, Towson.....(DD)
FROCK, S. F.; Mrs. A. Frock, Baltimore.....(WL)
LEE, COLUMBUS; Mrs. W. P. Lee, Baltimore.....(DD)
McDONNELL, JOHN; Mrs. A. Callahan, Baltimore..(DW)

MASSACHUSETTS.

AHEARN, G. T.; D. J. Ahearn, South Boston.....(WL)
ANZELONE, ACHILLE; Miss Anzelone, Lawrence.....(WL)
GAIMARI, P. J.; Mrs. Gaimari, Springfield.....(WS)
HANWAY, G. H.; J. J. Hanway, Charlestown—Corp..(WL)
HAYNES, J. H.; Mrs. J. C. Mosher, Lawrence.....(WL)
HEIGOLD, HYMAN; L. Segall, Boston.....(WL)
HOPKINS, S. T.; E. E. Hopkins, Boston—Lt.....(MA)
HUNTER, W. E.; Mrs. F. Hunter, West Medford.....(WL)
LANDRY, F. E.; F. Landry, Gardner.....(WL)
LARIVEE, J. A.; Mrs. Larivee, Seekonk.....(MA)
LEAHY, DANIEL; Mrs. R. Carrol, Taunton—Sgt.....(DA)
LYNCH, J. T.; Mrs. S. Lynch, Worcester.....(WL)
LUGTON, C. R.; Mrs. E. B. Lugton, Hyde Park—Lt..(WU)
MACCINI, GIULIO; Miss M. Casali, Somerville.....(WL)
MORIARTY, P. J.; M. Moriarty, Holyoke.....(WU)
NICHOLSON, H. J.; Mrs.A.W.Nicholson,Charlestown..(WL)
O'KEEFE, E. M.; J. O'Keefe, Salem.....(WU)
PFAFFMAN, J. S.; C. E. Pfaffman, Quincy—Lt.....(DP)
PRESCOTT, W. E.; Mrs. F. Prescott, Worcester.....(WL)
RANGER, FRANK; Mrs. C. Ranger, Brookline.....(WL)
SHAUGHNESSEY, J. J.; K. Shaughnessey, Roxbury.(WS)
SMITH, S. J.; J. Soko, Charlestown.....(WU)
SNOW, E. J.; Mrs. D. Snow, Leominster.....(DA)
TOOLE, A. S.; Mrs. E. Toole, Fitchburg—Sgt.....(KA)
TRASK, G. C.; Mrs. M. R. Trask, Salem.....(DD)
WILBUR, C. A., Jr.; Mrs. C. Wilbur, Brookline—Lt...(WS)
WINNGER, MARTIN; Mrs. E. Waltz,Northampton...(WU)
WLODYKA, EDWARD; Mrs. E. Wlodyka, Adams...(KA)

MICHIGAN.

ADSIT, WM.; Mrs. J. Adsit, Battle Creek—Sgt.....(WL)
ANDERSON, E. M.; Mrs. B. Anderson, Republic....(WL)
ANDERSON, R. C.; F. Anderson, Manistique—Sgt...(WL)
BABENISTA, LOUIS; Mrs. J. Kania, Metz.....(WL)
BANCEVICH, J.; T. Bancevich, Grand Rapids.....(WL)
BURNS, FRANK; Mrs. H. Burns, Coopersville.....(WL)
CARROLL, A. P.; F. Carroll, Jackson—Sgt.....(WL)
COLLINS, E. L.; H. Collins, Woodland.....(WS)
DE GEREAUX, G. E.; I. Bisonette, Bay City.....(KA)
DELBRIDGE, R.; E. S. Delbridge, Hancock—Corp....(WL)
DUBE, D. A.; J. Dube, Hubbell.....(WU)
EISENLORD, H. G.; N. J. Eisenlord, Farmington...(WL)
EISING, ARTHUR; Mrs. B. Eising, Detroit.....(WL)
ENDSLEY, F. E.; Mrs.C.Zimmermann,Detroit—Corp.(WU)
FARR, W. F.; W. Farr, Fruitport.....(WS)
FEURSTECK, F. W.; Mrs. M. Greeley, Bay City—Corp.....(WS)
GREEN, H. C.; Mrs. J. E. Ball, Jackson—Sgt.....(WL)
HARTWIG, A. W.; G. Hartwig, Inkster.....(WS)
HODGES, R. E.; Mrs. E. Bailey, Mount Pleasant....(WL)
HOLZGREBE, C. P.; E. Holzgrebe, Escanaba.....(WS)
INSKEEP, P. E.; Mrs. P. E. Inskeep, Jackson—Corp.(WL)
JANOWSKI, M. F.; A. Kula, Bay City—Corp.....(WS)
KENFIELD, Gleonard; O. W. Kenfield, Mason.....(WL)
KILPATRICK, W. J.; T. Kilpatrick, Jackson—Corp.(WL)
KIRSCHKE, CHARLES; A. Kirschke, Detroit.....(WL)
LEWIS, JOHN; Mrs. L. Lewis, Montrose—Corp....(WL)
LULOFS, MARTIN; D. Bolthouse, Ferrysburg.....(WL)
McDEVITT, J. F.; Miss P. Burgwald, Sturgis.....(WL)
McKINLEY, ARCHIE; Mrs. E. McKinley, Linden—Sct.....(WU)
MAPES, L. W.; O. E. Mapes, Nashville.....(WL)
NASH, W. S.; Mrs. D. Mott, Detroit.....(WL)
OLK, J. E.; C. Olk, Bay City.....(KA)
POUGET, C. J.; Mrs. A. Pouget, Detroit.....(WS)
RICE, H. R.; C. Rice, Atlanta.....(WL)
SHARON, LEO; C. Sharon, Bay City—Corp.....(WL)
SHELATA, A. F.; S. Shelata, Detroit—Lt.....(WL)
SIEMIANTKOWSKI, FRANK; A. Lipkowski, Detroit.(WL)
SMITH, F. M.; M. J. Smith, Plymouth.....(WL)
SQUIRES, WILLIAM; Mrs. S. Squires, Detroit.....(WL)
TISCHHAUSER, LEONARD; G. Tischhauser, Detroit.....(WL)
VEYSEY, E. C.; F. W. Veysey, Muskegon.....(WL)
WATERMAN, ROY; F. Waterman, Rose City.....(WL)

MINNESOTA.

ANDERSON, C. W.; Mrs. I. M. Anderson, Minneapolis.....(WL)
BEATTIE, W. J.; Miss M. Beattie, Minneapolis.....(MA)
BERGH, F. P.; H. E. Bergh, Montevideo.....(WU)
BLADINE, EMIL; H. Bladine, Minneapolis—Corp...(WL)
EUE, F. H.; A. Eue, Le Sueur.....(WL)
HANSON, R. A.; J. Hanson, Litchfield.....(WU)
HERR, W. A.; Mrs. W. Herr, Browndale.....(MA)
HILL, HENRY; M. L. Ebeling, Owatonna.....(WL)
HOGENSON, C. N.; C. M. Hogenson, Fertile.....(WS)
LOOSEMORE, MONTY; J. Loosemore, Canby.....(WL)
McDONALD, JOE; Mrs. F. McDonald, Cedar.....(WL)
MASON, H. F.; Mrs. K. Mason, Nassau.....(WU)
MINNICK, C. C.; E. P. Minnick, Lamberton.....(KA)
OREN, JAMES; Mrs. Jorgenson, Pipestone.....(WL)
OSBORN, JOHN; H. J. Osborn, Dodge Center.....(WL)
PETERSON, M. R.; Miss O. Peterson, St. Paul—Sgt...(WS)
WEEKS, G. P.; Miss B. Steele, Minneapolis.....(WL)

MISSISSIPPI.

CAMPBELL, C. L.; Mrs. L. Campbell, Duck Hill....(DD)
FORTIER, VICTOR; Mrs. A. Rochem, Bay St. Louis.(DD)
WHITEFIELD, IVORY; Mrs. R. Jones, Anding.....(DD)

MISSOURI.

AMICK, E. B.; I. Amick, Hannibal.....(WL)
BAUMANN, GEORGE; Mrs. J. Baumann, St. Louis—Sgt.....(WU)
BENFORD, WILLIAM; J. Benford, Lamar—Corp...(WL)
BUNN, M. B.; P. Bunn, St. Louis—Lt.....(WL)
BUXTON, O. C.; O. Buxton, Alba.....(WL)
COHN, SAMUEL; Mrs. M. Cohn, Everton.....(WS)
FITZGERALD, J. W.; Mrs. V. Fitzgerald, Cape Girardeau—Mch.....(DD)
HYDE, S. M.; Z. Hyde, Cardwell.....(MA)
LUNGWITZ, E. C.; H. G. Lungwitz, Wittenberg....(WL)
MARKUS, H. B.; Mrs. M. Markus, St. Louis.....(WS)
MATNEY, J. W.; Mrs. B. Brown, King City.....(WS)
O'ROURKE, J. T.; J. O'Rourke, St. Louis.....(WS)
PATTON, F. H.; Dr. F. W. Patton, St. Louis.....(WS)
PIERCE, H. H.; Mrs. M. Pierce, Lexington.....(WU)
RILEY, G. I.; Mrs. R. Dwyer, Hannibal—Corp.....(WL)
RHODES, A. M.; Mrs. A. M. Rhodes, St. Louis—Lt.(WU)
RUDROFF, J. C.; Mrs. L. Rudroff, St. Louis.....(WL)
SCOTT, A. D.; Miss M. F. Scott, St. Louis—Bgl.....(WL)
SHORT, E. R.; W. Short, Howes Mills.....(WS)
STEWART, JOE; Mrs. K. Stewart, Hannibal.....(WL)

MONTANA.

KENDRICK, FRED; Mrs. Kendrick, Great Falls...(WL)
MARTIN, T. M.; C. Martin, Harlem.....(WL)
SINCLAIR, HAROLD; D. Sinclair, Baker—Corp.....(WU)
WEISSBORN, E. F.; Mrs. M. Banes, Glendive—Corp.(WS)
WILCOMB, H. H.; Mrs. H. Wilcomb, Laurin—Sgt.(WL)

NEBRASKA.

ADAMS, FAY; Mrs. J. Keller, Cozad.....(WL)
BLAIR, T. W.; Mrs. E. Blair, Page.....(WL)
BORDNER, EARL; J. Bordner, Pilger.....(WL)
LEWIS, A. P.; Mrs. H. Lewis, Ord.....(WL)
McNEAL, CLARENCE; I. McNeal, Brady.....(WU)
OLINGER, O. L.; L. Olinger, Curtis.....(WU)
SPOONER, W. E.; M. I. Spooner—Corp.....(WS)
STEPHENS, J. J.; Miss M. Dfamond, Omaha.....(WU)
WESTHAFER, W. C.; S. C. Westhafer, Lincoln.....(WU)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

BOULANGER, ARSENE; A. Gagne, Somersworth....(MA)
MILLER, J. S.; Mrs. A. Miller, Manchester—Sgt.....(WL)
WALKER, L. D.; F. Walker,Manchester.....(WS)
WELD, V. H.; Mrs. N. Weld, Canaan—Corp.....(WA)
WILLS, F. E.; C. R. Wills, West Lebanon.....(WU)

NEW JERSEY.

BOWEN, A. W.; Mrs. M. Bowen, Salem.....(WL)
CONNERS, JOSEPH; Mrs. C. Conners,Trenton—Corp.(KA)
DE WEES, C. J.; Mrs. J. Keating, Jersey City—Corp.(WL)
FARLEY, P. G.; W. Farley, Whitehouse Station....(KA)
FINKELDIE, A. J.; F. Finkeldie, Hoboken.....(WL)
PERRY, C. C.; F. Gusvenine, Belleph.in.....(WS)
SHAPIRO, LOUIS; Mrs. A. Krongeld, Jersey City...(WL)
TODD, H. S.; Mrs. J. H. Hubley, Montclair.....(WL)
WOEHE, OTTO; A. Woehe, Passepanny.....(KA)

NEW MEXICO.

GARCIA, J. P.; Mrs. M. Garcia, Albuquerque.....(DW)
GONZALES, J. C.; M. M. Gonzales, Wagon Mound...(WS)
TRESENTE, JOSEPH; C. Tresente, Newark.....(WL)

NORTH CAROLINA.

ALLEN, JASON; Mrs. E. H. Reeves, Dunn.....(WL)
BAILEY, CAR

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DRIFT IN ICY SEA TO TOP OF WORLD

Stefansson, Here After Long Stay in Arctic, Tells of Companions' New Plan.

FROM ALASKA TO SIBERIA

Storkersen Will Lead Party Afloat on Route of Fram, Jeannette, and Karluk.

REPORTS MANY DISCOVERIES

Famous Explorer Before Illness in North Had Added New Land Under Canada's Flag.

Vilhjalmur Stefansson arrived in this city yesterday after a long trip of polar exploration. He spent more than five years in the area roughly between North Alaska and the pole, during which he discovered several islands, including one about the size of Ireland, and disproved the existence of another large island which had been placed on the maps.

Stefansson was given up for lost for one period of more than a year, when the failure to send a support ship to him, according to appointment, cast him and his advance party on their own resources. He proved the feasibility of living indefinitely in the arctic with no food supply beyond that obtained by the rifle. The scientific results of the expedition will fill a considerable library when the work of the staff of scientists accompanying the expedition, which was sent out by the Canadian Government, is completed. The publication, now under way, of the work of one section of the scientific staff will cost over $50,000.

The most dramatic part of his work is now in progress, although Stefansson himself was unable to be with it because of the attack of typhoid and pneumonia which he suffered from last winter. This new venture is the attempted voyage of five of his followers on a floating ice cake "over the top" of the earth from a point north of Alaska to the north Siberian coast, from which they expect to make their way next Spring to the Siberian Railroad.

Over the Top of the World.

Stefansson's followers, who hope to ride an ice-cake over the summit of the planet, expect to feed themselves on the seals they kill on the edges of their big natural barge of ice.

Mr. Stefansson told of the project yesterday as follows:

"Five men are still behind, engaged in the most dramatic and one of the most important adventures which has ever taken place in the Arctic. Nansen was the first man that ever thought about drifting across the Polar Basin. He went into the ice north of Siberia, near the New Siberia Islands, and drifted in a general northwesterly direction, then westerly, and finally southwest, his ship coming out after three years in the vicinity of Spitzbergen.

"Another vessel had done a similar thing involuntarily more than a decade earlier. The Jeannette, bearing an American expedition, commanded by Lieut. De Long of the American Navy, froze into the ice north of the Bering Straits and drifted northwesterly until crushed after two years in the vicinity where Nansen deliberately put his vessel into the ice a few years later.

"In August, 1913, the Karluk of the Canadian-Arctic expedition also commenced an involuntary drift. Frozen in the ice about 150 miles west of the mouth of the MacKenzie River and 20 miles north of Alaska, she drifted west and northwest until in January, 1914, she was crushed in the vicinity of where the Jeannette long before had entered the ice.

The Fram, Jeannette, and Karluk.

"If the course of these three vessels were plotted on the same chart, they would make a continuous line," Mr. Stefansson continued. "In other words, the Karluk, had she not been crushed, would have duplicated, first, the drift of the Jeannette, and later the drift of the Fram, eventually emerging after four or five years in the vicinity of Spitzbergen.

"It has been Amundsen's announced intention to undertake a polar drift, and he intended to put his vessel into the ice about where the Karluk was involuntarily beset. He abandoned this plan as soon as he saw which way the Karluk had drifted, because it then became evident that his own idea that a ship that froze into the ice north of Alaska would drift approximately across the pole was erroneous, and that if he were to freeze his vessel in anyhere in that vicinity her drift would thereafter duplicate, first, the Karluk, then the Jeannette, and lastly the Fram, thus covering no new ground. He accordingly altered his plan and is going to push as far as he can into the ice somewhere north of Siberia.

"It was my idea that if you could once get an exploring party encamped 100 or 200 miles north of the line of drift of these three vessels it would drift in a course about parallel to the drift of these three vessels, but as far north of their course as the starting point was north of the Karluk track.

Stefannson's Plan for New Drift.

"I formed then the plan of striking out from the Alaska coast, across the Karluk track, with sledges, trying to reach a point 200 miles north of the Karluk. At about latitude 73 north, longitude 148 west we would camp on a cake of ice probably late in April and drift where the ice listed, taking continual soundings and frequent astronomical observations to plot our course carefully. It is impossible to carry on sledges food for that sort of a trip, but our work the last five years has shown that carrying food to the arctic is like carrying coals to Newcastle.

"In pursuance of this scheme I spent the Fall of 1917 in buying the best available dogs and in having eight good sledges made, with which I intended to start in February from Cross Island, on the north coast of Alaska, with an immediate objective 200 miles to the north. This plan was well under way, when on Jan. 9, 1918, I was taken with typhoid fever. As this was in severe form and followed by pneumonia, it soon became evident that I could not do the work myself.

"The task then fell to Storker Storkersen, who would otherwise have been my chief assistant on the trip. With ten sledges and about eighty dogs, he left Cross Island in early March. After traveling about 100 miles, he sent back his first support party. On April 10, he was 200 miles north of Alaska and was ready to send back his last support party. Before sending them back he took observations for latitude and longitude and then remained in camp for four days to see what the drift would be. Similar observations taken four days later show that he had drifted forty miles northwest by west. Our theory, therefore, seemed to be working out for those forty miles, if plotted on a chart, would be about parallel to the drift of the Karluk 200 miles farther south.

Storkersen Pushing North Now.

"The report that Storkersen sent back indicates that he was going to travel another fifty or seventy-five miles farther north before finally selecting an ice cake to camp on.

"Most of the ice in that region is many years old, thickened by being crushed and heaped up in ridges and cemented together again by the low temperatures. Some are thirty to fifty feet thick. I would choose a cake over thirty feet in thickness and not more than half a mile or a mile square in area. The main task of the Summer is to put up meat for the Winter, and the closer the open water is to the camp, the less trouble in getting seals.

"Storkersen is doubtless camped on some such cake. On a good sunshiny day one is likely to get from three to five seals. These he would skin in such a way that the skins form bags, which he would fill with blubber, the blubber of four seals going to make one full bag. The meat he would slice thin and stretch out in the sun to dry, this being his sledge provisions for the journey landward the coming year.

"After this, polar bears would become the most freely obtainable food. In our past experience one cartridge has averaged us 125 pounds of meat. As polar bears frequently weigh 1,000 pounds Storkersen would be able to better considerably the meat-gathering average of our ammunition. Each animal he kills will furnish as much blubber as it does meat on the average. The seals furnish a little more blubber than meat and the polar bears a little more meat than blubber. By October, when Winter really set in Storkersen probably had a great many tons of meat and fuel enough to last all Winter.

His Probable Course and Its Dangers.

"If his course held true I imagine he would drift about 200 miles a month at the start and a little slower later on. As soon as the cold justifies it, snow houses would be built and the party would live in comfort. I don't see that the party is in any great danger, unless the ice in their immediate vicinity should break up during the dark period of Winter. Should they be compelled to remove their camp from an ice cake that is breaking up to a more fortunate location near by, they might in the process of moving lose a considerable part of their supplies. This I do not think likely to occur. We fully realize the danger, but consider it only a legitimate risk.

"If our calculations are correct, late in February, 1919, Storkersen's party should be northeast of New Siberia, 100 or 200 miles farther north than the point where the Jeannette sank. From here they would start as soon as daylight allowed it for the mouth of one of the great Siberian rivers, perhaps the Lena. To reach the Siberian Railroad, then, would become a matter of weeks.

"Storkersen's party consists of four men besides himself. Gustav Masik, a Russian, formerly second mate of our vessel, the Polar Bear; Lorn Knight, 25 years old, an American, whose parents live at McMinville, near Portland, Ore.; G. Gumar of Buffalo, N. Y., and Martin Killian, a Seattle boy of about 20 years, the ideal age for men in subordinate positions in polar work."

Mr. Stefansson said that, if all went well with the expedition, they should reach the Siberian mainland in from sixty to eighty days after the Arctic "daylight" begins in February, so that they might be on land in May, and at the Siberian Railroad in Summer.

Mr. Stefansson will spend some time lecturing for the Red Cross, and expects to return to the Arctic in about a year. He will speak tonight at Carnegie Hall.

WAITERS SEEK WAR JOBS.

Hotels Refuse to Reinstate Strikers While the War Lasts.

The 1,200 waiters who struck at the Waldorf, McAlpin, Claridge, and Astor Hotels, may have difficulty in getting their jobs back during the war. L. H. Boomer, general manager of the du Pont hotels, said yesterday the men would not be reinstated in his dining rooms and that the women who took their places were doing good work.

"We are not sorry they struck," he said. "The strike was needed to enable us to conform with the Government's orders. The law against women serving liquor is being obeyed. We have hall boys on duty to serve any drinks ordered by our guests."

Regularity was resumed yesterday in the dining rooms of the hotels affected by the strike, with women doing all the work except the serving of liquor. Managers said their patrons found no fault with the change and that many expressed gratification. Several hundred young women applied yesterday for work to Oscar Tschirky, manager at the Waldorf, and were put on trial. Oscar said he had started a morning class for waitresses and would train them in the work.

The waiters' strike committee announced last night, after a conference with George W. Kirchwey, Assistant Director of the United States Employment Service, that it would co-operate in efforts to induce striking waiters and cooks to enter war industries.

The Government had made no effort yesterday to settle the strike of the 15,000 children's clothing workers, either through the War Labor Board, or through Dr. William Z. Ripley, Administrator of Labor Standards for Army Clothing. The strikers announced that Levenson Brothers, a member of the American Men's and Boys' Clothing Manufacturers' Association, with shops at 4 Washington Place, had agreed to the demand for an eight-hour day and Twenty per cent. raise in pay.

Leon Mann, Managing Director of the employers' association, gave out a statement last night in which he said that the Amalgamated Union had started an unnecessary strike in the garment industry during war, with a campaign of misrepresentation.

"A week before the strike this association offered to submit all questions to arbitration," he said. "We have offered to appoint committees to negotiate with the union, and no reply has been received to either of these offers. We are still willing to do either or both of these things."

R. G. Bostwick and J. F. Kiernan, representing the War Labor Board, yesterday held a hearing in the City Hall in the dispute between Franklin Union No. 23 of the International Printing Pressmen and Pressmen's Assistants' Union and the New York Printing Employers' League.

PILGRIMS OF WAR POUR INTO HOLLAND

Aged French Refugees Undergo Great Suffering to Escape German Rule.

MANY PERISH ON THE WAY

Dutch Send Doctors, Nurses, and Food to Travel-Weary Throng on the Border.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 29.—When the German retirement in Belgian Flanders began, it was expected that 250,000 refugees would seek safety in Holland. Up to Saturday night, however, only a small fraction of that number had arrived.

At that time about 7,000 had passed through the wire gates marking the Dutch-Belgian frontier. On Friday alone, 4,996 arrived. All but thirteen were French, from the districts of Valenciennes, Douai, Cambrai, and Quesnoy.

There is no congestion, as in 1914, when the mass of refugees from Belgian threatened to overwhelm the hurriedly organized bands of willing helpers.

This time the stream began to trickle in slowly. At first several hundreds arrived each day, but the number has now increased to thousands. There has been time to organize, at all the frontier centres of the Dutch provinces of Brabant and Limburg, food depots in charge of committees co-operating with the Dutch Red Cross. Doctors and nurses were sent to the border and they are being assisted by Sisters of Mercy from the convents in the southern provinces of Holland.

So far there have been two main streams some thirty miles apart. One point of entry is where the Dutch provinces of Brabant and Limburg meet, and the other is across the Meuse River in Maastricht, the capital of Limburg province. At these points the fugitives are registered by the military authorities and must undergo a physical examination.

The spectacle of the weary, travel-stained war victims toiling through the mud and rain was moving, and the sufferings of the old and infirm men, women, and children on the 150-mile tramp were intense. Most of the French civilians had been on the road a month, others six weeks or two months. All the French spoke of the kindness of the Belgian people, who shared their food with them.

On the passage the refugees slept at night on the bundles they carried. The motley processions consisted of all classes, and a remarkable number of grandmothers of 80 or 90 braved the inclement weather in wheelbarrows pushed by the more able-bodied. The bundles of possessions carried by the refugees included birds in cages, chickens, rabbits, and odd kitchen utensils.

The fatigues of the journey were too much for some of the travelers. The weaker ones died on the way and a few others succumbed soon after reaching the hospitable soil of Holland.

Many of the refugees are suffering from grip and bronchial affections. The worst cases had received immediate assistance at the nearest hospitals and convents, but the examining physicians say that the number of sick thus far has been lower than had been anticipated.

Many pathetic incidents occurred during the march. Among the refugees who reached the Dutch border was a young mother with the body of her six-months-old baby clasped to her breast. The babe had died four days previously, but the mother refused to bury the body in soil held by the enemy.

An old woman of Cambrai traveled for three weeks in a chair tied on a cart. Scarcely had she reached neutral soil when the cart overturned and she was killed.

To distribute the fugitives in Holland, the government last week ordered the Burgomasters of Deventer, Assen, Zutphen, Arnhem and other provincial towns further north to arrange to accommodate refugees to the extent of 2 per cent. of the populations of the towns. To these centres the fugitives are now being taken on fourteen special trains, each carrying 1,000 persons.

The Dutch villagers on the frontier have rendered efficient first aid to the refugees, although food is not as plentiful as in 1914. At Maastricht great crowds welcomed the refugees by singing the "Marseillaise" and the "Brabangonne" and loaded them with food and dainties.

The French Minister at The Hague has been investigating the possibility of repatriating the refugees to France through the liberated section of Belgium, but the plan is not yet feasible, as bridges have been blown up and the railways and tramways are in no condition for use. Meanwhile a scheme for repatriation by sea is being considered.

ROBBED BY GERMAN INVADERS IN UKRAINE

Young Russian Merchant and Soldier Arrives Here with Wife, Baby, and Only $3.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Oct. 30.—After passing through all kinds of dangers since the war began, Joseph Baru, 28 years old, a flour merchant, arrived today on a freighter from Murmansk on the northern coast of Russia, with his wife, Beula, 18 years old, and their baby. Baru said that he was in business in New York and went to Russia to visit his relatives in the Summer of 1911. When the military officials heard he was in Kiev they ordered him to do his service in the army, which was three years. Just as the time expired the big war began, and the young man had to go with the army.

"I was wounded four times," he said, "in fighting at various points along the eastern front, including Toltchin, Wolynska and Vedla."

During his stay at Vladimir Joseph Baru amassed 200,000 rubles in business. When the Germans came into Ukraine, he said that they took away all the flour, grain, and other produce from the merchants and gave them promissory notes in exchange which were practically worthless. When he arrived today he had only $3 in the world to support himself and his family.

The Germans did not appear to have any real money, he said. They robbed the people in the Cities of Kiev, Orsho, and Gomel, in the Ukraine, of all their foodstuffs and left them penniless. In addition, they treated the people like slaves, and men were hanged in Kiev on the slightest pretext. Not to uncover the head and bow with deep humility when spoken to by a German officer, to answer back when cursed, and not being quick in giving up one's store of grain or wheat meant death. He saw 150 Russians hanged one morning at Kiev, Baru said.

The refugees who fled to Archangel had to pay heavy fees to the officials, German and Bolsheviki, to get safely away, and when he left Murmansk three weeks ago the living conditions were almost unbearable. Bread cost $10, sugar $60, and tobacco $200 a pound. The Bolsheviki had seized everything. But conditions changed for the better in every way seven weeks ago when the English troops entered the city and took charge of all the stores of foodstuffs that were piled 100 or more feet high around the harbor.

During his stay in Russia Joseph Baru said he served under three régimes, the late Czar Nicholas, the Germans, and the Bolsheviki. He managed to keep 7,000 rubles, but it was taken from him by German officials before he got away from the Ukraine. When the family landed today the baby saw fresh milk for the first time in two months. Baru and his wife and baby will stop with the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, 225 East Broadway, New York, until he can make plans to go into some business and communicate with his relatives in this country.

GERMANS SINK BARK 1,000 MILES AT SEA

Norwegian Ship's Captain Lost with Seven Men, Say Ten Castaways Here.

News of the sinking of the 1,746-ton Norwegian bark Stifinder, on Oct. 13 by German submarine about 1,000 miles off the American coast was brought to New York yesterday by T. Fritji, mate, and nine survivors of the crew, who were adrift fifteen day in the longboat until they were picked up off Barnegat, N. J., and brought into port. They said they were the only members of the crew who escaped, since Captain Gustave Bjorckman and seven men, including the second mate, had left the sinking bark in another boat, which was lost.

The Stifinder left New York on Sept. 27 for Freemantle, Western Australia, with 68,000 cases of refined oil, and was kept back by baffling winds. When the commander of the U-boat came close alongside the bark on the morning of Oct. 13, he ordered the crew to abandon ship at once. Before placing bombs on board to sink her, the German sailors took away a quantity of stores, oil and gasoline.

The crew were permitted to take a supply of food and drink, and the supply of water was increased liberally afterwards by a ten days' rain. The sailors said they rowed and sailed the longboat on an average at a speed of three knots an hour and kept a bright lookout for land. Twice they saw the smoke of steamships, which never came close enough to see the ten castaways in the boat.

The position of the Stifinder at the time she was attacked was northeast of Bermuda and out of the track of vessels bound round the Cape of Good Hope to Australia. The weather had been rough and her topgallantsails and upper topsails had been blown away. It took seventeen days for the bark to sail a distance that the survivors of the crew made in fifteen days in their longboat. They lost sight of the captain's boat the second day after leaving the bark.

The mate went to the office of the owners' agent, S. O. Stray, 11 Broadway, and made his report, after visiting the Norwegian Consul. He was not permitted to give out further information, as the case was in charge of the United States Naval Intelligence officers investigating attacks by submarines.

MUCH OF BELGIUM INTACT.

Region East of Nieuport-Ypres Line Not Scarred by War.

BELGIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FLANDERS, Oct. 26, (Associated Press.)—That part of Belgium just liberated by the armies under command of King Albert has suffered little in comparison with other parts of the little kingdom and Northern France. Western Flanders virtually is intact north of the Lys and east of the old battle line.

From the region of Nieuport to south of Ypres the stretch of ground and the territory for six or more miles on either side, which was the battle ground for four years, judged by the numerous little black crosses that are scattered all about, might be called 'Dead Man's Land." East of this region, however, there are villages untouched by the war, luxuriant farms and happy, liberated towns.

West of the line which the British and Belgians held for four long years many villages and towns have been destroyed by German shells. Furnes is but an empty shell of tottering walls and Pervyse is merely a geographical name. A post bearing the name of the village is the only thing remaining to show where Ramscapelle stood. In this region poison gas has killed all vegetation and the trees stand gaunt and bare of foliage.

ENFORCED LOANS DEFERRED

Australia Shelves Plan Owing to Success of War Issue.

MELBOURNE, Oct. 30, (via Montreal.)—Compulsory subscription to the Australian War Loan would not be introduced at present, in view of the highly satisfactory response to the campaign now in progress, Acting Premier Watt announced today. Up to the present 212,000 subscribers have purchased $206,252,000 worth of bonds.

The bill legalizing compulsory subscriptions to State loans, however, Mr. Watt said, would be passed for use in future campaign loans if necessary.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Will Place on Sale To-day

A Very Special Assortment of

Misses' Smart Frocks

At Much Below Their Regular Price

$14.50

Late Autumn Models, with a degree of quality in both styling and material frankly unusual in frocks at a moderate price. Obtainable in

All Wool Serge, Silk, Serge Combined with Satin, and Silk in Combination with Georgette Crepe, tastefully trimmed with Embroidery, Silk Fringe, and Tailored Buttons.

Colors: Burgundy, Navy, Green, and Black
Sizes 14 to 18 years

Saks & Company Offer Remarkable Values in

A Sale of

Men's Soft Hats

Special at

$1.95

¶ These are hats from our regular stock that have been selling at much higher prices. The styles are among the smartest shown for Fall, and there is a splendid selection of colors.

Sizes 6⅝ to 7⅝

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

An Unprecedented Sale of

WOMEN'S DRESSES

(a choice collection of this season's models; sizes 34 to 42) marked at the extraordinarily low price of

$29.00

is now being held in the Women's Ready-to-wear Department on the Third Floor.

The fact that this is a special purchase alone makes it possible to sell these Dresses at this figure; ordinarily many would be marked at $60.00, $75.00, upward.

Furs and Afternoon Tea

TEA at the Biltmore lends ever renewed enchantment of lights, chatter and clothes! How tall and stately milady looks in her well-fitted jacket of Nutria with collar and belt of Hudson Seal. Buttoning gracefully to the side, it clings so comfortably that its wearer can fearlessly brave the coldest breezes! Surely it is La Mode Parisienne inspiringly interpreted by *Charvet*!

Buy W. S. S.

Charvet et Cie
FOURRURES
18 West 57th Street - New York

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Emblematic Frames for Soldiers' Pictures

The above Illustration Typical Of the Many Does not, However, Show

Their Beautiful Color and Finish

Our Fall stock is in and includes what in other years is withheld for Xmas season. It comprises new standing frames in handpainted designs and "cracked surface" finishes. Others of metal inlay, silver and antique.

Over 100 Exclusive Designs To Choose From

We are the only department store in this city selling the product of one of the largest frame manufacturers in the country.

We Are 6% Lower

at least, in our prices, notwithstanding. Odd oriental, panel door, swivel, antique, golden pagoda and special marquetry memorial frames among the assortment.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Bulletin
—TODAY—

The famous English "Martin" umbrella.
$13.89 and $14.89
Fitted with finest Spitalfields silk over a Fox Laurus frame. Wood shank clear through. All natural wood handles of either malacca, cherry, furze or golden birch.

THESE FEW SPECIFICATIONS MEAN EVERYTHING OF UMBRELLA WORTH TO THE MAN WHO KNOWS.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Broadway.

Store Hours:
Store opens 9:45 A. M. and closes at 6:15 P. M. until further notice.

To Men in Khaki

We carry a khaki flannel shirt at a price at least 6% below what is asked by our competitors. It is excellently made in accordance with Government specifications, with reinforced bosoms. $4.39

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Save All Fruit Stones and Nut Shells and Give Them to the Government

The Government wants them for the manufacture of filter granules, essential in gas masks. Bring the stones to the LIBERTY PEACH STONE BARRELS, Broadway, near our 35th Street entrance, and on 34th St., near Broadway, where they are being collected for Uncle Sam. The stones must be dry.

REPUBLICANS TAKE A HOPEFUL VIEW

Senate Leaders Assert Belief That President's Appeal Has Aided Their Cause.

DEMOCRATS ARE CONFIDENT

Insist That They Will Retain Majorities in Both Houses—Marshall Praises Gerry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Although hesitating to go into any definite prophecy, Republican leaders of the Senate expressed confidence today that the existing Democratic majorities in the Senate and House will be transformed next Tuesday to Republican majorities. They based this feeling upon what they say is an unmistakable drift, during the last few days, to the Republican Party in various States where the fight is the most acute.

As against this forecast is the expressed conviction of the Democratic leaders that Democratic majorities will be returned in both houses. The Democrats insist that President Wilson's call to the voters of the country to see that the Democratic Party is retained in supremacy in Congress has had the effect of assuring victory for their party.

Republican leaders at the Capitol today spoke of President Wilson's appeal immediately upon its utterance having cast grave doubt on the prospect of the Republicans winning the Senate and House. But since then, they said, a wave of sentiment against the President's making an appeal for party support has begun to sweep through the country. It started in the East, they say, and is going westward. In the Middle West, they maintain, it has gained a strong impetus.

Before the Presidential appeal came, these Republican leaders say their party's chances of winning the House and Senate were remote, although some leaders insist that the House in any event would go Republican. The President's interposition, they insist, has acted as a boomerang to the Democratic hopes so that whatever chance the Democrats once had of retaining their majority in Congress is now gone. The States which Republican leaders now say they are practically sure of carrying for the Senate, and in which the fights have been particularly bitter, are New Jersey, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Delaware, West Virginia, Kansas, Illinois, and Michigan. In all of these States, it is admitted, the vote will be close. In New Hampshire there are two Senators to be elected and the Republicans assert that both their candidates will win. win.

Kentucky and Missouri are doubtful, the Republican leaders admit, with the chances favoring the Democratic candidates. But they are beginning to count upon Wyoming, where Senator Warren is trying for re-election, and they believe that they will carry Idaho for Senator Borah and also for Mr. Gooding, who is running for the short term. Nevada, where Senator Pittman, Democrat up for re-election, is practically conceded to him.

Senator Gerry of Rhode Island, Chairman of the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee, disputed the Republican contention that he will be defeated. He insisted tonight that he would be returned to the Senate. He also challenged the Republican forecast as to Delaware, Kansas, Michigan, and West Virginia, saying they would elect Democratic Senators. Senator Gerry gave out the following letter he received from Vice President Marshall supporting his candidacy and his work in the campaign:

Oct. 30, 1918.

My Dear Senator.—You know how extremely pleased I was two years ago when the citizens of Rhode Island sent you to the United States Senate. They made no mistake in doing so. You have been a credit to the State and to the nation.

I note the zeal with which you have conducted your work as Chairman of the Senatorial Democratic Committee, seeking to return Democrats to the United States Senate who for personal, political, and patriotic reasons will stand behind the President of the United States in the trying times which are before him in winning the war and negotiating a lasting peace. It goes without saying that, as one who was honored by the American people in being the running mate of Woodrow Wilson, I have no other desire than to see his wishes complied with by the people of America.

I commend you for your zeal and wish you unbounded success in the effort you are putting forth for the election of Democratic United States Senators.

Cordially yours,
THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

Hon. Peter G. Gerry, Providence, R. I.

Lane and Redfield Statements.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Secretaries Lane and Redfield today authorized statements of why they believed the country should return a Democratic Congress next week.

Secretary Lane said:

"At the head of our State is the man whom the world looks to for guidance in this contest. To back him to the limit and enable him to look the Kaiser in the eye and tell him what the conscience of the world commands is our duty irrespective of party. He must not be discredited, weakened, or worried by any apparent hesitation on the part of the people to generously support him.

"The Kaiser knows that he is a Democrat, and those who have been loyal to him as the exponent of the nation's will should be sent to Congress that they may prosecute the war and lead in the great period of reconstruction that is to follow—a period in which larger consideration must be given to the needs and rights of those who suffer the handicap of poverty or ignorance than ever before. * * *. The Democratic Party should and must take the lead in the evolution of a more intensely socialized life. It has the right sympathies, and it has the sympathetic and balanced leadership."

Secretary Redfield said:

"Ordinary common sense shows that the interest of the country requires the election of a Congress, (both houses,) in political sympathy with the Administration. One does not swap horses while crossing the stream save in an emergency. No emergency calling for the swap exists. The present team is well matched, pulling together and doing the job well. One cannot say how the new horse would behave. Let it be admitted for the sake of argument that he has officially pulled fairly straight much, perhaps most, of the time, thus far. There are exceptions and often a visible tendency to kick over the traces.

"Under our party system it is normal that the Republicans should seek in advance a basis on which to found their campaign of 1920. Such a basis they hope to find, they can only find, by pecking at the Administration between now and then. It is certain, therefore, that the election of a Republican Congress now must substitute underlying, if not avowed, discord for acknowledged and avowed sympathy and opens the way to national embarrassment through the temptations to political gains."

Representative Cannon of Illinois, former Speaker of the House, issued a statement tonight replying to the recent letter of Secretary Tumulty to the Cuyahoga County Republican Club at Cleveland, Ohio, in which Mr. Tumulty quoted from speeches from President McKinley in 1898 in an effort to show that President Wilson's appeal for the return of a Democratic Congress was not without precedent. Mr. Cannon said that he heard many of the speeches by President McKinley in the 1898 campaign, and denied that Mr. McKinley raised any issue of "partisan politics."

PENROSE ASSAILS FORD.

Asserts That Charge of Profiteering Is Being Suppressed.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—Senator Penrose made an appeal to the voters of Pennsylvania to elect the entire Republican ticket. He attacked the demands of President Wilson for the election of a Democratic Congress and declared that if there was a Republican Congress at present the aircraft investigation would have been made by the House.

"The result of the investigation," said he, "would not have been suppressed until after the election to save Ford in Michigan from the charge of profiteering. There never was a campaign in which a better opportunity presented itself for discussion and argument. This is particularly the case since the President's statement of last week, calling on the country to elect only Democrats to Congress. This statement is an insult and an affront to many thousands of Republicans who have devoted their services to the Government without reward, and who are now informed that they are unfit to have confidential relations with the Administration."

CONCEDES STATE TO SMITH.

Republican Buffalo Paper, Says Mack, Gives It to Him by 90,000.

Alfred E. Smith last night received a telegram from Norman E. Mack of Buffalo which read:

"The Buffalo Evening News, one of the strongest Republican papers in the State, concedes the State to Smith by 90,000. A leading editorial today warns Republicans that nothing is to be gained by disregarding these figures."

Mr. Smith will tour Queens tonight. His first speech will be Hettinger's Hall, Broadway and Seventh Avenue, Long Isl and City, at 8 o'clock; then Parish Hall, Forty-eighth Street and Shell Road, Corona; Flushing High School, Broadway and Whitestone Avenue, Flushing; Teacher's Training School, Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, and Public School 93, Madison and Forest Avenues, Ridgewood.

WOMEN OPPOSE BAIRD.

Newark Mass Meeting to Centre Fight on His Campaign.

A determined fight is being made by suffrage leaders from all parts of the east to defeat Senator Baird of New Jersey for re-election for the short term, because of his refusal to comply with President Wilson's request for his vote in favor of the Federal Suffrage Amendment. The campaign in favor of his opponent, Charles O'Conor Hennessey, will culminate in a great mass meeting at the New Auditorium in Newark, at which Harriot Stanton Blatch, Dudley Field Malone, and others will speak.

The National Woman's Party, which was organized in 1916 to fight the Democratic Party "until it was ready to declare in favor of the Federal amendment," has sent many of its best speakers into New Jersey to co-operate with the New Jersey suffragists, under the leadership of Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins, Chairman of the New Jersey Branch. The State has been flooded with more than half a million circulars calling upon men of New Jersey to back up President Wilson by voting for Mr. Hennessey, and citing the appeals of Republican leaders to the country in 1898 to elect a Republican Congress to support President McKinley in the critical situation resulting from the Spanish-American War.

The suffragist organizations are taking no part officially in the contest between Governor Edge and Mr. La Monte for the long Senatorial term, because both are pledged to suffrage and because it is hoped that the Federal amendment will be passed by Congress while the short-term Senator is sitting.

Mrs. Abby Scott Baker, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Women's Party, who has been active in the fight for Mr. Hennessey, said yesterday:

"There is apparently no interest in the contest for the long term, but the whole State is aroused over the fight against Mr. Baird, and the chances of electing Mr. Hennessey appear very bright. We are asking the Republicans as well as the Democrats to vote for Mr. Hennessey because the Republicans, even if they elect every candidate, could not obtain control of the present session of Congress, which will pass the Federal amendment if we can gain one more vote. We are only asking of New Jersey men the great gift which they can give us without any sacrifice on their part, and all appearances are that the men will respond."

WHITMAN RENEWS ATTACK ON SMITH

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

one moment the idle rumors that have been brought to him by denizens of the underworld who are now supporting him for election for a third term, he would have found out from the New York Charter itself that I have nothing to do with the appointment of a Sergeant-at-Arms of the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Baker was elected by the members of the board, as the charter provides."

The Governor also accused Mr. Smith of appearing in court in behalf of Jack Sirocco who, the Governor said, had been arrested for running a poolroom at 128 Park Row. He said Smith told the Judge that a mistake had been made, and had Sirocco released. Sirocco, he said, is now a Tammany district Captain and is working "for his old friend and protector, Alfred E. Smith."

The Governor spoke to about 3,000 people at the Academy of Music. Another speaker was Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, who assailed President Wilson.

Renews Attack on Smith.

Governor Whitman began his speech by telling what New York State had done in the war and what Brooklyn was doing in aiding the men in the service. Then he turned his attention to Alfred E. Smith, saying:

"Well, I will give you another one. I didn't know this until this afternoon. Calvert Baker, Sergeant at Arms of the Board of Alderman, is one of the oldest poolroom runners of the city of New York. He conducted a poolroom in Park Row, near William Street, and conducted a place on the present site of the Municipal Building. In the old days he was the President of the Timothy D. Sullivan Association, and now he holds one of the best places within the gift of the man who seeks to be Governor of the State of New York.

"In June, 1900, on pages 117 to 134 of McClure's Magazine you will find this article: 'Criminal Courts Useless Against Political Loungers.' One of the chief reasons for the failure of justice was shown by the following case: The case was brought about a year ago against one Jack Sirrocco, who was running a pool room at 128 Park Row. He is one of the chief leaders of the Five Point Gang of repeaters, which is known throughout the world as well as the Flatiron Building. When action was brought against this man, Alfred E. Smith, from this district, came into court and stated as far as one knew there must have been a mistake made, and the case was finally dismissed. Jack Sirrocco is now a Tammany captain of one of the election districts and is actually working and canvassing the East Side for his old friend and protector Alfred E. Smith.'"

Illustrates With Pictures.

Governor Whitman then produced a picture which represented a dinner, and, holding this picture before the audience, said:

"I hold in my hand a photograph that was taken at a dinner which was given about the time, I am told, that Mr. Smith was made Speaker of the Assembly. I wish you could see it from where you sit. It says here, 'To our pal, Al Smith.' That picture represents about the entire criminal world."

The Governor here stopped short and, pointing to the face of one of the men on the picture, said:

"This man is known as 'Philadelphia Slim.' He was arrested at Norwich, N. Y., for breaking into a bank and was sent to the State prison, and at his trial there appeared in court in Norwich, Alfred E. Smith, who begged the Judge for clemency."

Pointing to another face in the picture, he added:

"This man is known as 'Nigger Mike' Salter. This man has served a term in State prison. This other man," said he, pointing to another face, "is Young Reiddy, who died in prison. This other man is Charley Miller, who has served a term in prison."

"I don't know whether all on this picture were criminals, but I do know that it does honestly represent the criminal elements which come from the east side, and which have been working for Tammany Hall and have been followers of Alfred E. Smith for four years. They come from the east of the Bowery, and there are all there.

"The only question is: Are the people of New York going to let that sort of thing go on at Albany? We had three Governors in New York State in four years. We have had only one Governor during the last four years, and he is going to stay there."

Regarding the President, Senator Watson said:

"His 'acid' test is fealty to his Administration. Loyalty to the war is at this time a secondary consideration to the President. Loyalty to his Administration is the one requirement demanded. This is the one essential of the hour. The Republicans have been conducting themselves on the theory that, while the war lasted, its successful conduct was the supreme object of the country, as of the administration. But the President's letter sets up a different standard.

"According to this latest pronouncement it is not enough to be loyal to the country, but in order to measure up to the full demands of patriotism one must be loyal to Mr. Wilson. He therefore places loyalty to him, to his party, to his politics, above loyalty to his country."

SMITH DENIES ALL WHITMAN'S CHARGES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

nothing to do with appointments. He was Assistant Sergeant at Arms long before I thought of being President of the Aldermen."

By this time Mr. Smith had the crowd with him and they cheered repeatedly.

"Whitman has had a soft thing of it all his life," went on the Democratic candidate with earnestness, "but he is not going to get away with it from me. I am not going to have him pull a red herring in this campaign across his own trail with the hope that the people will overlook his own record and the abuse of his great office. So far as the man I appointed Clerk at Albany is concerned I defy the Governor to produce any evidence to substantiate his charges, and further than that, I defy him to produce any proof or give the name of any individual who gave him his information."

There were more cheers from all over the house and Mr. Smith went on with his regular speech. He said in part:

"I notice in the speech the Governor delivered at Bohemia Hall last evening he stated: 'I wish it were possible for me to discuss at very great length the issues before us.' I desire to say that I also wish it were possible for the Governor to discuss the issues, but he seems to be unwilling to meet them. His attitude toward the issues of the campaign is all summed up in an incident that happened at one of his meetings last evening. When a citizen asked him a question he turned to the Chairman and said 'Put him out!'

"In his speech at the Union League Club, that he was pleased to call his home, he resorted to the tactics that have characterized his conduct during his whole political life. Without the facts, and at some one's suggestion, he was entirely willing to assail the character of the dead as well as the living to further his own ambitions. It impressed upon my mind Theodore Roosevelt's remarks about him of four years ago when he said, 'The truth is not in him.'

"In one of his speeches he asked me what times I would disapprove in the Appropriation bill of this year if I was Governor of the State? In the first place, I would veto two of the three salaries paid to the Chairman of the Republican State Committee, and two of the three salaries paid to the Governor's secretary. If they are entitled to the aggregate amount, it should be given to them outright, and not covered up to mislead the people.

What He Would Veto.

"I would veto the $6,000 salary of the counsel to the Conservation Commission. His duties should be performed by the Attorney General. I would veto the items of salary for the Board of Port Wardens on the Governor's own statement of a few years ago that 'they did not perform any State function,' and he recommended that they be abolished. After he filled the places with his own friends, he signed a special act giving them a salary, where formerly they only received fees.

"I would veto the $15,000 item for printing the reports of the Public Service Commission in the First District and I would do the same for the Second District. They represent nothing but junk. Nobody ever reads them. What the people expect and are not getting from the Public Service Commission is action—not reports.

"I would veto the $10,000 appropriation for a committee to celebrate the completion of the canal. That item looks to me like a joke. Secretary McAdoo in a recent letter settled all question about the canal when he said: 'The Federal Government has not taken it over and it is not completed.' Among the special bills, a large number of them are for work and improvements not at all necessary during wartimes, and if carried out must be carried out at war prices. The State could well afford to wait with these unnecessary improvements and not divert labor and materials from the cause of winning the war.

"The Governor's lack of knowledge of the finances of the State naturally leads him to the question of what items would be stricken from the bills. He apparently does not understand that the greatest saving to the State would not come from vetoing items, because some part of them may be necessary, but would come from a more careful scrutiny of the affairs of the State Departments under his direction. The Constitution does not permit the Governor to reduce an item in the Appropriation bill after it has passed both houses. The time for that is while the bill is pending. That the Governor never attempted to reduce any of the items is testified to by Senator Brown, Republican leader of the Senate, who said 'The eighty-one million dollar appropriation bill was passed by the Legislature without a single conference with the Governor.'

1,900 New Jobs Created.

"In 1915, in his annual message to the Legislature, the Governor said 'The increase on an unprecedented scale in the number of State officials and the reckless increase in salaries in nearly all departments during the last four years are explainable only by the existence of a deliberate plan to fasten the control of a party upon the State by a vast amount of official patronage.' That criticism is now directed with more truth and greater force to it against the Governor himself, and he completely dodges the issue.

"The payroll of the State never carried so many names as it does at present. It has been stated to me that the appointments were made either by the Governor or by his direction for the for the purpose of aiding him in his efforts to secure a renomination to a third term. The analysis of the Appropriation bill shows an increase in the payrolls of the State over the last Democratic year of 50 per cent., and further shows that in the first two years of the Governor's administration 1,900 new jobs were created. Taking his four years, it has been a complete riot of extravagance in the creation of new and unnecessary positions.'

Regarding President Wilson, Mr. Coudert said:

"Our country was never so successful, our policy never so vindicated as by the events of the last few weeks. Not even a narrow partisan can claim that this is due to any political party. It is perfectly true to say that it is owing to the united effort of a unified America. Yet that effort was directed by a leadership, and the success attendant upon it cannot fail to be attributable in great part to such leadership.

"By a sort of natural selection the President of the United States has been hailed as the great world leader, under whose guidance reconstructive processes must be initiated. The fact remains that he, as Chief Magistrate as well as Commander in Chief of the Army, has had his efforts crowned with complete success."

Mr. Coudert said that the great State of New York could not afford to do other at the present time than sustain "the purposes which the President, as spokesman for America, has so clearly outlined, and the realization of which must be dear to the heart of all men who place right above might, law above anarchy, justice above mere force."

Abram I. Elkus presided, and other speakers were Augustus Thomas, Harry C. Walker, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor; Miss Elisabeth Marbury, and Miss Helen Todd.

TRACING HALL'S DIAMONDS.

Niece Examined as to Disappearance of Costly Gems.

Testimony as to the disappearance of diamonds and other jewels owned by Augustus H. Hall at about the time Mr. Hall died on Oct. 19, 1917, at the home of his sisters, Martha and Agnes Hall, at 160 West Fifty-ninth Street, was given yesterday in the Surrogates' Court by his niece, Miss Mazie Hall, after Surrogate Fowler had threatened her with arrest if she did not tell what she knew. Miss Hall was summoned in proceedings for the discovery of the missing jewels instituted by the Lincoln Trust Company as executor. Miss Hall said a large solitaire diamond ring worn by her uncle was taken from his fingers after he died by Miss Martha Hall. She said that two diamond stickpins that were on a dresser and a pair of diamond garter buckles which hung over the foot of her uncle's bed disappeared after his death.

The witness testified that her uncle told her his sisters had all his loose diamonds and refused to give them up, although he asked for them. She said lining diamonds after the decedent's death the latter said: "I snppose you think these belonged to Gus, but they didn't; they are mine. I bought that when she found Martha Hall examthem while traveling in Europe from a tramp who came sneaking around the hotel where I was stopping and asked for money."

Miss Hall also testified that Martha Hall has a costly flag pin made of diamonds and rubies which belonged to the decedent. The testimony will be submitted to the Surrogate with the request that Mr. Hall's sisters be compelled to deliver any property they have been withholding.

Buy W. S. S. Daily

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Est. 1879

Special Sale—Thursday Only

600 Prs. Children's Shoes

Black Russia Calf laced Boots. Our Regular Stock.

Sizes 8 to 10½	3.45
Sizes 11 to 2	3.95

Regular 5.00 and 5.50 grades

No C. O. D., Telephone or Mail Orders.

You Never Pay More at Best's

What we do for a Man

We make him the glove he *needs*, whether he rides in the subway, a limousine or an aeroplane.

We have it—ready when he wants it.

We studied sedulously for 48 years to make it fit peerlessly well—and it does.

We comb the market for the finest quality of glove leather—and we get it.

52 styles *in stock* of Men's Gloves, lined and unlined.

Centemeri Gloves

400 FIFTH AVE.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42D AND 43D STREETS

RARE VALUES FOR MEN

In Kirschbaum Clothes at $22.50, $25, $27.50, $30

THESE suits and overcoats bear the signature of a maker whose reputation for the making of fine civilian and military apparel is a national and international affair.

IT IS A CASE OF LESS PROFIT IN THE MARKING OF THE CLOTHES—NOT OF LESS PAINS IN THE MAKING

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

Copyright, 1918, A. B. Kirschbaum Co.

DURING the Civil War many women were reduced to wearing congress-gaitered shoes with black serge tops.

That won't happen during this war. Our helpful women are wearing shoes giving the longest service.

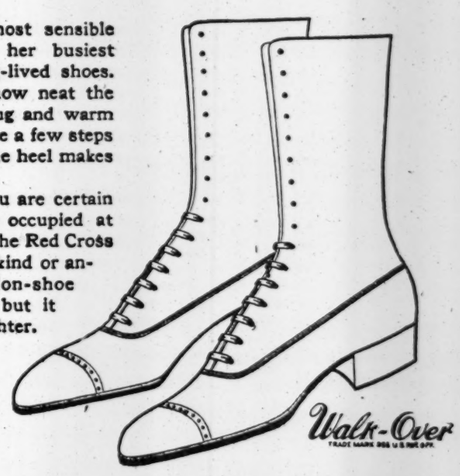
The PRINCESS PAT
Price $8.00

Walk-Over SHOES

These are woman's most sensible occupation-shoes for her busiest times. They are long-lived shoes.

Put on one. Note how neat the toe looks and how snug and warm the high upper is. Take a few steps and notice how light the heel makes the whole shoe feel.

As time goes on, you are certain to be more and more occupied at home, in business, for the Red Cross or in war-work of one kind or another. This occupation-shoe can't save you steps, but it can make every step lighter.



The VOLUNTEER
Price $9.00

They're worth coming to see—at once—while we have them in stock. Walk-Over Shoes are as well-known the world over as in your home town.

Walk-Over Shoe Stores

New York City		Brooklyn	Bronx	Yonkers, N. Y.
179 Broadway	144 Bowery	1355 Broadway	557 Melrose Ave.	9 N. Broadway
1173-75 B'way	252 W. 125th St.	565-7 Fulton St.	Newark, N. J.	Paterson, N. J.
1439 Broadway	622 W. 181st St.	5406 5th Ave.	795 Broad St.	181 Market St.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.

PLAN RAPID RETURN OF OUR GREAT ARMY

Shipping Board to Employ Huge Number of Vessels as Transports.

SIX MONTHS' JOB AT MOST

It Is Estimated That 4,000,000 Men Could Be Brought Home In That Period.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Estimates made by the United States Shipping Board and expected to be announced soon contemplate such a large use of shipping for the return transportation of American troops as to indicate that General Pershing's expeditionary forces will be brought back to the United States within three months after it is determined that they may be safely withdrawn from the theatres of war. The plans of the Shipping Board provide for converting cargo vessels into transports.

These estimates are understood to be based on the present strength of the expeditionary forces, which is approximately 2,000,000 men. Should the program of the United States to send 4,000,000 men overseas be carried out, the return transportation could be accomplished, according to the plans now being worked out, in six months.

Should the Shipping Board be able to carry out its program the plans of General Pershing with reference to the employment of American troops in France and England pending their return to the United States will be disarranged. Heretofore all consideration of the matter of the return transportation and demobilization of the American Overseas Armies has been based on an estimate that it would take not less than one year and probably two years to bring back all American soldiers from Europe.

General Pershing had already worked out a scheme by which, during the one or two-year period after the ending of hostilities, American soldiers in France and England would be given an opportunity to continue their education pending their return to the United States. Orders were recently drawn at the headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces in France to provide for carrying out the educational plan which General Pershing had approved. The first paragraph of these orders, which are ready for General Pershing's signature and may have been signed by him, reads as follows:

"The Young Men's Christian Association, through the Army Educational Commission, has organized, with the approbation of the Commander-in-Chief, an educational system charged with the standardization of educational methods and the establishment of schools for instruction of officers and soldiers in all the larger posts, camps, and hospitals of the American Expeditionary Forces."

In another prepared series of orders ready for Gen. Pershing's signature it is stated that "arrangements have been made with French and British colleges, universities and technical schools for attendance of selected officers and soldiers of the American Expeditionary Forces at moderate personal cost."

Leaves and furloughs would be granted to selected applicants to attend these colleges, and the plan is contemplated having the American officers and soldiers attending educational institutions in France and the British Isles enter American educational institutions upon their return to this country, with credits given them for the studies pursued while abroad. Dr. John Erskine, Professor in Columbia University, New York, who is the head of the educational department of the Y. M. C. A., recently returned from France under instructions to make the necessary arrangements for carrying out the educational scheme for American soldiers of the overseas forces.

It is estimated that $5,000,000 will be required to obtain the necessary textbooks. Dr. Anson Phelps Stokes, Secretary of Yale University, has been active in the arrangements both in this country and Europe, and has had a large part in the development of the plan. P. A. F. Appelboom, professor of French in Kansas University, who has been the head of the purchasing department of the Y. M. C. A. in France, has been appointed business manager of the proposed educational organization. The teaching of geography is to be in charge of Reginald Daly, a professor of geology in Harvard University.

About $15,000,000, it is estimated, will be required to carry out the plan under the program which provided for a stay of a large part of the American Army in Europe for more than one year, and this amount has already been assured.

CANCELS TRANSPORT PLANT.

Shipping Board Concentrating on Building of Cargo Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The construction of a new shipyard at Alameda, California, where it was proposed to build transports, the delivery of which would begin in 1920, was abandoned recently, Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board announced today, because military developments made it seem evident that vessels of this type would be of no particular value in the prosecution of the war program, unless completed next year.

The yard was to have been Government owned and was to have been operated by the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company. About $60,000,000 was involved. The abandonment of the plant was one of a number of curtailments adopted in order to concentrate labor and materials at the most efficient yards now in full operation for the production of cargo ships.

Mr. Hurley said: "Certain reductions in the facilities originally planned in connection with the extensions to the New York Shipbuilding Company's yard at Camden, N. J., were ordered, and this order is now being carried out by the Emergency Fleet Corporation."

WILSON INDORSES DONOVAN

President Approves His Candidacy in 21st Congressional District.

President Wilson has given his personal indorsement to Congressman Jerome F. Donovan, candidate for re-election in the Twenty-first District. The indorsement was sent to Rabbi Isaac M. Shaine of the Congregation Aguath Achim of Harlem, in response to a letter to President Wilson. Here is the letter sent to Rabbi Shaine by the President:

The White House, Oct. 24, 1918.

My Dear Rabbi Shaine: I am very glad to reply to your letter of Oct. 21. Mr. Donovan has supported the present administration in the finest spirit and has always stood for the progressive and humanitarian legislation in which we all believe, and I am glad of this opportunity to confirm your judgment of him.

Cordially and sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

FEARS USE OF MONEY.

Kellogg to Demand Federal Inquiry in 37th Congress District.

Ex-Supreme Court Justice Joseph Augustus Kellogg, Chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee, announced in a statement sent out from his Syracuse headquarters yesterday that he would demand that the Department of Justice take action under the new Federal law to prevent corruption of voters in the Thirty-seventh Congressional District, made up of the counties of Tompkins, Schuyler, Tioga, Chemung, and Steuben. Alanson B. Houghton of Corning is the Republican candidate in this district, and Frederick W. Palmer of Nichols, a brother of A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, is the candidate on the Democratic ticket.

"Definite information has been gathered showing that the district is being flooded with money and that a great effort is being made to get the workingmen's vote," said Chairman Kellogg. "Houghton has not thought much of working men and women until now. It is evident that it is a case for the Federal authorities to deal with."

Chairman Kellogg said that the nomination of Mr. Houghton had been dictated by ex-Congressman J. Sloat Fassett.

"Fassett and Whitman have made an alliance, and all the State patronage in that section of the State goes through Fassett," said Mr. Kellogg. "The game is that if Whitman wins he is to back Fassett for United States Senator against Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr. Whitman wants to be the boss of all in his party. It looks as if Fassett had found in the rich Houghton a fat pocketbook for Whitman and an 'angel' for the Fassett Senatorial campaign."

PLAN FOR WAR DRIVE.

Rockefeller Outlines Program for $170,000,000 Campaign.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., chairman of the City Executive Committee in the United War Work campaign, described the plans for the campaign yesterday in an address at the Advertising Club. After discussing the details of raising New York's share of the sum of $170,000,000, he continued:

"The reason for this campaign is simple. When the first funds were advanced and the first organizations were put into the field no one then dreamed that America would be preparing for 4,000,000 men in France. This campaign will mean that all lines will be obliterated in regard to any creeds or any faith serving as a line of demarcation. Close co-operation and service will be the keynote.

"If this campaign does not succeed, either the sums that can be raised must be curtailed, the Government must stand the expense, or the work will have to be dropped. Therefore, it cannot and will not fail."

F. D. ROOSEVELT MAY QUIT.

Assistant Secretary of Navy Wishes to Become a Bluejacket.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, intends to resign from that post to become an ordinary seaman, according to announcement made here today by intimate friends.

Mr. Roosevelt has been considering the move for several weeks, according to these friends. They said today that Mr. Roosevelt's resignation might be expected at any time. It is the Assistant Secretary's purpose, it is declared, to become an ordinary seaman and to work shoulder to shoulder with the enlisted men of the navy.

SHOT BY WIFE IN AUTO.

Mrs. Scutt Declares Husband Lost Money She Had Lent Him.

Mrs. Maud Scutt of 365 West 117th Street, shot her husband, Howard B. Scutt, of 343 West 170th Street yesterday afternoon, while they conversed in an automobile in front of the Erickson Engraving Company, 79 East 130th Street, of which he is manager.

Mrs. Scutt had for some time been living in Seattle, Wash. During her husband's absence from his business owing to an attack of influenza she returned to this city. Yesterday upon learning he had returned to his work she called at his place of business.

She spoke to her husband for a few minutes in the office, and then requested him to escort her to the automobile, where they conversed for five minutes, when she suddenly drew a revolver from a bag and shot him through the right side.

In the Harlem Hospital, where Scutt had been removed in a critical condition, the doctors said that, owing to his weakened condition, they deemed it inadvisable to operate on him. He identified his wife as the person who shot him.

In the East 126th Street Police Station, where Mrs. Scutt is being held on a charge of felonious assault, she said her mind was a blank. She did admit, however, that her husband had lost considerable money which she had lent him to perfect several automobile inventions in which he was interested.

MORE MERCHANTS BAR GERMAN TOYS

Wolf & Co. Turn Over Their Share in Import to the Government.

WOMEN APPEAL TO STORES

Campaign to be Waged to Compel All Enemy-Made Goods to be So Labeled.

The American Defense Society announced yesterday that another firm had followed the example of Butler Brothers and refused to accept its consignment of German made toys which arrived in this country on the Holland-America steamship Nieuw Amsterdam. The firm was Louis Wolf & Co., of 221 Fourth Avenue, and in a letter Mr. Wolf wrote:

We have determined that the patriotic thing for us to do is to take no definite position on that matter now. We have accordingly committed this merchandise to the possession of the United States Government by making a warehouse entry.

Acting on the suggestion of Albert E. Smith, President of the Vitagraph Company, a campaign will be inaugurated by the American Defense Society against the selling of any tin soldiers which appear in uniforms other than those of the Allies. An effort will be made to have toymakers paint their soldier toys in the dress of our infantry or marines.

Elisabeth Marbury, head of the women's section of the defense organization, said at an executive meeting yesterday that it had been decided not only to oppose the distribution of German toys and other enemy-manufactured merchandise recently brought to this country, but also to use every possible influence to prevent further German-made goods from being brought here.

"We plan further," said Miss Marbury, "to ask that any merchant whose pocket and self-interest seem to be of more importance than his unadulterated patriotism be required to announce that he sells goods made in Germany. Loyal merchants will be asked to placard their stores, saying that their goods are free from enemy manufacture."

Committees of women will be formed at once for the purpose of visiting the retail stores to urge the exhibiting of these cards, so that the public will not be deceived.

DID NOT BAR BELGIAN GOODS.

Toys from Holland, Says Lansing, Were Held by British.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30. — Secretary Lansing authorized the statement today that the report saying merchandise of German origin brought to the United States from Holland, consisting chiefly of toys, had had preference to the exclusion of Belgian commodities, was "a lie." It was explained that the German toys were purchased by American buyers early in 1914 and paid for at the time.

This Government early in the war sought permission from Great Britain for the owners to bring the shipment to this country, but England refused on the ground that the goods were of enemy origin.

Since the United States entered the war, it was said, the tonnage requirements had not permitted the transportation of the toys until now.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—A manager for Pitkin & Brooks declined today to discuss German consignments of china on the Nieuw Amsterdam, in the absence of William Howell, President of the concern. He admitted receiving a telegram from the American Defense Society asking the firm not to receive the goods, but he says no action had yet been taken. Mr. Howell, he added, will probably return tomorrow. The Pitkin & Brooks goods were bought and paid for before the United States entered the war.

Tall Men for Police Reserve.

Police Commissioner Enright has decided to bar from active service in the Police Reserves any member who is not five feet six and a half inches tall. The "short men" may continue in other classifications of the service, but are not to be included in the regulation winter uniform allotment for those of the required height or over. Police Inspector John F. Dwyer, in command of the Reserves, has notified district commanders of the order, with instructions to hasten measurements of the men so that Winter clothing may be provided before cold weather. Dwyer says not more than 3 to 5 per cent. of the Reserves will be affected by the ruling.

SHOES FOR 1,146,700 MEN.

Government Awards $8,198,905 in Contracts to Various Firms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Contracts for 1,146,700 pairs of metallic fastened shoes for the army, to cost $8,198,905, have been awarded by the Shoe Branch of the Clothing and Equipage Division. The price per pair is $7.15, and deliveries on these contract will begin in November, with final deliveries on Jan. 15. Following are the firms to which these contracts were awarded and the number of pairs of shoes allotted to each:

A. J. Bates & Co., Webster, Mass.	30,000
Brown Shoe Co., St. Louis, Mo.	60,000
Cass & Daley, Salem, Mass.	50,000
B. A. Corbin & Sons Co., Webster, Mass.	125,000
B. A. Corbin & Son Co., Webster, Mass.	1,700
Endicott-Johnson Co., Johnson City, N. Y.	125,000
Farmington Shoe Manufacturing Co., Dover, N. H.	30,000
R. P. Hazzard Co., Gardiner, Me.	40,000
Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., St. Louis, Mo.	25,000
Joseph M. Herman & Co., Millis, Mass.	25,000
F. M. Hoyt Shoe Co., Manchester, N. H.	30,000
Huntington Shoe and Leather Co., Huntington, Ind.	10,000
International Shoe Co., St. Louis, Mo.	50,000
Charles Keighley & Sons, Vineland, N. J.	10,000
George E. Keith Co., Campello, Mass.	60,000
W. H. McElwain Co., Boston, Mass.	125,000
C. S. Marston, Jr., Haverhill, Mass.	20,000
Milwaukee Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.	15,000
J. D. Murphy Shoe Co., Natick, Mass.	15,000
O. J. O'Keefe & Co., Mariboro, Mass.	20,000
Rice & Hutchins Co., Inc., Boston	75,000
George H. Stow Co., Lowell, Mass.	25,000
E. E. Taylor Co., Boston, Mass.	50,000
E. W. Warren & Co., Somerworth, N. H.	30,000
Weyenberg Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.	50,000

Men Reach France in Good Health.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Decided improvement in the health conditions of American troops arriving abroad was noted today in a report received by the War Department from the chief of the Army Debarkation Service. The improvement is believed by officers to reflect the better conditions in army camps in this country.

TO SENTENCE LIEDERMANN.

First Real Estate Operator to Admit Long Island Tax Frauds.

John E. Liedermann, 60 years old, living in Jamaica, L. I., and who operated a real estate office at 38 Park Row, Manhattan, pleaded guilty yesterday in Special Sessions to a charge of petty larceny. Liedermann is the first to be convicted among a number of men who have been under investigation by the District Attorney's office, following revelations made by the Mayor's Committee on Taxes concerning alleged tax frauds.

It was charged by the officials of the District Attorney's office that on Nov. 30, 1917, Liedermann took $30 from Pasquale D'Alessio, a candy worker, of 403 East 107th Street, as the final payment on some lots in Jamaica for which D'Alessio was to have paid $1,100. Liedermann was supposed to have owned this property, but investigation is alleged to have disclosed that the lots did not belong to him.

In court Liedermann asserted his willingness to make restitution to D'Alessio and to others. Taken before Assistant District Attorney Theodore L. Waugh, who is in charge of the investigation, Liedermann furnished a list of persons with whom he had had dealings. The District Attorney will get in touch with these and will present the full details to the court when Liedermann comes up for sentence on Nov. 15.

The Mayor's Committee on Taxation received yesterday from Laurence Loughlin of 1,115 Broadway a list of forty-four lots which he bought from Nassau County for $69.67 at the tax sale of Feb. 24, 1916. The lots, it was stated, can be redeemed by the original owners at the rooms of the committee, 823 Municipal Building.

Members of the Long Island Real Estate Exchange had a conference yesterday with members of the committee and suggested methods to curb the evils of selling lots in real estate developments subject to blanket mortgages.

A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk is very digestible.—Advt.

We welcome the Small Investor

We are glad to have as our customers the so-called "small" investor—the person with a few hundred or a few thousand dollars.

We have found their business profitable because it usually grows steadily, and because these satisfied investors invariably bring in their friends and acquaintances as customers.

Participation mortgage certificates in amounts of $200 or more bear 5% interest. Both principal and interest are guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000

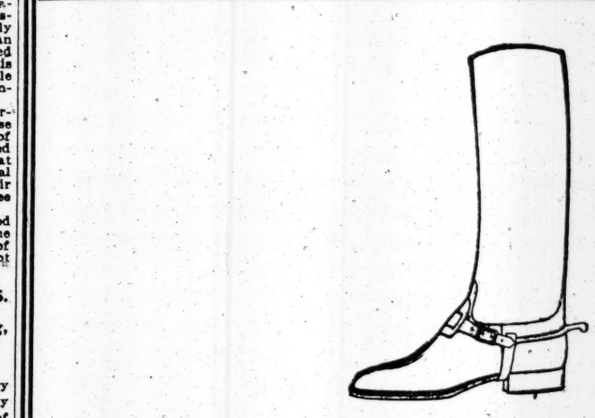
176 Broadway, N.Y., 175 Remsen St., B'klyn
380 Fulton St., Jamaica

The greatest work of Spain's foremost novelist

Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

By VICENTE BLASCO IBANEZ

FOR SALE AT ALL BOOKSTORES.



We are producing Officers' Boots which compare favorably with the high-grade Custom Boots.

We employ a great deal of hand labor for the proper shaping of the leg. This produces the desired close fit around the top, which cannot be so well obtained by the ordinary factory methods.

London Hanan & Son Paris
New York

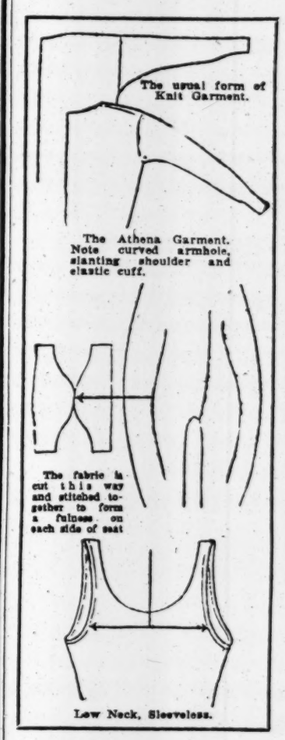
Good Shoes are an Economy

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Athena Underwear

for Women and Children


The usual form of Knit Garment.
The Athena Garment. Note curved armhole, slanting shoulder and elastic cuff.
The fabric is cut this way and stitched together to form a fullness on each side of seat
Low Neck, Sleeveless.

Gives a Sense of Comfort Never Known Before

Athena means more to women than "just underwear." It affords them *unrestricted freedom of movement*—never "binds" over the bust or around the hips. By giving free play to body and limbs Athena adds to woman's grace and poise.

Being tailored to fit the form it never "bunches" under the arms or in other places, but conforms to the figure *all over*.

Its *comfortableness* is so unusual that when women once wear it, they seldom return to the ordinary garments that must be *stretched* into shape.

Athena Underwear is made in all sizes, weights and qualities, at the prices you have been accustomed to pay for ordinary underwear.

Athena is sold only at Saks in New York.

Marshall Field & Company, Chicago, Makers.

Prices:

Vests and Tights.....Reg. Sizes $1.00 to $3.00
Extra Sizes, $1.15 to $3.25

Union Suits.....Reg. Sizes $1.75 to $6.00
Extra Sizes, $2.00 to $6.75

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments.....50c to $1.50
Union Suits.....$1 to $2.75

Gimbel Brothers

33rd St.-BROADWAY-34th St.

Regulation Blouses
For Women of
The Motor Corps of America

Made as illustrated, of khaki-color Habutai silk, with detachable turn-over collar and patch pockets, $7.95.

Also in khaki-color Economy Flannel, with attached, convertible collar and centre-pleated pocket. $3.95

In khaki-color Pongee at $2.50

In khaki-color Galatea at $2.95.

Sizes 34 to 44.

From the Gimbel broad assortments of Women's Service Blouses of Every Requirement

GIMBELS—Third Floor

Favorite cereal with children

Grape-Nuts

Requires no Sugar

Stern Brothers

WEST 42D AND 43D STREETS

OFFICERS' GREAT-COATS

Really Superb Garments Offered at Cost—$60

THE fabric is as soft as moleskin—yet possesses all the durability of melton .... Lined with heavy satin in the shoulders and sleeves, and with worsted gabardine from breast to bottom .... Without question this great-coat constitutes one of the finest feats of tailoring yet done by the Kirschbaum shops on behalf of the American Army Officer.

AND AT $60 YOU ARE PURCHASING IT AT WHOLESALE WITHOUT PAYING A PENNY TO US FOR SELLING COSTS OR PROFIT....OTHER OFFICERS' OVERCOATS AT $35

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

J. M. Gidding & Co.

304-306-308 Fifth Avenue, AT 29TH ST. N.Y.

Feature

A limited assortment of

Smart Top Coats at $95

For street, motor and semi-dress—in a variety of attractive shades in wool velour—bolivia—suede cloths and duvetyn—which we are unable to duplicate and which we are therefore offering at this price.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT. | POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

Extracts from the Speech of

ALFRED E. SMITH

At the Lyceum Theatre Meeting to the Independent Citizens' Committee

Mr. Smith said:

"I notice in the speech of the Governor delivered at Bohemia Hall on last evening, he stated: 'I wish it were possible for me to discuss at very great length the issues before us.'

"I desire to say that I also wish it were possible for the Governor to discuss the issues, but he seems to be unwilling to meet them. His attitude towards the issues of the campaign is all summed up in an incident that happened at one of his meetings last evening. When a citizen asked him a question he turned to the chairman and said: 'Put him out.'

"I have endeavored to the very best of my ability to conduct this campaign on the dignified scale that State issues should be discussed. From my opening speech at Syracuse on September 28th, up to this moment, I have dealt entirely with the problems confronting the State of New York and have made fair and honest criticisms of the Governor's official actions. He has persistently refused to meet the issues and makes no answer to the charges that I have repeatedly set forth.

"In his speech at the Union League Club, that he was pleased to call his home, he resorted to the tactics that have characterized his conduct during his whole political life. Without the facts and at some one's suggestion he was entirely willing to assail the character of the dead as well as the living, to further his own ambitions. **It impressed upon my mind Theodore Roosevelt's remarks about him of four years ago when he said: 'The truth is not in him. It is an astounding thing that any sincere and upright man can support Mr. Whitman when all he has to do is to acquaint himself with the facts in order to get a vivid picture of Whitman's double dealing.'**

"In one of his speeches he asked me what items I would disapprove in the Appropriation Bill of this year if I was Governor of the State. I have no doubt in my mind that this will all be new to him, as he was too busy building up his personal machine to give much attention to the Appropriation Bill, but for his benefit I will answer his question.

"In the first place, I would veto two of the three salaries paid to the Chairman of the Republican State Committee and two of the three salaries paid to the Governor's Secretary. If they are entitled to the aggregate amount it should be given to them outright and not covered up to mislead the people. My own opinion is that the activities of the Republican State Chairman have been directed entirely to the building up of the Whitman machine and the people might well have saved all the money that has been paid to him in the last four years.

"I would veto the Six Thousand Dollar salary of the Counsel to the Conservation Commission. His duties should be performed by the Attorney General. During one year of his incumbency he was illegally paid, but this year, so that it might have the color of Law, it is written into the Appropriation Bill itself.

"I would veto the items of salary for the Board of Port Wardens on the Governor's own statement of a few years ago that 'they did not perform any State function' and he recommended that they be abolished. After he filled the places with his own friends, he signed a Special Act giving them a salary where formerly they only received fees.

"I would veto the Fifteen Thousand Dollar item for printing the reports of the Public Service Commission in the First District, and would do the same for the Second District. They represent nothing but junk. Nobody ever reads them. **What the people expect and are not getting from the Public Service Commission is action—not reports.**

"I would veto all items for service against the payment of which the statute of limitations has run. Payments of this kind should only be made after judicial audit by the Court of Claims.

"I would veto the Ten Thousand Dollar Appropriation for a committee to celebrate the completion of the canal. That item looks to me like a joke. Secretary McAdoo in a recent letter settled all questions about the canal when he said: 'The Federal Government has not taken it over and it is not completed.'

"Among the special bills a large number of them are for work and improvements not at all necessary during war times, and if carried out must be carried out at war prices. The State could well afford to wait with these unnecessary improvements and not divert labor and materials from the cause of winning the war.

"The Governor's lack of knowledge of the Finances of the State naturally leads him to the question of what items would be stricken from the bills. He apparently does not understand that the greatest saving to the State would not come from the vetoing of items because some part of them may be necessary, but would come from a more careful scrutiny of the affairs of the State Departments under his direction. **The Constitution does not permit the Governor to reduce an item in the Appropriation Bill after it has passed both houses.** The time for that is while the bill is pending. That the Governor never attempted to reduce any of the items is testified to by Senator Brown, Republican Leader of the Senate, who said: 'The Eighty-one Million Dollar Appropriation Bill was passed by the Legislature without a single conference with the Governor.'

"The lump sum of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars for the maintenance of the State Constabulary appears to be ridiculous. While the salary of the members of the Constabulary is only Nine Hundred Dollars a year, their expenses figure Sixteen Hundred Dollars aside from the salary.

"The item of Three Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars for repairs to the canal is undoubtedly excessive. No more than that was required for repairs to the old canal after it had been in operation for years.

"Again, it is against the policy of the State, if not against law, to pay money from lump-sum appropriations for services to a man already on the payroll of the State. **Nevertheless, this happened and justifies Attorney General Lewis' statement 'that salaries were paid to men doing political work for the Governor out of lump sums appropriated for defence purposes.'**

"The Governor has permitted a bad custom to grow of giving lump sums of money to State Officials in lieu of traveling expenses. This is an unwise financial policy. **It means that the State Official gets the money whether he travels or not.** If there is one thing that should be subject to the audit power of the Comptroller it is the money expended for traveling, as it can be made the source of a very great waste. This the Governor undoubtedly can regulate, but has neglected to do so.

"In 1915, in his annual message to the Legislature, the Governor said: 'The increase on an unprecedented scale in the number of State Officials and the reckless increase of salaries in nearly all departments during the last four years are explainable only by the existence of a deliberate plan to fasten the control of a party upon the State by a vast amount of official patronage.' **That criticism is now directed with more truth and greater force to it against the Governor himself, and he completely dodges the issue. Any person unwilling to accept that charge from Democratic sources can take it from the Republican Attorney General of the State, who said: 'The Governor made appointments of important political positions of men conspicuously unfit, but who by reason of their political affiliations and experience could help him get a renomination and re-election.'**

"The payroll of the State never carried so many names as it does at present. It has been stated to me that the appointments were made either by the Governor or by his direction for the purpose of aiding him in his efforts to secure a renomination to a third term.

"The analysis of the Appropriation Bill shows an increase in the payrolls of the State over the last Democratic year of 50% and further shows that in the first two years of the Governor's administration Nineteen Hundred new jobs were created. **Taking his four years, it has been a complete riot of extravagance in the creation of new and unnecessary positions. The Governor knows this. Why not come out and admit it and make whatever statement he can that would justify it? Nothing is hurting him more—nothing is going further to weaken the confidence of the people in him than his attitude of dodging the whole question."**

Citizens' Committee for Alfred E. Smith

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Netting

5%

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. **$9,000,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

Full Foot Service

Women who are taking men's places in war work or commerce—who are forced to be on their feet for extended periods—will appreciate shoes that PROTECT.

When shoes are built with cork inner soles, supplemented by the softest imaginable wool felt, there can be no question of their keeping out the shocks of walking, and the cold and damp as well.

Your feet—in Dr. A. Reed Cushion Shoes—will be well groomed for business or social gathering, yet capable of full service at all times.

SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

For Women Made by
JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

Executor's Absolute Sale

Nov. 4th & 5th — Nov. 4th & 5th

On the Premises

20 East 80th Street

The Residence of the Late

Ferdinand Hermann

ON VIEW TOMORROW AND SATURDAY
From 9 A. M. Until 4 P. M.
At Unrestricted Public Sale
By order of Executors
Monday Next, Nov. 4th
at 10:30 o'Clock
CONCLUDING ON
Tuesday Afternoon Next, Nov. 5
at 2:30 o'Clock

THE EXPENSIVE
Furnishings and Embellishments
CONSISTING OF

Modern and Antique Furniture, Fine Gobelins, Tapestries and Other Hangings and Draperies. A Large Number of Oriental Rugs, Costly Clock Sets, Fine Old Wedgwood and Other Ceramics, European and Oriental Ivory Carvings, Cabinet Objects, Bronzes, Paintings, Water Colors, Etchings, Engravings, Numerous Other Objects of Utility and Household Embellishments, and Library of Art, Standard and Miscellaneous Books.

CATALOGUE MAILED TO APPLICANTS.
The Sale Will Be Conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistants.
Mr. Otto Bernet and Mr. H. H. Parke
AMERICAN ART ASSOC'N, MANAGERS
2, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

SAFE or SORRY?

Which position will you be in tomorrow—possibly today? Read the proposition we offer. The most liberal, complete protection ever offered! You cannot afford to be without it.

$5,000 Insurance against natural death.
$10,000 Insurance against accidental death.
$15,000 Insurance against accidental death while traveling.
$5,000 Insurance against loss of limbs or eyesight.
$41.66 Monthly income for life if totally and permanently disabled, with waiver of Premium, policy remaining in full force.
$25.00 Weekly income to yourself for any illness or any accident.
All combined for a deposit of
At Age 35—$167.20 annually, or $42.74 quarterly.
Other amounts in proportion.

Write for it today—DON'T DELAY

NICHOLAS D. LOEW,
149 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Complete Protection Specialist.

ACCUSES DEMOCRATS OF UNFAIR TACTICS

Republican National Committee Says War Machinery Is Used in Congress Fight.

CHARGE AGAINST McADOO

Foreign Language Papers, Statement Says, Were Improperly Approached.

The charge was made at the headquarters of the Republican National Committee that machinery erected to help win the war is being used to help the Democrats retain control of Congress, and that departments of the Federal Government are engaging in pernicious political activities with the same end in view. Postmaster, General Burleson; Secretary of the Treasury, McAdoo; Vance McCormick, who besides being Chairman of the Democratic National Committee is head of the War Trade Board, and George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, are singled out for attack by the committee.

The statement issued by the committee charges Secretary McAdoo with a "disposition to have it appear that he and not the Government was raising the money for the Liberty Loans." This, the statement adds, might have been purely accidental on the part of Secretary McAdoo, but deliberation was used when the Democratic National Committee sent this notice to newspapers printed in Italian: "It has been President Wilson and the Democratic Administration which has come to the rescue of Italy and its people in unstinted measure and in many ways. Up to Sept. 1, 1918 we have loaned to the Italian Government $700,000,000."

Mr. McAdoo is also blamed for having pressure brought to bear on foreign language newspapers through Hans Rieg, Director of the Naturalized Citizens' Bureau, which is part of the machinery used by the Treasury Department in connection with the Liberty Loan drives, and occupies an office in the Treasury Building. The statement declares that on Oct. 26 Mr. Rieg on letterheads of the bureau sent to editors of foreign language newspapers a demand that they translate into the language of their publication and "make immediate publication as prominently as possible" of the President's "partisan" appeal. Mr. Rieg, according to the committee, also demanded that marked copies be mailed to him in care of the Democratic National Committee.

Editors Feared Result.

"His requests," the statement says, "in this official capacity have been looked upon by those editors as being made in the name of the Government, to be honored without hesitation or question. This prostitution of a Government office has been called to the attention of the Republican National Committee by the editors of several foreign language newspapers. Many of these editors have been Republicans for years, but they are now fearful of appearing in the light of disobeying a Government official who has it within his power to cause them considerable embarrassment."

The material made public includes two letters from Ruskin McArdle, who for seventeen years was the private secretary of Postmaster General Burleson and now holds a position in his department, to Postmasters in South Dakota and Nevada, asking them to let him know by mail the prospects of Orville Rinehart, Democratic candidate for the United States Senate from the first-named State, and United States Senator Charles D. Henderson of Nevada, now serving under appointment and a candidate for the office on the Democratic ticket.

According to the statement, Chairman Vance McCormick on Oct. 29 sent the following telegram to officials of a local exemption board of McAllister, Okla.:

Funds vitally needed insure election Democratic House and Senate asked for by President Wilson. Won't you at once raise $500 in McAllister outside contributions sent in response to our direct appeals? We are depending on you Democrats of McAllister. Answer immediately care of Democratic National Committee Headquarters, Washington.

Indiana Democrats, according to the statement, during the last week have been receiving telegrams asking them if they would join with 100 men to raise $100,000 for campaign purposes by contributing $1,000 each. Mr. Creel is being attacked for having asked managers of moving picture houses to display during the weeks from Oct. 20 to Nov. 5, slides, supplied by the Democratic National Committee, urging the election of Democratic United States Senators and Representatives.

Calvin Tomkins, ex-Dock Commissioner, in a statement yesterday, said that persistent, obstructive criticism by Colonel Roosevelt, Senator Lodge, and other Republican leaders had made it necessary for the President to appeal to the country for support.

"It is not his end-of-the-war policy, but his reconstruction plans which are really objectionable to the Republican leaders," said Mr. Tomkins, "but only Chairman Hays has had the temerity to blurt out the truth."

Rebuke by Rodman Wanamaker.

At the Republican National Headquarters there was an air of confidence that a Republican House would result from the election. Telegrams from all parts of the country which arrived at the headquarters of Chairman Hays, it was said, pictured the Republicans as working "hell bent on election," as one National Committee member expressed it. Some of the Republican leaders from other States who were visiting the city yesterday did not seem to share this extreme optimism.

Postmaster General Burleson made public in Washington yesterday a letter received from Rodman Wanamaker, who is a Republican, in which he said:

"During these strenuous days when our courageous lads are offering their lifeblood for the Stars and Stripes we at home must back them up with all we have, and stand by the President with everything that is in us, and to those tottering believers who are either personally or in gatherings and in the newspapers criticising the methods and the great diplomatic work that is now being done in Washington, I can only say that no one is a true American who stoops to such criticisms or fears."

DANIELS ASSAILS PRESIDENT'S CRITICS

Declares Republicans Are Telling Germany That Wilson Does Not Speak for America.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 30.—Secretary Daniels, in a speech here tonight, the third of the day in and near Boston, declared that the Republicans were willing, in hope of party advantage, to make Germany believe President Wilson did not speak for America in his fourteen principles and terms of peace.

"The wisdom of Webster," said the Secretary, "calls trumpet-tongued to the men of the Bay State today: 'Quit playing politics long enough to present a united front to the enemy.' Give to the President of the United States today the same support you gave to Washington, Lincoln and McKinley when they were commanders-in-chief of the Army and Navy in days of war.

"That call will be heard and heeded above the roar of partisans who clamor, 'Tell Germany that Woodrow Wilson's fourteen demands do not represent America. Tell the Allies that counsel in America is divided and confused. Tell the world that at this hour, when the fate of nations demands American solidarity, the love of office is paramount to the love of principles for which brave Americans have given their lives.'"

Urging the return of a Democratic Congress, the Secretary said:

"Outside of those measures upon which public opinion was so centered that opposition meant political death, the Republican leadership of the country has been, as the President says, anti-administration."

Secretary Daniels spoke optimistically of the war situation and recounted with pride the part the navy had played in making victory possible. He said he did not know whether the German fleet would come out and try conclusions with the Allied fleet before the war ended, but he did know that every man in the navy hoped for that day with confidence that knew no doubt as to the result of such a conflict.

"If it comes," he added, "it will be another battle of Armageddon, and we will be fighting truly for the Lord."

Mr. Daniels today addressed a Democratic rally at Faneuil Hall, delivered a speech at a political meeting at Lynn, and conferred with leading Democrats here.

Before the Faneuil Hall meeting, he visited the navy yard where he went aboard a warship and addressed the crew, congratulating the officers and men, who, he said, had set a new page of heroism in the record of the navy.

In his Faneuil Hall address the Secretary declared that it was not President Wilson who injected partisan politics into the national situation, but "Republicans, who after searching diligently for a party issue picked flaws with the President's fourteen declarations for peace." He reviewed the declarations, characterizing them as the "Declaration of Independence of the World," and asserted that Republican opponents of the Administration who failed to understand them must be unable to read English.

"Every soldier delayed in reaching France after the declaration of war was delayed by the Republican filibuster of the Shipping bill," continued Mr. Daniels. "Had the Shipping bill passed when sought by the President we could have carried our soldiers to Europe in our own ships, and instead of 2,000,000 at the present time there would have been 4,000,000, with the war ended at this time."

REPUBLICAN FUND GROWS.

Senatorial Campaign Committee Reports Total of $116,700.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee, in a supplemental report filed tonight with the Clerk of the House of Representatives, said it had received additional contributions of $44,900, making the total $116,700, and had made total expenditures of $86,185.

New expenditures recited included $10,000 sent into Kentucky for the campaign there, $7,500 to New Mexico, $5,000 to West Virginia, $5,000 to New Hampshire, making a total of $15,000 for that State, and $2,500 to Michigan.

New contributions included $35,000 from the National Republican Committee, $2,500 each from D. R. Hanna of Lenox, Mass., and O. E. Weller, Baltimore, Treasurer of the committee, and $1,000 from A. R. Kuser of Newark, N. J. The other contributions ranged from $50 to $500.

GERARD SUPPORTS WILSON.

Election Reversal Would Not Be Understood in Germany, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, in a statement made public here today by the Democratic National Campaign Committee, said the Germans could not understand the American political system, and that a refusal of the country to sustain President Wilson with a Democratic Congress would convince Germany that America was not with the President.

Encouraged by this belief, he added, the military resistance of the people will again stiffen.

Big Rush from Alaska.

SEATTLE, Oct. 30.—With 603 passengers on board, the largest number ever leaving Nome, Alaska, on one vessel, the Victoria, last steamer this season from the northern Gold Camp departed Monday night for Seattle, according to word received today. Special government permission had to be obtained for the vessel to increase her passenger-carrying capacity because of the number of persons clamoring for passage.

Upton Siren Heard for 7 Miles.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Oct. 30.—A fire siren that can be heard for seven miles has been installed here by Lieut. W. L. Corley, Camp fire chief, on his headquarters on Upton Boulevard. It will be sounded only when extraordinary assistance is required in any of the fourteen fire zones. Lieutenant Corley was in the New York Fire Department for twenty-five years, and was commissioned and sent here shortly after he was retired on pension while an acting battalion chief. Most of the men in his department were formerly New York firemen.

FOWNES

In leather, fur, silk or fabric, the name Fownes is a guarantee of quality, since 1777. Fownes sets the standard in style, fit and service; for Military and Civilian requirements.

At the Principal Shops

The name is always in the glove.

American art has produced FILOSETTE surpassing any imported fabric glove.

BACK AND FORTH THROUGH THE HEAT OF THE NOONDAY SUN W. L. DOUGLAS USED TO LEAD THE OLD PLOUGH HORSE.

THE HARD WORK OF FARMING WAS MIXED WITH THE HARD WORK OF SHOEMAKING, AT WHICH W. L. DOUGLAS HAS WORKED STEADILY EVER SINCE.

BEGAN MANUFACTURING JULY 6 1876

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

$3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00

BOYS' SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD $3.00 $3.50

You'll never need to ask "What is the price?" when the shoe salesman is showing you W.L.Douglas shoes because the actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them.

Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W. L. Douglas to protect his customers. W. L. Douglas name on shoes is his pledge that they are the best in materials, workmanship and style possible to produce at the price. Into every pair go the results of sixty-six years experience in making shoes, dating back to the time when W. L. Douglas was a lad of seven, pegging shoes.

The quality of W.L.Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

CAUTION—Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated, BEWARE OF FRAUD.

For sale by 105 W.L.Douglas stores and over 9,000 W.L. Douglas dealers, or can be ordered direct from W. L. Douglas by mail. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes through the mail, postage free.

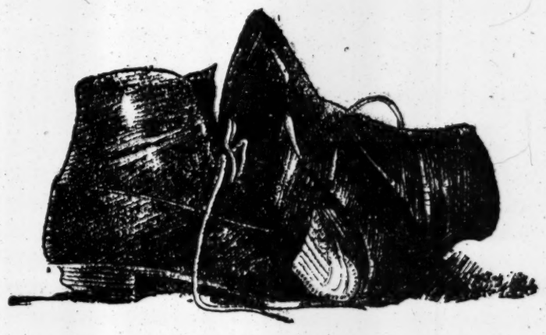
W. Douglas

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

93 Nassan Street.
755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1452 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
847 Eighth Avenue.
★250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
★706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
★478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
★859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
★UNION HILL—276 BergenlineAve.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market Street.
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W.L. Douglas Shoes for Women.



DOOMED!

THE candle gave Lincoln to America, for without its flickering light he could not have read and studied. Yet nobody reads by candles today. They are obsolete.

Leather heels have gone the way of candles—they have outlived their usefulness—they are doomed. Run down, in many cases, within two or three weeks, their slovenly appearance gives but a partial idea of the harm done by the continual impact of nail-studded, unyielding leather heels on hard pavements.

Far greater than the waste of leather or the loss of trim, neat appearance, is the waste of energy that comes from pounding all day on leather heels. Every step is like a hammer blow to the delicate nervous system, and brings you nearer to that state of fatigue which robs you of the driving force and energy which all need so much in their daily work.

Don't pound away your health with every step you take. O'Sullivan's Heels will absorb the shocks that wear you out, and help you conserve your energy. They make hard pavements as soft and springy as country paths.

O'Sullivan's Heels wear three times as long as leather, and are guaranteed to outlast any other heel. Good dealers sell the latest style shoes with O'Sullivan's Heels already attached. In black, white or tan; for men, women and children. Insist on O'Sullivan's and avoid the disappointment of substitutes.

With every step on leather heels you are pounding away your energy

O'Sullivan's Heels protect you against the jars of hard pavements—they conserve your energy

© O'S. R. Co., 1918

ADLER-ROCHESTER
OVERSEAS SERVICE COAT

THOUSANDS of officers in every branch of the service, both over here and over there, have bought the ADLER-ROCHESTER *Overseas Service Coat*. Experts, both in the army and out, have pronounced it invaluable. It has been accepted as the standard by officers who seek the best in every item of their personal equipment. So far as we know no garment has received such striking recognition. *It is sold, not issued, to officers.*

L. Adler, Bros. & Co.
ROCHESTER NEW YORK

Detachable fleece lining giving the warmth of a great coat when needed. Outer shell of gabardine. Inner surface of a special waterproof material. Easily cleaned with gasoline. Broad belt, bellows pockets, and every line smart and vigorous.

Douglas Oil

It makes extra stiff, rich mayonnaise and the most piquant French dressings—this sweet delicately flavored oil made from the heart of corn.

You will like it better than olive oil and it costs very much less.

You can shorten with it, fry with it, season with it. You won't need butter nor any other fat once you try Douglas Oil.

Your dealer has Douglas Oil or can get it for you.

No risk in a trial can—satisfaction guaranteed.

DOUGLAS COMPANY, Cedar Rapids, Iowa
Manufacturers of Corn Products
DOUGLAS COMPANY, 15 Park Row, New York City.

RISE IN MILK PRICES SET BY FOOD BOARD

Official Statement Says Distributers Continue to Lose Money Under New Scale.

TEXT OF THE SUGAR PLEDGE

Signer Agrees to Hold Only Half Month's Supply for Each Member of Household.

The Federal Food Board announced yesterday the new milk prices for November. These prices were discussed at a conference in Washington yesterday and telegraphed to the Food Board here by Dr. Clyde L. King, assistant in the Food Administration. The schedule is increased over that of October one-half cent for quarts and one cent for pints. The prices follow:

	Price.
Grade A, bottled, delivered, quarts	18c.
Grade A, bottled, delivered, pints	11c.
Grade B, bottled, delivered, quarts	16c.
Grade B, bottled, delivered, pints	10c.
Grade B, bottled, to stores, quarts	15½c.
Grade B, stores, to consumers, quarts	16c.
Grade B, loose, to stores	12½c.
Grade B, loose, by stores	13c.
Grade B, wholesale, 10 gals., quarts	12½c.
Grade B, under 10 gallons	13c.

"The Food Administration states that a thorough examination of the accounts of the milk distributers shows that they have lost money on milk sold during October and will lose money during November at the prices announced," said the announcement. "The distributers, however, accept these prices rather than have a further increase in the cost to the consumer, which would be likely to result in decreased consumption.

"The price of 10 cents a pint for Grade B bottled milk is explained by the Food Administration as based upon the fact that the cost of delivering pint bottles of milk is practically the same as that for delivery of quarts. The public is urged to use quarts bottled rather than pints, because of the greater economy in the use of the larger size.

"The price to the producers of $3.81 for 100 pounds, which was approved by Mr. Hoover several days ago, means a cost of approximately 9 cents a quart to the distributers, to which has to be added the cost of distribution, transportation, bottling, delivery, and overhead expenses."

The Federal Food Board yesterday made public the new form of pledge which consumers purchasing sugar will be required to sign. It reads:

CONSUMER'S SUGAR PLEDGE.

(To be signed by representatives of households of twenty-five persons or less each three months.)

Upon my honor, I certify that purchase of sugar by me this date, from

.....
(Name of dealer.)

.....
(Dealer's address.)

is made upon the express understanding that there will not be used in my household more than two pounds of sugar per person per month.

I agree not to hoard sugar. I have not now, and will not at any time, have in my house or under my control more than one-half month's supply of sugar, based on a consumption of two pounds per person per month.

I agree to continue on this plan until the Food Administration advises that the sugar situation has been relieved.

Vincenzo Turiano, a baker of 2,284 Second Avenue, was permitted yesterday to contribute $25 to the Red Cross in lieu of action on his license because he failed to use sufficient substitutes in baking. Lyon & Keller, butchers, of 1,221 Lexington Avenue, submitted additional facts at a rehearing of their case yesterday, and were exonerated of the charge of profiteering. The firm suggested that a check for $75 which it had already turned over to the Federal Food Board as part of the voluntary penalty be forwarded to the Red Cross as an outright contribution, which was done. Another case dismissed was that of Verrier Bros., butchers of 483 Amsterdam Avenue.

CHURCHILL IN FEDERAL JOB.

Other Appointments Announced by Director Bruere.

Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education, has been appointed to the staff of the United States Employment Service for New York State, with the title of Counsellor, according to announcement made yesterday by Henry Bruere, Federal Director for New York State of the United States Employment Service.

Mr. Churchill will have special charge of the recruiting and mobilizing of volunteers for war work from nonessential employments and the substitution of women for men workers. He will also act in an advisory capacity.

Mr. Bruere also announced the following appointments: Charles B. Barnes, Assistant Federal Director; Dr. George W. Kirchwey, former Dean of Columbia University Law School, as Assistant Federal Director; J. Tilden Adamson, Controller, and William M. Houghton, head of the Division of Publicity and Information.

SWANN IGNORES GRAND JURY

Arraigns Man in Court Whose Indictment Had Been Refused.

District Attorney Swann ignored the action of a Grand Jury and a ruling by Judge Malone in arraigning Arthur Garziadio before Magistrate McQuade yesterday in Harlem Court on a charge of homicide, in connection with the investigation of the murder of Ferdinand La Reginia, a grocer in East 108th Street. Graziadio was held without bail pending another hearing before a Grand Jury. He was indicted by the August Grand Jury on a charge of being one of three men concerned in the murder of La Reginia, but Judge Malone in General Sessions dismissed the indictment on the ground of insufficient evidence and released Garziadio.

Mr. Swann then ordered the rearrest of Graziadio, and one of his assistants presented the evidence to the October Grand Jury. This body refused to return an indictment, on the ground of insufficient evidence, and sent a presentment to Judge Malone criticising the District Attorney's office by asserting that the case had not been properly presented to the jurymen. The District Attorney's answer to this was the statement that he would ask the November Grand Jury to pass upon the evidence.

MAYOR WELCOMES POLES.

Veterans, Here to Raise Regiment, Are Received at City Hall.

Ten battle-scarred Polish veterans commanded by Lieutenant John Chodzko, who besides losing his right leg was wounded twenty-three times, were received by Mayor Hylan at the City Hall yesterday. The soldiers arrived on Tuesday at an Atlantic port and are to stay in this country for several weeks to stimulate the recruiting of a Polish regiment in the United States. All of the veterans have been decorated with the Croix de Guerre. All have seen eight months' service on the field of battle and all have been wounded.

Escorted by a detachment of American soldiers and several officers of the French Army, they marched up Broadway from the Battery bearing their national colors. In honor of their visit the Polish flag was flown from the City Hall. Colonel James Martin of the French High Commission, who is in charge of recruiting for the Polish army here, and his aid, Henri Coquelet, presented the group to the Mayor, who welcomed them on behalf of the city.

Hotel for Knights of Columbus.

The New Strand Hotel, Thirty-second Street, near Broadway, which has just been purchased by John F. Downey, President of the New York Greeters and Vice President of the Greeters of America, by an agreement of the War Activities Committee of the Knights of Columbus, yesterday became the headquarters for the Knights on their way to France. The hotel will hereafter be known as the Alcazar.

$700 for a First Edition 'Endymion.'

J. T. Cornwall paid $700 at the Anderson Galleries yesterday for Catalogue No. 527, a copy of the first issue of the first edition of "Endymion," by John Keats, London, 1818. On the title page, in the author's handwriting, is the inscription "Thomas Keats, to his friend, William Haslam, 1818." Thomas Keats was the youngest brother of the poet and died Dec. 1, 1818. The total for the session was $4,001.95. The three days' sale amounted to $11,884.15.

New War Courses

CLINICAL AID
—lectures and demonstrations by eminent physicians; practice given in hospitals and schools.

HOME NURSING & FIRST AID
—practical and thorough course.

SECRETARIAL COURSE
New classes are now forming.
Call or write for particulars.

HOME EFFICIENCY SCHOOL
Miss M. E. Cooley, Dir., 136 E. 55th St., N.Y.

"Time and energy saved decided us for

THE GENUINE EDISON DICTATING MACHINE

The Ediphone
BUILT BY EDISON FOR BETTER LETTERS

"—in addition to materially reducing our letter costs ..... in our Claim Departments their effect was remarkable. Instead of a man studying through twenty-five claims or so, stopping to make notes before calling his stenographer, he now studies one claim out at a time, dictates to the machine all notes or letters required, and disposes of that claim before going on to the next one."

(Quoted from the statement of one of the thousands of Ediphone users listed by name and business in our book "STABILITY.")

PROVIDE FOR THOSE WHO FIGHT FOR YOU—BUY W. S. S.

Call Barnes—Rector 3598

Edwin C. Barnes & Bros.
114 Liberty Street
"Built by Edison—Installed by Barnes"
Ask for Edison's Better Letters Magazine
Newark office: 207 Market Street (Tel. Market 8053)

A PRODUCT OF THE EDISON LABORATORIES

Young Woman

Sooner or later you will probably enter the business field, but why go as a RAW RECRUIT?

Our institutions are business training camps. The month's intensive course is equivalent to years of experience.

When you go into business go PREPARED.

Write or call
New York School of Filing,
Singer Building, New York.
Boston. Philadelphia.

MISSION GARDEN TEA
For Sale by Grocers
55c per Pound

NEW HEAT

Solves Fuel Question
Price $12.50
Makes your own gas anywhere. Fits into any coal or wood stove. Cheaper than city gas for cooking and heating.
Agencies Open.
See Exhibit Daily. Keep This Ad.
Kendalite Gas Maker
1211 Broadway, nr. 29th St., New York

Safe Milk
for
Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

THE STUDIO GRAND PIANO.
FIVE FEET OVER ALL.
Represents perfection in a small grand. To possess one is a guarantee to the owner of
"That Tone" the Artists rave about!
Finished in beautiful Mahogany and Circassian Walnut, dull or highly polished. Bargain: Used Steinway Baby Grand, $365.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
Grand Piano Specialists,
753 6th Av., Bet. 42d & 43d St.

HelpKeep Your Hair With Hot Shampoos of Cuticura Soap
All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 8K, Boston."

America's Steel Workers
Four billion tons of steel and iron will be produced in 1918. How it must make the Kaiser shiver when he hears these figures!

America's Steel Workers

IN this mightiest of industries where brawny, sinewy men are day by day turning out the needs of the Government, putting their utmost into every effort, here you will find true appreciation of the flannel shirt as made by DREYFUS.

Bethlehem, Pittsburg and Midvale steelworkers know from experience the splendid wearing qualities of

Congress FOR FIFTY YEARS SUPREME Flannel Shirts

The United States Government in the Spanish-American War turned to us for blue flannel shirts. Twenty years later they turn to us for khaki.

In spite of Uncle Sam's demands on our manufacturing facilities, all Congress dealers are well supplied with "Congress" flannel shirts in blue, gray and khaki.

Priced moderately considering the extreme value they offer.

In fit, style and length of service they are unequalled. Go to your dealer today and insist on getting a "CONGRESS" flannel shirt---and take no other, because you will never find them "just as good."

JACOB DREYFUS & SONS
New York Office, 200 Fifth Avenue Boston, Mass.

These Chilly Mornings You'll Enjoy—
A Stack of
UNCLE JERRY
(Buttermilk)
PANCAKES
One package makes 45 light porous cakes

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LEATHER

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer to the highest bidder at public sale, at the office of the New York Dock Company, in Store No. 141 (Union Stores), at the foot of Irving Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, at 10 A. M. on the 15th day of November, 1918, all or any part of the 1,036 bales of leather now located at the warehouses of the New York Dock Company in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, and formerly the property of Kansallis Osake Pankki and Kontro and Knosmanen.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

For further information concerning said leather, or the terms and conditions of sale, apply to Director, Bureau of Sales, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.
JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Director Bureau of Sales.

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OLD CROW RYE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

PACIFIST PROFESSOR GETS YEAR IN PRISON

Roger N. Baldwin Refused to Submit to Examination Under Draft Law.

NEARING WITH HIM IN COURT

Shakes Baldwin's Hand After Sentence—Professor Asserts He Loves American Ideals.

Roger N. Baldwin, former Director of the National Civil Liberties Bureau and an official of the American Union Against Militarism, was sentenced yesterday to serve one year in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta for violating the selective draft law through refusal to submit to physical examination. Federal Judge Julius M. Mayer imposed the maximum sentence under the draft law.

Scott Nearing, who is now a Socialist candidate for Congress, left his seat in the courtroom to shake hands with Baldwin after Judge Mayer imposed sentence. The Rev. Norman Thomas, Rose Pastor Stokes, and Rabbi Judah L. Magnes also left their seats to speak to him. Before Judge Mayer imposed sentence Baldwin made a long speech.

"The compelling motive for refusing to comply with the draft act is my uncompromising opposition to the principle of conscription of life by the State for any purpose whatever in time of war or peace," he said. "I not only refuse to obey the present conscription law but I would in future refuse to obey any similar statute which attempts to direct my choice of service or ideals.

"I am opposed to this and all other wars. I do not believe in the use of physical force as a method of achieving any end, however good. My opposition is not only to direct military service but to any service whatever designed to help prosecute the war. I could accept no service, therefore, under the present act, regardless of its character.

"I resigned my place as Director of the National Civil Liberties Bureau to be free to follow my personal course of action. But on the day my resignation took effect agents of the Department of Justice began an investigation of the affairs of that organization, and I was constrained to withdraw my resignation and as a consequence to register under the draft law. With that obligation discharged I resigned and took the next occasion, which was the physical examination, to make my stand clear."

He added that he realized his position was extreme and that few were of the same mind. He said that he belonged to radical organizations, but that when this country entered the war he had believed it his duty to help protect the ideals for which he claimed to have stood.

"I have had an essentially American upbringing and background," he continued. "I was educated in the Boston public schools and at Harvard College. Early my mind was caught by the age-old struggle for freedom. America meant to me a vital new experiment in free political institutions. Personal freedom to choose one's way of life and service seemed the essence of the liberties brought by those who fled the mediaeval and modern tyrannies of the old world. But I rebelled at our whole autocratic industrial system, with its wreckage of poverty, misery, crime, childhood robbed of its right to free growth, and I took up social work upon leaving college, going to St. Louis as director of a settlement and instructor in sociology at Washington University. For ten years I have been professionally engaged in social work and political reforms, local and national.

"I seek no martyrdom or publicity. I merely meet as squarely as I can the moral issue before me regardless of consequences."

Baldwin is 34 years old and lived at 1 West Eighty-third Street. He is unmarried.

SUSPEND GERMAN TEACHER.

Board of Education Approves Action of Asst. Supt. Tildsley.

The Board of Education yesterday approved the action of Associate Superintendent Tildsley on Oct. 24 in suspending from duty without pay Fritz A. E. Leuchs, a teacher of Spanish in the Morris High School, for conduct not becoming a teacher. Leuchs was a teacher of German in the school, but at the beginning of this session was assigned to the Spanish course.

From the teacher himself it was learned that four years ago he tried to enlist in the German army. He was in the first draft in this country, but was exempted on account of heart trouble. He was re-examined and found fit for military service and on Friday last left for camp. The suspension was made so that he would not be able to claim the difference in his pay as a soldier and his salary as a teacher.

President Somers announced that the school budget for 1919 had been finally agreed upon, the total being $45,121,163.

Associate Superintendent O'Shea reported that the total subscribed to the Fourth Liberty Loan through the schools was $50,339,850. The school with the highest average per capita was Bay Ridge High School. The largest amount, $1,324,300 was raised by De Witt Clinton High School. The Boys' High School, Brooklyn, was first in the number of subscribers, with 8,824.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Home Folks," a comedy based upon the poems of the late James Whitcomb Riley, and including many of the Riley characters, will be produced soon by William A. Brady. The play has been written by Robert H. McLaughlin.

Two new productions will be made out of town by the Shuberts tonight. "Little Simplicity," which will be seen at the Astor Theatre next Monday night, will be played in New Haven, and George V. Hobart's farce, "Stop That Man," will have its first performance in Providence.

Jane Cowl, following the run of "Information, Please!" will continue at the Selwyn Theatre in a new play.

Phoebe Foster and Jerome Patrick have succeeded Martha Hedman and Conway Tearle in the leading roles of "By Pigeon Post," now in rehearsal. Others in the cast are Harrison Hunter, Mitchell Harris, Margaret Mower, Martin L. Alsop, Ida Waterman, Edwin Brandt, and St. Clair Bayfield.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Tollefsen Trio, owing to illness of one of its members, has postponed a concert in Aeolian Hall next Saturday until Tuesday evening, Nov. 19.

Caruso and Mme. Homer have accepted invitations to sing at a Madison Square Garden meeting next Sunday under the auspices of the United War Work Campaign.

The Symphony Society, opening its season today in Carnegie Hall, will play there tomorrow for soldiers and sailors, who may obtain free tickets at its office, or at War Camp Service Unit 5.

TWO TICKETS IN AERO CLUB.

"Antis" Ask Court for Order to See List of Members.

A fight on the regular ticket proposed for the election of officers of the Aero Club of America on Nov. 11, which centres on Alan R. Hawley, as President, and Henry A. Wise Wood, Godfrey A. Cabot, Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, and Charles Jerome Edwards as Vice Presidents, was revealed in the Supreme Court yesterday when Roy U. Conger, who is leading the opposition forces, asked Justice Newburger for an order compelling the officers of the club to supply a list of all the members of the club and their addresses or to permit them to be copied. Mr. Conger stated that, inasmuch as the bulk of the voting is by proxy, it is necessary to communicate with the members in advance of the election.

The officers proposed by the opposition are Howard E. Coffin for President and Cortlandt Field Bishop, L. L. Briggs, Howard Talbot, and C. M. Vought as Vice Presidents. There is no fight on the proposed Governors, Allan A. Ryan, Lieut. Col. James A. Blair, Major Max C. Fleischmann, Major Albert D. Lambert, Henry B. Joy, Lieutenant Godfrey L. Cabot, George M. Meyers, John Hays Hammond, A. Santos-Dumont, and Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans, nor on Lieut. Col. Charles Eliot Warren for Treasurer.

The petition of Mr. Conger, which will be heard by Justice Newburger today, states that the disturbance in the club is due chiefly to the speech made by Henry A. Wise Wood at the last dinner of the club, when ex-Ambassador James W. Gerard was a guest. He said that Mr. Wood as toastmaster "devoted more than an hour to an introduction of Judge Gerard in which practically the entire time was taken up with a scathing arraignment of Judge Gerard's administrative associates." A letter of protest written by Mr. Conger to President Hawley said:

"Mr. Wood's introduction was not merely an evidence of a complete lack of tact, but, as I see it, was insulting to the guest of honor. Mr. Wood stated at this dinner that Secretary Lansing, Secretary Baker, and Secretary Daniels should all be kicked out of the Cabinet."

CARBON ANSWER ON BACK.

Business Men Advised to Save Paper in Replying to Letters.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—"Conserve paper worth millions of dollars by writing the carbon copy of your answers on the back of the letters you receive."

This advice was given to the business men by the American Forestry Association after trying the plan and "finding that it works."

"The plan cuts filing costs, prevents cluttering up of files, and gives you the history of your business with any concern on 50 per cent. less paper," the association holds.

BLIND VIOLINIST PLAYS.

Abraham Haitovitch Makes His Debut in Carnegie Hall.

Abraham Haitovitch, another of the young violinists bearing the Auer hallmark, appeared for the first time, it was said, at a Carnegie Hall meeting of the Humanitarian Society last evening. Despite the handicap of blindness, apparent only when a friend led him on and off stage, he was at ease with his audience, and finished a group of melodies by Chopin-Auer, Hubay, and Filch, with the "Perpetuum Mobile" of Ries, a test of mechanics rather than musicianship. He did some good double-stopping in the muted "Serenade" of Drdla for encore, wherein an accompanist in elaborate dancing gown should better have supported the violinist's graceful rhythm.

Mr. Haitovitch later added Tschaikovsky's "Serenade Melancolique" and Paganini's Caprice No. 24, arranged by Auer. Edith Zola played piano solos, and Mischa Appelbaum spoke on "The Future of the Society and Its Platform."

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. NOTE DIFFERENT OPENING TIME OF EACH THEATRE TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:15. LAST 2 WEEKS—MAT. TODAY AT 2. MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK PASSING SHOW OF 1918. 150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES. Matinee Election Day, Tuesday, Nov. 5. Sunday Night Concert BIG BILL OF ALL-STARS.

CENTRAL Thes., B'way & 47th. Bryant 17. Evs. 8:45. Mts. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. ALICE BRADY Returned to the Spoken Stage in FOREVER AFTER

H. P. Davison Chairman American Red Cross War Council. Said before sailing for France: "'Freedom' is delightful in its charm. All America should see it."

Century Thes., 62d, near 'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed., 2:15

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30. CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE. BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Sat., Elec. Day. NORA BAYES In a New Musical Play | LADIES FIRST

SHUBERT Thes., 44, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Election Day & Wed. SOME TIME with ED. WYNN. MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE.

JOHN BARRYMORE in TOLSTOI'S "REDEMPTION"

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Bry. 40. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 9:00. Mat. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed. Refreshingly new: it Sparkles. TEA FOR 3

SELWYN WEST 42d ST. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20. Extra Matinee Election Day. JANE COWL in "Information Please."

48TH ST. Thes., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Elec. Day. The Big Chance With MARY NASH and a Star Cast, incl. WILLARD MACK & JOHN MASON.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 9:00. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau in "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM"

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:45. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. BERTHA KALICH in "THE RIDDLE WOMAN"

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 9:00. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. UNDER ORDERS

BOOTH THEATRE. TONIGHT at 8:45. Beginning Arthur Hopkins will present Clare Kummer's New Comedy Be Calm Camilla. Matinee Election Day, Wednesday & Saturday.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. A ROMANTIC COMEDY PETER'S MOTHER "Acted beautifully—pronounced charm."—Telegram

ASTOR Thes., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat., 2:30. Last 4 Times. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY DREW IN KEEP HER SMILING

Beginning MON., NOV. 4, at 8:15 Sharp. Seats Today. New Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Play LITTLE SIMPLICITY. Book by Rida Johnson Young. Music by Augustus Barratt. Carolyn Thomson. Carl Gantvoort | Victory | Marjorie Gat son. Stewart Baird | Chorus | Cameron Sisters. Matinees Election Day, Wed. & Sat.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed. The Novelty Hit of the Season, Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers, The UNKNOWN PURPLE With RICHARD BENNETT.

CASINO BROADWAY & 39TH STREET. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed. 30TH WEEK IN NEW YORK. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 9:00. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed., 2:30. JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents "COMPLETE SUCCESS"—World. H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners | with Irene Bordoni

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Sat., Elec. Day. JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents Oscar Wilde's Greatest Comedy AN IDEAL HUSBAND. Norman Trevor—Cyril Harcourt. Beatrice Beckley

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed., 2:30. A STITCH IN TIME | A Happy Play —with— IRENE FENWICK

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings at 8. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. WM. COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES."

39TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. NOT WITH MY MONEY with LOWELL SHERMAN

44TH ST. THEATRE. Beginning MONDAY, Nov. 4. ROBERT B. MANTELL —in— RICHELIEU. Seats Today. Mats. Election Day, Wed., Sat.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Today. Best Seats 50c. Highest Price Orch. Seats, Evgs., $1.00. William Rock and Frances White. Next Week. "PARLOR, BEDROOM & BATH"

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. "Parlor, Bedroom & Bath" Mat. Today, 25c & 50c, with Florence Moore. Next Week, Charlotte Walker in "Nancy Lee."

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Tickets for the Metropolitan Opera House at Box Office prices. The time extended to old subscribers to pay for their subscriptions has expired. A few seats in pairs and sets of three with the privilege of renewal for the future are now available and some for alternate performances. Also a few pairs of seats for the Boston Symphony Concerts, for the Saturday Matinee performances.

Subscription Tickets Resold on 10% Commission Basis.

RECITAL AT AEOLIAN HALL
In the Duo-Art Salon—4th Floor (42nd St. Entrance)
Friday, Nov. 1st, at 3 o'clock
MAURICE DAMBOIS
Celebrated Belgian 'Cellist will play. The program will include remarkable Dambois recordings played upon the Aeolian-Vocalion and the Duo-Art Pianola Piano.
Admission Without Charge
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd Street

Brooklyn Academy of Music, Sat. at 3. N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Opening Concert of the Season. Owing to illness MR. GABRILOWITSCH cannot appear as previously announced. His place will be taken by MR. LEO ORNSTEIN who will play MacDOWELL'S CONCERTO for Piano and Orchestra. Program includes BEETHOVEN'S 7TH SYMPHONY. Tickets 75 cts. to $2.00 at Brooklyn Institute Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL Sunday Aft., Nov. 3 at 3. VIOLIN RECITAL BY Thelma Given. Seats at Box Office now. 50c to $2. Steinway Piano. Mgt. Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE. NEXT SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, at 8:15. YVETTE GUILBERT. CHANSONS EN COSTUMES (Légendes Populaires). Direction Daniel Mayer. Knabe Piano.

THE BILTMORE. Friday Morning Musicales. Nov. 8, 22, Dec. 6, 20, Jan. 10, 24, Feb. 7, 21.

Frances Alda, Enrico Caruso, Anna Case, Guido Ciccolini, Mischa Elman, Anna Fitziu, Amelita Galli-Curci, Leopold Godowsky, Rudolph Ganz, Louis Graveure, Marie Kryl, John McCormack, Giovanni Martinelli, Marguerite Namara, John O'Sullivan, Arthur Rubinstein, Andres de Segurola, Tascha Seidel, Jacques Thibaud, Cyrena Van Gordon, Carolina White, Ganna Walska, Mayo Wadler, Winston Wilkinson, Eugene Ysaye.

Subscription Prices: Reserved Seats, $20; Boxes $160 for the eight Concerts plus 10% War Tax. On sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 Broadway. Knabe Piano.

Aeolian Hall, TOMORROW AFT. AT 3. ALLEE BARBE. SONG RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 2, 3:30. SONG RECITAL—MABEL GARRISON. KURT SCHINDLER at the Piano. Tickets 75c to $2.00. On Sale at Hall.

Aeolian Hall, TONIGHT at 8:15. Elshuco Trio. Willem Willeke, Cello; Samuel Gardner, Violin; Richard Epstein (Mason & Hamlin) Piano. Tickets 75c to $2. Mgt. Wolfsohn.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Opening Concerts of the Season. This Afternoon at 3. CARNEGIE HALL. SOLOIST LEO ORNSTEIN. Beethoven, Debussy, MacDowell.

Aeolian Hall, Sunday Aft., Nov. 3. Suite in C.....Bach. Symphony No. 7.....Beethoven. Andantino and Scherzo.....Debussy. Overture "Benvenuto Cellini".....Berlioz. Seats at Box Offices. George Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Mon. Aft., Nov. 4, at 3. JACQUES THIBAUD —VIOLINIST— 50c to $1.50. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 2, at 3. Song Recital. Mme. JULIA CLAUSSEN. 50c to $2. All-Scandinavian Program. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tonight at 8:30. VILHJALMUR STEFANSSON. ILLUSTRATED LECTURE. "MY FIVE YEARS IN THE ARCTIC." Tickets 50c to $2.00 now on sale, Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, Next Sunday Eve. At 8:15. "Societe des Concerts du Conservatoire de Paris." ALFRED CORTOT.....Soloist. Prices: Parquet, $2.50; Dress Circle, $1.50; Balcony, $1.00 and 75c. Boxes, $15 & $18. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

Aeolian Hall, MON. EVE., NOV. 4. WINIFRED BYRD. PIANO RECITAL.

Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon at 3. PIANO RECITAL Raymond Wilson. Management Haensel & Jones. Knabe Piano.

French Theatre du Vieux Colombier, 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:15. All This Week BLANCHETTE By Brieux. Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Popular Prices.

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MANHATTAN Opera House, Beg. NOV. 4. DAVID WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER." Seats Now.

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MOTION PICTURES.

44TH ST. THEATRE, 44th St., W. of Broadway. Twice Daily, 2:30, 8. Mats. 25c & 50c. WILLIAM FOX Presents POSITIVELY LAST 3 DAYS. THEDA BARA in SALOME

Knickerbocker B'way & 38 St. Last W'k. Twice Daily, 2:10-8:50. D. W. Griffith's HEARTS of the WORLD

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES. Patrons are requested to be in their seats at the advertised time of the curtain's rise.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Election Day & Wed., 2:15. THE KLAW & ERLANGER'S MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS. GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:45. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed., 2:30. CYRIL MAUDE in C. Haddon Chambers' Comedy Masterpiece THE SAVING GRACE

WINCHELL SMITH & JOHN L. GOLDEN Producers of LIGHTNIN announce 3 WISE FOOLS. A Comedy by Austin Strong. CRITERION THEATRE. TONIGHT AT 8:30.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Election Day & Wed., 2:15. The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies. GLORIANNA with ELEANOR PAINTER. "THE SORT OF PLAY BROADWAY REVELS IN."—Globe.

HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, W. 43d St. East of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Sat. & Elec. Day, 2:30. HENRY MILLER RUTH CHATTERTON in a comedy by "PERKINS". Douglas Murray

LYCEUM West 45 St. NEXT MON. at 8:30. NIGHT. SEATS NOW. DADDIES. Direct from The Belasco. EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

VANDERBILT West 48th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Sat., Tues. & Wed. Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."

GEO. COHAN Thes., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. M. The Saucy Star and Gayest Musical Play. MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS"

"Chorus of really unusual beauty."—Eve. Sun. LIGHTNIN. GAIETY. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

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CORT THEATRE, W. 48th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day & Wed., 2:15. John Cort's Musical Comedy Triumph. FIDDLERS THREE

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PARK Theatre, Columbus Circle, 59th St. Evgs. 8:15 and Matinee Sat. 2:15. Society of American Singers. OPERA COMIQUE. TONIGHT, Fri. & Sat. Nights. MIKADO. Saturday Mat., MME. BUTTERFLY. Last Time of Maggie Teyte: Orville Harrold, Morton Adkins. NEXT MONDAY...PIRATES OF PENZANCE.

INSTRUCTION.

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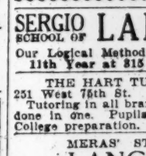

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UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER.

We should accept no peace not based on the unconditional surrender of Germany and her vassal allies, Austria and Turkey, and upon the freeing of the subject races of Austria and Turkey from the yoke of the Austrian, the Magyar, and the Turk.—Colonel ROOSEVELT at Carnegie Hall.

If President WILSON had demanded the unconditional surrender of all our enemies and if the Germans, Austro-Hungarians, and Turks on the instant had thrown their arms down and their hands up and had all cried with one accord "we surrender unconditionally," there would have been sleepless nights and painful days in all those parts of Suffolk and Nassau Counties which lie within fifteen miles of Oyster Bay. Heaven's blue vault would have resounded and re-echoed with the ululations, imprecations, and protestations of Sagamore Hill against the conclusion of a peace that would have left Germany in possession of a part of France, nearly all of Belgium and Serbia, the whole of Alsace-Lorraine, and of Poland, much of Rumania, that would have left her in control of Russia, that would have doomed the Czechoslovaks and the South Slavs to a continuance of Austrian rule, Italy's lost provinces unredeemed, with the Turk still prevailing over Armenia and a great part of Asia Minor.

Unconditional surrender implies the submission of the conquered to any terms the conqueror may see fit to impose. Inasmuch as in the crowded hour of surrender many things might be overlooked, President WILSON and the Allies have with a good deal of particularity set forth the conditions of surrender in advance. These conditions compel the retirement of the enemy Powers from all invaded territory, the abandonment of all their spoil, the freeing of oppressed races; even the conditions of the armistice have been laid down, in such wise that if there is to be any suspension of arms it must be of a nature which will make resumption of hostilities by the enemy impossible. These are conditions that would have been imposed upon the enemy after unconditional surrender; his acceptance of them must precede formal arrangements necessary to carrying them into effect.

Of course, the admission that it is better to secure the adhesion of the enemy to these conditions in advance of surrender than to trust to the powers of persuasion to bring about his retirement from all occupied territory and his recognition of the independence of subject races struggling to be free after surrender would deprive the partisan opponents of President WILSON of a campaign issue of which they are making the best, or worst, possible use.

THE STEEL TRADE.

We have the Steel Corporation's report of profits for the quarter ending with September, but we have also its production reports so late as last week's. The report in dollars interests particularly the owners and speculators in the company's shares. The report in tons interests all interested in waging the war. Neither the report in dollars nor the report in tons shows that the wolf is approaching the door of the company. No reduction of its dividend will reduce its value to the public or to its owners so long as its report in tons runs so nearly 100 per cent. of capacity as now. The question of public interest is how long it can pay taxes on the present scale without reducing the fund from which wages must come as well as profits. The railways, the public utilities, the express companies, all are bitter lessons that profits and wages are in such close relation that compulsory reduction of either below the economic standard of either recoils upon the public. There must be whatever taxation the war needs require, but it ought not to be of a sort deadening to production.

The Steel Corporation valiantly withstands this acid test. That is sure, although the fullest reports any corporation ever made leave something to be desired on this specific point. That is natural, for the report is to the owners of the property, and not to the tax layers. The report shows that the quarter's earnings dropped from $68,243,784 to $42,961,589. But that decrease is due to two deductions, on only one of which the figures are given. There is an allowance for "estimated proportion of extraordinary cost of facilities installed by reason of war requirements and conditions." That allowance is not specified, but it is certainly ample, and there is a prospect of salvage which might well be worth in more trying times all it costs to write it off out of present abundance.

There is no obscurity about the taxes. On Federal income and excess profits account alone there is reserved $101,987,347. That great impost is made up of $57,000,000 on account of existing law and $45,000,000 which pending legislation may levy against the nine months already elapsed. Secretary MCADOO warned Congress that he could not assume responsibility for the national finances if the tax laws were delayed. How much more serious is the burden laid thus upon business which must earn its tax money instead of conscripting it? The year's taxes indicated by the report total near $300,000,000. At the indicated rate about 70 per cent. of earnings are taken for taxes. That is not beyond reason as regards war profits, but as regards excess profits it is not consistent with the policies which alone have made it possible to pay the taxes proposed and pending. No business can pay such taxes on the basis of normal industry, and the excess profits tax is a tax on normal business, avowedly for reduction of profits. No business can pay taxes such as are pending if it is required to distribute earnings for the purpose of exposing them to the tax gatherer instead of investing them in the business. The Steel Corporation reveals a giant's strength and financial health. But what are the inferences about other producers of the chief material of industry or war which are not in such vigor? Are not these considerations as well worth attention in Washington as in Wall Street, and by the users of its goods, or the recipients of its wages, as by those interested in the dividends or the market price of the shares?

JUSTICE DOWLING.

VICTOR J. DOWLING has been a Justice of the Supreme Court of New York for fourteen years. Both as a Trial and an Appellate Justice he has won golden opinions from the bench, the bar, and the public. It would be superfluous to praise him. His career is more than ample testimony of his fitness, and his re-election would seem to be an inexpugnable certainty since three parties, Democrats, Republicans, Prohibitionists, have nominated him. In the days of the old ballot, the party column, he would have been sure of getting every straight vote cast for SMITH, Democrat; WHITMAN, Republican; WHITMAN, Prohibitionist.

On the new dispensation ballot the offices are arranged in groups. For all his three nominations, Justice DOWLING'S name appears but once on the ballot, and not too near the top. He can have no votes but those indicated by a cross marked by the side of that name, easily overlooked by a hasty or a lazy voter.

Justice DOWLING'S name stands third in Group Eight. Everybody who believes, as THE TIMES does, in the re-election, without regard to party, of Judges who have served faithfully and ably, should take the trouble to find and mark that third name of Group Eight. Three parties have shown their high sense of Justice DOWLING'S merit. Voters must take pains to prevent the ballot arrangement from injuring an experienced, an upright, and a singularly competent Judge.

AMERICA'S AIRPLANE ACHIEVEMENT.

Most gratifying is the announcement made in Washington that the production of Liberty motors has been at the rate of 1,000 a week in October. What Secretary BAKER called the "peak of production" should be near. Great Britain and France will take all the Liberty motors that the United States can spare. Recently the British Bureau of Information published this statement:

> Since the Liberty engine has now been put on a productive basis, and great numbers are being turned out daily, we want as many of them as we can get; otherwise, by the Spring of next year we shall have many machines in storage without engines.

There are now said to be more American airplanes awaiting shipment at Atlantic ports than can be forwarded to France because deck space is not available. Since June 1 "approximately 2,500 fighting airplanes" of all descriptions have been shipped "to the American forces in France." An accompanying statement that "none of the belligerents" has ever had more than 3,500 planes actually in service is, however, if strictly accurate, somewhat confusing. It has been repeated frequently of late. What seems to be meant is that no belligerent uses more than 3,500 machines at a time on all the fronts. But there are a great many planes in reserve to replace those lost or damaged. According to Mr. HENRY WOODHOUSE, the best American authority, "the replacement in machines is 100 per cent. monthly." Also, "40 per cent. of the aviators at the front must be replaced monthly." In an article in The Aerial Age of Oct. 21, Mr. WOODHOUSE said:

> To keep 5,000 aviators at the front for one year we must supply 24,000 aviators and 60,000 airplanes. As it takes an average of two airplanes to train a military aviator, the total airplanes to be supplied in a year to keep 5,000 aviators at the front would be 108,000.

The British and French have been addressing themselves to the problem for two years. Of these two belligerents the British are more active in the air; they use planes of all kinds, not only on the battlefields of France, Italy, and Macedonia, but on those of Palestine and Mesopotamia, and their total "in service" must be far in excess of 3,500 machines. The various types employed are the high altitude fighter and the low altitude fighter, both of which seek battle with enemy planes; the low altitude armored fighter, which attacks infantry formations on the ground; the reconnoissance machine, a two-seater, (those previously mentioned are one-seaters,) which may be called upon to protect bombing planes; the corps reconnoissance machine, a two-seater, for photographic work and artillery observation, and the day bomber of large carrying capacity which goes far afield.

The 2,500 American fighting planes sent to France since June 1 included 150 "heavy bombers," but the other types are not specified in the Washington dispatches. It is stated that they are all "armed planes," none of them training machines, that is to say. It may be assumed that the number given, 2,500, does not represent all the fighting planes that the United States Army has in France and in transit, because a good many Liberty motors are sent over to be fitted to fabrics the models of which are in a constant state of change; the assembling is done behind the lines. In the matter of military airplanes America is now in a fair way to reach the maximum of requirement if the war lasts into next year.

AUSTRIA AND GERMANY.

The Paris Journal seems unduly panic-stricken when it says:

> The total dislocation of the Hapsburg Monarchy threatens to strengthen Germany by the addition of 12,000,000 German-Austrians and as many Magyars. A centre of gravity is necessary in Middle Europe. This centre can only be at Vienna or Berlin. What will happen if we put Vienna and Berlin in the same helmet?

The logical conclusion of this argument—whether the Journal expressed this conclusion or not the dispatches do not tell us—is that the Dual Monarchy must be retained as a counterpoise to Prussia. But practically every premise is incorrect.

Taking the last one first, Vienna and Berlin and Budapest have been "in the same helmet" ever since the seventies. The difference between that condition and the one which the Journal fears is that when this war broke out Vienna and Budapest were able to turn over to Berlin the resources of an empire of 50,000,000 people, the majority of whom hated Berlin, Vienna and Budapest with great enthusiasm, and loved Paris and Petrograd, but could have no opportunity to express their views on the matter. By cutting off the Slavs and Latins from the Hapsburg Monarchy Germany loses 30,000,000 people and a wealth of economic resource which she once controlled.

Moreover, it is far from certain that the Magyars, for instance, are going to seek a closer union with Vienna or Berlin. Their loyalty to Prussia in the last half century has been due to the fact that only by Prussia's favor could they keep their subject peoples under control and maintain their dominant position in the Dual Monarchy. Now that they see that association with Prussia is unprofitable, they are breaking away, doubtless with the hope, in some quarters at least, that thus they may be able to retain their dominion over Slavs and Rumanians. This, we may be sure, the Allies will not permit; and the Karolyi party, whether better disposed or simply more intelligent, appears to realize this and to be on the way toward being reconciled to the reduction of Hungary to territory inhabited by Magyars. This overthrow of the foreign policies of the Tiszas will very probably be accompanied by internal reforms which may make Hungary something like a real democracy. If this happens, a reduced Hungary would be welcomed as an independent neighbor by the new Slav States of Central Europe. Such an outcome is certainly more likely than the continued alliance of Hungary with Germany.

BISMARCK kept the Hapsburgs out of Germany because their empire, with its great non-German strength, made them a too formidable rival of Prussia. But will an Austria shorn of its non-German peoples and returned to Germany have any love for Prussia? Prussia won her leadership by methods which have been proved unprofitable. Even if Austria—purely German Austria—went back into the German Empire, it is quite conceivable that she might be a centre of anti-Prussian feeling around which the other South German States could rally.

Finally, if the newly freed Slav peoples succeed in establishing the federation for which they hope, it is quite possible that the new centre of gravity in Central Europe may be at Prague or Warsaw. Certainly the future holds difficulties, but it is far less promising for Germany than the old system by which Vienna and Budapest could force millions of Slavs and Latins to support Pan-German plans.

"NINETY DAYS."

Mr. ROOSEVELT'S cocksureness must remind some of his admirers of Lord MELBOURNE'S remark about "TOM" MACAULAY. More gifted than any god, Mr. ROOSEVELT changes the past. "If we had prepared in advance," he tells us, "the war would have been over ninety days after we entered it." We should have entered it, according to Mr. ROOSEVELT'S theory, after the sinking of the Lusitania. Between March, 1913, and some time in May, 1915, the work of resistless preparation, unaccountably neglected in Mr. ROOSEVELT'S Administrations, would have been so gigantic in Republican, the only competent, hands, that three months after America went in Germany and her allies would have been put out.

Even supposing that a malignant Destiny hadn't prevented the election of Mr. ROOSEVELT in 1912, that his prophetic soul had foreseen and prepared everything, the notion that ninety days of armed Rooseveltian America would have crushed the Power now sullenly yielding after so long a resistance to so many nations looks like a "bluff."

It is ticklish work to be wiser than Providence and the inevitable event. In ninety days much or most of the good which the war is to bring, could not have been accomplished. The Italians and the Jugoslavs would not have come to agreement, the aspirations of all the subject races of Austria-Hungary would have found no comfort, secular injustices would not have been remedied. Every year, every month, has broadened and democratized the objects of the foes of Germany, has educated the free peoples, Americans not the least, to the deeper meaning of the struggle, has made this a war of world liberation. Even Germany feels the quickening breath of freedom.

Mr. ROOSEVELT is a clever hand at writing as well as making history, but his three months are not less amusing from the military than preposterous from the historical point of view. The world's tuition of sacrifice and suffering had to be paid. The battle of democracy and autocracy had to last till one or the other was crushed.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

We Need Exact Statistics.

Week after week goes by, with the influenza epidemic still continuing, but not even now do we get any exact information as to the rise and fall in the number of cases—the only sort of information from which any approach to accurate knowledge of its state and progress can be obtained. Yet we are supposed to have mastered the art of keeping vital statistics and to have arrived—very belatedly, but at last—at an appreciation of their value.

For at least one source of our ignorance in regard to this scourge there is no obvious or even easily thinkable excuse. That is the reason, perhaps, why no excuse is attempted by our health authorities for the fact that on several days of each week, and probably on all of them, many cases are "reported" and get into the tables that do not belong there on the day when they appear. The inaccuracy is admitted, indeed, or rather it is proclaimed—when it serves as basis for assertions that the epidemic is decreasing—but always it is stated as if there were no help for it otherwise than by insisting that the harassed and overworked doctors be held to the strict letter of the law in making their reports and punished for their delays.

Nobody with any sense wants to have that done, but there is another way by which the tables can be kept straight and so be made valuable, instead of nearly valueless, as now. It would not add at all to the clerical labors of the doctors, or of anybody except those of minor employes in the Health Department, if the cases as turned in each day were tabulated, not under the date of their arrival, but under that of their discovery. The date which is, or should be, on each of the report cards would show that, and while, under such a system, the tables for the last two or three days would not be much more nearly correct than they are now, the course of the disease up to the near date when all the additions had been properly made could be accurately observed.

By the present arrangement the inaccuracy of each day is made permanent, and from the tables as prepared no exact deductions can be drawn. These revisions of the tables would mean some work and some trouble, but the task would fall on those whose time could not be better used, as can that of the doctors, and the performance of it would not cost much—certainly not more than it was worth.

Why Germans Fear an Invasion.

Why is it that the Germans manifest such a wild fear that their country will be invaded? That is, of course, a purely rhetorical question—a question the answer to which everybody knows—but one can in the usual fashion pretend inability to understand, without taking careful thought, the cause of the panic reported to be prevailing in Germany.

Invasion is dreaded and hated everywhere, indeed, but in these days invasion by the armies of any nation except Germany or her late allies would not put civilians in much apprehension as to either their lives or their property, and women and children would consider themselves fairly safe even from insult. The expectations of the Germans are different from those of other people because the Germans are different from other people—and because they do not know it and cannot believe it.

They know what invasion meant when they were the invaders, and to think of it as meaning anything else for themselves when invaded is for them impossible. Hence their wild rush out of the Rhineland.

But how hard it will be for them to select a direction in which to run that will not take them, after not many miles have been passed, among a people whom they have cruelly abused and ruthlessly exploited under the plea of "military necessity"!

A STATE ISSUE.

His Federal Prohibition Stand a Reason for Opposing Gov. Whitman.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

International problems and allied victories must not obscure the importance of the New York election. As an independent Democrat, who has often opposed Tammany Hall, I feel called upon to say that I support Alfred E. Smith for Governor. He has served the people faithfully for many years, and those who have served with him and others who have watched his course agree that he is manly, courageous, and independent of dictation from any source. If elected he will be Governor, and not any other.

But there is an especial matter in which he and Governor Whitman are opposed, which in any case should turn the scale in Mr. Smith's favor. Governor Whitman urged the Legislature to ratify the Prohibition amendment, he opposed the proposal to submit to the vote of the people the question of ratification and said in substance that if a bill providing for such submission should pass he would veto it. The reason he gave was that the responsibility was upon the Legislature. He ignored the fact that the Legislature is constantly, through commissions and committees, obtaining information on various subjects which will enable it to act intelligently. It therefore has the right to ascertain directly the judgment of the people of New York before it acts on this important question. When the people shall have voted the Legislature can decide. We must remember that if this amendment is ratified it will make a radical change in American government. It will deprive the people of each State of the right to regulate traffic in wine and beer according to their judgment of what is best. It will boycott our allies forever. Conditions may change, but under this amendment the people will have no power to change legislation to conform to changed conditions. Absolute prohibition is the proposition before us.

Such a radical change should not be made without a popular vote on the specific question. This is especially true because of the effect upon our national and State revenues. The consumers of wine, beer, and other liquors paid the State of New York in 1917 $20,747,508. They paid the United States $284,008,512. The pensions of our teachers in New York City, and no doubt in other cities, are charged upon the excise fund. Shall not the people have a vote on the proposition to give up this tax and tax themselves in some other way?

EVERETT P. WHEELER.
New York, Oct. 29, 1918.

Why She Won't Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The small number of women to register for the Fall elections has been a matter of comment. I thought it might be interesting to know why one woman did not register. The anti-suffrage leaders have urged it; THE TIMES, well known as opposed to the vote for women, had recommended that we vote, and I intended to do so just to nullify the vote of one of those unfit to vote. Then came Mary Garrett Hay, who said that New York women should vote for the purpose of bringing about the constitutional amendment; that if we voted it would show that the women of New York wanted the franchise. Right then was when I said that if that was to be the inference from my voting I would waive the privilege. I would not for worlds bring nation-wide suffrage, if for no other reason than that I would not have the responsibility of forcing white men of the South to take up the burden of making a canvass for the votes of ignorant colored women who would be capable of banding together to avenge petty spites and would be deaf to the appeals for the best interest of their communities. I think many other women stayed away from the registry booths for the same reason.

A BROOKLYN WOMAN.
Brooklyn, Oct. 19, 1918.

Help for Russia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "Help for Russia," is a timely and eloquent appeal to all those who have a heart and political wisdom, for, by helping Russia—I mean the anti-Bolshevist part of Russia—we support our own best interests and those of our allies. As long as that great, resourceful but for the time being helpless country lies prostrate in the iron grasp of Germany and her obedient servants and agents, the Bolsheviki, Germany cannot be beaten, and thus we will be obliged to continue pouring out our precious blood and gold. We declared to the world by our spokesman, President Wilson, that Russia would be saved. Now, the most practicable way of aiding and saving Russia would be for our Red Cross units to join hands with the Russian Red Cross fighting famine and disease in Northern Russia and Siberia. This great charitable work should be done at the same time and at the same places where our military forces, jointly with the loyal Russian regiments, are fighting against the mad Bolsheviki and the Germans. The joined work, charitable and military, can do wonders by raising hope for a speedy salvation in many millions of the Russians now suffering from hunger, disease, and the Bolshevist despotism.

Our people well remember the great and timely help rendered by the Russian fleet to our country in the darkest hour of its history, and they know how to be grateful. Let all private donations be directed to our Red Cross units working in Northern Russia and Siberia.

PETER J. POPOFF.
Flushing, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1918.

ALL SOULS' NIGHT.

Through scudding clouds the stars peer out,
Half-veiled their radiant light;
Low in the sky, a waning moon
Gives but a pallid light;
The sleeping world lies still, so still—
It is All-Hallows' Night!

And see! From out the shadows dim,
Who comes? A company
Of fighting men, in battle slain
This many a century,
Whose souls to roam the mortal earth
For this short hour are free.

On gallant steeds caparisoned
And armor-clad, they ride—
These hosts of England's warriors old
On Cressy's field who died,
And who met Death at Waterloo,
They march now side by side!

But, following the ghostly train
That winds far, far ahead,
What countless multitude come now?
Verdun's heroic dead—
Boys of the Marne, whose mothers' tears
Time has not comforted!

Brothers in arms, they share the camp
As they were living men,
Till morning steals upon the night
And cock-crow sounds—and then
They vanish in the pale, gray mist,
Back to their graves again!

MAZIE V. CARUTHERS.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S APPEAL.

Dr. Eliot, Urging Support of the Administration, Says Republican Leaders Prove Mr. Wilson's Case.

By CHARLES W. ELIOT,
President Emeritus of Harvard University.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Within a week thousands of patriotic members of the Republican Party and thousands of independent voters must make up their minds how they will vote in the election of members of Congress. In districts which are clearly Republican or clearly Democratic their decision will not be of serious importance; but in doubtful districts, or in districts where the war has wrought decided changes in the political views of some considerable fraction of the constituency, their decision may prove to be very important.

On the eve of an election the President of the United States has made an appeal to his fellow-countrymen not to transfer the control of either the Senate or the House of Representatives to the Republican Party, and has given as his reason for that unusual action that such transfer will seriously impair his power to act effectively as the spokesman and agent of the entire American people at home and abroad. He believes that, if the control of the House and the Senate should be taken away from the party now in power, the Republican majorities would assume control of legislation, thereby seriously embarrassing the Democratic Administration, and that the confidence of the European peoples, with whom the United States is associated in the conduct of the war, and must be associated in negotiations for peace, in the effective unity of the American people might be gravely impaired.

Patriotic Americans may doubt the soundness of both the conclusions at which the President has arrived. Especially is it easy to doubt whether the fact that the Republican Party had become the majority party and the Democratic Party had been placed in the position of a loyal opposition party, both parties being in favor of the most vigorous possible prosecution of the war and of the conclusion of peace only on terms which would make a lasting peace probable, would affect unfavorably the influence of the Administration on European opinion. These doubts, however, may well be silenced by the reflection that the President of the United States is at this moment in a better position than any other American or any European to understand the effect of transferring the control of Congress to the Republican Party at this critical stage of the war.

The replies of the Republican leaders to President Wilson's appeal, and the exhortations which ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft have addressed to their countrymen since President Wilson's appeal appeared, go to show that President Wilson is right in his judgment concerning the probable effects of giving the control of Congress to the Republican Party. All these eminent Republicans are now proposing in their published proclamations to force the advocacy of a particular policy called "unconditional surrender" on the present Administration; and they assume without warrant that those two words do not describe the ultimate policy of the Democratic Administration. At the very moment when the Administration is making an indispensable effort to unite all the nations which are now contending against Germany in a common statement of the objects of the war and the inevitable terms of peace, these Republican leaders are attempting themselves to dictate the terms of peace which shall be advocated by the responsible representatives of the American people. If they think and act in that way at a very critical moment while they represent a minority party in Congress, how would they treat the Administration if they came to represent the majority party? If they meddle in such an irresponsible and passionate manner concerning the comparatively simple question of the right way to bring the actual fighting to an end, what will they do when the solutions of the very complicated geographical, racial, industrial, and commercial questions which will arise out of the war come before them for discussion?

The American people as a whole are under the deepest obligations to President Wilson for the manner in which he has conducted both the military and the civil affairs of the Government during the past four years. He has given the United States a position in human affairs which no other nation has ever possessed or now possesses. Patriotic voters will do well to keep this indisputable fact in mind, and to avoid doing what President Wilson thinks would diminish his influence at home and abroad. Every conscientious voter should take to heart the President's words, "I am asking your support not for my own sake or for the sake of a political party, but for the sake of the United States itself, in order that its inward unity of purpose may be evident to all the world."

CHARLES W. ELIOT.
Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 29, 1918.

DEMOCRACY OR AUTOCRACY?

Mr. Wickersham Says That Is the Issue Raised by President's Appeal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The President's address to the country presents a fundamental issue which involves the determination of whether we are to continue the form of government embodied in the Constitution of the United States or substitute for it an autocracy cloaked in the mere outward forms of democracy.

It has been manifest from the beginning of Mr. Wilson's administration that his theory of the powers and functions of the President differed radically from those of the framers of the Constitution. He apparently has desired to transmute the Chief Executive under the Federal Constitution into a semblance of the Prime Minister in a Parliamentary Government, without, however, the direct responsibility of such Minister to the Parliament and the hourly contingency of being obliged to appeal to the country for a majority to sustain him in his policies. Moreover, the Prime Minister under a parliamentary form of government is, but the head of a cabinet composed of Ministers who, like himself, must command a parliamentary majority and who also are subject at any moment to render an account to the Parliament or the people.

The theory of our Government has been different. The President, elected by the people for a definite period, is charged with the execution of the laws and given certain other powers to be exercised by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. His function in connection with legislation is confined to recommending to the Congress such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient, and the approval or disapproval of bills passed by the Congress. He is, by the Constitution, the Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States. He is not made the Commander in Chief of Congress or of the people.

Mr. Wilson has sought completely to dominate the Congress by compelling it to adopt legislative measures of his own devising, by from time to time instructing the Congress concerning the duties which he desired it to perform, and by ignoring, as no other President ever has done, the co-ordinate function of the Senate respecting the appointment of Ambassadors and other Ministers, and in the making of treaties. Members of Congress who have been unwilling to accept complete subservience and have asserted an independent judgment of their own at variance with that of the President he has sought to defeat in their respective districts when they have come up for re-election.

He has employed, to a degree unprecedented in our history, unofficial agents as ambassadors or ministers plenipotentiary, although without those titles. The examples of Mr. John Lind in Mexico and of Colonel House in Europe are but conspicuous instances of an apparently deliberate system of choosing unofficial, extraconstitutional agents, rather than of relying upon the duly constituted and responsible officials of the Government in the discharge of great public business, particularly as affecting international affairs.

It has been well said that many a truth is spoken in jest, and when the President referred in a jocular manner in one of his addresses, delivered in New York some months ago, to the Indian whose idea of the purpose of the war was that it was to make the world safe for the Democratic Party, he unconsciously revealed what it now appears has been his guiding principle. His conduct of the war has been characterized by markedly partisan selections of the principal agencies by which it was conducted and an apparent determination to exclude the Republican Party and persons closely identified with it from any conspicuous and responsible agency in the prosecution of the contest.

Notwithstanding this policy the Republican Party, which was far more largely in favor of the war than the Democratic Party, both before and at the time we came into the war, has loyally supported, in Congress and out, all of the measures which the President urged as necessary or useful to the prosecution of the war, even to the extent of seconding and aiding in the passage of measures which many believe to be of doubtful constitutionality and to be promoted under the guise of war measures, but actually for the purpose of carrying out a program of social and governmental reorganization which the President had in mind and which probably never could have been enacted under any other circumstances.

The President pays grudging tribute to the leaders of the minority in the present Congress, who, he says, "have unquestionably been pro-war," while at the same time he complains that they have been "anti-administration." These same leaders of the minority saved and procured the enactment of the most important measures which the Administration urged for the conduct of the war, when the Representatives of the majority opposed or ran away from them. The most conspicuous of these measures is the selective service law, without which the creation of the army which has saved the day in France would have been impossible. It would be interesting to have the President point out the "anti-Administration" attitude of the Republican leaders which secured the passage of that law.

The President objects to "divided counsel." It is a notorious fact that he takes counsel with no one. He delivers his decrees, and, in time of war, opposition is silenced. He now desires to extend the period of autocracy to the post-war. The great issues involved in this struggle are proposed to be settled by the President alone, dictating his terms through his unofficial agents, such as Colonel House and his associates, and the country is ultimately to be informed of what the President has done, and it is expected the Congress will place the rubber stamp of approval upon it.

Whatever may be said as to the expediency of opening a discussion on this subject at this time, when conferences with our Allies and negotiations with our enemies are before us, the President has forced an issue upon the country which may simply be stated as acquiescence in autocracy under the guise of democracy, or a return to the constitutional government of our fathers.

GEORGE W. WICKERSHAM.
New York, Oct. 29, 1918.

The Only Terms for Autocracy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I be permitted to contribute an interpretation of President Wilson's latest note to Germany? It has been called illogical by some editorial writers. To me it seems to be a masterful example of logic and irony, diplomatically expressed.

It begins by taking the German Foreign Office at its word. A truly representative Government has accepted the principles of peace which he has promulgated. The same Government has promised to conform its future military operations to the dictates of humanity and of international law. This would appear to open the way to further negotiations.

There are not, however, sufficient guarantees either as to the permanence or constitutional effectiveness of the present Government, however representative it may be. The only assurance therefor which we can obtain that the present Government shall not be swept aside by the old autocratic power which cannot be trusted to preserve faith; that it has not indeed been promulgated as a subterfuge to be utilized as a means to bettering the present military position of the German Army and mobilized citizenry, is the assurance of an armistice under such terms as would, in the opinion of the military authorities of the allied nations, render the military autocracy powerless should they desire at some favorable juncture of the peace negotiations to break faith again, as they have in the past, and resume their autocratic powers.

If it is possible to arrange at this time an armistice which will insure us against a future breach of faith with the allied nations and their present representative Government, well and good. Their acceptance of satisfactory terms for an armistice would be the best possible evidence of the good faith in which they were at present seeking peace. If, however, we have in the final analysis to deal with the same old autocratic power, we prefer to deal with them in the old terms, the terms which they understand.

NORMAN T. BOGGS.
Woodstock, N. Y., Oct. 24, 1918.

FAVORS RETAINING EMERGENCY HOURS

Copeland Points to Advantages Rule Has Worked in Reducing Traffic Congestion.

5,349 NEW INFLUENZA CASES

Commissioner Attributes Sharp Increase to Duplications in Reporting Disease.

In a letter to the Public Service Commission, Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, yesterday informed that body that he thought he would soon be able to discontinue his regulations concerning the opening and closing of business houses. Dr. Copeland pointed out the advantages which the plan had worked with respect to congestion of traffic and suggested that the emergency hours be made permanent if the traction companies would adjust their operation to them.

The number of new cases of influenza and pneumonia reported to the Health Department for the twenty-four hours ended yesterday at 10 o'clock disclosed a sharp increase, but it was asserted by Dr. Copeland that the increase was due to duplication of reports. He declared that 1,232 of the cases had been included in previous days' total. The total of new influenza cases was 5,349, with one exception the highest figure yet reached. The number of new cases of pneumonia was 1,026, a high record for the epidemic. The fatalities, however, displayed an encouraging decrease. The summary:

Boroughs.	New Cases. Inf.	New Cases. Pneu.	Deaths. Inf.	Deaths. Pneu.
Manhattan	2,604	553	140	113
Bronx	604	198	66	24
Brooklyn	1,322	234	117	104
Queens	522	113	64	16
Richmond	207	17	15	12
Total	5,349	1,025	402	269

Dr. Copeland had an interview yesterday with Dr. George R. Chattfield of the Attendance Department of the Board of Education, who is in charge of the district centres. Dr. Chattfield informed the Health Commissioner that there were many children who had been made orphans through the epidemic, and that in some cases there was real want. He said that through an agency of the Board of Health about 150 cases were being cared for. To ascertain the exact situation, Dr. Copeland directed that a house-to-house canvass be made.

Characterizing the present heavy weather as typical influenza weather, Dr. Copeland warned against any relaxation of safeguards. He urged every one to be doubly cautious just now and to follow strictly the rules which the Health Department's various medical bodies have issued from time to time.

Dr. W. H. Guilfoy, Registrar of Records in the Health Department, yesterday declared that the epidemic up to the present had hit all classes without distinction. He said the average of cases among the well-to-do was just as high as in the crowded sections of the city. He called attention to a peculiarity of the influenza germ in that it appeared to find a fertile field for development among the young and strong. He pointed out that children and elderly folk were almost immune. In support of this he showed that out of 12,484 fatalities in this city for a given period, 8,792, or 71 per cent., occurred among persons between the ages of 15 and 45, and only 261, or 2 per cent., among those who were 65 years old or more.

Sixteen soda water vendors were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate McGheehan in Jefferson Market Court on complaint of Health Department inspectors. The vendors were charged with failure to wash their glasses, or with not having running water for the purpose of cleansing. Each offender was fined $5 by Magistrate McGheehan.

Dr. Copeland said yesterday that the condition of his son, who is ill with influenza, was much improved, and that he had ceased to worry about him.

The New York State Commission on Influenza, recently appointed by the State to study the epidemic and suggest methods of treatment, held its first meeting last night in the New York Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street, later adjourning to the University Club. The meeting was largely concerned with the formation of sub-committees to study the disease in all its phases. Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, State Commissioner of Health, is Chairman of the commission.

A call to 10,000 churches throughout the country to observe Wednesday, Nov. 6, as a day of prayer for the abatement of the influenza epidemic was issued here tonight from Presbyterian National Headquarters. The call, which was signed by the Moderator, the Rev. J. Frank Smith, of Dallas, Tex., and sixteen former Moderators, designates the day as one of thanksgiving in those communities where the epidemic has abated.

RECESS PLANS BLOCKED.

Republicans Hold Senate in Session, Pending Peace Developments.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Plans for an adjournment of Congress until after the election appeared tonight to have been blocked by partisan conflict in the Senate. Less than a quorum of the Senate is in Washington tonight and Republican leaders said they would exercise their power to prevent the proposed recess in order that the Senate might discuss any developments in the peace negotiations.

Democratic leaders were understood to be prepared to forestall another outbreak of partisan debate by making a point of no quorum. It was conceded by Republican members that the Democratic plans could be carried out, thus forcing an adjournment of the Senate from day to day.

Introduction of resolutions bearing on the proposals of the Central Powers is expected tomorrow, but, in view of the power possessed by either party to force an adjournment, no discussion of the resolutions is expected.

Because of the situation in the Senate, it was considered doubtful whether House leaders would attempt passage tomorrow of an election recess resolution, causing a continuation of the existing three-day recess schedule.

FORD FOR 8-HOUR DAY.

Decides for Basic Method, but Favors Actual 8-Hour Limit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Henry Ford, umpire in the case of the International Association of Machinists and the Wheeling Mold and Foundry Co., Wheeling, W. Va., has returned a finding granting the demand of the employes for a basic eight-hour day, with time and a half for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays, the War Labor Board announced today.

In making the award, Mr. Ford said he believed the straight, eight

A. PAUL KEITH DIES FROM INFLUENZA

President of Vaudeville Circuit and of U. B. O. Was Stricken Here Last Friday.

HALF OWNER WITH ALBEE

Only Son of B. F. Keith, Who Left Theatres Worth $30,000,000, Was a Harvard Graduate, Aged 43.

A. Paul Keith, President and half owner of the B. F. Keith Vaudeville Circuit, and President of the United Booking Offices, died at 7 o'clock last night of Spanish influenza at the home of E. M. Robinson, a business associate, at 200 West Fifty-eighth Street. He was stricken here last Friday. Mr. Keith was the only son of the late Benjamin F. Keith, father of vaudeville in America, and since the death of his father four years ago had the management of the large theatrical interests.

Mr. Keith was born in New York City Jan. 3, 1875, and after his early education he engaged in the show business for a number of years, before entering Harvard College, from which he was graduated in 1896. He was never married. By the terms of the will of his father, who dropped dead of heart disease in a hotel at Palm Beach, Fla., on March 26, 1914, A. Paul Keith became half owner of the extensive Keith theatrical interests, the owner of the other half interest being E. F. Albee. A corporation was formed under the laws of Connecticut, known as the B. F. Keith Vaudeville Circuit, which is the holding company for some $30,000,000 worth of theatres throughout the country which were directed by the late Benjamin F. Keith.

In addition, A. Paul Keith was left considerable personal property by his father, and he was the sole executor of the will. His stepmother, Mrs. Ethel Chase Keith, to whom his father was married Oct. 28, 1913, received $600,000, all but $100,000 of this amount being willed to her before her marriage. The elder Mr. Keith, in his will, remembered many of his employes and also several institutions.

Mr. Keith had spent most of his time in recent years in Boston, his home there being at Hotel Puritan. His New York home was at the Biltmore Hotel. He returned last week from a tour of the circuit, being stricken with influenza upon his arrival on Friday.

Mr. Keith was President of the Boston Athletic Association and a member of the Algonquin Club in that city, and of the Harvard Club in New York and Boston, and also of the Catholic Club. He was much interested in charities, especially orphan asylums, to which he contributed generously.

Last Summer Mr. Keith was sent by the United States Government to make an investigation of the situation as regarded the needs of amusement for the boys "over there" and it was as the result of this trip that the Overseas Theatrical League was formed, this organization having charge of sending the performers to entertain the soldiers in France.

The funeral will be held Saturday morning from Saint Cecelia's Church in Boston. The Rev. Father Chas. A. Finnegan, a lifelong friend of Mr. Keith, arrived from Boston in time to administer the last rites.

Private Who Beat 22 Germans.

Private Needham Roberts who, with Henry Johnson, defeated twenty-two Germans, both winning the Croix du Guerre, may be recovered enough from his wounds to appear at Carnegie Hall on the evening of November 2, when Irvin Cobb gives his talk on "The Negro Soldier." The young man, whose name will go down in the history of American valor on the field, is now convalescing at a base hospital and hopes to get his doctor's permission to attend.

Michel Oreste, Ex-Haitian President

Michel Oreste, one-time President of Haiti, died of uraemia Monday at the home of Mrs. Guilabund, 235 West Fourteenth Street, having been taken ill on his way over from Paris a few days prior to the landing of the steamer at an American port Sunday night. Mr. Oreste was born in Jacmel, Haiti, and was 59 years old. He was educated in law and held different offices and finally became President, which he was forced to abdicate during the revolution in 1914 and fled to Europe. His body will be taken later to Haiti. He was accompanied on his voyage from France by his wife.

Eads Everhart Smith.

Eads Everhart Smith, a well-known stock broker, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Everhart Smith of 10 East Fifty-eighth Street and Convent, N. J., died of pneumonia yesterday morning. Mr. Smith was born in New Orleans and was named after James B. Eads, with whom his father was associated in building the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi. Mr. Smith was connected for many years with the Stock Exchange firm of Smith & Gallatin. Mr. Smith's engagement to Miss Frances Renée Despard, a daughter of Mrs. Henry Despard of New York, was announced last Saturday.

John E. Bach Dies at 103 Years.

John E. Bach, one hundred and three years and ten months old, some forty years ago a manufacturing tailor in New York City, died Tuesday at his home, 65 Mapes Avenue, Newark, N. J., following a stroke of paralysis on Sunday. He attributed his longevity to the fact that he did not worry and ate and drank what he pleased. Until two years ago he was an inveterate smoker, and until recently he was able to read without the aid of glasses. Mr. Bach was born in Germany.

Charles M. Schwab Takes a Ride.

Charles M. Schwab, who has been ill at his home, Riverside Drive and Seventy-third Street, with a severe cold for several days, was improved yesterday, but will not go to his office until Monday. His physician had told him, he said yesterday, that he had escaped having Spanish influenza. He was sufficiently recovered yesterday to take an automobile ride.

Resinol did relieve that irritation!

Pack up some Resinol Ointment in his "old kit bag." Nothing is too good for him, and he will need it "over there" where exposure, vermin, contagions, and the exigencies of a soldier's life cause all sorts of skin irritation, sore feet and suffering.

Resinol Ointment relieves almost instantly. It assures skin comfort.

For sale by all dealers.

MARRIED ITALIAN PAINTER.

Former Mrs. ... J. Mason and Chevalier Finocchiaro on Honeymoon.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 30.—The Chevalier Francesco Paola Francesca Finocchiaro, an Italian painter, and his bride, formerly Mrs. Florence Angell Mason, widow of Dr. John J. Mason of New York and Newport, arrived here tonight to spend a few days at Waburn, the bride's old Newport cottage, before settling in New York for the Winter.

Mr. Finocchiaro and his bride will make their home at his studio, 44 West Seventy-seventh Street. He has been painting in New York chiefly for the last fifteen years.

The marriage took place in the bride's apartment, 771 Fifth Avenue, New York, on Monday last, in the presence of a few friends. Mgr. Farrenté, Canonist of the Diocese of New York, officated, and Vincent Jannucci was best man.

Mrs. Finocchiaro's first husband, Dr. Mason, died at his New York home in November, 1916, leaving $400,000 to his widow and also his Summer home, Waburn, in Newport.

Mr. Finocchiaro's paintings include portraits of Cardinal Farley, the former Italian Ambassador to this country, Baron Mayor des Planches and the Baroness. He also painted a portrait of Pope Pius X.

ITALY HONORS H. P. DAVISON

Red Cross Head Gets Decorations Rarely Given to Foreigners.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross, has received from the Italian Government two high honors which have never before been bestowed upon a foreigner, according to cable messages received at the headquarters of the Atlantic Division of the American Red Cross in this city yesterday.

One was the decoration of Grand Officer of the Crown of Italy, a military and civil order founded by King Emanuel II., and the other was the Cross of Merit of the Italian Red Cross, which order is not held by more than four persons. The latest recipient of that decoration, before it was bestowed upon Mr. Davison, was the Duchess of Aosta.

PLAN TRADE EXPANSION.

Manufacturers' Export Association Suggests New Methods.

The "unconditional defeat" of Germany and aid by the United States in rebuilding France were urged in resolutions adopted by the American Manufacturers' Export Association, which held the opening session of its annual convention at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday. The resolution said the members of the association would "pledge themselves to lend every possible assistance in the rehabilitation of France, at the earliest possible moment after victory has been achieved."

The association's financial program for preparing this country for after the war business was outlined in a resolution. It said that: "In connection with financing export from the United States this association believes it imperative that prompt attention and action be given to co-operation with such agencies as will quickly make available proper and adequate credit information on foreign buyers; development of the use of dollar acceptances of American banking institutions given for purchases of American goods upon the authorization of foreign buyers at their local banks; broadening the market for American dollar, bank, and trade acceptances through encouragement of the Federal Reserve Board and through propaganda, and assisting in every way possible the study of foreign languages and financial customs on the part of a sufficient number of members of each American banking and exporters' organization."

The sessions will continue today. At a dinner tonight the speakers will be Sir Henry Babbington Smith, Secretary William C. Redfield, Edward N. Hurley, Herbert Bayard Swope of the War Industries Board, Frank A. Vanderlip, and Martin W. Littleton.

WILL HOUSE WAR WORKERS.

Mrs. Rockefeller Gives Part of Home for Women's Dormitory.

Three upper stories in the house of John D. Rockefeller at 4 West Fifty-fourth Street are to be turned into dormitories for women taking special courses in recreation conducted by the National War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association.

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who is Chairman of the Housing Committee of the War Work Council of the Y. W. C. A., is interested in the problem of providing recreation for girls in war industries. The basement and first floor of the house were opened to the American Red Cross last year and will continue to be used by that organization.

INVESTIGATE CHILD'S DEATH

Parents Charge Poisoning After Quarrel Over Jewish Flag.

lon, 13 years old, of 515 West 125th lon, 15 years old, of 515 West 125th Street, who died last Saturday after an altercation with other children about a Zionist flag which she had hung from the fire escape, was investigated yesterday by Assistant District Attorney Samuel Markewitch. The police said she committed suicide by drinking brass polish containing cyanide of potassium, and that a letter was found in which she said she "could not stand the jeers against the Jewish flag."

In preparing for a block party the child hung out the flag with an American banner. Children threw stones at her, but a policeman stopped the quarrel. An hour later the girl was found dying in her father's plumbing shop. Her parents charged she had been poisoned. The funeral services yesterday were hampered by crowds which blocked 125th Street from Broadway to Amsterdam Avenue, after a report that the procession would be stoned.

Bergen Mayor Drops Gaffney Case.

Mayor James Nolan of North Bergen, N. J., has dismissed the complaint made by a New York detective that a Bergen policeman had some part in aiding Vincent Gaffney, the convict, to get possession of a revolver while he was in a cell in the Bergen police station and under guard of New York detectives. Gaffney, who is now in Clinton Prison, had escaped from the Tombs here and, when recaptured in New Jersey, was held pending transfer to New York. Detectives found the revolver on him. A witness at the hearing held by Mayor Nolan testified that several friends of Gaffney were at his cell during the momentary absence of the New York guards.

Halloween Dance at Essex Club.

A Halloween dance is to be held at the Essex County Country Club, West Orange, N. J., on Saturday night, which will open the club's Winter season.

Captain J. B. Greenhut Improving.

The condition of Captain J. B. Greenhut, of 325 West End Avenue, who has been ill for the last three weeks, continues very encouraging, according to a bulletin issued last night by his attending physicians. He spent a comfortable day.

Boston Brewer Held as an Enemy.

BOSTON, Oct. 30. — Ferdinand von Scholley, a German Baron and President of the Burkhardt Brewing Company of this city, was arrested today by agents of the Department of Justice, who said he was a dangerous enemy alien. Von Scholley served as an officer in the German Army twelve years.

Lotos Club Extols Late President.

At a special meeting of the Lotos Club resolutions were adopted with respect to the death of Frank R. Lawrence, President of the club for the last twenty-nine years. The declaration reads in part:

"Resolved, That, assembled in a body, the Lotos Club testifies in a most sincere and lofty spirit to its high esteem and affection for its President, who united in himself so many fine qualities, such distinguished ability and fidelity, that his long period of service, so honorable and successful, raised the position and prosperity of the club to its present enviable estate."

The resolutions were prepared by John Elderkin, the oldest living member of the organization, and were seconded in brief speeches by Samuel Untermyer, Edward W. Runyon, Louis Wiley, William T. Carleton, Collin Armstrong, Walter Stabler, and others.

Robert Van Rensselaer Stuyvesant.

Robert Van Rensselaer Stuyvesant, formerly of New York City, but of recent years living in Rhode Island Avenue, Newport, R. I., died at his residence there Tuesday night in his eighty-first year. The son of the late Peter Stuyvesant of New York, he was in the eighth generation from Petrus Stuyvesant, Governor of New Amsterdam, now New York. He was a brother of the late Mrs. Edward M. Neill of Newport and of Mrs. Rodgers, wife of Rear Admiral Raymond Perry Rodgers. The body will be brought to New York City and the funeral will be held at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie, at Tenth Street and Second, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Funeral of Ex-Senator Eugene Hale.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Oct. 30.—The body of Eugene Hale, who represented Maine in the Senate for thirty years until his retirement seven years ago, arrived today from Washington, where he died on Sunday night. A private funeral service was conducted at the grave by the Rev. R. B. Mather of the Congregation Church, the ban on indoor gatherings preventing the holding of services at the residence here.

Georg Gustav Bohlig.

Georg Gustav Bohlig, Director and General Superintendent of the Botany Worsted Mills, Passaic, N. J., died at his home there Tuesday night of a trokes of apoplexy. He was born in Germany forty-six years ago. Four months ago the enemy alien interests in the mills, representing about 85 per cent., were seized by A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian. Since then the Treasurer, Hans E. Stoehr, has died. Mr. Rohling was a member of the University Club and American Society of Mechanical Engineers. He was a Governor of the Passaic General Hospital.

Obituary Notes.

ARTHUR WELLINGTON OPP, a Brooklyn lawyer and editorial writer for The Flatbush Observer, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home, 480 Marlborough Road, Flatbush. Mr. Opp was born in Brooklyn forty-three years ago and was a graduate of Adelphi College and the Columbia Law School.

RUDOLPH WILLIAM WEISS, Brooklyn undertaker and one of the best-known men in fraternal circles in that borough, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,015 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. Mr. Weiss was a member of the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum of the State of New York, Past Master of Merchants' Lodge, No. 709, F. and A. M.; a Past Sachem of De Long Council, No. 725, R. A., and Past President of the Harmony Glee Club of Brooklyn.

WILLIAM H. CROKE, a commercial salesman in the leather goods trade, died on Monday at his home, 451 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

EDWIN STERN, 53 years old, a member of the dry goods firm of Jacob Stern & Sons, in the Greenpoint section of Brooklyn, which was founded by his father, died in the Jewish Hospital on Tuesday of pneumonia and influenza. Mr. Stern lived at 1,099 Lorimer Street.

HARRY ASHMAN, 40 years old, formerly of the firm of Ashman & Burkhardt, in Manhattan, died on Monday at his home, 1,213 Avenue P, Flatbush.

Mrs. MARGUERITE EDWARDS SMITH, wife of Captain Edward W. Smith, formerly of Patchogue, L. I., died at Washington, D. C., on Monday of pneumonia.

Mrs. MARY E. WAKEFIELD, active in church and charitable work in Woodhaven, died at her home there on Monday. She was the widow of William R. Wakefield, and was President for many years of the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Congregational Church of Woodhaven.

EDWIN C. KING, banker, who for two years was President of the Board of Health at Paterson, N. J., died Monday at his home, 197 Sixteenth Street, Paterson, of intestinal poisoning. He enlisted seven months ago in the Ordnance Department of the United States Army, and was stationed at Anathol, N. J.

Mrs. EMILY SQUIRES of Richmond Hill, Stamford, Conn., died Tuesday night at the age of 79. She was the widow of Newton Squires, who died in 1892.

Mrs. SARAH O'ROURKE of 488 Second Avenue, for twenty years employed in the medical baths at Bellevue Hospital, died yesterday afternoon of Spanish influenza.

FRED W. LINKOGEL, who lived at 266 West Forty-seventh Street, and was general manager of New York restaurants for Automat Company, died yesterday at Warwick, N. J. He was born in Germany forty-nine years ago.

Mrs. MARY REYNOLDS THOMAS, widow of Colonel William M. Thomas, for many years prominent in Manhattan real estate circles, died Tuesday at the home of her son, Joseph H. S. Thomas, Auburndale, Flushing, L. I. She was born in Poughkeepsie sixty-seven years ago.

JOSEPH SCHMIDT, 40 years old, former proprietor of a hotel at College Point, L. I., died there Tuesday of pneumonia, following Spanish influenza.

EMIL E. BRAUN, 27 years old, secretary of the New York Preparatory School, 72 Park Avenue, died yesterday at his home, 42 West Ninety-third Street.

WILLIAM SUMMERFIELD BROWNE, 70 years old, retired importer and manufacturer of tobacco, died yesterday at his home, 58 West Ninety-sixth Street. He was a member of an old Knickerbocker family.

JULIAN J. WASHBURN of Batavia, N. Y., Vice President of the Ward Plow Company, former President of the village, died Tuesday at his home there. He was 76 years old and a civil war veteran.

The Rev. JOSEPH FRANCIS FLOOD, assistant to the Rev. William T. McLaughlin, pastor of St. Lucy's R. C. Church at Grove and Fourteenth Streets, Jersey City, died yesterday at St. Francis Hospital, Jersey City. He was 27 years old, was born in Sussex County, and was ordained for the priesthood in Seton Hall College in February last.

WILLIAM I. HALSTEAD, the oldest resident of Mount Kisco, N. Y., died yesterday at his home. He was 84 years old and had lived in Mount Kisco for sixty years. He was born in Newburg, N. Y.

GEORGE H. ECKHOFF, a member of the New York Police Department, attached to the Thirty-third Precinct, died Tuesday at his home, 308 West 114th Street, in his 56th year.

JOHN FISKE WASHBURN, discoverer of the modern method of photogravure process and for many years maker of all the photoengravings for some of the principal magazines in this country, died in Worcester, Mass., yesterday. He was born in Worcester sixty-seven years ago.

WILLIAM ALVIN WARD, 61 years old, architect and builder, of Port Chester, N. Y., died in a private sanitarium in this City yesterday. Recently Mr. Ward had been examiner at the United States Employment Service station in Baltimore.

Mrs. PETER CRAWLEY, 72 years old, died yesterday at her home, 33 Harrison Avenue, Montclair, N. J., where she had lived for more than half a century.

PERCY L. THORNTON of Port Chester, N. Y., died yesterday in Buffalo, N. Y., of apoplexy, having been stricken en route home from his mother's funeral in Toronto, Canada. A native of Canada, 50 years old, he had been connected with the Port Chester Post Office for many years.

P. C. TAYLOR, Chairman of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen on the Texas & Pacific system, died Tuesday night in Fort Worth, Texas, of pneumonia, following Spanish influenza.

NELSON N. LAMPERT, Vice President of the Fort Dearborn National Bank in Chicago, died yesterday afternoon in a hotel in Excelsior Springs, Mo. He was stricken with cerebral hemorrhage while playing golf.

Miss ELIZABETH LINCOLN RUSSELL, who was graduated from Smith College in 1903, later teaching domestic science at Hartley House and in the public schools of New York City, died at sea while on her way to France as a Smith College member of the Intercollegiate Canteen Unit.

Born.

HAMMERSTEIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hammerstein, 2d, a son, Oct. 26, 1918.

Married.

GREENOUGH—FOSTER—On Oct. 22, 1918, at Brest, France, by the Rev. Dr. Conover, Alfred Greenough, Ensign, U. S. N. R., formerly of Boston, to Anne Stancliffe Foster of New York.

ROCKWELL—GUILD.—On Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, at the Church of the Messiah, by the Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes, Jessie Ida, daughter of Henry Gardner and Josephine Honeywell Guild, to Edwin Curtis Rockwell.

Died.

AGATSTON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1918, in her 28th year, Blanche, (nee Schwersenski,) beloved wife of Dr. Sigmund A. Agatston and devoted mother of Howard and Ruth. Funeral services at her late residence, 140 West 79th St., on Thursday morning, Oct. 31, at 9:30 o'clock.

ANDERSON.—Oct. 30, James Montgomery Anderson, age 58 years. Funeral services at the chapel of Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Friday evening, 8:30.

ANKELE.—Alice L., on Oct. 27, wife of Robert Ankele. Eastern Star and Daughters of Liberty services Thursday evening, 8 P. M., at John Graham's chapel, 4,221 Park Av., Bronx.

ASHMAN.—Harry, passed into eternal rest at 1,213 Avenue P, Midwood, Flatbush, on Monday, Oct. 28, 1918, aged 40 years, beloved husband of Lena Ashman, (nee Wormser,) and devoted father of Walter and Blanche, beloved son of Amelia and the late Wolf Ashman, and brother of Maurice, Blanche Burkhardt, and Lillie Lippmann. Funeral from his late residence on Thursday, 12 M. Kindly omit flowers.

AXELROAD.—On Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, in her 29th year, Jennie R., (nee Prochinsky,) dearly beloved wife of Charles Axelroad, and devoted mother of Lestelio and Victor, and beloved sister of Samuel J. Goldings, Anna Berman, Martha Khlotkin, and Elizabeth Prochinsky. Funeral from her late residence, 415 Avenue C, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 12 noon.

BELL.—Suddenly, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, William H. Bell, beloved husband of Adelaide B. Bell, (nee Rasch,) and father of Edward L. and William H., Jr., and Gordon B., in his 37th year. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 614 East 15th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

BARTOSEK.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1918, of pneumonia, Mary Bartosek, in her 68th year. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 2,940 Bainbridge Av., Bronx, on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

BERGENFELD.—Marie, on Oct. 30, 1918, of pneumonia, beloved wife of Frank F. Bergenfeld and daughter of Sigmund and Anna Trommer and sister of Carlotta, Joseph L. and Beatrice Trommer. Funeral from residence, 540 West 157th St., Thursday, Oct. 31, 1918, at 2:30 P. M. Omit flowers.

BERTSCHMANN.—At his residence, 306 West 73d St., on Oct. 28, 1918, Jacob Bertschmann, in his 83d year. Funeral service at his late residence, Thursday, Oct. 31, at 2 P. M. Funeral private.

BLAINE—Oct. 30, James F. Blaine, age 38 years. Funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Friday, 2 o'clock.

BLASK.—Suddenly, at Chester, Penn., Oct. 28, aged 21 years, Samuel, beloved son of Etta Haberman and brother of Max, Morris and Mae Hanauer. Funeral from the chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,003 7th Av., on Friday, Nov. 1, 10 A. M.

BRAUN.—Emil E., aged 27, beloved son of Jacob and Tilda. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday, 9:30 A. M. Out of respect to the memory of Mr. Braun the New York Preparatory School, of which he was Secretary, will be closed on Thursday.

BRIGGS.—Cornelius, Oct. 28, 3:15 P. M., 2,119 Davidson Av., Bronx. Funeral services Nov. 1, 2 P. M., at residence. Friends and relatives are invited.

BROWNE.—Suddenly, on Oct. 30, William Sommerville Browne. Funeral services from his late residence, 58 West 96th St., on Saturday afternoon, 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

BURN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, Hazel Isabelle, beloved wife of Edward Burn, in her 31st year. Funeral services at 54 Macon St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BURGOYNE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, at his residence, 207 West 107th St., Percy Edwin Burgoyne, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral private.

BUSH.—Oct. 29, 1918, Lillian Bush. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

CANALES.—Concha. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., Frank E. Campbell's, Thursday, 1 o'clock.

CARTER.—Oct. 30, 1918, Gertrude Ernhout Carter, youngest daughter of Anna Ernhout Carter and the late Frank Carter. Funeral services at her late residence, 601 West 110th St. Time later.

CHAMBERLAIN.—On Oct. 29, George, beloved husband of Sadie Timms Chamberlain, in his 40th year. Services at Lockings, Bender & Schutte Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., on Friday, Nov. 1, at 2 P. M.

COCHRANE.—The announcement in yesterday's papers referring to the death of A. W. S. Cochrane was an error, the deceased being his brother, A. DeWitt Cochrane.
AUSTIN E. PRESSINGER, Secretary,
VETERANS OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.

COMSTOCK.—William Mortimer, age 21, oldest son of William and Elizabeth Comstock. Funeral service Thursday evening, 8 o'clock, from residence, 398A 9th St., Brooklyn.

CONROD.—At Wantagh, Oct. 28, of pneumonia, Albert Chester Conrod, age 34, beloved husband of Eleanor Lutz. Funeral services Thursday evening at 8 P. M., at his late home. Interment at the convenience of the family at Cypress Hills.

CRAWLEY.—At Montclair, N. J., on Wednesday morning, Catherine D. Crawley, wife of Peter Crawley and mother of Mary Amelia, J. J., F. M., and P. S. Crawley. Funeral from her late residence, 33 Harrison Av., on Saturday, Nov. 2, at 10 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at Church of the Immaculate Conception, 10:30 o'clock. Automobiles will meet train arriving at Montclair, Lackawanna Station, 10:10 A. M.

DAHLEM. — Gertrude Coombes, wife of Ferdinand Dahlem, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George J. Coombes of 308 Alexander Av., Bronx, entered into rest on Sunday, Oct. 27. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

DAVIS.—Isadore, age 47 years, beloved husband of Bella, father of Melville, brother of Herman, Benny, and Harry. Funeral from Meyers's undertaking parlor, 228 Lenox Av., Friday, Nov. 1, at 9:30 A. M.

DE ANGELI.—On Monday, Oct. 28, 1918, Cassie Louise, beloved daughter of Frank and Catherine De Angeli (nee Dunn.) Funeral from the residence of her parents, 539 West 163d St. Solemn requiem mass at St. Rose of Lima's Church, Friday morning, Nov. 1, at 10 A. M. Interment Springdale, Conn.

DE RHAM.—In France, Oct. 9, from wounds received in battle, Charles de Rham, Jr., First Lieutenant 305th Infantry, beloved husband of Jeanne King de Rham and beloved son of Charles and Emily H. de Rham, in the 31st year of his age.

DILLINGHAM—At Great Barrington, Mass., Oct. 30, 1918, Charles T. Dillingham, New York City, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of family. Interment at Hudson, New York.

DUCKER.—Rachel, (nee Federgreen,) beloved wife of Solomon Ducker and mother of Ralph, Rosella, Dorothy, Ansel and Sylvia. Oct. 30. Funeral services at her late residence, 401 West End Av., Friday morning, Nov. 1, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Mount Neboh, Cypress Hills. Please omit flowers.

ECKHOFF.—On Oct. 29, 1918, at his residence, 308 West 114th St., in the 56th year of his age, George H., son of the late William and Belber Eckhoff and husband of Louisa Eckhoff; a member of the New York City police, Thirty-third Precinct. Services Friday evening, Nov. 1, at 8 o'clock.

ELLIOT.—John, of pneumonia, in New York City, Oct. 25, 1918, aged 33, beloved son of the late Joseph Elliot and Sarah Elliot of Lisduff, Benburb, County Tyrone, Ireland. Interred in St. Michael's Cemetery.

ELSON.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1918, Ernest B. Elson, beloved husband of Margaret Nash Elson, in his 36th year. Funeral private.

EVES.—Anastasia, Oct. 29, 1918, beloved daughter of Charles and Mary Eves, (nee Tully,) 601 Madison Av., aged 11 years. Funeral from St. Patrick's Cathedral, Thursday, 9 A. M.

Two heights in a smart roll front style.

Ide COLLARS

have — exclusively — *Linocord Unbreakable Buttonholes*

GEO. P. IDE & CO., Makers, TROY, N.Y.

Died.

FALCK.—Suddenly, on Oct. 26, Harry Falck, in the 50th year of his age. Funeral to leave Frank E. Campbell's, Broadway and 66th St., Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Services at 11 o'clock at Beth-El Cemetery Chapel, Brooklyn, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

FEITEL.—Emil J., of pneumonia, on Oct. 30, in his 46th year, beloved husband of Helen, (nee Sommenthell.) Funeral from Myers Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., on Friday, Nov. 1, at 1 P. M.

FRANK.—Malcolm G., dearly beloved son of Isaac and Tillie Frank, in his 28th year. Funeral at convenience of the family. Norfolk (Va.) papers please copy.

GAY.—On Oct. 30, 1918, Jeanne Margaret, beloved wife of August Gay, at the age of 42 years. Funeral private, on Nov. 1, at 3 P. M., from the funeral parlor of Joseph Senger, 206 West 30th St., to Fresh Pond Crematory, where the remains will be incinerated.

GEISMAN.—Bessie, beloved wife of Michael, mother of Joseph, daughter of Jennie and Ike Leopold, sister of Harriet, in her 31st year, at her residence, 6,308 21st Av., Mapleton Park, Brooklyn. Funeral notice later.

GIEBEL.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, Katherine, beloved wife of Leo Giebel, and mother of Frank, Leo, and Henry. Funeral from her late residence, 560 2d Av., on Saturday, Nov. 2, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Carmelite Church, East 28th St., where a requiem mass will be sung.

GREGORY.—Isabel, (nee Kiernan,) wife of James Gregory, Oct. 30, 1918, of pneumonia. Funeral service at her late residence, 211 South 9th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Friday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

GRIMKE.—At sea, of pneumonia, on Oct. 6, Louis Rutledge Grimke, 327th Battalion, Tank Corps, son of Louise F. Gawtry and the late Thomas Smith Grimke of Charleston, S. C.

GROSSMAYER.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, Fannie, youngest daughter of the late Henry and Regina Grossmayer. Funeral at convenience of family.

GRUBE. — Eulalie Gordon, daughter of the late Frederick W. and Ellen Gordon Grube, at her residence, Gothic Cottage, East Meadow, Hempstead, L. I. Funeral private.

GUNSEL.—Oct. 30, 1918, Helen Gunsel. Funeral Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St. Time later.

GUNSTON.—Oct. 30, Bertha L. Gunston. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Friday, 2:30 P. M.

HALSTEAD.—At Mt. Kisco, N. Y., Oct. 30, 1918, William I. Halstead, in his 84th year. Notice of funeral later.

HAPGOOD.—Sunday, Oct. 27, at Dawson, N. M., of pneumonia, Boyce Hapgood, aged 17, son of Hutchins and Neith Boyce Hapgood.

HARRIS. — At the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Oct. 30, Christina Butler, wife of the late Rev. William Harris, Princeton, N. J., in the 82d year of her age. Funeral Princeton, Saturday afternoon.

HAYDEN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, at St. Vincent's Hospital, Staten Island, William Farson, beloved husband of Caroline Hayden, (nee Schultz,) and son of the late William K. and Katherine Hayden. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HICKS.—Wednesday morning, Oct. 30, 1918, Henrietta M. Hicks, wife of Norman P. Hicks, at her residence, 773 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

HILL.—Killed in service in France, Aug. 29, Lieutenant Maurice McKnight Hill, U. S. Air Service, son of G. Everett and Martha Barrett Hill.

HOLSAPPLE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1918, at her residence, Hudson, N. Y., Louisa Livingston, wife of Frank B. Holsapple and daughter of the late Henry Walter and Caroline R. Livingston. Funeral private Friday, Nov. 1, 1918.

HOUGHTON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1918, Edwin Walter, son of the late Edwin and Catharine Houghton. Funeral services at his late residence, 674 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J., on Thursday at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Funeral private.

ISRAEL.—On Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, Dorothy, beloved wife of Carl, at her residence, 1,034 Freeman St., Bronx. Funeral Friday, 10 o'clock.

JAMES.—Sunday, Oct. 27, at her residence, 309 West 113th St., Mary Eleanor, daughter of the late George W. and Catherine L. James. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock.

JANKELSON.—On Oct. 24, Benjamin Jankelson, beloved brother of Leopold, Samuel, Barney, Harry, Sarah, Lillie, Mrs. Mary Bernstein. Funeral services Friday, Nov. 1, 11 A. M., at Montefiore Cemetery, Springfield, L. I.

JEFFE.—Of wounds received in action on Sept. 29, Eddy Douglass Jeffe, in his 27th year, member of Company K, 107th U. S. Infantry. Memorial service at Emanuel Baptist Church, Midwood, N. J., Sunday, Nov. 3, at 3:30 P. M.

KAISER.—Thursday, Oct. 29, Caroline P., (nee Winterbauer,) wife of John B. Kaiser. Funeral from late residence, 1,892 Morris Av., on Saturday, 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

KAUFMAN.—Joseph. The New York Physicians' Association is deeply bereaved at the untimely and sudden death of its fellow-member, Dr. Joseph Kaufman. The society has by his death lost a valued friend, a capable and earnest worker, who for two years has ably fulfilled the duties of Secretary. Though still a young man, he had already attained a proficiency and reputation in his specialty that were enviable. To the widow the society extends its sincerest sympathy, fully realizing what the loss of such a noble character must mean to the family circle.
MILTON J. BALLIN, President.
ALFRED M. HELLMAN,
Acting Secretary.

KRAMER.—On Oct. 30, Ruth, in her 19th year, beloved daughter of Harry and Stella Kramer. Funeral from her late residence, 566 West 162d St., Thursday, Oct. 31, at 1 P. M.

KRAMER.—The Ray of Sunshine Club, Chapter 2, announces with deepest sorrow the death of their dearly beloved member, Ruth Kramer.
(Signed.) GOLDIE ENGELMAN, President.
HORTENSE SIMON, Secretary.

KRUSE.—On Sunday, Oct. 27, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Corporal John J., son of William Kruse. Funeral private. Interment National Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

LARKIN.—Terence. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 1 P. M. Interment St. Raymond's.

LELLY.—Oct. 29, Nannie Lelly. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday, 9 A. M.

McCAULEY.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., on Monday, Oct. 28, 1918, Ida M. Garrison, widow of the late Judge William McCauley. Funeral services from her late residence, Hudson Av., Haverstraw, Friday afternoon, Nov. 1, 1918, 2 o'clock.

McCLANAHAN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1918, after a long illness, George Xavier McClanahan, dearly beloved husband of Caroline Duer McClanahan, in the 47th year of his age. Funeral private from his late residence, 2031 Q St., Northwest, Washington, D. C., Thursday, Oct. 31, at 2:30 P. M.

McKENNA.—Alice. Funeral from John J. Fox's chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 3 P. M. Interment Calvary.

McNEIL.—Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1918, Agnes Smith McNeil, beloved wife of Robert McNeil, aged 44 years. Funeral from her late residence, 68 Booraem Av., Jersey City, Saturday, Nov. 2, at 2 P. M., thence to Second United Presbyterian Church, Hancock Av., near Bowers St., Jersey City, at 2:30 P. M.

MADDRA.—Mrs. Anna S., at Ridgewood, N. J., suddenly, Oct. 25. Funeral private.

MASSETT.—At Westfield, N. J., on Oct. 29, 1918, Edward L. Massett, in his 73d year. Funeral services at his late residence, Central Av., Westfield, on Friday afternoon, at 2:30. Interment at Fairview Cemetery, Westfield, N. J.

MICHAELS.—Passed into eternal rest at 189 8th Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, Oct. 28, 1918, Joseph Jules, beloved son of Humphrey and Gella, nee Dahlman, in his fourth year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

MONNIKENDAM.—Oct. 29, Max Monnikendam, beloved husband of Emma, son of Matilda and brother-in-law of James J. and William A. Loeb. Funeral from chapel Mount Carmel Cemetery, Cypress Hills, Thursday, at 2 P. M.

CAMPBELL REAL BRONZE CASKETS ENDURE

CASKETS IN VARIETY STILL AVAILABLE

FRANK E. CAMPBELL

"THE F

BOUTS IN RING AND ALL SUNDAY CONTESTS BARRED IN WAR WORK FUND DRIVE

BOUTS ARE BANNED IN WAR FUND DRIVE

Sunday Competitions Also Forbidden by Executive Committee of Campaign.

CAST FROWN ON PUGILISTS

Program of Contests in Ring Planned by Coffroth and Expected to Raise $1,000,000 Is Off.

Professional boxing and all sporting competition planned for Sundays during the drive of the United War Work Campaign next month were rejected by the Executive Committee in charge of the drive yesterday. At a meeting of the committee, of which John R. Mott is Chairman, held at the University Club, a resolution was passed which provided that the Sports Committee of the campaign should sanction boxing activities only in army camps and at naval stations of the country. The resolution also provides that the committee will not approve of any sporting competition held on Sunday.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., told the committee that protests against boxing as a means of aiding the war fund had been received from ministers in all sections of the country. This action means that the country-wide program which has been planned by James W. Coffroth of California will have to be canceled unless the boxing promoters decide to conduct the benefit boxing shows through independent committees of their own.

Although it was pointed out at the meeting yesterday that the boxing show for the Red Cross at Madison Square Garden netted $60,000, and that the present extensive boxing campaign was expected to raise at least $1,000,000, the committe frowned upon the sport. Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, who has charge of the athletic activities in the training camps, pointed out to the committee that the action of Jess Willard and a few boxers who were arbitrary about offernig their aid, did not represent the prevailing spirit among the professional boxers, but that the majority of them were prompted by a sincere patriotic purpose in offering their services for the drive. Nevertheless, the committee decided that it did not want to accept money from any benefits in which professional boxers appeared.

This action has placed Coffroth, who came here from San Francisco at the request of the Sports Committee, in an embarrassing position. He has enlisted the services of boxers and promoters in all parts of the country and had a movement under way which would have resulted in the greatest demonstration of pugilistic activity ever known in this country. As the matter now stands the whole project will have to be abandoned. The committee may now ask Coffroth to promote the boxing shows at the army camps. At these events the committee has not yet decided whether or not it will sanction the participation of professional boxers. It may confine the shows to bouts between men in the service.

While the decision against boxing was a hard blow to the plans of the Sports Committee, of which Herbert L. Pratt is Chairman and William W. Roper Secretary, the decision against sanctioning Sunday athletic activities for the fund will be even a harder blow.

The Professional Golfers' Association will hold a meeting on Monday at the Martinique to make plans for the pros' part in the drive and it was part of their program to play Sunday matches. The Amateur Athletic Union had planned to hold Sunday meets, but these plans will have to be abandoned. One A. A. U. meet was held at City College Stadium last Sunday, at which a collection was taken up for the drive, but, according to the decision of the committee, these funds cannot be accepted.

The committee was not unanimous in its action against the boxers and Sunday sports, as some of the members stated last night that they did not deem it fair to prevent the boxers or any other athletes from doing their bit toward the movement in their own way.

It was rumored several days ago that the opposition of John R. Mott, Chairman of the committee, to boxing would result in its being dropped from participation in the drive, but when the Sports Committee broke away from the main committee and started to do business as a separate organization, it was believed that this objection had been overcome. The attitude of the Executive Committee yesterday in decreeing that no committee having any connection whatever with the drive would be permitted to hold benefit shows for the drive or conduct Sunday games in its behalf has, however, revealed the contrary.

It is known that not all of the cooperating organizations which make up the United War Work Campaign are opposed to accepting the aid of the boxers and the organizations which expect to conduct their games on Sundays, for the Jewish Welfare Board, the National Catholic War Council, and the Salvation Army have encouraged aid from there sources at all times.

CAPABLANCA IN THE LEAD.

Plays Closely Contested Match with Kostich to a Draw.

The final round of the first part of the masters' tournament was contested at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday afternoon, the features being the games won by Marshall and Janowski against Black and Chajes, respectively. Capablanca and Kostich, by the way, the only two competitors who have not lost a single game outright so far, were paired in this, the seventh round of the contest. Capablanca lost one point by two drawn games, Kostich 2½ points by five drawn games.

As will be seen from the record to date, Capablanca is leading the field, while Chajes and Kostich are following the leader 1½ points behind. Should Marshall succeed in winning his adjourned game against Morrison, scheduled to be finished today, the United States champion would then be on equal terms with Chajes and Kostich. The latter, it must be recorded, drew his game with Black in the sixth round after seventy-three moves.

The game between Kostich and Capablanca, a Queen's Gambit declined, the former handling the white pieces, was evenly contested from start to finish, a draw being recorded after forty-one moves.

Chajes defended Janowski's Queen's Pawn Opening irregularly, manoeuvred his queen's knight often and scarcely to any purpose, and the advance of his queen's pawn at his sixteenth turn was scarcely to the point. The Parisian, pressing the attack vigorously, won a piece on the twenty-eighth move, and two moves later Chajes resigned.

Morrison also played an irregular defense to Marshall's Queen Pawn Opening, and by an oversight lost a pawn at his sixteenth move. Six moves later he lost another pawn, and thus Marshall did not experience any difficulties in winning the game. Thirty-six moves were recorded.

The record to date: Capablanca, 5—1; Chajes and Kostich, 3½—2½ each; Marshall 2½—2½, (with one game to finish;) Janowski, 2½—3½; Morrision, 1½—3½, (with one game to finish,) and Black, 1½—4½.

This afternoon the Marshall-Morrison game will be finished, while the eighth round will be contested tomorrow.

TABERSKI IS CHALLENGED.

Greenleaf Has Enthusiastic Backers for Title Match at Pool.

Ralph Greenleaf won yesterday's two blocks in his 1,200-point pocket billiards match with John Layton at Daly's Broadway Academy, and increased his lead in the score for three days of play by 31 points. The young Western player took the afternoon match by a score of 100 to 72 in eight innings, making a high run of 22. Layton had a cluster of 20 as his best effort. In the evening Greenleaf was close pressed but managed to win by 100 to 97 in eleven innings. The victor returned a run of 24 and Layton one of 26. The total score favors Greenleaf by 600 to 541.

A challenge on behalf of Greenleaf was last night sent to Frank Taberski, the champion. The challenge made no conditions on a match between the young Westerner and the titleholder, except that the match be promoted for the benefit of the United War Work drive, at any place and at any time the Sports Committee of the campaign selected. Greenleaf's admirers guaranteed a side bet of $1,000 with the challenge to Taberski.

N. Y. U. WILL PLAY MERRITT.

Officers' Eleven Takes Stevens Place on Violet's Schedule.

New York University will play its first game at Ohio Field on Saturday against the officers' eleven from Camp Merritt, which played Columbia last week. N. Y. U. was to have played Stevens Saturday, but the Hoboken institution cancelled the game because of the influenza quarantine.

The Merritt eleven is improving the strong forward pass game which they uncovered in the last few minutes of play at South Field on Saturday and will be in much better shape than they were last week.

Daley Leads Harvard Team.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 30.—Edward J. Dafey, who was captain of the Dartmouth football team in 1912, was elected captain of the Harvard Students' Army Training Corps eleven today. Daley was rated as one of the best ends in the East while at Dartmouth. His home is in Lancaster, N. H.

Pelham Bay Defeats Hancock.

Pelham Bay Naval Training Station's football eleven defeated the Fort Hancock soldier team yesterday at Travers Island by the score of 28 to 0.

FORDHAM DEFEATED BY SAILOR ELEVEN

Maroon, Outweighed by Granite State Team, Loses Opening Game, 6 to 0.

In a game filled with sensational runs and forward passes, the U. S. S. Granite State defeated the Fordham University S. A. T. C. Unit at Fordham Field yesterday by the score of 6 to 0. The Granite State team outweighed the Maroon by at least 20 pounds to a man, but the S. A. T. C. eleven made up in speed and aggressiveness what they lacked in weight.

The game was practically an even affair as far as yards gained and lost was concerned, and the Fordham eleven lost a touchdown by having one of their men off-side in the third quarter, when Captain Frisch heaved the ball to Garvey and Fordham's right end took it over the line for what seemed like a score for the Maroon team. However, off-side play was detected and the ball was brought back.

Fordham had another chance to score at the beginning of the game, when, after the kick-off, they rushed their heavier opponents to the ten-yard line, only to lose the ball on a fumble. This seemed to be the turning point of the game, and the husky tars by line smashing and the use of forward passes scored the only touchdown of the game. Beard carried the ball over the line from the two-yard mark. He later failed to kick the goal.

A series of line plunges and runs around end paved the way for the Jackies' victorious score in the second quarter. The Fordham line was slowly forced back before the sailors' attack, which was alternated with runs by Lohr, Beard and Duburcq. Methodically, the Granite State aggregation kept pounding away at the Maroon's defense until finally the ball was in play on Fordham's two-yard line. Here another line plunge was made, which sent Radcliffe over the Maroon goal line for a touchdown. Lohr's attempt at goal failed.

The feature of the game was Captain Frisch's all around play. On several occasions he slipped by tackler after tackler for gains of 25 to 40 yards. His defensive play was also of high calibre. Frisch, Gilmartin, Corselle, Halligan, and Karden also featured.

For the navy men, Duburcq, Bonds and Kennedy were prominent by their brilliant work.

The line-up:

Granite State. (6.)	Position.	2Fordham, (0.)
Vickery	L.E.	Garvey
Cook	L.T.	O'Hare
Bonds	L.G.	Cinnelli
Ernest	C.	Halligan
Abrahams	R.G.	Van Wie
Hightower	R.T.	Harden
Woodruff	R.E.	Corcelle
Beard	Q.B.	Ryan
Radcliffe	L.H.B.	Barnes
Lohr	R.H.B.	Gilmartin
Duburcq	F.B.	Frisch

Substitutions—Fordham, Reilly for Cinnelli, Gannon for Frisch, Ferris for Corselle, Drye for Van Wie, Frisch for Gannon, Corselle for Ferris, O'Connor for Drye, Muiry for Halligan; Granite State, Kennedy for Duburcq. Referee—M. B. Welfers. Umpire—Mr. McCaffery. Head linesman—Lieutenant Quintano. Periods—Ten minutes each.

EASY GAME FOR HAMILTON.

Overwhelms Marquand School at South Field, 60 to 0.

Hamilton Institute's football eleven scored its second victory of the season yesterday, when it overwhelmed the Marquand School team of Brooklyn in a one-sided game at South Field, by a score of 60 to 0. This score gives the Hamilton team a total of 100 points scored on opponents. The team has not been scored on.

MAY REINSTATE JACK ELLER

Former Y. M. C. A. Director Wants to Compete in A. A. U. Games.

Jack Eller, hurdles champion, who recently returned from France, where he was a Y. M. C. A. athletic director, yesterday notified local Amateur Athletic Union authorities that he would apply for reinstatement as an amateur, so as to be eligible to participate in the United War Work Campaign track and field meet to be held Nov. 23 at Madison Square Garden.

FRANKLIN IN WINNING FORM.

Western Gelding Takes the Liberty Bond Purse at Laurel.

LAUREL, MD., Oct. 30.—St. Louis' five-year-old Western gelding Franklin continued his winning form here today and had little difficulty in the hands of L. Ensor in annexing the Liberty bonds that went to the winner of the fourth race at a mile and a sixteenth. The son of Jim Gaffney is showing now more speed than he has exhibited in the past two years and his success in the handicap this afternoon brought his total of winning brackets at the meeting to four, while he has been beaten only once, when he finished second to the Kentucky Derby winner, Exterminator.

There was a surprise in the steeplechase in which the players overlooked J. A. Buchanan's W. F. Knebelkamp and pinned their faith to Pebeto and New Haven. Both the choices were well up in the early running, but W. F. Knebelkamp had more speed on the flat and beat Pebeto and New Haven in the run in.

W. M. Jefford's Routledge carried top weight in the Peerless Purse for two-year-olds and in a fast run race had enough left at the finish to defeat Knot, which came with a rush at the end. The time of 1:12 2-5 was only two-fifths of a second slower than that made by Eternal on Monday.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, six furlongs. Charlie Leydecker, 109 pounds, (C. Kummer,) $4.10, $3.60, and $3. won; Blazeaway, 111, (W. O'Brien,) $9.40 and $4.50, second; Blaise, 106, (G. Preece, Jr.,) $6.10, third. Time—1:13. Onico, Sybil, Loftus, Rapid Firer, Sir Edgar, Maud Bacon, Wheat Cakes, Korthage, Irene, and Whispering Hope also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Red Coat Steeplechase Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward; two miles. W. F. Knebelkamp, 139 pounds, (J. Turner,) $14.20, $3.20, and $3.10, won; Pebeto, 146, (M. Henderson,) $3.60 and $2.60, second; New Haven, 140, (R. Scully,) $2.30, third. Time—3:52. Kingstown Pier, Fencer, and Thistle Queen also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For 2-year-olds, six furlongs. Routledge, 118 pounds, (E. Ambrose,) $5.80, $3.60, and $2.50, won; Knot, 105, (L. Ensor,) $3.40 and $2.50, second; His Sister, 105, (J. Rodriquez,) $2.50, third. Time—1:12 2-5. The Dauphin, My Friend, Rhajes, Daydue, and Bridesman also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Liberty Bond Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Franklin, 120 pounds, (L. Ensor,) $3.90, $2.90, and $2.40, won; Aurum, 106, (A. Collins,) $6.80 and $4.10, second; Valor, 110, (E. Thurber,) $3.60, third. Time—1:45. Smart Money and Slippery Elm also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds, one mile. Red Sox, 104 pounds, (E. Ambrose,) $8.90, $3.50, and $2.50, won; Tombolo, 107, (L. Ensor,) $3 and $2.40, second; Kate Bright, 104, (C. Kummer,) $3.40, third. Time—1:39 2-5. John P. Day, Juanita III., and Canso also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Monomoy, 110 pounds, (A. Shuttinger,) $12.10, $4.80, and $2.40, won; Peerless One, 109, (H. Lunsford,) $4.50 and $2.50, second; Buckboard, 107, (W. Kelsay,) $2.30, third. Time—1:46 2-5. Celto, Obolus, Prunes, and Saints Bridge also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Sandman II., 114 pounds, (H. Lunsford,) $3.90, $2.30, and $2.60, won; Dr. Campbell, 108, (G. Preece, Jr.,) $18.80 and $7.50, second; Arbitrator, 109, (A. Jackson,) $3, third. Time—1:47. Boxer, Grey Eagle, Bierman, Cliff Field, Early Sight, Amalgamator, Dartworth, Fairly, Candidate II., Starfinch, Scotch Woodcock, Captain Ray, and Pazza also ran.

EIGHTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Bravado, 111 pounds, (A. Shuttinger,) $20.70, $7.80, and $4.10, won; Dolina, 104, (C. Kummer,) $3.50 and $2.60, second; Eddie Henry, 113, (W. Kelsay,) $2.70, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Almino, Leta, Charley McFerran, Crumpsall, Babette, Blazonry, Senator Broderick, Ben Dampson, Sea Farer, and Golden Bantam also ran. Weather, cloudy; track, fast.

STRONG AND SINGLETON WIN

Take Match from Martin and Anderson by 2 to 1 Score.

Herbert Martin, of Bayside Links, and Carl Anderson, were defeated by Herbert Strong of the home club and C. W. Singleton of Oakland, by a score of 2 and 1 at the Engineers Country Club yesterday. It had originally been arranged for Jimmy Donaldson, the Norwood "pro," to team up with Anderson.

Because of some work in progress on the course, the golfers only played the first fifteen holes in their regular sequence. From the fifteenth green they went to the eighteenth tee, played the home hole and then the first and eighteenth over again to complete the round. The best ball was an 80 returned by Singleton and Strong, the other side getting a stroke more. Anderson made the round himself in 82.

COLUMBIA BREAKS UP FORWARD PASS

Coach Dawson Drills Eleven in Defense Against Aerial Attack.

Rain and a wet, slippery ball did not hamper the daily football drill at Columbia yesterday. In fact Fred Dawson, coach of the S. A. T. C. 'Varsity eleven, drove the squad harder than usual, and it was a wet, mud-bedraggled lot of football players that crowded to the showers after the practice.

After a long signal drill, Dawson sent the 'Varsity eleven against the second team in a stiff scrimmage in which the 'Varsity had the defensive, being called upon chiefly to break up forward passes, which caused no end of trouble in the game with Camp Merritt last week and came within an ace of giving the Merritt team the game.

Dawson took occasion to deny that the squad had been or would be cut to twenty-five players and that Columbia would play Yale at the end of November. He said there had never been any intention to cut down the size of the squad because that would be contrary to the S. A. T. C. regulations, which prescribed that there be general athletics for all students during recreation periods.

As to the probability of a game with Yale on Nov. 30, or any other date in November, he said the only game toward which Columbia was carrying on negotiations on that date was with Cornell. A letter had been received from Yale some time ago, he said, asking whether Columbia would consider a game in the Yale Bowl this Fall, but similar letters were received from Lafayette, Pennsylvania, Rutgers, and a number of other colleges, but there was no intention of entering negotiations with any of these colleges until definite assurance was received from Ithaca that Cornell would not be able to play on the date suggested.

It developed during the practice that Houlahan, the big half back, who was taken sick with influenza last week and who reported on Tuesday, would not be able to play against Amherst on Saturday. He has lost nearly ten pounds in weight and is so weak that Dawson would not take a chance on sending him into a game. Memmott, who wrenched his shoulder, will also be unable to play against Amherst on Saturday for the reason that he still suffers severe pains. Hermann, a tackle, who has been suffering from a strained ankle, is on the sick list together with Canapery, but they will both be out next week.

The officers of the athletic association are considering the advisability of erecting the north stand on South Field for use in the games with New York University and Cornell. If the attendance at the Amherst game on Saturday is up to expectations, the association may decide to put up the north bleachers.

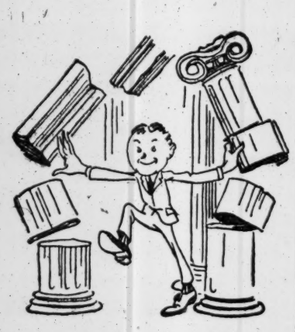
Fund Golf at Essex County C. C.

An eighteen holes medal play handicap golf tournament will be held over the links of the Essex County Country Club Nov. 16, for the benefit of the United War Work Campaign. The golfers will compete for a victory medal as Gaffney owns Braves Field he may be in control of the club again next season.

GAFFNEY MAY BUY BRAVES.

He and Frazee Have Plan to Use Braves Field for All Games.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—James E. Gaffney of New York, owner of the Boston Braves when they won the world's series in 1914, was here today and conferred with the present owners of the club about plans for next season. It is stated that the present owners are anxious to get rid of the franchise, and



Strong as we are for style, we remember that unless a structure is basically correct, there is sure to be a crash!

That's why we test chemically each delivery of cloth to make sure it's all wool.

Can't afford the labor of fine making unless we know the quality of the stuffs we make up.

It is this very care that lets us say *moneyback* any old time, if you want it.

Everything men and boys wear.

Inquiries from suburban homes indicate that many parents whose boys need clothes, hesitate to bring the boys to the City for shopping.

Why not write our "Shopping Service" for samples and goods on approval?

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

CELESTINS VICHY

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Natural Alkaline Water

Announcement is made that this famous Mineral Water is imported as usual and can be readily obtained from dealers

CELESTINS

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

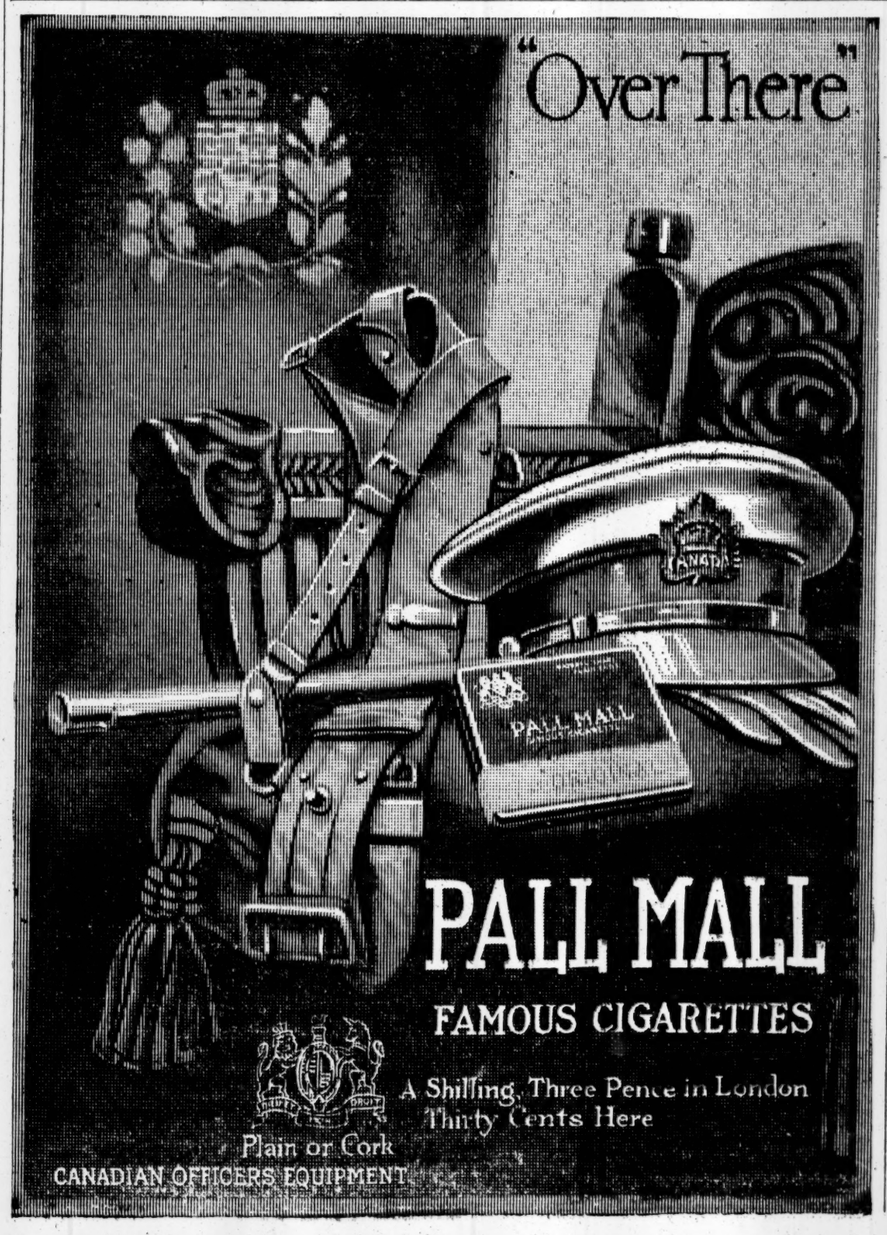
AFTER THE HIKE

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES. PRESERVE THE LEATHER.

The F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N. Y.



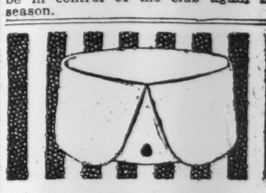
PALL MALL

FAMOUS CIGARETTES

A Shilling, Three Pence in London Thirty Cents Here

Plain or Cork

CANADIAN OFFICERS EQUIPMENT



SERVATOR MADE WITH THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE A SMART STYLE IN Lion Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

Monroe Clothes

"Every provident man and woman in the United States may find his savings worth twice as much in purchasing power after the war as now. How can any one more certainly make money than by saving it now with assurance of its enormous enhancement in value when normal conditions are restored? Those who spend everything they earn are not only living in a fools paradise but they are doing a grievous injury to their country."

Secretary of the Treasury.

Monroe Clothes

Unanimous Choice of All Parties

There is one issue that the members of all political parties clearly and unitedly agree on and that is—the economy of

—Monroe Clothes—

Monroe Clothes typify modern American methods of merchandising. Every possible short cut from producer to purchaser is used—and for those reasons *your price* is considerably lessened because of the savings that result.

You buy Monroe Clothes—
—direct from the maker—
—in low rent upstairs shops—
—for cash only—
(No charge, credit or deposit account losses or bookkeeping are added to your cost).

and in addition to these savings you enjoy the volume purchase benefits of the largest retail clothes business in America.

MONROE "JUNIOR" CLOTHES SIZES 32 TO 36 WITH EXTRA TROUSERS

Come up—see Monroe Clothes for Fall—compare our Suits and Overcoats with those offered elsewhere at $10 more than our price. We know our sales slips will register your final decision.

Monroe Clothes $21.

Distinctive, high grade Fall Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

Monroe Clothes $30.

De luxe Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

Monroe Clothes $25.

Custom quality fabrics in Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'WAY.
50 E. 42nd " " MADISON
NASSAU " " FRANKFORT
5 CORTLAND " " B'WAY.
14th St. opp. ACAD. MUSIC
23rd Street cor. B'WAY.
34th " " "
59th " at COL. CIRCLE
125th " cor. 7th. AVE.
CHRYSTIE St. at CANAL

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
Court & Montague Sts.
Fulton & Hoyt Sts.
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. at Jay
PATERSON—220 Main St.
YONKERS—Getty Square

OPEN EVENINGS

Monroe Clothes America's Largest Retail Clothiers

SUITS and OVERCOATS READY FOR SERVICE

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

CUTS OUT BUSINESS TAX.

Senate Committee Eliminates $10 a Year License from Revenue Bill.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Revision of the War Revenue Bill under plans made today by the Senate Finance Committee will be suspended Friday over the elections. During the recess a print of the bill as thus far amended will be made and the committee intends to report it to the Senate about Nov. 12. Among the questions left over are gross sales and consumption taxes.

John Barton Payne, counsel of the Railroad Administration, will be heard tomorrow regarding the proportion of Federal taxes the Government and railroads should pay.

The new plan of taxing insurance companies 12 per cent. of net revenues in lieu of war excess, capital stock and premium taxes, was formally approved today. A proposal to allow refunds of premium taxes accumulating this year was rejected.

The committee struck out the business license tax of $10 on all persons engaged in trade, business, or profession, whose gross earnings or receipts are $2,500. This provision of the House bill, estimated to raise $10,000,000, Chairman Simmons explained, was eliminated because the committee had adopted a plan of extending the war excess profits taxes to individuals and partnerships engaged in trade or business.

More Overgaiters Needed.

Manufacturers of overgaiters for men and women feel that business in their line will be very good within the next few months. One reason for this is that women's shoes will be lower this season than they were last, and it is expected that more gaiters will be worn. The colors have been limited to dark grey, black, white, and fawn. One of the main things manufacturers in this line have to contend with is the shortage of materials.

Gunmetal Leather Is Scarce.

Added to their other troubles, manufacturers of men's shoes are now facing a severe shortage of gunmetal leather. Just why the shortage should be as marked as it apparently is was not definitely known here yesterday, but it was said that the reason might be a demand for it for shoes for the navy. Whether this is the correct reason or not, the shortage is severe enough to cause no little anxiety on the part of the manufacturers of shoes for civilian use.

New Ruling on Hat Shipments.

In a new ruling by the War Industries Board, not less than six hats are to be packed in a carton where practicable. This does not mean that not more than one style may be packed in a carton. In order that stocks in the hands of hatbox and paper manufacturers may be fully utilized, no special color or design of covering should be insisted upon by any manufacturers. It is suggested that wherever possible chipboard boxes should be used. If a covering is used it should be unbleached.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE METROPOLITAN STORES, INC., alleged Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 26234.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court, for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Receivers in Bankruptcy, offer for sale all of the property, assets and effects of the above named alleged bankrupt, of every kind and description, including the following:

(1) Merchandise on hand, consisting of complete grocery stock contained in the warehouse of the alleged bankrupt and in the twenty stores, chain numbers and addresses of which are hereto appended.

(2) One Clyde five-ton truck and two Ford cars, one of which is a delivery wagon.

(3) Fixtures contained in the warehouse, office and each of the twenty stores, including electric coffee grinders.

The methods of selling the above assets as outlined in the order of the court are as follows:

Lot A. All of the assets above enumerated together with the goodwill, trade-name, etc., as a going concern.

Lot B. A bid for either one or more or all of the stores by chain number and address.

Lot C. A bid for the contents of the warehouse, including fixtures and office fittings in the general office.

Lot D. A bid for the automobiles and truck.

The following are the locations of the various stores with the chain number preceding:

Warehouse and general offices are located at 4210 Park Avenue, New York City.
Store No. Addresses.
1—558 West 181st Street.
3—1495 St. Nicholas Avenue, cor. 185th St.
4—1024 Webster Ave., near 177th Street.
5—380 East Fordham Road, cor. Elm Place.
6—51 West Fordham Road, cor. Grand Avenue.
7—2402 Broadway, near 88th Street.
8—504 West 207th Street.
9—1919 Southern Boulevard, cor. Elsmere Place.
10—1964 Amsterdam Avenue, near 157th Street.
11—1688 St. Nicholas Avenue, cor. 121st Street.
12—2022 Seventh Ave., cor 121st Street.
18—1782 Amsterdam Avenue, cor. 146th Street.
14—784 Amsterdam Ave., near 96th Street.
15—2450 Creston Ave., cor. 188th Street.
16—2159 Eighth Ave., near 110th Street.
17—1839 Grand Concourse.
18—Nagle Ave. & Arden Street.
19—1291 Lexington Avenue, near 86th Street.
20—1498 Fifth Ave., near 120th Street.
21—2745 Webster Ave., cor. 197th Street.

The Receivers are authorized by the Court to conduct the sale under the following conditions:

(1) To receive competitive open bids for all of the assets and property of the alleged bankrupt.

(2) To receive open bids for the contents of one or more of the several stores of the alleged bankrupt.

(3) To receive sealed bids for all of the assets and property of the alleged bankrupt, to be opened after the receiving of the open bids.

(4) To receive sealed bids for the contents of one or more of the several stores of the alleged bankrupt, to be opened after the receiving of the open bids.

(5) To accept, subject to the confirmation of the Court, such bids as are for the best interests of the estate; and

(6) To reject such bids as are not for the best interests of the estate.

Open or sealed bids in accordance with the above will be received by the Receivers at the address stated below on Thursday, October 31st, 1918, at 11 o'clock A. M. All bids must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount of the bid in cash or certified check.

Such property as will not be sold by the acceptance of open or sealed bids will be sold at Public Auction pursuant to the rules and regulations of the court by Charles A. Shongood, United States Auctioneer, commencing Saturday, November 2, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M., said sale commencing at the warehouse at 4219 Park Avenue.

Arrangements to inspect the assets of the alleged bankrupt may be made by applying at the Warehouse, 4219 Park Avenue, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 28th, 29th, and 30th, between 9:00 and 12:00 A. M. Further information may be obtained upon application to the Receivers.

Dated, New York, October 28th, 1918.

JESSE WATSON and GEORGE W. CLEVELAND, Receivers in Bankruptcy, 60 Wall Street, New York City.

W. & J. J. LESSER, EHLERMANN, WRIGHT & ABBOTT, Attorneys for the Receivers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VISUAL EDUCATION, INC., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thurs., Oct. 31, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 67 Irving Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a motion picture producing plant, including cameras, projectors, screens, electrical apparatus, films, materials, supplies, furniture, fixtures, &c. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the name, good will, &c.

BYRON CLARK, JR., Receiver.

MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Attorney for Receiver, 63 Wall St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26296. —In Bankruptcy.—FREDERICK A. MORRELL, JR., Bankrupt.

Frederick A. Morrell, Jr., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 21, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on November 12, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,

Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26129. —In Bankruptcy.—LIZZIE F. BROWN, Bankrupt.

Lizzie F. Brown was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 20, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on November 12, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND,

Referee in Bankruptcy.

BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Annalist, published every Monday by The New York Times, is a magazine dealing with vital matters. It concerns the commercial and industrial papers of the United States. On news stands 10 cents, $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted.—Chase's fur wove, 27 inch. Phone Greeley 3133.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany 315 or F. & H. brown; serges 11433, shade 5.2; velour K 544 taupe, silvertones; Andrew reindeer. Mad. Square 4356.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, taupe, navy. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

COATS, Suits, Dresses and Waists Wanted. —J. Adelman of the Value Garment Co., Inc., Baltimore, Md., is in the market for jobs of coats, suits, dresses and waists. Call 145 West 28th St., New York, 12th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Western jobber placing orders for Spring better grade misses', junior, and children's coats; mornings 10:30 to 12. 1,123 Broadway, 615.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing sample orders for appointment. Write L. 358 Times.

COATS and Suits Wanted.—Jobber looking at samples of Spring coats and suits. 39 West 21st, seventh floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring sample coats and suits. 44 West 33d St., 5th floor.

CREPE Wanted—Serpentine, 25 cases, at a price; spot cash. Chelsea 7098.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at silk dresses for Spring; big user; immediate orders. 9:30 to 12 and 2 to 5, Room 804, 33 West 34th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on new Spring styles in taffetas, georgettes, crepe de chines, foulards and tricolettes. 54 West 25th, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring dresses. Ask for Mr. Winter, 4th floor, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at silk and serge dresses; quantity no object. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade, cash. National, Franklin 4543.

DRESSES Wanted.—All kinds of new Spring styles, placing orders. 40 East 30th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring dresses. 44 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Must be cheap for cash. Mr. Melcher, Farragut 2926.

EIDERDOWN Wanted.—Double face, 36 inches; white, pink and blue. Lane Bryant, 21-23 West 38th. Greeley 6418.

FLANNEL Wanted.—32 or 36 inch gray wool-mixed flannel; quantity no object. 1,270 Broadway. Room 616.

FUR COLLARS Wanted.—Job of fur collars. Fleisher Cloak & Suit, 20 West 33d.

FURMOSS wanted in quantity; Blumenthal's at best price. Farragut 3644 or 1,123 Broadway, Room 615, 10:30 to 12.

FURMOSS BEAVER Wanted. Blumenthal, Madison Square 8564.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Tricotines, tweeds. Madison Square 8777.

RATINE Wanted.—White, any quantity. G. Mehringer & Co., Inc., 352 4th Av., City.

SERGES Wanted.—619 black and 54240 black and navy; state quantity, lowest cash price. John G. Vogler, 022 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 9, 7120, 519. Madison Sq. 4621, Ext. 2.

SERGE Wanted.—0234 navy and black; must be cheap. Meadow & Lyons.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for discontinued lines of silk, any color. Spring 7924.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—H. L. in brown and taupe, also American poplin; spot cash. Chelsea 5013.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors, Franz, Merz quality or similar. Telephone Farragut 596.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits, better grade. 145 West 30th St., 11th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Dery 1011 and black peau de cygne. Madison Square 7593.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Can use a quantity of tricotines for cash. I. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., 37 West 28th St.

TWILL BACK VELVETEEN Wanted.—24-inch to close; about 600 yards; black, navy, green and brown. Hugo H. Levy & Bros., 29 West 36th St.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—15020 black, brown, also Valentine's 110 velours, all shades; also will exchange taupe 0360 for other shades. Madison Square 6635.

VELOUR Wanted.—American heavyweight; must be cheap. Meadow & Lyons.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H. taupe, plum, burgundy; will pay cash. Farr. 5750.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 0360; Navy only; pay $2.85 cash. Mad. Sq. 4845.

VELOUR Wanted.—American 0360; brown or similar. Greeley 2137.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavyweight; spot cash, below $3. Call 2262 Mad. Sq.

YALAMA Wanted.—Reindeer; will pay $2.75. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av.

WOOLENS Wanted.—We are in the market for woolen piece goods such as serges, poplins, velours, broadcloth, and other materials mainly for women's wear. Call with samples. Goodman, 200 5th Av., or call Gramercy 5450.

Contracts Wanted.

CAPS, uniform, trench, overseas novelties of any description; facilities for turning out quantity at shortest notices. Spring 1612.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BAFFIN-HUDSON BEAVER, mole and kerami plush; short coats and coatees with muffs to match, that are made and look like real fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BANDS.—640 dozen white cut bands for soft band shirts. Telephone Spring 384.

BEAVER.—Short beaver coats, also stoles and muffs to match; beaver, plush, mole, and kerami; lower prices, best value; immediate delivery. R. Simon & Co., 22-24 West 38th.

BOTANY.—2317, Pacific voile, V. W. Madison Square 4429.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, 315 black, $2.85; pom pom 12075, plum, reindeer, taupe, $2.35; light weight, all-wool velours, navy, brown, green, black, taupe, $2.60. Haywood & Baruch-Wolff 28-30-inch oxford, navy, 95c. Madison Square 2650.

BROADCLOTH.—Jullliards 110, all colors, quantities. Madison Square 4413. Chasman & Weiss.

BROADCLOTH, kerseys, velours and all kinds of serges. H. L. Bunin, 348 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 651.

BROADCLOTHS.—110 Juliards 15020; all shades right prices. Chelsea 2906.

BLANKETS.—Wade blankets, white, 54x74, $2.05. Wechsler, Stuyvesant 2153.

CHARMEUSE.—Crepe, meteor, high shades, plaids; close out. Lindau, 118 West 29th.

CHEVIOTS.—Navy, to close out at once very reasonable. K 3 Times.

CHIFFON VELVETS.—All shades for sale. J. Heit & Son, 99 Madison Av. Madison Square 8585.

CLOTH.—F. & H. Yalama, black and navy; boiled broadcloth, high shades; Merz silvertone, all shades. F. & F., 141 West 28th St. Farragut 602.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, kerami, Behring seal, and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATINGS—¾ McKinneys, H 3550, $1.85; 910, $1.20; 014C, $1.25; W98, $1.20. Spring 6421.

COATS.—High grade, for immediate delivery; Silvertip, Belvia Silvertone, velours, pile fabrics, &c; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—500 peerless silk dress coats on hand; good skin-trimmed bottom, collars, and cuffs. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS, Silvertones, Broadcloths, Velours.—Better grade, to close out, reasonable, Wimple Glasser Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—75 ladies' Winter coats to close out cheap. J. Hurowitz, 55 Belmont Av., Brooklyn. East New York 7676.

COATS.—5,000 coats, 2 to 6 and 8 to 14; all materials; prices from $3 up. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th St.

COATS.—Closing out, plush velours, broadcloths, Silvertones, cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Wonderful values, smart styles, broadcloth, velour, and silvertone, very cheap. I. Novick & Co., 45 W. 27th.

COATS.—700, big sacrifice, $7.90, $9.90, $10.90, $13.75, $15.75; jobs; unusually low prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobs to close at a price. Wolf & Steinberg, 32 West 20th.

COATS.—Children's, juniors', ladies', to close out; reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 20th.

COATS.—Ladies' and juniors' coats to close out, very reasonable prices. W. M. Mfg. Co., 11 West 20th. Chelsea 9065.

COATS.—Closing out 500 at job prices; good assortment styles, colors, and sizes. Ulius Bros., 37 West 32d.

COATS AND SUITS.—To close out. F. Weinberg & Sons, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Sizes 6 to 17, $4.75 up. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

COATS AND SUITS.—Better grade, at closing prices. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

COATS to close out cheap. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Juniors, stouts; immediate delivery; jobs plushes. Schoen-Weissman, 43 W. 27th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS and Suits to close out. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

COATS.—Odd and stylish stouts on rack; immediate delivery. Dunn, 127 West 26th.

COATS to sell out at a sacrifice. Horowitz, 54 West 22d.

COATS.—100 assorted to close out reasonable. Mandel & Freiman, 15 West 17th.

COATS and Suits to close out. Myer Cohen, 11 West 25th St.

COATS.—Girls', children's, all kinds, to close out. Schwartz, 31 West 15th.

COTTON GOODS—Cabeza, De Perro; large quantity in stock; open for offer. Box 105, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

COTTON GOODS, flannels, shirtings, black sateens, voiles, lawns, and other job lots below market price. 444 Broome St.

COTTON PLUSHES, 50 and 54 inches; all shades and qualities for immediate delivery. Phone Gramercy 5573.

COTTON VOILE, 40" plain colors; 1,000 pieces to close out. 6534 Rector.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Holden-Leonard, all shades. Greeley 8812.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge and velveteen dresses to close out, at a price. Pan-American Waist & Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St., N. Y. C.

DRESSES.—Big values, satins, serges, jerseys, $6.50 to $10.75, immediate delivery; jobs to close out. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—75 mannish serge dresses, season's latest designs, at a big sacrifice. Greenberg & Kannbn, 40-42 West 22d St., 7th floor.

DRESSES.—High grade, to close out; tricolettes, Georgettes, jerseys, satins, and serges. American Costumes, 118 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Job velveteen, serge, satin, large quantity to close out at price. Nathan Nathanson, 148 West 23d St. Chelsea 1326.

DRESSES.—500 serge and satin of the better kind to close out at sacrifice price. I. Bachmuth, 510 6th Av., bet. 30th-31st Sts.

DRESSES.—Twill back, Worrall dye, velveteen dresses, $11.75 net; immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES. — Wool jerseys, serge and trocolette, at interesting prices. Star Dress Mfg. Co., 122 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors closing out velveteen, serge, and satin dresses. 9 West 29th St., 5th floor.

DRESSES.—Tricolette jersey, serge, and velour dresses to close out. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge, satin and georgette; to close out at a sacrifice. Ideal Garment Co., 18 West 33d St.

DRESSES.—Silks, Serges, Velvets, Jerseys, Tricolettes. Glockner Dress Co., 40 West 27th Street.

DRESSES.—Serge, jersey, and oxford to close out at a price. Irene Dress, 26 East 22d. Gramercy 1917.

DRESSES.—Job of jersey, serge, and velveteen; latest models at sacrifice. 8th floor, 14 West 17th.

DRESSES.—1,000 satin, serges and broadcloths to close out cheap. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Contractor close out job velours, serges, and tricolette; all at our factory. Highgrade Dress, 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges, velvet, jersey, satin; close out; sacrifice. H. Wohl, 12 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Serge, all sizes, showy styles, at low prices. Speigelman, 13 East 16th St.

DRESSES.—To close out, sizes up to 46. Frechtel Bros., 18 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Desirable job serges, velveteens, jersey, close out. 43 West 21st, third floor.

DRESSES.—Jobs jersey, serge, satins, velveteens; sacrifice. Feller, 30 W. 32d.

DRESSES.—50 white and black beaded georgette at a price. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—70 satin and velveteens to close out at a price. Feuer Dress, 142 West 24th.

FLANNELS.—White and unbleached; suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Gramercy 1060.

GABARDINES — Lorraine 3617, five black, seven brown; will sell cheap. Spring 6421.

GEORGETTE, all silk, pure dye, manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., 456 4th Av., 31st St. Phone Mad. Sq. 1034.

GEORGEENE.—White and flesh; good quality; very reasonable. Farragut 9501.

HOSIERY.—Large quantities of silk and cotton, to close out at very low prices. Consolidated Hosiery Mills, 533 Broadway, City.

INTERLINING.—Gray and white cotton flannel interlining. Gramercy 3877.

JERSEY for sale, all colors; also 519 serge and 1464, below market price. Phone Madison Square 8350.

JUILLIARDS.—4061, 150 pieces, at $1.32½ net, 30 days. Madison Square 4429.

KAHKI BOMBAZINE, full pieces, Government rejects, 7 cases, 17¾c. net, f. o. b., New York. B 176 Times.

KHAKI.—Remnant, quantity, 16-ounce, fine quality; available for breeches or children's clothing; all same length. Spring 7850.

KNITTED KHAKI CLOTH.—2,500 yds. of 14 oz. knitted khaki cloth, 44 inches wide, in short lengths, ranging from 1 yd. to 2½ yds. Address Box 23, Woonsocket, R. I.

LINENS.—Imported black and white Shepherd check or striped linen; also assorted cotton goods. N. Y., 600 Broadway.

LINENS. — 45-inch French and 36-inch ramies, all colors, to close out. Gramercy 3004.

LININGS.—Yorks, 36-inch fancy twill; sell below market price. Chelsea 9688.

MALINES.—Black and white, to close out. Gramercy 676.

NETS.—Heavy grade; 1,000 pounds remnants 1 to 3 yards long. Phone Gramercy 778.

O. D. WHIPCORD and gabardines to close out at once at a very reasonable price. G 331 Times.

OVERCOATINGS. — Serges, velours, khaki remnants, reduced. Alden Woolen, 160 Greene St.

PANAMAS.—54-inch, all-wool, in black, navy, brown, burgundy, tan, copen, and gray; also 54-inch and 50-inch cotton warp, in black and navy. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PERCALES.—3 cases Passaic, dark stripes; 17¼ cents net. Madison Square 5761.

PLUSHES — Pearson's Egyptian, peerless, saits, 3-4 goods, Venetians, sateens, beavers. Greeley 1122.

PLUSH.—Strocoks tiger plush, also plaids and fancies, below market price. Spring 7850.

PLUSH.—Mercerized, colors and black, 50-inch, 35 pcs. Call on Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

PLUSHES.—Salt's peco. Farragut 5886.

SATIN DUCHESS.—Have 20 pieces brown, 4 pieces black for sale very cheap. Maxwell Textile Co., 156 Madison Av. Murray Hill 5029.

SATINS.—Eagles, wash style. 87, flesh. Spring 6655.

SATIN.—Eagle's No. 87 wash satin at $1.12½. Spring 8157.

SERGES, Poplins and Gabardines, all shades, 54289, 7008, 1464, 06070, Whitman's 774, Pacific's M. F. L., 7120, 528, 9056, 10453, 10707, Broadhead 500, 8000, 7600, American 60810, 06077, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., Amoskeag 8158, C. F. S., 9204. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES AND PANAMAS.—0609, 0696, 0678, 838, 896, 104, 9058, 8850, 4061, also F. S. G., W. F., W. P. X., M. D. S. L., 1855, A. W. S. X., C. S., 8423, S. G., T. P. 6, 1717 1210, S. K. W., B. P. N. L., 1806, and N. T. A. Telephone Gramercy 2991-2992.

SERGES, Velours, Poplins, Oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

SERGES.—All makes; large quantities and assortment. Madison Square 4412. Chasman & Weiss.

SERGES.—54289, 2 pieces tan, one piece wistaria; original tickets; $1.95 net. Syndicate Textile Mills, 16-18 West 22d St.

SERGES.—Botany 11483, navy, $2.35 net 60; American 209, navy, $2 net 30. Krause, Madison Square 4845.

SERGES.—Pacific VSL, MFL, WFX, WSG, FSG, PPL, BPNL, good assortment, right prices. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

SERGE.—American 0696, navy; right price. Farragut 332.

SERGES.—0609 American Woolen Co., navy and black. Spring 606.

SERGES.—1210, 87, 9056, 0936; prices right. Farragut 3253.

SERGES.—Offering serges at a right price; large quantities. Call Gramercy 6510.

SERGES.—104 navy; very reasonable. Mr. Shapiro, Madison Square 1503.

SERGES.—Navy gera 0056, American 0609 and 9070. Phone Alvin, Mad. Sq. 8102.

SERGES.—1464 Andrews at $2.30. Orchard 745.

SERGES.—C. F. L., 25 navy, 9 brown, 2 Copen, 3 green, 82½c. net. Farragut 9321.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, flies, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic. All grades and colors. Prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK STOCK MAN.—Thoroughly experienced in handling georgette and crepe de chine. Write M. B., 125 East 34th St.

SILKS.—Will sell up to 50 pieces ivory and flesh, 37-40 Eagle wash satin, below market price. 2 271 Times Annex.

SILVERTONES.—Brown, navy, taupe, burgundy, and plum. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 3334.

SILVERTONES.—Buckley Cohen, Andrews; also velours, kerseys; ¾ goods. Greeley 1120.

SILVERTONE.—All colors. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SILVERTONES. — Sacrifice Copenhagen, Pekin, reindeer, brown, Oxford, taupe, &c. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTINGS.—54-inch, all wool Broadhead stripes and plaids; also 38-inch cotton warp Broadhead stripes and plaids in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SUITS.—High-grade suits; duvet de laine, velours, velveteen, serges, and oxfords; exceptional values. Potter & Schatzman, 147 West 22d St. Chelsea 7233.

SUITS, COATS.—Will sacrifice 300 fine suits, 350 fur-trimmed coats; making extensive alterations. Freedman Brothers Co., 1,333 Broadway.

SUITINGS AND COATINGS.—Mannish; good quality French River; Amer. Dept. 7 Mall; La Porte. I. Goodman, 230 5th Av.

SUITS. — 100 high-grade silvertone velour, broadcloth, serges; mostly fur trimmed; close out. Etkin Bros., 106 W. 32d.

SUITS AND COATS of the better kind, fur-trimmed, to close out. Abraham Left, 18 West 21st St. Phone Farragut 8558.

SUITS of the better grade, smartly trimmed, in all prevailing shades to close out. Gittelson & Steinhauss, 19 West 34th.

SUITS.—Our suit stock is worth while seeing; fur trimmed suits, $9.90 up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Spring jobber, $11.50; Fall suits, dresses, cheap. Excello, 142 West 24th.

SUITS, Coats.—Our best styles, close out. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

SUITS.—Closing out velour, broadcloth, Oxfords. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

TAFFETAS.—Tussah silks, stripe taffeta, for immediate delivery, below market price. Sidney Webster, 320 5th Av.

VELOURS.—American, A. W. Co. 0360, 032, J. P. Stevens 4281, Buckley & Cohen 715, burgundy, taupe, plum, brown, green, black; prices reasonable; 60 days. Gramercy 1600.

VELOURS.—0360, 0359, 5069, 142-A, 4281; all colors; yalama 771, 798, oxfords; price reasonable. Greeley 6942.

VELOURS.—Burgundy, taupe, amethyst, brown, reindeer, at attractive prices. Phone Alvin, Madison Square 8102.

VELOURS and kerseys—Stoney Starkey 2270, 305, Ottaqueechee 110, Kelley 3000, 701, De Land 4900, others, cheap. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 954, American 13000, 544; below market price. Madison Square 914.

VELOURS.—All colors, $2.50; serges, poplins, pom poms, below market price. Madison Square 9857.

VELOURS, Broadcloths, and Poplins.—032, 11050, 12075, 4271, 0360, 110, 7022; also zibelines and American delhis. Gramercy 2991.

VELOUR, all wool, for sale, all shades. Knickerbocker 909.

VELOUR.—032, $2.75 net cash. M. Feynman Co., 19 West 21st.

VELVETEEN.—24-inch twill back, black and navy, $1.25; also 27-inch black. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

VELVETEEN. — 24-inch twillback, Taupe, green, plain brown, Burgundy, to close out. Telephone Madison Square 7748.

VELVETEEN.—Worrell dye, 27-inch, black and brown. Knickerbocker 909.

VELVETEEN.—Twill back; navy and plum. Madison Square 4079.

VENETIANS.—32 to 36 inch, permanent finish, attractive price. Call Gramercy 109.

WOOLENS.—To close out, remnants and ends of velours, overcoatings and checks. Demmerle & Co., 45 West 20th St., New York City.

YARNS.—Woolen hand knitting, khaki, grey, and natural; immediate delivery. Bond, 15 East 22d.

YALAMA CLOTH and F. & H. velour; 30 pieces assorted shades, $2.95 net cash. Chelsea 2840.

Contrats Offered.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders with contractors for new Spring models in georgette, crepe de chine, taffeta, meteor; submit samples. Second floor, 30 East 23d St.

Allied Industries.

CUT, make and trim 800 dozen flannel shirts weekly. P 665 Times Harlem.

NEEDLES. — Wanted, hand sewing; any quantity, quality; brand size; cash. Hanover 972.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN, hosiery and underwear to New England retailers; applicant must have established trade and know the line; will turn over good accounts to right man; salary and commission. H 630 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....6 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday.....6 per cent.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

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Buyers Are Taking Shoes.

Salesmen of the "weather report" type who may be traveling Southern territory and blaming the epidemic for lack of business are in a fair way of being "shown up" by a man who is covering that part of the country for a well-known concern making men's shoes. This man, new to the territory and covering less ground than his predecessor, was given a mark of $55,000 to "shoot at" for the Spring season. At the end of four weeks, despite the influenza, he has sent in $35,000 worth of business, and promises at least to double that amount before his trip is ended. The local representative of the same company "booked" about $50,000 of business on Tuesday of this week alone.

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Offers New Millinery Trimming.

One of the local millinery wholesalers is offering to the trade a new kind of pompon. While it is like the ordinary pompon in appearance, it has the virtue of being practically indestructible. It is all on one branch and cannot be pulled apart. It is said to make especially desirable trimming for small, tight-fitting hats. Another type of garniture that is gaining ground here is bronze coq. Its vogue is said to be due to the visit of the Italian Bersaglieri troops, who wore it on their trench helmets.

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Credit Men Must Look Out.

Credit men, both wholesale and retail, are not going to have an easy time of it during the reconstruction period that will follow the ending of the war, according to one of the best-known credit grantors in the city. The wholesale credit man will have the harder job of the two, he said, for he will be dealing with merchants who will have to conduct their business in the face of a declining market, and who will have to "watch their step" pretty carefully in order to avoid the bankruptcy court. As for the retail credit grantor, he asserted, his problem will lie in good part in guarding against defaulted payments on the part of the many customers who are getting their prosperity out of the war and who ordinarily would not be considered good risks.

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Drug Export Orders Cancelled.

Talk of peace has brought about numerous cancellations of export orders, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, due to the belief that lower prices are probable as soon as an armistice becomes a certainty. In the local trade, profiteering on drugs which are in demand for checking the influenza is openly charged against speculators. Manufacturers have not advanced prices, but high premiums have been demanded by second hands for camphor, asafoetida, antipyrine, codeine, and Dover's powder. In the dyestuffs market there have been increases in the prices of several products, including egg albumen, cutch, &c. In spite of the great scarcity of certain intermediates and colors, there have been no sensational advances.

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Gray Goods Sales Fair.

Business was fair in the local gray goods market yesterday, but very little, if any, of it was for deliveries running past the turn of the year. Both first and second hands sold spot and November lots of printcloths, including 39-inch 68-72s, 39½-inch 64-60s, and 38½-inch 64-56s, at full Government prices. Such sheetings as 4.50s, 5s, and 5.50s also sold from second hands at top prices for "quick" deliveries. Fine-yarn cloth sales embraced November lots of lawns and pongees, both of which sold from second hands at a cent under Government maximums.

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Want Business Delegations Now.

The arrival of numerous American delegations in London recently, under the auspices of the British Ministry of Information, has revived strongly among American business men there plans for exchange of commercial delegations. According to the American Chamber of Commerce in London, the bodies recently visiting that city have represented about every form of activity except business. A plan made by the chamber earlier in the year to bring over a delegation of American business men, in order to remove certain misunderstandings and to promote friendly relations, was not favored by the American Government at that time.

STRAW HAT RESTRICTIONS.

Manufacturers of men's straw, Panama, and body hats have received from the War Industries Board a new schedule for conservation. This ruling is announced as being effective on all orders written on or after Oct. 25. Stocks on hand and on order, if already in process, may be used, but no further orders are to be placed for materials not in accordance with the board's recommendations. Where contracts are already placed for material not in accordance with the new orders, manufacturers are asked to use every effort to change the specifications to meet them.

No new blocks or flanges are to be used in yacht, soft braid, Panama, body, or any other variety of hats, nor are any to be used by manufacturers except those used by them in the present selling season of 1918-1919. Soft braid hats, except the harvest hats for farmers, are to be confined to shapes of a medium taper with flat top, crown without creases or cord marks, and a plain brim without pencil or rope curls or welt edges.

No restrictions are placed on the dimensions of Panama and other body hats, as they are woven abroad, and to be used advantageously must be in sizes for which they are best adapted. The bands are not to exceed twenty-two lignes in width, length of band not to be over thirty-nine inches for 7¼ size. This length is to include the material used in the bow.

The colors of bands are to be restricted to black, two shades of brown, blue, and green. Neither genuine nor imitation leathers are to be jiggered or laced, or to exceed one and three-quarters turned or unturned.

Manufacturers are further requested to file with the Department of Hatter's Felts, Felt Section of the War Industries Board, on or before Nov. 15, a complete list of all stocks on hand and in process of manufacture.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; Mr. Ferber, jobs waists; 37 W. 26th.
BALTIMORE—M. Lurie & Co.; Mr. Levy, jobs waists; 37 W. 26th.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.
BALTIMORE—Snow, Mecaslin & Co.; C. H. Snow, Jr., millinery; 579 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Dowell-Helm Co.; G. E. Dowell, millinery; 684 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, silks, dress goods; M. M. Kirschbaum, spring wash dresses; 354 4th Av.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Canty, muslin underwear; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss D. K. Killeen, dresses; 244 5th Av.
BOSTON—A. Gainsborg & Co.; A. Gainsborg, clothing, furn. goods; Latham.
BOSTON—Hallparn & Co.; Mrs. M. E. Wilson, dresses; Park Avenue.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; W. G. Lewis, women's shoes; J. T. Donovan, men's hosiery, underwear; P. E. McHugh, dress goods, silks; S. A. Campbell, hdkfs.; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON — Brown-Durrell Co.; J. W. Hammond, hdkfs.; 19 West 19th.
BOSTON—S.

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NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING
NEW YORK

Strength in the Bond Market

FORTY representative bond issues reached their lowest average price of the year on September 27th. Since then the market has shown continuous strength.

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Bonds—Short Term Notes—Acceptances

Free of All Federal Income Taxes

Flathead County
Montana
5½% Coupon Bonds.
Due serially 1924 to 1935 inc.

Prices to yield 5%

Flathead County is situated in the northwestern part of state. It includes famous Flathead Valley, which is noted for its cereal and fruit crops. During period of 10 years number of farms increased 55%—population increased 100%, and total value of all farm property increased 350%.

Net debt about 3¾% of assessed valuation.

Write for descriptive circular.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

General Decline in Prices—Heavy Liquidation in Steel —Loans Being Reduced.

Operations on the Stock Exchange yesterday indicated pretty clearly that the process of reducing loans was well underway. The dealings were nearly double compared with the previous day and almost without exception tangible evidence of the liquidating character of the trading was supplied by the declines recorded at the close of the day. Very many of these amounted to a point or more and losses far in excess of that were recorded in numerous issues. The most conspicuous declines were 5⅞ points in United States Steel and 13¾ in Mexican Petroleum. In these two cases the definite news of the day supplemented actively the general influence exerted by the restrictions which are being put upon credit operations for stock market purposes.

It was natural that the investigation into the recent transactions in Mexican Petroleum should lead to liquidation in that stock yesterday and it was also a matter of no surprise that the reduction in the extra dividend on Steel common, announced after the close of the market on Tuesday, should bring heavy selling of that stock. An initial loss of over 2 points and a further decline of about 4 points in Steel common on trading which represented about 30 per cent. of the day's aggregate transactions of 953,006 shares, indicated very clearly the disappointment felt over the cutting down of the extra dividend from 3 per cent. to 2 per cent. The market effect of this dividend change was due, however, in large measure to the fact that it came at a time when a general program of loan reduction was being carried into effect.

While the new rule in respect to margins on loans on Stock Exchange collateral will not formally take effect until Nov. 1, it is evident that the Street is in many cases anticipating the application of the new rule. The 30 er cent. margin is being provided by many without waiting until that margin becomes obligatory. No doubt practically all new transactions are being arranged on the basis of the new rule, with the result that where stocks carried on a smaller margin than 30 per cent. have been sold they have been taken up by those who have provided the larger margin. Thus loans are being reduced not only by the increase in the amount of margin provided but also by the decline which has taken place in quoted values.

The market, which had been attempting to discriminate between peace stocks and war stocks, practically discarded that discrimination yesterday, for nearly all issues shared in the decline. It will take actual experience to show which really are peace stocks and which are war stocks in the sense in which those appellations have been used in Wall Street of late. How widely opinion differs as to whether or not steel manufacturing concerns, for instance, will gain or lose by the eventual ending of the war is indicated in the statement of The Iron Age's weekly summary that sentiment in the trade in respect to coming changes reaches all the way from "an expectation of depression on the making of peace to a prediction that the need in the transition will be not for government help in price maintenance but in holding prices down." But it was not theories about the future which caused heavy liquidation yesterday so much as it was the tangible factors of the carrying out of the loan reduction program supplemented by the adverse Steel dividend news. Both of those were influences making for lower prices at the moment without regard to the judgment of speculators as to the ultimate position of either peace or war stocks.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62f. for cash; exchange on London, 26f. 6½c.; 5 per cent. loan, 88f. 70c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6
Low	6	Low	6½
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	6	Last	6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¾@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@6

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.
30 to 90 days.....6
4 to 6 months.....6

Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	4.76½	4.75¼	4.75½	+.000¼
Cables	4.7660	4.7660	4.7660	+.000¼
France—				
Demand	5.46	5.46	5.46	+.00%
Cables	5.45	5.45	5.45	+.00%

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	4.75½	4.7660
5.1826 Paris	5.46	5.45
China—		
Hongkong	81.50	81.75
Peking	134.00	134.25
Shanghai	127.00	127.25
19.50 Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20 Holland	42.00	42.25
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.48	*35.73
Calcutta	35.48	*35.73
5.1826 Italy	6.36	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.50	54.75
Yokohama	54.50	54.75
19.30 Spain	38	38
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.30 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	28.50	28.90
Copenhagen	28.90	27.20
Christiania	27.20	27.65
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	45.125	45.375
44.42 Rio	24.85	25.00
51.46 Switzerland	5.04	5.02
Russia—		
(paper currency)	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	16.20	18.40
500 rubles	18.10	18.30

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72½	$4.71¾	$4.72¾	$4.70¾

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $668,132,716; balances, $89,780,850; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,415,485; Federal Reserve credit balance, $68,530,129.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.3125 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London 49⅛d. official; in New York, $1.01⅛ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$10,069,406	$52,802,123
Internal revenue—Income and excess profits taxes	23,533,556	588,133,786
Miscellaneous	80,012,748	358,702,875
Miscellaneous rev.	14,988,103	73,365,048
Total receipts	$128,603,815	$1,073,003,814
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	1,022,017,535	4,136,807,759
Excess of total receipts over total disbursements	691,683,073	57,034,100
Expenditures	1,150,621,351	5,200,811,573

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 30, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	953,006	1,127,129	1,194,508
Year to date	115,889,873	156,723,523	169,850,679

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
50½	51	400	Advance Rumely pf	51	51	50⅝	50⅝	−⅝
3⅞	4	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	4	4	4	4	−⅛
2½	2¾	500	Alaska Juneau	2½	2½	2½	2½	−⅛
26¼	26¾	2,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	27¾	27¾	26½	26½	−1½
96	100	900	Am. Agricul. Chem	102	102	100	100	−3
64¾	65	600	Am. Beet Sugar	66¼	66¾	64½	65	−1
42⅝	42⅞	8,200	Am. Can	43½	44	42½	42⅝	−2⅜
83¼	84	2,700	Am. Car & Fdry	85	85½	83	83	−2½
105	110	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	108⅞	108⅞	106⅞	108⅞	−2⅛
41	41¼	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	42⅛	41	41¼	−1¼
88½	91	100	Am. Express	91	91	91	91	...
15	15½	1,300	Do. odd lot	90½	90½	90½	90½	...
78¾	79½	800	Am. H. & Leather	16	16	15	15	−⅞
43	45¾	900	Am. H. & L. pf	79⅞	80	79	79	−1½
55	56½	2,000	Am. Ice	46	47	46	46¼	+¼
55	56	1,500	Am. Ice pf	56¾	57¼	55	55	−2
39	40	700	Am. International	56¾	57	55¼	55¼	−2
78	78¾	100	Am. Linseed	40	40¼	40	40¼	+⅛
63	64	1,100	Am. Linseed pf	78	78	78	78	−½
99½	100	100	Am. Locomotive	91	95	91	94	−2½
4¾	5	100	Am. Locomotive pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	...
83¼	83½	27,500	Am. Malting	3¾	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	−⅛
87	88	3,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	87	87⅝	83¼	83¼	−4¼
109	109½	1,400	Am. Steel F'dries	88	89¾	87⅞	87⅞	−3½
105¼	106¼	5,200	Am. Sugar Ref	110⅞	111	107½	107½	−2
105	105½	2,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	105	106⅜	104½	105½	−⅞
49	49	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	105⅞	106	105	105½	−1⅛
30½	31	400	Am. Woolen	50	50	48⅝	48⅝	−1⅝
14⅝	15	200	Am. Writing P. pf	31	31	31	31	−1¼
68⅝	68⅞	22,100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	15	15	15	15	−⅞
1	2	200	Anaconda Copper	70	70¼	68⅝	68½	−2
92½	92⅞	2,400	Assets Realization	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
84	84¼	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	93	93	92⅝	92⅝	−1½
102	104	300	Atch. T. & S. F. pf	84⅝	84⅝	84½	84½	−⅝
104½	105	3,400	Atlantic Coast Line	102⅜	102⅜	101½	102½	−1¼
76⅜	77	36,100	At., Gulf & West I	108⅝	108⅝	104½	104½	−4⅞
100	104	100	Baldwin Loco	81	81½	76⅝	77	−5⅜
55	55½	3,500	Baldwin Loco. pf	102	102	102	102	...
60	61	500	Baltimore & Ohio	56¼	56¼	55	55	−1½
100	101	600	Baltimore & O. pf	60½	60½	60	60	−1
103⅜	106	6,800	Barrett Co	102⅞	102⅞	102	102	...
1⅝	1½	900	Barrett Co. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	+1¾
68	69	500	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...
68	68¼	25,700	Bethlehem Steel	68¼	69½	65½	68½	−1¼
85	90	100	Beth. Steel, class B	69½	69½	68	68½	−1⅝
102	104	1,200	Beth. Steel pf	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	−1¼
40	40½	700	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	103	103	102	102	−1
8	10½	1,400	Bklyn Rapid Tran	40	40¼	40	40½	−⅛
158½	159	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	10	10	10	10	−⅛
9⅝	10	700	Burns Brothers	158⅜	159¼	158	158½	−½
24¼	24⅝	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	−⅛
15	16	600	Butte & Superior	25	25	24¼	24¼	−⅝
20	20¼	200	Butterick Co	15¼	15¼	15	15	−⅝
61½	62	800	California Petrol	20⅝	20⅝	20	20	−⅝
164½	165	410	California Pet. pf	62¼	63	62	62	−1
63	64	4,100	Canadian Pacific	166¼	167½	164	164½	−2½
106	110	3,500	Central Leather Co	63⅝	64	62½	63½	−⅛
36	36⅜	100	Central Leather pf	107	107	107	107	...
92	94	1,000	Cerro de Pasco Cop	37	37	35⅞	35⅞	−1½
56⅜	56⅝	300	Chandler Motor	94	94	92⅞	92⅞	−2⅛
24	24⅜	3,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	59	59¼	56⅝	56⅝	−2⅜
48½	48⅝	2,100	Chi. Great West. pf	24	24	24	24	−⅞
79¼	80	1,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	49	49¼	48½	48½	−1⅝
100	102	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	85	85½	83	83	−2⅜
26¾	27	2,000	Chi., North Western	107⅝	108⅞	106⅞	108⅞	−2⅛
102	103½	400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	41½	42⅝	41	41	−1¼
67¾	68	1,300	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	27¼	27½	26½	26½	−⅞
111	112	5,500	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf	80¾	80¾	80¼	80¼	−½
15	15½	100	Chile Copper	68⅞	68⅞	68	68	−½
5	5⅛	900	Chino Copper	22⅜	22⅜	20⅞	21	−1⅞
200	201	2,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	41	41	40	40	−1⅞
600	610	1,500	Col. & S. Ry. Co. 1st pf	39⅞	39⅞	38⅞	39	−1⅞
100	103	14,200	Colum. Gas & E. x d	53½	53½	53	53¼	−1⅞
100	100	100	Consolidated Gas	38½	38½	38	38	−1¼
9	9¼	7,300	Con. Int. Cal. Min	100	100⅜	98½	98½	−1⅝
71	71	4,100	Continental Can	9	9	9	9	...
43½	44	100	Corn Products Ref	71	71	69⅞	69⅞	−1½
101½	102	7,300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	44¼	44⅝	43¼	43⅝	−⅝
54	54½	4,100	Crucible Steel	101½	102	101½	101½	−½
53	53½	100	Cuba Cane Sugar	54	54½	53	53¼	−2
200	200	100	Cuba Cane S. pf	31¾	31¾	31	31	−⅝
114	114	100	Delaware & Hud	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	−½
6	6	100	Den. & Rio Grande	114¼	114¼	114	114	−½
9⅞	10	5,300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	5	5	5	5	−½
46½	47	3,000	Distillers' Secur	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	−⅛
13	13	100	Dome Mines	47½	47½	45⅝	46½	−1
6	8	100	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	13½	13½	12⅞	13	−⅛
27½	28¾	4,700	Elk Horn Coal	7½	7½	7½	7½	−⅛
16⅞	16⅞	1,200	Erie	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	−⅛
31	31⅜	800	Erie 1st pf	17	17	16⅝	16⅝	−⅛
38	38½	200	Federal M. & S. pf	32½	32½	31¾	31¾	−⅛
39	40½	200	Fisher Body	39⅞	39⅞	38½	38½	−⅝
27½	28	4,500	Gaston, W. & W	40	40	39	39	−⅝
44¼	45	600	General Cigar	28¾	28¾	27½	27½	−1
152⅞	153	1,300	General Electric	46	46	45	45	−1
124½	125½	3,000	General Motors	153	153	152¼	152¼	−2¾
77½	78	800	General Motors pf	129½	129½	125	125	−4⅝
53	53¼	800	Goodrich Co	78	78¼	77⅝	78	−⅛
100½	101⅞	200	Goodrich pf	53¼	53½	53½	53½	−1¾
81	84	100	Granby Consol	100½	100½	100½	100½	−1
92⅜	92¼	3,500	Great Northern pf	82	82	82	82	...
30½	30⅝	4,500	G. N. ctfs. for C. P.	93¾	94	92¾	92¾	−1½
53	53½	2,200	Greene-Can. Cop	32	32	30½	30½	−1¼
63	71	800	Gulf States Steel	54	54	53	53	−⅞
43	44	900	Haskell & Barker	69	69	63¾	63	−6½
100⅜	101	400	Illinois Central	45	45	43⅞	43⅞	−1⅝
53½	53⅝	9,000	Inspiration Copper	100⅝	100⅝	100½	100½	−⅛
8	8⅝	100	Interboro Consol	54⅛	54⅛	53¾	53¾	−1
14	15½	100	Int. Agricultural	8	8	8	8	...
56½	57	100	Int. Agricul. pf	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+⅛
102	106½	100	Int. Harvester new	57	57	57	57	−⅛
107½	109	800	Int. Harv. pf. new	107⅝	107⅝	106¼	106¼	−1¼
115⅜	115¾	400	Int. Mar. Marine	109	109	109	109	+2
42,900			Int. Mer. Marine pf	29⅛	29¾	28½	28½	−1⅝
3,700			Int. Nickel	118	119¾	115⅞	115⅞	−3⅞
1,900			Int. Paper	32½	32½	32	32½	−⅝
100			Kelly Spring Tire	33⅞	34⅝	33	33	−¾
14,400			Kennecott Copper	54	54	54	54	−1
1,700			Lackawanna Steel	38¾	39⅝	38	38½	−1½
2,400			Lehigh Valley	73	73	73	73	−1
100			Liggett & Myers pf	61	61	60	60	−1
100			Lorillard (P) Co	107	107	107	107	−1
500			Lorillard (P) Co. pf	156	156	155	155	−7
100			Louisville & Nash	107	107	107	107	...
100			Mackay Cos pf	118	118	117	117	−2
100			Manhattan El	64	64	64	64	...
300			Maxwell Motors	100	100	100	100	+1⅜
500			Maxwell M. 1st pf	34	34	32¾	32¾	−1¼
200			Maxwell M. 2d pf	62½	62¼	62	62	−1
41,000			Mexican Petroleum	266⅜	268	248	248	−13⅜
300			Mexican Petrol. pf	150	156½	145¼	145¼	−4¾
1,400			Miami Copper	101	101	101	101	−1½
10,200			Midvale Steel	28¼	28½	28	28	−½
700			Missouri, Kan. & T	45½	45½	44¾	45	−⅛
4,400			Missouri Pacific	5½	5½	5½	5½	−⅛
200			Missouri Pacific pf	25½	25½	25	25	−⅞
100			Montana Power	57⅝	57⅝	56¼	56¼	−2½
100			National Acme	74	74	74	74	−2
400			Nat. Conduit & C	31	31	31	31	−⅛
300			Nat. Enam. & Sta	16⅜	16⅜	16¼	16¼	+⅛
600			Nat. Lead	45	45	44	44	−1⅞
1,500			Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	60	60	59	59	−2
300			Nevada Cons. Cop	6⅝	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	−⅛
200			New Orl., Tex. & M	20½	20½	20	20	−⅞
200			N. Y. Air Brake	25½	26	25½	26	+1
4,300			New York Central	112	112	112	112	−⅛
100			N.Y.,C.& St.L. 1st pf	78¼	78¼	77½	77½	−⅝
100			New York Dock	58	58	58	58	−1¼
3,400			N. Y., N. H. & H	20	20	20	20	+3
200			N. Y. Ont. & West	39⅞	39¾	38	38½	−1½
900			Norfolk & Western	22	23	22	22	−1½
3,100			Northern Pacific	107⅜	107⅞	107	107	−1
5,000			Ohio Cities Gas	91⅞	92½	90¾	90¾	−1⅝
100			Ohio Fuel Supply	43½	44	42¾	42¾	−1⅝
1,200			Ontario Mining	41	41	41	41	−1
100			Owens Bot. Mach	7¼	7¼	7	7	−⅜
300			Pacific Mail	58	58	58	58	−1½
8,900			Pan-Am. Pet. & T	31¾	31¾	31¼	31½	...
1,700			Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	67½	67½	63¼	64¾	−2⅞
1,700			Pennsylvania	116½	116½	111	112½	−3½
1,800			People's Gas, Chi	48	48¼	47⅜	47⅜	−½
100			Père Marquette	55⅞	55⅞	53	53	−3
100			Père Marq. prior pf	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	−⅛
1,800			Philadelphia Co	59	59	59	59	−¼
5,700			Pierce-Arrow	34	34	33¼	33½	+⅛
7,100			Pierce Oil	45¼	46⅜	45¼	45¾	−½
1,500			Pittsburgh Coal	17½	17½	17	17	−½
5,900			Pitts. & W. Va	50¾	50¾	48½	48½	−1½
100			Pressed Steel Car	36	36	33½	33½	−2
800			Public Service, N. J	68	68	66¼	66¼	−1⅝
200			Pullman Co	90	90	90	90	−2
700			Ry. Steel Spring	125¾	125¾	123½	123½	−1½
900			Ray Consol. Copper	67	67	66⅝	66⅝	−⅞
24,500			Reading	24½	24⅝	24¼	24¼	−⅜
800			Reading 2d pf	80	90	87½	87½	−2⅛
10,000			Rep. Iron & Steel	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼	−⅜
200			Rep. Iron & Steel pf	82⅞	83	80¼	80¼	−⅜
900			Roy. Dutch Tr.rects	100	100	99⅞	99⅞	−⅜
300			St. Louis-San Fran	117	117	115	115	−3
100			St. Louis-San Fr.pf	12	12	12	13	−½
100			St. L. Southwest. pf	28	28	28	28	−½
100			Savage Arms	35½	35½	35½	35½	−2⅛
200			Saxon Motor	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	−⅜
200			Sears, Roebuck	9	9	9	9	+⅛
200			Shattuck-Arizona	160	160	156	156	−5⅞
5,000			Sinclair Oil Ref	15⅝	15⅝	15½	15½	−⅜
300			Sloss-Shef. St.& Ixd	35⅝	35⅝	34	34	−1½
55,600			Southern Pacific	52½	52½	52	52	−1½
11,100			Southern Railway	101⅝	102⅝	99⅞	100¼	−1½
900			Southern Ry. pf	29⅝	30¼	29½	29½	−⅝
8,500			Studebaker Co	69	69	68½	68½	−1
800			Stutz Motor	62½	64⅞	62½	63⅞	+⅜
200			Superior Steel	43	43	42¾	43	...
900			Tenn. Copper & Ch	37⅝	37⅝	37½	37½	−⅛
6,400			Texas Co	16⅝	16⅝	16	16	−1
300			Texas & Pacific	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	−⅛
6,300			Third Avenue	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	−⅜
100			Tobacco Products	74⅝	75⅜	73⅝	73⅝	−1⅝
100			Tobacco Prod. pf	95	95	95	95	−⅝
16,800			Underwood Typewr	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	+1¼
100			Union Pacific	132⅜	133	129½	130	−2⅝
1,200			Union Pacific pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	−¼
2,500			United Alloy Steel	38¼	38¼	36⅞	36⅞	−¼
200			United Cigar St. xd	100¼	100¼	99¼	99¼	−⅛
500			United Fruit	145	145	145	145	−1⅝
300			U. S. C. I. P.& Fdy	14⅝	14⅝	14	14	−⅝
100			U. S. C. I. P.& F.pf	44	44	43½	43½	−⅝
6,300			U. S. Realty	23	23	23	23	−2
100			U. S. Indus. Alco	104½	104½	102	102	−1½
1,900			U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	−¾
100			U. S. Rubber	67½	67½	66⅜	66⅜	−1
600			U. S. Rubber 1st pf	102½	102½	102	102	−¾
100			U. S. Sm., Ref.& M	48	48	46¼	46¼	−1
282,500			U. S. Sm.R.& M.pf	44½	44½	44½	44½	−2
900			U. S. Steel	105½	106	102½	102½	−1⅝
4,000			U. S. Steel pf	111⅞	111⅞	111¼	111¼	−⅝
800			Utah Copper	89¾	89¾	87⅞	87⅞	−2¼
1,200			Utah Securities	13½	13¾	13	13	−⅜
200			Va.-Car. Chemical	55½	55½	55½	55½	−⅞
900			Wabash pf. A	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	−⅛
2,000			Wabash pf. B	39	39	38¾	38¾	−⅛
1,000			West. Maryland	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	−⅛
3,200			Westingh. E. & M	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	−⅛
200			Wheeling & L. Erie	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	−⅛
500			White Motors	9½	9½	9½	9½	−⅛
1,600			Wilson & Co	47½	47½	46	46	−1½
8,400			Willys-Overland	60	61	59¼	59¼	−1⅝
200			Willys-Overl. pf	23¼	23¼	22¾	22¾	−⅞
100			Wisconsin Central	84	84	84	84	−⅞
400			Worthington Pump	36	36	36	36	−1½
200			Worthington P.pf.B	66	66	64	65½	−½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net. Ch'ge.
25 railroads	85.38	84.39	84.44	−1.03
25 industrials	86.47	84.23	84.42	−2.59
50 stocks	75.92	74.31	74.43	−1.81

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Oct. 29	77.06	75.38	76.24	−.77
Oct. 28	78.46	76.58	77.01	−.18
Oct. 26	77.29	76.25	77.19	+1.08
Oct. 25	76.55	75.64	76.11	−.50
Oct. 24	76.95	75.94	76.61	−.27
Oct. 23	78.28	76.21	76.88	−.95

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Oct.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
*1918	79.00 Oct. 19	71.45 Oct. 9	74.43	
1917	74.60 Oct. 1	65.46 Oct. 31	66.28	
1916	99.11 Oct. 27	91.45 Oct. 9	97.99	

$100,000
Okmulgee, Oklahoma
5% Water Works Extension Bonds
DUE MARCH 15, 1948.
Price—99½ and Interest, yielding over 5%
Particulars on application.
Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York City.

Union Bag & Paper Corporation
Send for our Circular discussing the investment value of this issue.
Hoge, Underhill & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York City
TELEPHONE RECTOR 2440

INTEREST CREDITED MONTHLY
ON ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO CHECK
SPECIAL RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
55 CEDAR STREET
BROADWAY AT 73D ST. MADISON AVE. AT 75TH ST. 125TH ST. AT 8TH AVE.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $6,000,000

Bargains in BONDS
The time has arrived when investors can find many bargains in standard long term bonds. We have just issued an exhaustive letter on this subject, listing 197 issues which look unusually attractive.
A few copies are available to investors interested in our Service. Enclose 3c postage for Circular No. 354.
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
John Moody, President.
35 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. 2947-8-9 Rector.

We Can Use	We Offer for Sale
25 Am. Gas & Elec.	50 Am.Tb.7%Notes
50 Am. Pr. & Lt.	10 Cities Ser.Con.7s
100 Gillette Saf. Raz.	100 Eastern Steel
10 Gill. Saf. Raz. 6s	50 Em'n-Brant'm Pf.
10 Yale & Towne	25 Jones Bros. Tea

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA, Land Title Building, Tel. Spruce 881.
NEW YORK, Equitable Building, Tel. Rector 6354.

GALENA SIGNAL OIL
New Preferred
(Standard Oil Group)
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange. 14 Wall St., N.Y.

Gillette Safety Razor Stock
GUDE, WINMILL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Rector 8880

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Capital and Surplus - - $50,000,000
Resources more than - $600,000,000

Investment Suggestions
Glidden, Davidge & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
5 Nassau St., New York

FOR convenient method of purchasing Odd Lots of Stocks, send for Booklet E-32.
Hartsborne & Picabia
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
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Singer Mfg.
J.K.Rice,Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 86 Wall St., N. Y.

SMALL BANK ACCOUNTS INVITED
Write or call for booklet
BICELOW & COMPANY BANKERS
25 PINE STREET NEW YORK

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Great American Insurance RIGHTS
Telephone 1111 Broad.

COTTON PRICES BREAK ON SELLING PRESSURE

Liquidation and Absence of Buying Cause Drop of 50 to 60 Points in Active Months.

Cotton prices were again under pressure from the opening yesterday. After first prices, ranging unchanged to 10 to 15 points higher, the market became weak and unsettled, and by midday quotations for active months went down 50 to 60 points from Tuesday's closing. At 2 o'clock December contracts sold at 28.87c, off 68; January contracts 28c, off 89, and May 27.63c, off 88. Liquidation by room sellers and local commission houses and the absence of any substantial buying soon caused prices to touch new low grounds. The uncertainty of peace, which is a factor still overhanging the market, and the smallness of investment buying caused by credit restrictions, were the faetors contributing to the price declines.

Heavy frosts were predicted for Oklahoma last night and today, as well as over the western half of Texas. However, these unfavorable weather predictions had little effect on sentiment, which is so bearish.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Dec.	28.30	29.49	28.66	28.75@28.80	29.35
Jan.	28.87	29.10	28.00	28.19@28.20	28.89
Feb.	.....	.....	.....	27.90 bid	28.57
March	28.51	28.56	27.61	27.80@27.81	28.50
April	.....	.....	.....	22.62 bid	28.30
May	28.28	28.32	27.36	27.52@27.55	28.20
July	28.18	28.20	27.25	27.44@27.45	28.04
Aug.	.....	27.00	26.80	26.80 bid	27.65
Sept.	28.86	26.86	26.00	26.00 bid	26.85

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 30.75c for middling upland; sales, 900 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30.50c; New Orleans, 30c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 28.62c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 30.25c; Little Rock, 30c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	20,806	28,469	41,097
Exports	19,448	23,710	.....
Exports, season.	944,452	835,836	1,202,251
New York stocks	88,682	91,520	131,411
Port stocks	1,179,351	1,164,436	959,840
N. Y. arrivals.	2,220	2,761	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet at 21.75d for middling and 31.31d for good middling; sales, 2,000 bales, American 1,000; imports, 13,000 bales, all American. Futures opened steady, unchanged to 10 points advance and closed quiet, 4 to 25 points down; October, 22.26d; November, 21.46d; December, 20.22d; January, 20.26d, and February, 19.76d. Manchester yarns easier.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Forecast:
N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Fair and cooler Thurs.; fair Fri.
Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair and cooler Thurs.; fair Fri.
Tenn.—Fair Thurs.; fair and cooler Fri.
Ind. and Ohio—Fair Thurs. and Fri.
Mich.—Fair and cool Thurs.; fair and warmer Fri.

EXTEND HOCKING NOTES.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Name Feb. 1 as New Due Date of Railway Issue.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Company announced yesterday to the holders of the Hocking Valley Railway Company 6 per cent. gold notes due on Nov. 1 of this year that they may have the privilege of extending the notes at 6 per cent. until Feb. 1, 1919. This plan has the approval of the United States Railroad Administration. The agreement, under which the notes are issued, preventing the railroad from entering upon new obligations without fully securing the old, continues in force.

Director General McAdoo has agreed, it was announced, to advance the funds necessary to provide at maturity for any of these notes, but the Railroad Administration desires that all railroad corporations, as far as possible, shall provide for their own financial requirements. Noteholders are requested by the railroad company to extend their notes, so that the Government will not be called upon for funds at this period, while plans are being made for permanently financing the company. Holders accepting the privilege should present their notes promptly at the office of the company, 71 Broadway.

1¾s. Cent. Not to Sell Ex Dividend.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange ruled yesterday that, although notice had been received of the declaration of the 1¾ per cent. dividend on the stock of the Illinois Central Railroad, payable on Dec. 2 to holders of record of Nov. 6, the stock would not sell ex dividend on the latter date because of the provisional character of the dividend, which is to be paid then if funds are available from the Government or on a later date when such funds are received. The committee stipulates that unless there is contrary notice a due bill shall be attached to all certificates delivered after Nov. 6, these to be signed by the person in whose name the stock attached stands.

Announce Bank Reserve Changes.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York announced yesterday changes in the reserve requirements for member banks which take effect immediately. The new rulings require banks in the other boroughs which have branch offices in Manhattan to maintain a reserve of 13 per cent. of aggregate demand deposits and 3 per cent. of time deposits. Member banks in the boroughs of Richmond and Queens are now placed on a par with country banks, being required to hold reserves of 7 per cent. and 3 per cent., respectively. No change has been made in the reserve requirements for the reserve cities of Albany and Buffalo.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday.

$2,000 Evansville & Indianapolis R. R. Co. first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, (Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. certificate of deposit.) 15.

$6,000 Third Avenue Railway Co. 5 per cent. adjustable mortgage income bonds, due 1960, Coupon 11 attached, 33¼.

$2,000 Third Avenue Railway Co. first refunding mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1960, coupons January and July, 56½.

$300 Third Avenue Railway Co. scrip, 50.

$10,000 Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co. general mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1995, coupons April and October, 83.

$500 Norfolk & Western Railway Co. first consolidated 4 per cent. bond, due 1996, coupons April and October, 83.

$4,000 Erie Railroad Co. 4 per cent. prior lien bonds, due 1996, coupons January and July, 68½.

$1,000 Northern Pacific, Great Northern 4 per cent. joint bond, C., B. & Q. coll., due 1921, coupons January and July, 93½.

$3,000 North Hudson County Railway Co., consolidated 5 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1922, coupons January and July, 84.

$4,000 New Amsterdam Gas Co. first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1945, coupons January and July, 84¼.

$2,000 United States Second Liberty Loan 4 per cent. bonds, 97.08.

25 shares Third Avenue Railway Co., $100 each, 18⅝.

9 shares Consolidated Gas Co., $100 each, 100½.

$10,000 National R. R. of Mexico consolidated 4 per cent. bonds, due 1951, 32.

$6,000 United States of Mexico 4 per cent. bonds of 1904, 42⅜.

40 shares Arcadia Coal Co., Ltd., $100 each, $51 lot.

38 shares Arcadia Coal Co., Ltd., second preference 6 per cent. non-cumulative, $100 each, $51 lot.

446 shares Westinghouse Machine Co., $50 each, $35 per share.

5,600 shares Harvard Mine, Inc., $5 each, $202 lot.

100 shares Finance and Trading Corporation common, $50 each, $5 per share.

$25,000 Washington Utilities Co. 5 per cent. coll. trust gold notes, due June 1, 1918, extended at 6 per cent. to June 1, 1919, 40.

NEWS ILLUSTRATED.

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will contain illustrations printed beautifully, so as to bring out fine details of photography, showing trench heavy guns in operation with the British before Valenciennes; Georges Clemenceau, French Premier; the mine-laid streets of Noyon, American soldiers exercising, doughboys in Alsace, and many other graphic war pictures. Order today to be sure of a copy.—Advt.

MAY ASK BONUS ON GOLD.

Western Producers Arrange to Put Request Before Government.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 30.—A committee from the American Gold Conference will leave soon for Washington to present the request of the gold producers of the West to Secretary McAdoo and the Senate Committee on Mines and Mining, according to a decision arrived at this morning at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the organization, and Senator Charles S. Henderson of Nevada, Chairman of the Committee on Mines and Mining, and Director of the Mint Raymond T. Baker. Senator Henderson told the mine operators that he would call a special meeting of the Committee on Mines and Mining the minute the gold producers were ready to present their cases.

The producers would not give out any statement concerning what request they may make of the Government. The question of asking a bonus on gold was taken up at the first conference here last July, but whether they intend to ask for a bonus members of the Executive Committee refused to state.

The Iron and Steel Trade.

Regarding conditions in the iron and steel trade, The Iron Age in its issue of today says: "The rapid advance, day by day, in peace moves, has put readjustment questions before all others in the iron and steel and metal-working trades. This is true, even though, to all appearances, the steel industry is going ahead as though the war were to continue indefinitely. * * * Sentiment in the steel trade, as to coming changes, ranges all the way from an expectation of depression on the making of peace to a prediction that the need in the transition will not be for Government help in price maintenance, but in holding prices down."

BOARD TO CONTROL FOREIGN INVESTMENTS

Kent Prohibits Transfer of Funds Abroad Without Exchange Division's Permission.

Frank I. Kent, Director of the Division of Foreign Exchange of the Federal Reserve Board, issued the following order yesterday:

"Until otherwise instructed, dealers in foreign exchange, as declared in the Executive order of the President of Jan. 26, 1918, are prohibited from transferring funds to foreign countries for the purpose of purchasing securities or making investments of any nature whatsoever, for their own account or that of other persons, as described in the Executive order referred to, except the building up of deposit accounts in connection with their regular foreign exchange business, without first obtaining the approval of the Division of Foreign Exchange of the Federal Reserve Board.

"In connection with this order, attention is called to the fact that no person in the United States can, under the law, carry out any such transactions unless he is a dealer or if the transactions in themselves do not require that he be a dealer, that they be carried out through a regularly registered dealer."

Mr. Kent, in view of the many and different constructions of the order, was asked for an official interpretation. He said that one thing the order didn't mean was "war after the war." It did mean, however, that the United States intends to keep a firm control on all investments sought in foreign countries by residents of this country. American capital may be invested in the new Canadian loan or in the French loan or in an Italian or a British loan. But American capital, or the capital of the citizen of any other country, handled by dealers in foreign exchange in this country may not be invested in Central Powers countries without first consulting the Division of Foreign Exchange of the Federal Reserve Board.

This, in a very general way, Mr. Kent said, was the meaning of the order, but the explanation of it must not be taken by anybody as permission to interpret the character of his contemplated foreign investment for himself. Each case must be determined on its own merits and it will be quite unsafe for foreign exchange dealers to attempt to transfer money to foreign countries for the purpose of purchasing securities, or making investment, without the approval of the Foreign Exchange Division of the Federal Reserve Board.

Approves Essential Industries Issue

The Capital Issues Committee, it was announced yesterday, has approved issues of securities to be put out by the Essential Industries Finance Corporation, the announcement of whose organization was made on Sept. 24. The company is incorporated under New York laws and its business is to finance public utilitity companies and industries necessary to the prosecution of the war and necessary to after-the-war rehabilitation. Eugene V. R. Thayer, President of the Chase National Bank, is the President of the company and Frederick Strauss of J. & W. Seligman & Company, recently appointed a member of the Federal Reserve Board to take the place of Paul M. Warburg, and Gerhard M. Dahl, Vice President of the Chase, are the Vice Presidents. According to one of its officials, the company already has applications for loans from several companies.

SECURITIES NOW STABILIZED

Insurance Commissioners' Committee on Valuation Adopts Standard.

The Committee on Valuation of Securities of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners was in session at the Hotel Astor yesterday, with Jesse S. Phillips, Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York as Chairman. After hearing the opinions of representatives of seventeen insurance companies the committee passed this resolution:

"Add to the value set forth in the last publication of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners the actual market value as of Nov. 30, 1918, and divide the sum so obtained by two, provided, however, that in no case shall the value be fixed at less than the actual market value of Dec. 31, 1918, and provided further that the United States Liberty Loan bonds be carried at not less than par."

This action on the part of the committee stabilizes the value of every security held by every insurance company and fraternal organization in the United States, it was said. It fixes the value somewhat better than the present market value. Those at the meeting were Commissioners Joseph Hutton of Virginia, Frank H. Hardison of Massachusetts, S. W. Brown of Vermont, Burton Mansfield of Connecticut, James R. Young of North Carolina, and Deputy Commissioners Samuel W. McCullough of Pennsylvania and P. K. Johnston of New Jersey.

RUINED BELGIAN TOWN.

Remarkable photograph, taken from the air, showing the remains of a once prosperous Belgian town, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday. Order today.—Advt.

New Loan

$500,000
City of Memphis, Tenn.
River Terminal 5% Bonds

Dated April 1, 1918 Annual Maturities, April 1, 1923 to 1948

Principal and semi-annual interest, April and October 1, payable in New York City. Denomination $1,000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation		$134,545,035
Actual Valuation, estimated		225,000,000
Total Bonded Debt, including this issue		$14,424,000
Less: Water Bonds	$3,300,000	
Sinking Fund	375,791	3,675,791
NET DEBT		$10,748,209

Population, 1910 census.....131,105
Population, present estimate.....150,000

These bonds are a direct obligation of the City of Memphis, payable from general taxation against all taxable property in the city. They are issued under a special act of the General Assembly of Tennessee, pursuant to a vote of the people of Memphis. They will be further secured by trust deed upon a modern river terminal to be constructed at Memphis to care for the city's large Mississippi trade and to meet any increase resulting from the proposed general development of Mississippi River transportation by the United States Government.

Memphis is one of the largest and most important cities of the South. It has several hundred manufacturing industries, and as a grocery-jobbing center it ranks third in the United States. It is one of the largest inland cotton and hardwood producing markets in the world and has important wholesale and shipping interests. The artesian water system owned by the city has earnings sufficient to pay the interest on the entire water debt and to provide a substantial sinking and betterment fund. Bank clearings for 1917 were over $621,000,000.

Purchasers will be furnished with legal opinion of John C. Thomson, Esq., Attorney, New York City, upon request.

We recommend these bonds for investment.

Prices: 100.60 to 102.40 and interest, according to maturity
To Yield 4.85%

The information and figures used in this advertisement are taken from sources we consider trustworthy, and while not guaranteed, they have been relied upon by us in the purchase of these securities for our own account.

A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities
62 Cedar St., New York

Chicago, Baltimore, Boston, Scranton, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Minneapolis

Passed by Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with the national interest, but without approval of legality, validity, worth or security. Opinion No. A 1814.

$500,000
State of Maryland
4½% Bonds

Dated August 15, 1918 Maturing Serially as Shown Below

Principal and semi-annual interest February 15 and August 15, payable at the Merchants-Mechanics National Bank of Baltimore. Coupon Bonds of $1,000 denomination, registerable as to principal.

Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Connecticut, Maine, New Hampshire, New Jersey and Maryland. Eligible in our opinion to secure Postal Savings Deposits at 100% of their market value not exceeding par.

The Senate Finance Committee has rejected the provision in the pending War Revenue Bill taxing the income of State and Municipal Bonds on the ground that such tax would be unconstitutional. Under rulings of the Treasury Department, interest on these bonds is exempt from Federal Income Tax and certificates of ownership are not required.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

$80,000	due	August 15,	1921	at	100.14	and interest
125,000	"	"	1922	"	100.18	" "
150,000	"	"	1923	"	100.22	" "
50,000	"	"	1924	"	100.26	" "
50,000	"	"	1925	"	100.30	" "
40,000	"	"	1926	"	100.33	" "
5,000	"	"	1927	"	100.37	" "

Prices to yield about 4.45%

The National City Company
National City Bank Bldg.
New York

Colgate, Parker & Co.
49 Wall Street
New York

The Victory Market

Financial markets anticipate rather than follow the course of events.

As the probabilities of the future become increasingly evident the markets gradually follow the direction which these probabilities indicate. When the events forecasted have actually transpired, the market is usually found to have discounted the effects.

The winning of the Great War is now only a matter of time. The final result is certain. Victory and peace are assured. The far-sighted are beginning to prepare for peace.

One of the inevitable consequences of war has been a sharp reduction in the purchasing power of the dollar. Commodity prices have advanced, wages have advanced, the income return from invested capital has advanced.

When the war is over, the purchasing power of the dollar must increase. This must result in lower income return from securities, and higher prices for securities, especially for long-term securities. The discounting of this condition is already in process.

Municipal, railroad and public service bonds, the securities in which we deal, are primarily peace investments, and yet, while the war has brought them no insecure or temporary prosperity, neither has it weakened their investment attributes in the slightest degree. They are a type of investment based upon such fundamental factors of public necessity that the Government has recognized their essential character, and the war has served only to accentuate the strength of their investment position.

All bonds are cheap. The cheapness of the short maturities is evidenced by high rate; of the long maturities by low prices. The present buyer is in circumstances of great good fortune. He buys bonds at low prices, and receives income which will have a higher purchasing power in the future than it has at present. In other words, *he buys appreciating income with depreciated dollars*, thereby gaining a double advantage.

The present requirements of the Government have been satisfied by the unexampled success of the greatest loan in history. Investors may now return to conventional habits, and buy, liberally and to their great advantage, the bonds which represent the essential requirements of American municipalities and corporations, second only to the bonds of the nation, the safest bonds on earth.

Send for list of representative offerings

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York

Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles

New Issue

$750,000
Standard Gas & Electric Company
Three-Year 7% Collateral Trust Gold Notes

Dated September 3, 1918 Due September 1, 1921
Denominations $1,000, $500 and $100

We summarize as follows from a letter signed by Arthur S. Huey, Esq., Vice-President of the Company:

Business — The Company owns a controlling interest in twelve public utility companies operating under satisfactory franchises in widely separated parts of the country, and owns large interests in two other companies. Territory served covers 450 cities and towns with an estimated population in excess of 2,100,000.

Purpose of Issue — The proceeds of this issue will be used to reimburse the Company for advances made or to be made to its subsidiaries for improvements and extensions.

Security — A direct obligation of the Company secured by deposit and pledge of securities of subsidiary companies having an appraised value of $1,800,000.

Earnings — Annual income from these pledged securities, based on rates of interest and dividends now being paid, exceeds 2⅓ times annual interest charges on these Notes. The Company's net earnings for the year ended August 31, 1918, exceed 1.81 times all interest charges, including these Notes.

All legal matters in connection with the issue of these Notes are subject to the approval of Messrs. Cummins, Roemer, Flynn & McKenna, of Chicago. The accounts of the Company are audited annually by Messrs. Haskins and Sells, Certified Public Accountants.

Temporary negotiable Interim Receipts will be delivered, exchangeable for definitive Notes, when, as and if issued.

Price 97½ and Accrued Interest, Yielding 8%

Descriptive circular sent on request

Bonbright & Company Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

H. M. Byllesby & Co. Incorporated
111 Broadway New York

"Passed by the Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with the national interest, but without approval of legality, validity, worth or security. Opinion No. A-1764."

BUY—SELL

MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION.
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
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CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS COMPANY.

NOTICE is given that under the provisions of the Trust Mortgage the following six First Mortgage Five per cent. Gold Coupon Bonds of the Pennsylvania Iron Works Company, for $1,000 each, due November 15, 1921, have been drawn for payment, and will be paid at 105 and interest, at the office of The Land Title and Trust Company, Trustee, Philadelphia, Pa., on November 15, 1918, on which date interest will cease,

Bonds Nos. 80, 86, 92, 127, 138, 243.

THE LAND TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.

Philadelphia, October 15, 1918.

STOLEN.—3 Consolidated Gas Co. convertible debenture gold due 1925 Nos. also 3088, 6353. Any information to A. V. Mapple, 15 Broad Street.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Sept. gross	$15,354,828	$11,629,768	*$3,525,060
Bal. aft. tax	1,264,118	3,490,149	2,226,031
Net op. inc.	1,729,606	3,482,151	1,752,456
9 mos. gr.	115,135,606	103,002,983	*15,842,675
Bal. aft. tax	90,885,514	88,631,093	2,745,579
Net op. inc.	32,073,486	33,099,457	1,625,971

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK—

Sept. gross	456,917	344,602	*112,315
Bal. aft. tax	64,774	160,915	96,141
Net oper. inc.	69,649	137,082	67,433
9 mos. gross	3,494,758	3,306,606	*188,152
Bal. after tax	320,270	924,385	604,115
Net oper. inc.	485,939	1,214,843	728,904

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—

Sept. gross	1,771,502	1,371,263	*400,239
Net after tax.	205,602	247,847	42,245
Sur. aft. chgs.	22,702	159,870	137,168
9 mos. gross	13,050,897	10,987,641	*2,063,256
Net after tax.	787,438	2,068,161	1,280,723
Sur. aft. chgs.	328,557	†1,077,835	†1,406,392

*Increase. †Deficit.

CARO., CLINCHFIELD & OHIO—

Sept. gross	488,134	335,485	*152,649
Bal. after tax.	141,514	117,499	*24,015
Net oper. inc.	128,908	171,166	42,258
9 mos. gross	3,453,236	3,012,535	*440,701
Bal. after tax.	746,543	1,166,133	419,590
Net oper. inc.	901,743	1,620,676	718,933

CHICAGO & ALTON—

Sept. gross	2,501,247	1,837,796	*663,451
Bal. after tax.	99,880	451,455	351,575
Net oper. inc.	2,110	342,301	340,191
9 mos. gross	17,735,341	15,259,337	*2,476,004
Bal. after tax.	2,236,684	4,055,937	819,253
Net oper. inc.	1,360,232	3,232,690	872,458

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC—

Sept. gross	9,758,725	7,469,876	*2,288,849
Bal. after tax.	1,830,740	1,673,646	42,906
Net oper. inc.	1,755,987	1,821,079	65,142
9 mos. gross	72,620,188	62,289,984	*10,360,204
Bal. afer tax.	7,661,204	12,498,410	4,837,206
Net oper. inc.	6,751,073	11,926,965	5,175,892

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS—

Sept. gross	1,376,031	1,136,137	*240,794
Bal. after tax.	36,018	356,270	319,352
Net oper. inc.	94,000	444,157	350,157
9 mos. gross	11,195,974	9,726,175	*1,469,800
Bal. after tax	1,779,932	2,908,927	1,128,995
Net oper. inc.	2,300,592	3,798,187	1,497,595

*Increase.

C., C., C. & ST. LOUIS—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Sept. gross	7,503,023	4,763,036	2,739,987
Bal. after tax	2,619,234	1,290,461	1,328,773
Net oper. inc.	2,361,321	1,109,528	1,452,193
9 mos. gross	61,822,062	38,817,403	13,004,659
Bal. after tax	12,184,027	9,605,643	2,578,384
Net. oper. inc.	11,139,464	8,168,617	2,970,847

DENVER & RIO GRANDE—

Sept. gross	3,227,953	2,585,693	642,260
Bal. after tax.	752,803	741,836	10,967
Net oper. inc.	781,009	715,113	65,896
9 mos. gross	22,289,461	20,619,524	1,669,937
Bal. after tax.	3,347,618	5,741,047	*2,393,429
Net oper. inc.	3,945,960	5,727,773	*1,781,813

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

Sept. gross	137,297	115,754	21,543
Bal. after tax.	8,935	16,130	*7,195
Net oper. inc.	13,617	22,275	*8,658
9 mos. gross	1,153,360	999,156	754,204
Bal. after tax.	52,342	146,853	*94,511
Net oper. inc.	116,201	217,006	*100,805

ERIE RAILROAD—

Sept. gross	8,096,844	6,181,141	1,915,703
Bal. after tax.	170,996	772,565	*601,569
Net oper. inc.	139,468	900,747	*761,279
9 mos. gross	61,953,059	52,322,966	9,630,093
Def. aft. tax.	4,272,444	6,681,432	*10,953,876
Net oper. def.	3,163,636	7,423,988	*10,587,624

GREAT NORTHERN—

Sept. gross	10,967,707	8,382,073	2,585,634
Bal. after tax.	2,783,790	2,626,452	157,338
Net oper. inc.	2,786,902	2,623,232	163,670
9 mos. gross	88,566,615	64,759,846	8,806,769
Bal. after tax.	5,567,421	17,196,213	*11,628,792
Net oper. inc.	7,020,843	17,327,796	*10,306,953

HOCKING VALLEY—

Sept. gross	1,490,827	1,082,798	408,029
Bal. after tax.	206,631	342,030	*135,399
Net oper. inc.	169,598	345,320	*175,722
9 mos. gross	9,823,592	7,924,149	1,899,443
Bal. after tax.	1,623,521	2,196,654	*573,133
Net oper. inc.	2,122,701	2,817,576	*694,875

*Decrease.

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Sept. gross	629,714	337,014	*292,700
Bal. aft. taxes	50,781	96,224	45,543
Net oper. inc.	46,999	141,219	92,219
9 mos. gross	4,293,445	2,666,352	*1,627,093
Bal. aft. taxes	1,024,828	645,090	*379,338
Net oper. inc.	1,226,761	1,229,430	2,669

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN—

Sept. gross	1,418,203	1,135,796	*282,407
Bal. aft. taxes.	386,414	416,590	30,176
Net oper. inc.	880,132	404,914	74,782
9 mos. gross	10,980,045	9,090,470	*1,889,575
Bal. aft. taxes	2,586,808	3,080,195	493,387
Net oper. inc.	2,886,580	3,047,568	661,038

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN—

Sept. gross	832,140	660,072	*172,068
Bal. aft. taxes.	1,111	117,712	116,600
Net op. deficit.	10,204	99,071	109,275
9 mos. gross	6,757,812	6,081,242	*676,068
Bal. aft. taxes.	549,880	1,459,242	909,862
Net oper. inc.	404,478	1,120,545	716,067

MAINE CENTRAL—

Sept. gross	1,646,585	1,263,866	*383,219
Bal. aft. taxes.	219,656	267,858	48,202
Net oper. inc.	282,606	268,109	30,508
9 mos. gross	12,127,843	10,592,948	*1,534,895
Bal. aft. taxes.	76,899	2,343,436	2,166,587
Net op. deficit.	114,996	2,246,836	2,361,882

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—

Sept. gross	1,255,858	1,042,067	*213,791
Bal. aft. taxes.	196,197	274,257	78,060
Net oper. inc.	199,726	74,173	*125,899
9 mos. gross	8,737,278	8,009,273	*668,005
Def. aft. tax.	42,710	†1,905,675	*1,948,385
Net oper. inc.	182,007	1,821,588	1,639,531

*Increase. †Income.

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Sept. gross	$8,453,365	$6,510,903	$1,942,462
Bal. aft. taxes.	1,706,828	1,629,953	76,875
Net op. income	1,622,400	1,536,373	86,029
9 mos. gross	64,787,366		
Bal. aft. taxes.	10,625,760		
Net op. income	9,481,216		

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS

Sept. gross	$2,215,231	$1,342,238	$872,993
Bal. aft. taxes.	79,854	245,401	*165,547
Net op. income	132,840	535,887	*203,041
9 mos. gross	15,653,628	10,957,623	4,696,005
Bal. aft. taxes.	2,718,698	2,235,285	483,413
Net op. income	3,080,035	3,008,291	71,744

NEW YORK CENTRAL—

Sept. gross	$30,506,322	$21,342,154	$9,164,168
Bal. aft. tax	9,293,772	5,497,936	3,795,836
Net op. inc.	9,586,185	5,854,374	3,881,810
9 mos. gross	210,620,889	176,649,596	33,971,293
Bal. aft. tax.	80,250,051	39,888,984	*9,638,933
Net op. inc.	28,917,190	37,866,881	*8,949,691

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS—

Sept. gross	$2,230,059	$1,488,383	$741,676
Bal. aft. taxes.	447,030	290,546	156,484
Net oper. income	373,381	262,578	110,803
9 mos. gross	15,633,914	12,657,904	2,976,011
Bal. aft. taxes.	2,807,611	2,403,875	403,736
Net op. income	2,270,939	1,760,185	510,754

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN—

Sept. gross	$1,025,943	$804,570	$221,373
Bal. aft. taxes.	46,995	193,355	*146,360
Net op. income	42,003	186,045	*144,042
9 mos. gross	8,419,533	6,983,915	1,435,618
Bal. aft. taxes.	1,957,085	1,868,969	*811,284
Net op. income	996,839	1,892,129	*895,290

NORTHERN PACIFIC—

Sept. gross	10,343,044	7,342,480	3,000,564
Bal. after tax.	2,340,917	2,512,710	*171,793
Net oper. inc.	2,454,114	2,614,531	*160,217
9 mos. gross	70,645,843	64,682,896	5,962,947
Bal. after tax.	13,897,804	21,934,612	*8,036,808
Net oper. inc.	16,883,760	23,820,449	*6,936,689

RUTLAND RAILROAD—

Sept. gross	485,786	414,328	71,458
Bal. after tax.	85,304	102,987	*17,633
Net oper. inc.	92,200	119,023	*26,823
9 mos. gross	3,434,027	3,257,554	176,473
Bal. after tax.	151,156	655,547	*504,391
Net oper. inc.	239,555	788,407	*548,852

ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—

Sept. gross	1,061,289	952,085	109,204
Bal. aft. tax.	301,152	407,196	*106,043
Net oper. inc.	310,546	435,471	*124,925
9 mos. gross	9,582,280	8,292,005	1,290,225
Bal. after tax.	3,096,487	3,331,571	*235,090
Net oper. inc.	3,171,777	3,655,290	*483,513

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

Sept. gross	13,394,715	8,130,032	5,264,683
Bal. after tax.	4,720,501	2,272,973	2,447,528
Net oper. inc.	4,606,948	2,302,017	2,307,931
9 mos. gross	85,110,471	64,707,807	28,402,664
Bal. after tax.	24,232,871	18,315,259	5,908,612
Net oper. inc.	22,817,778	17,897,847	4,919,931

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

Sept. gross	790,015	642,046	145,969
Def. after tax.	27,594	191,981	219,575
Net oper. def.	52,340	142,421	194,761
9 mos. gross	6,034,531	5,235,402	799,129
Bal. after tax.	1,025,688	1,387,792	*362,124
Net oper. inc.	732,210	963,919	*231,700

VIRGINIAN RAILWAY—

Sept. gross	1,180,591	818,610	361,981
Bal. after tax.	342,791	320,160	22,631
Net oper. inc.	302,662	845,318	*42,656
9 mos. gross	8,679,748	7,750,505	929,243
Bal. after tax.	2,067,556	3,265,281	*1,197,725
Net oper. inc.	1,870,374	3,507,914	*1,637,540

*Decrease.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for September—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Gross	1,434,044	1,076,312	357,732
Bal. aft. taxes	339,630	328,920	10,810
Net op. inc.	348,789	257,356	84,413
9 mos. gross	9,912,774	8,035,717	1,967,057
Bal. aft taxes	1,858,751	2,232,710	*873,959
Net op. inc.	747,720	1,471,635	*723,915

*Decrease.

Public Utilities.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS for July—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Gross op. rev.	906,830	1,100,231	194,400
Net op. rev.	231,735	369,770	138,035
Inc. from op.	147,303	301,251	153,948
Gross income.	190,790	349,421	158,631
Net income	90,140	66,811	156,951

THIRD AVENUE RY. for September—

Gross	857,294	894,329	37,035
Net aft. taxes.	128,007	212,848	84,841
Def. aft. chgs.	53,999	*5,186	†89,135
3 mos. gross	2,662,204	2,546,420	234,216
Net aft. taxes.	510,702	716,407	205,704
Def. aft. chgs.	114,474	*86,207	†200,681

*Surplus. †Increase.

Miscellaneous.

S. S. KRESGE CO. reports for the nine months to Sept. 30, as follows—

Sales for nine months	$24,558,237
Cost of merchandise	17,026,256
Gross profit	7,531,981
Expenses	5,587,503
Net earnings	1,944,478

SAVAGE ARMS CORPORATION for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Total earnings	$1,657,736	$845,829	*$811,907
Balance after chgs. & taxes.	256,415	579,480	323,065
Sur. aft. divids.	129,210	431,186	301,976

WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORPORATION and subsidiaries, for thirteen months ended June 30—

Income	$2,216,574
Depreciation	366,669
Amortization of patents	320,650
Hispano-Suiza motor development written off	479,577
Balance	$1,040,678
Reserve for war profits, income and other taxes	500,000
Net profits	$540,678

COMMODITIES MARKETS

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
October	$1.23	$1.20	$1.20	$1.25¼	..
November	1.21	1.17⅛	1.17⅛	1.21	..
December	1.18⅛	1.14¼	1.14⅞	1.18½	1.17⅛

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
October	67⅝	66⅜	67	69⅛	58½
November	68¾	67⅛	67¼	69	..
December	67⅝	66⅜	66⅝	68¾	58½

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 78@78½c; No. 2 white, nominal; No. 3 white, 78@78½c; No. 4 white, 76½c; ordinary clipped, 77⅛@78¼c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	..	..	26.50	26.75	..
November	..	..	25.80	26.20	24.77
December	25.50	25.30	25.30	25.80	..
January	25.75	24.60	24.60	25.25	22.42
Ribs—					
October	..	..	21.80	..	27.75
November	22.17	21.80	21.80	22.20	..
January	22.40	21.80	21.90	22.47	22.20
Pork—					
October	..	..	35.30	..	40.15
November	36.40	35.30	35.30	35.75	..
January	40.00	37.60	38.25	39.62	41.20

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	8.65	8.65
December	8.80	8.80
January	8.95	8.95
May	9.10	9.10
July	9.85	9.85
September	10.15	10.15

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
November	1.63	1.61¾	1.61¾
December	1.63¾	1.62½	1.63

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,959 packages. Increased firmness on choice and fancy grades of creamery and prices about ½c higher, with very fair trading. Medium qualities are also doing a little better and have out-of-town demand. All other kinds are unchanged. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 59@59½c; extras, 92 score, 58½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 56@58c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 55@55½c; lower grades, 49@52c; unsalted, higher than extras, 60@60½c; extras, 59@59½c; firsts, 57@58½c; seconds, 54@56½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 57½@58c; good to prime, 54@57c; common to fair, 47@50c; renovated, extras, 50½@51c; firsts, 48½@49c; lower grades, 45@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 45@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 41½@43c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40@40½c; No. 2, 59½c; lower grades, 37@39c.

EGGS.—11,061 packages. Arrivals contain only a moderate proportion of fresh gathered eggs, and of these few show a large proportion of newlaid quality. The best of the goods are wanted, and rule firm at the recent improvement, with the tendency still in sellers' favor. Storage eggs firm, and desirable stock is offered sparingly. Nearby white eggs in very small supply, and of the lots arriving few are of uniformly fancy newlaid quality; these command very extreme and unprecedented prices. Fixtures of fresh and state white eggs are of very irregular quality and sell in a wide range as quoted. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 61@62c; extra firsts, 58@60c; firsts, 55@57c; seconds, 50@54c; dirties, No. 1, 44@45c; No. 2 and poorer, 40@43c; checks, good to choice, dry, 41@42c; undergrades, 35@40c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 46¼@47½c; firsts, charges paid, 44½@46½c; seconds, charges paid, 42½@44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 90@94c; ordinary to prime, 75@85c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 72@90c; pullet whites, 72@78c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 85@86c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 64@68c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 52@62c.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	12	13	Homa Oil	.39	40
Bay S Gas	8	9	Iron Bloss	.35	45
Begole	.30	60	Iron Cap	17½	18⅝
Bohemia	.80	95	La Rose	.38	42
Boston Ely	.90	1	Majestic	.19	20
Black Hawk	.70	75	Mex Metals	.30	35
Boston Mont	.43	44	Moj Tung	.7	9
Butte & Lon	.12	15	New Baltic	.90	97
Boston Ariz	..	1⅛	Nat Z & L	.11	13
Calaveras	..	1⅛	New Corn	17⅛	18¼
Cortez	.17	20	Nixon Nev	.36	37
Champ. old	5½	6½	Oneco	.20	30
Chief Con	3¼	3⅝	Onondaga	.10	20
Denbigh	.60	62	S W M. f p	.80	1¼
Earl Eagle	2	4	Un Ver Ext	.37	38
Fortuna	3	5	Viet Min	..	50
Houghton	.30	45	Yukon Gold	.95	1¼

$74,233.

The net paid circulation of The New York Times Sunday, October 27, was 574,232 copies—a circulation representing the largest and most widely distributed group of intelligent and discriminating readers ever assembled by a newspaper.—Advt.

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2s, registered	99¾	99¾
2s, coupon, 1930	99¾	99¾
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3s, registered, 1946	89	..
3s, coupon, 1946	89	..
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4s, registered, 1925	106	106¾
4s, coupon, 1925	106	106¾
3s, Panama, '61, reg	88	92
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	88	92
5s, Fed Land Bank, '38	104¼	105

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100	100¼	100
4½s June,	1965	100	100½	100
4½s Mar.,	1963	100	100½	100
4½s Nov.,	1957	100	100½	100
4½s May,	1957	100	100½	100
4½s Mar.,	1960-30	94½	94¾	94¼
4½s Mar.,	1964	94½	94¾	94¼
4½s Apr.,	1936	94½	94¾	94¼
4½s Mar.,	1962	94½	94¾	94¼
4½s Sep.,	1960	94½	94¾	94¼
4s May,	1959	89¾	90¼	89¾
4s Nov.,	1958	89¾	90½	89¾
4s May,	1957	89¾	90½	89¾
4s Nov.,	1956	89¾	90¼	89
4s Nov.,	1955	89¾	90¾	89
4s Nov.,	1936	92	93	92
4s May,	1919	99¼	..	99¼
4s Nov.,	1918	99½	..	99½
3½s Nov.,	1955	80	..	79½
3½s Nov.,	1954	81	82	80¾
3½s May,	1954	81	82	80¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1981	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1921-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1919-1920	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1924-1932	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1940-1953	4.70	4.50	4.70
3½s	1930-1939	4.70	4.50	4.70
3½s	1922-1929	4.70	4.50	4.70
3½s	1919-1921	4.70	4.50	4.70
3½s	1918	5.00	..	5.00
3s	1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1918-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Arund Sand	87	87	87	60 Mary Cas	75	75	75
130 Cosden	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	50 M & M Bank	27	27	27
50 Do pf	4	4	4	40 Mt Vernon	16¼	16¼	16¼
225 Con Coal	83⅞	83½	83½	70 United Ry	20¾	20½	20½
125 Elkhorn	28	28⅛	28⅛	110 Wayland	3¾	3¾	3¾
20 Davison	33½	33½	33½	130 W B A	20¼	20	20

Bonds.

$3,000	Con Pow 6s	96	96	96
11,000	Cos 6s, A	84¾	84¾	84¾
1,000	Do 6s, B	85	85	85
1,000	Con Gas 4s	84	84	84

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
414 Alaska	4	4	4	350 Mayflower	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100 Algomah	40	40	40	35 Michigan	4¼	4	4
95 Allouez	48¾	48	48	100 New Arc	1½	1½	1½
165 Anac	70¼	68¾	69¾	20 New Riv pf	67	67	67
210 Ariz Com'l	15⅝	15	15⅝	150 Niplaing	8¾	8½	8⅝
220 Cal & Ariz	69½	69	69	96 North Butte	14	14	14
20 Cal & Hecla	459	450	450	50 North Lake	50c	50c	50c
35 Chino	41¾	40½	40¾	10 Osceola	55	55	55
247 Cop Range	48¾	47	47	320 Pond Creek	16	15¼	15¼
90 Davis-Daly	1¼	1¼	1¼	20 Seneca	13¾	13¾	13¾
50 Franklin	4¼	4¼	4¼	85 South Lake	1¾	1	1⅝
100 Helvetia	30c	30c	30c	5 St Mary's	47½	47½	47½
550 Indiana	65c	60c	60c	375 Sup & Bos	3¾	3¾	3¾
28 Island Creek	53½	53	53½	95 U S Smelt	47¾	47	47
20 Isle Royale	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	60 Do pf	46	45¾	46
200 Lake Copper	6	6	6	1,500 Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
50 La Salle	3	3	3	260 Utah con	9¼	9¾	9¾
20 Mass Con	4½	4½	4½	2,130 Utah Metals	2¼	2	2

Railroads.

12	Bos & Alb	134½	134½	134½	5	Maine Cent	85	85	85
185	Bos Elev	71	71	71	270	Mass Elec pf	13¾	13¾	13¾
5	Do pf	96¾	96¾	96¾	100	NY, NH & H	39½	38½	38⅝
3	Bos & Low	97	97	97	5	Old Colony	105	105	105
15	Bos & Maine	34¼	34¼	34¼	25	West End	48	48	48
10	Fitchburg pf	59½	59½	59½					

Miscellaneous.

20	Am Agr	102½	101¾	101½	40	Int P Cem pf	19	19	19
15	Do pf	95	94	94	685	Island Oil	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
50	Am Sugar	110¾	110	110¾	35	Mass Gas	84½	84	84
51	Do pf	111	111	111	15	Mergenthaler	137	137	137
513	Am T & T	106½	105	105¾	10	Pacific Mills	148	148	148
10	Am Wool	50	50	50	760	Punta A Sug	49½	49¼	49½
37	Do pf	95	94½	94¾	1,985	Stewart	32¾	31¾	31¾
5	A. G & W I	105½

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in financing their requirements as well as in facilitating in many ways the extension of American commerce in foreign markets. The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd., maintains eleven branches in Chile, eleven in Argentina, one in Uruguay, two in France and four in Spain, as well as correspondents in the chief commercial centers of other American countries, Europe, and other parts of the world. Its service, therefore, offers distinct advantages to the American exporter through its New York Agency. Our officers will be glad to discuss your particular needs with you.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

Cleveland, Ohio, October 25, 1918.

To the Stockholders:

In accordance with the request of the President of the United States made by proclamation dated December 26, 1917, taken over the possession, use, control and operation of the transportation systems and the appurtenances thereof, property of said corporation, at No. 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from one million five hundred thousand dollars, consisting of fifteen thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each, to two million dollars, to consist of twenty thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

At the same Special Meeting the Stockholders will be asked to consider and determine, in connection with such increase of capital stock, if increased, the manner and terms of issue of such new stock.

The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock noon.

The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from three o'clock P. M. on 23rd day of October, 1918, until ten o'clock A. M. on 8th November, 1918.

LE ROY W. BALDWIN, President.
MYRON J. BROWN, Secretary.

TO ALL HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Six Per Cent. Marine Equipment Gold Bonds of the Munson Steamship Line, dated January 1, 1915, and secured by indenture of that date, executed by said Company and by the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, as trustees:

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the outstanding bonds of said Company of the above-mentioned issue that said entire issue has been called for redemption at 105 and interest on January 1, 1919. All holders will therefore present their bonds at the office of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, in the City of Baltimore, Md., with all coupons attached, for redemption on said date. (No premium, however, will be paid on the bonds regularly maturing on that date.) F. C. MUNSON, President.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.

Dated Aug. 31, 1918.

DIVIDENDS.

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC., 43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Sixty-second Quarter) of One and One-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable December 2, 1918, to stockholders of record November 15, 1918.

A. L. DeCAMP, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION, ENGINEERS-CONTRACTORS, 43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-third Quarter) of One and Three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable December 2, 1918, to stockholders of record November 15, 1918.

C. F. CONN, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, 43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-third Quarter) of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable December 2, 1918, to stockholders of record November 15, 1918.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 86.

N. Y. City, October 23rd, 1918.

The Board of Directors of Standard Milling Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%.) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year, on November 30th, 1918, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on November 19th, 1918.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 8

New York City, October 23rd, 1918.

The Board of Directors of the Standard Milling Company have today declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable on November 30th, 1918, in cash, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business November 19th, 1918.

Checks will be mailed.

JOS. A. KNOX, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Empire Trust Company

October 15, 1918.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS:

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Empire Trust Company will be held on Thursday, the seventh day of November, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the principal office of said corporation, at No. 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from one million five hundred thousand dollars, consisting of fifteen thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each, to two million dollars, to consist of twenty thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

At the same Special Meeting the Stockholders will be asked to consider and determine, in connection with such increase of capital stock, if increased, the manner and terms of issue of such new stock.

The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. until 12 o'clock noon.

The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from three o'clock P. M. on 23rd day of October, 1918, until ten o'clock A. M. on 8th November, 1918.

LE ROY W. BALDWIN, President.
MYRON J. BROWN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINE COMPANY

Bonds Called for Redemption

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company, pursuant to the terms of its First Mortgage or Deed of Trust dated February 1, 1914, to the First Trust and Savings Bank and Emile K. Boisot, Chicago, Illinois, as Trustees, elects to make prepayment and redemption of all its First Mortgage Gold Bonds which fall due from December 1, 1924, to December 1, 1925, inclusive, now outstanding, the same being all outstanding bonds bearing numbers from 10,001 to 12,000, inclusive, of an aggregate face value of principal of $1,450,000, and that upon presentation of the bonds hereinabove referred to, with all coupons thereto belonging, both matured and unpaid and subsequently maturing, to the place for payment of principal designated in the bonds, namely, at the office of the First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Illinois, or, at the option of the holder, at The First National Bank of New York, in the City of New York, on December 1, 1918, said bonds will be paid in cash at par, with a premium of three per centum on the principal and all interest accrued to the date so fixed for prepayment and redemption, and that on and after said date all interest on said bonds will cease.

J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINE COMPANY.
By WARREN J. DAVIS, Treasurer.

ALGOMA CENTRAL TERMINALS, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement and Compromise, and pursuant to Supplemental Trust Deeds, executed as provided in said Scheme, payment will be made to the holders of the 5% First Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds of Algoma Central Terminals, Limited, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, 47 Threadneedle Street, London, England, or at the office of the Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall Street, New York, on the 1st day of November, 1918, of interest on such bonds at the rate of 5% per annum for the year to 30th June, 1918, upon presentation of Coupon No. 3, attached to said bonds.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1918.

ALEX. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE ALGOMA CENTRAL AND HUDSON BAY RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement and Compromise, and pursuant to Supplemental Trust Deeds, executed as provided in said Scheme, payment will be made to the holders of the 5% First Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds of The Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Railway Company at the office of the Bank of Montreal, 47 Threadneedle Street, London, England, or at the office of the Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall Street, New York, on the 1st day of November, 1918, of interest on said bonds at the rate of 2½ per annum for the year to 30th June, 1918, upon presentation of Coupon No. 1, attached to said bonds.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1918.

ALEX. TAYLOR, Secretary.

NOTICE TO NIAGARA, LOCKPORT & ONTARIO POWER COMPANY BONDHOLDERS.
First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, successor Trustee under Supplemental Mortgage and Deed of Trust of February 28th, 1906, securing the payment of Five Million Dollars ($5,000,000) First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of the Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Company, hereby invites proposals for the sale to the sinking fund on November 6th, 1918, with accrued interest to that date, of as many bonds of the issue above described as can be purchased for the sum of One hundred sixty-four thousand, four hundred three dollars and fifty-one cents ($164,403.51). Sealed proposals will be received at the TRUST DEPARTMENT of this Company, Number 140 Broadway, New York City, up to 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, November 6th, 1918, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 120 and accrued interest) to the extent necessary to exhaust said sum will be accepted. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

October 16, 1918.

Litchfield & Madison Railway Co.

Coupons due November 1st, 1918, from the First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Thirty Year Gold Bonds of the above Company, will be paid on and after November 1st, 1918, at the office of the Central Union Trust Company, 80 West Street, New York.

JAMES DUNCAN, President.

ARMOUR and COMPANY

Six Per Cent. Serial Convertible Gold Debentures.

Notice is hereby given that on and after November 1st, 1918, the Interim Certificates issued by the undersigned for six per cent. serial convertible gold debentures of Armour and Company may be surrendered in exchange for the definite engraved debentures of Armour and Company of that issue. Such exchanges may be made at the office of the undersigned, Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, No. 208 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill., or at the office of the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on surrender of the Interim Certificates now outstanding.

Dated Chicago, Oct. 28th, 1918.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK,

By W. P. Kopf, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Notice of Ejection of Directors.

The annual election of Directors of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States will be held at the office of said Society, Room No. 917, Equitable Building, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 4th day of December, 1918, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon. Fifty-two Directors will be elected to serve for the year 1919. Every policyholder in said society whose insurance is in force and shall have been in force for at least one year prior thereto, shall be entitled to vote for all Directors, without other qualification, as provided in Section 94 of the Insurance Law of the State of New York, and every stockholder in said Society shall be entitled to one vote for each Director for every share of stock held by him, and such vote may be given in person or by proxy. Policyholders may vote in person, by proxy, or by mail. The following candidates for vacancies to be filled at such election have been nominated by the Board of Directors:

Administration Ticket.

Charles B. Alexander	Henry Morgenthau
William Alexander	Joy Morton
Charles D. Barney	Ludwig Nissen
John N. Beach	Charles D. Norton
Abraham Brittin	Eugenius H. Outerbridge
George Clinton	William Pahlman
Edgar M. Cullen	Alton B. Parker
Thos. DeWitt Cuyler	Leonard Peckitt
William A. Day	Wallace L. Pierce
Victor J. Dowling	Evans S. Pillsbury
Samuel M. Felton	Samuel Rea
James B. Forgan	E. W. Robertson
Thomas A. Gillespie	J. G. Schmidlapp
Martin H. Glynn	William Skinner
John F. Harris	Thomas W. Slocum
Alexander C. Humphreys	Percy H. Stewart
George L. Ingraham	Thomas Spratt
John D. Kernan	Frederick Strauss
Arthur H. Lowe	Gage E. Tarbell
John B. Lunger	Elliot H. Walker
Willis F. McCook	John T. Underwood
Allan McCulloh	J. H. Walbridge
Richard C. Maclaurin	Sir Edmund Walker
John T. Manson	Richard H. Williams
Frank W. Matteson	George W. Wickersham
Edwin P. Maynard	Charles H. Zehnder

The following persons have been appointed by the Board of Directors, jointly or severally, to receive proxies to be voted for said nominees:

Henry Greaves
F. P. Pitzer
W. G. Schelker

Any one hundred or more policyholders qualified to vote may make other nominations for one or more vacancies to be filled at such election, by filing with the Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York on or before November 19, 1918, a certificate signed and acknowledged, giving the names and addresses of the candidates nominated, the names and addresses of three persons, jointly or severally, designated to receive proxies to be voted for said nominees and an appropriate name or title designated by the Superintendent of Insurance to distinguish the ticket from the administration ticket and other nominations. Such nominators must also file a copy of said certificate, certified by the Superintendent, at the Home Office of the Company on or before said date. All certificates of nominations shall be accompanied by a written acceptance of such nomination by each nominee thereon. On and after November 19, 1918, ballots may be obtained by policyholders at the Home Office of said Society, or at any Branch Office.

New York, October 21, 1918.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Secretary.

ARKELL & DOUGLAS, INC.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLEDRS.

New York, N. Y., October 18, 1918.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of ARKELL & DOUGLAS, INC., will be held on the seventh day of November, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Company, No. 44 Whitehall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and State of New York, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the proposal to increase the common capital stock of the Company in the amount of One Million dollars, (1,000,000.) consisting of ten thousand (10,000) shares of Common Stock of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each, to fix the period within which each holder of common stock may subscribe and pay therefor at par in cash, a proportion of two shares for each share owned by him, and to authorize and fix the terms of the sale of any of such stock as may not be subscribed or paid for by such holders of common stock.

WM. HARRIS DOUGLAS, President.

L. P. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

SAVAGE ARMS CORPORATION.

October 30, 1918.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the following dividends:

First Preferred Stock	1¾%
Second Preferred Stock	1½%
Common Stock	1½%

All above dividends payable December 15, 1918, to stockholders of record November 30, 1918. NAT. TYLER, JR., Treasurer.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO.

New York, October 29th, 1918.

A dividend of 1¾% has this day been declared upon the preferred capital stock of the company, payable out of the accumulated net profits arising from the business of the Corporation, payable on January 2nd, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business December 14th, 1918.

GEO. A. HILL, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY.

Pittsburgh, Pa., October 29th, 1918.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a cash dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share on the Preferred Stock of the company, payable December 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 15th, 1918.

D. P. BENNETT, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., October 25, 1918.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid November 1, 1918, to the registered holders of October 28, 1918. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 207.

A quarterly dividend of two dollars per share will be paid November 15th, 1918, to stockholders of record at close of business October 31st, 1918.

J. F. KANE, Secretary.

Chicago, Oct. 21, 1918.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the COLUMBIA CLOTHING COMPANY, INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 21st day of October, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

[Seal.] A. R. PARKER, Deputy Secretary of State.

Continental Paper Bag Co.

New York City, 17 Battery Place, Oct. 26, 1918.

73rd CONSECUTIVE PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared, payable November 15th, 1918, to the Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on November 8th, 1918. Checks mailed.

53rd CONSECUTIVE COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Common Stock has been declared, payable November 15th, 1918, to the Common Stockholders of record at the close of business on November 8th, 1918. Checks mailed.

THOMAS FYNES, Secretary.

The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.
DISTRIBUTION NO. 72.

Amount, $122,000.00 Total amount to date, $6,905,162.50.

Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered paid from funds received from the sale of ore reserves acquired prior to March 1, 1918, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.

Payable November 10th, to stockholders of record October 31st, 1918.

By order of Board of Directors.

ADOLPH ZANG, Secretary.

COSDEN AND COMPANY.

New York, October 14, 1918.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Cosden and Company, held this day, a dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) in cash was declared, payable November 1, 1918, out of earnings, to common stockholders of record October 19, 1918.

Transfer books of the company will be closed from October 20 to November 1, 1918, both days inclusive.

JAS. E. WHITNEY, Assistant Secretary.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE VIRGINIA IRON, COAL & COKE COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of 6% in cash, payable October 5th to stockholders of record on November 15th, at which date the transfer books will be closed, reopening on the 6th of December. Checks will be mailed for dividends to all stockholders whose addresses are known.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 30.—Nineteen new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $420,000, were chartered today. They include:

Elrschack & Erskin Co., Manhattan, women's wear, $6,000; R. Nathan, H. Baskin, J. Elrschack, 1,425 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

The Douglaston Park Realty Co., Buffalo, $50,000; S. J. Harris, J. M. Ulmer, W. C. McCowan, Buffalo.

The Shippers Fur Sale Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; G. I. Fox, W. K. Gold, R. E. Delson, 164 West 25th St.

Consul Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. W. Clancy, E. Egan, M. Sulzberger, 38 Park Row.

The United Sunday Newspaper Magazines, Manhattan, $5,000; F. A. Selah, W. S. Moore, B. P. Atkinson, 63 Park Row.

Poland Retail Stores, Brooklyn, merchandise business, $10,000; J. A. Hilla, S. Bondek, M. K. Waskik, 107 North 8th St., Brooklyn.

Alba Chemical Co., Manhattan, $75,000; R. W. Boenig, F. H. McRobert, F. B. Appleton, 50 East 42d St.

A. J. Whissel Co., Buffalo, automobile business, $5,000; F. P. Fleger, H. I. Lyon, A. J. Whissel, Buffalo.

Osborne Hotel, Auburn, $75,000; T. M. Osborne, G. D. Boardman, L. G. Seift, Auburn; Walter H. Jewell, 315 West 68th St.

Arrington Soapstone Corp., Manhattan, quarrying and construction business, $10,000; T. H. Armstrong, H. B. Fielding, A. G. Sieveri, 178 West 94th St.

Irving Kranz, Inc., Manhattan, buttons and embroideries, $10,000; I. and R. and S. Kranz, 800 East 173d St.

Rite Form Corset Co., Manhattan, $75,000; S. Katz, M. M. Walsh, M. M. Cohenno, 148 West 127th St.

Pocomo Realty Corp., Manhattan, $60,000; E. and C. C. Beekman, E. Bellion, 256 Broadway.

Amboy Estates, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; K. Lipschutz, A. and I. Goodlan, 5 Beekman St.

Harding Electrical Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; B. Thistle, E. Lagerquist, L. H. Harding, 241 Quincy St., Brooklyn.

Hub Forwarding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. M. Ferri, C. V. Dickson, L. Pavalek, 120 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Harry Baff, Inc., Manhattan, $500 to $2,500; Harvey Hanes Machine Co., Inc., Buffalo, $5,000 to $25,000; Paull & Weinbaum, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $15,000; Weisenberger & Moch, Manhattan, $25,000 to $40,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

B. and L. Cloak and Suit Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $2,500.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Davis & Averill, New Jersey, builders and contractors, $25,000; representative, W. H. Hunt, 52 Broadway.

Grace Russian Co., Delaware, goods, wares, and merchandise, $1,000,000; representative H. J. Roig, 194 Pearl St.

REVOCATION AND NEW RESIGNATION.

Nicoll, The Tailor, New Jersey; new representative, C. J. Kellenberg, 1,242 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Standard Rice Co., New Jersey.

Chattanooga Gas and Coal Products Co., Manhattan.

T. P. C. Forbes Co., Freeport.

Lighthouse Point Land Co., Mayville.

Gilnes Roofing Co., Manhattan.

Frenaud Sweep Co., Manhattan.

Star Trucking Co., Manhattan.

Riteford Corset Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 30.—Charters filed: George Menzing, Newark, food products; $100,000. Arthur Hamilton, Fred Ast, and Sophie Menzing, all of Irvington.

Oliver A. Reed, Plainfield, autos, &c.; $25,000. O. A. Reed, L. A. Hummer, and J. E. Watson, all of Plainfield.

Federal Food Fish Products Co., Newark; $100,000. A. C. Hensler, A. F. Hensler, and R. A. Hensler, all of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Oct. 30.—Charters filed: Great Western Oil and Refining Co., $100,000; H. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.

Globe Exploration and finishing Corp., $100,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer of Wilmington, Del.

North Bessemer Square Deal Co., $25,000; W. R. Gren, North Bessemer; Jacob Brodyo, Pittsburgh, and John B. Moore, United States Station, Penn.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Bridgeville Coal Co. to Scott Coal Co. and increase capital stock from $40,000 to $100,000.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

O. Godfrey Becker has been elected a Director of the New Netherlands Bank.

Howard E. Cole has been elected to the Board of Trustees of the Equitable Trust Company. Mr. Cole is a Director of the Standard Oil Company of New York and Vice President of the Standard Transportation Company.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

POUGHKEEPSIE, NEW YORK, INVITES THE MANUFACTURER TO INVESTIGATE

Who wants larger manufacturing quarters.

Who is seeking a superior distributing location.

Who is desirous of obtaining factory or building accommodations immediately.

Who is prevented from building by the War Industries Board or increased cost of construction.

We have several plants engaged in the manufacture of nonessential war products at Poughkeepsie that will sell or lease their properties to any reputable manufacturing institution employing male labor. Four ways of transportation—N. Y. C. and N. E. railroads; Hudson River; Motor Truck by State Highway. Let us know your requirements.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
POUGHKEEPSIE, NEW YORK.

MONEY WANTED TO EXPAND MACHINERY CONCERN, located Brooklyn, N. Y.; building patented; line machines necessary to four concerns and allied industries; also Textile and Rubber Industries; now classed at Essential War Industries, BUT NORMALLY A PEACETIME BUSINESS, with connections all parts world. Business growth in spite of war overloads present plant, although running day and night. Preparing now for large further increase after war. For particulars address B 160 Times.

FOR SALE.

GOING MANUFACTURING CONCERN in extremely prosperous condition; established eighteen years; manufactures a line of tools used in metal and woodworking industries; factory near New York; employs about 30 hands; product known for high quality; fully protected by patents and trademarks; and in demand in peace times or war times; now running at capacity on orders from Government and essential industries; book value about $140,000; death of active head reason for selling. G. M., Box 232 Times Downtown.

Long-established, progressive export corporation, with extensive foreign connections, offers experienced department managers with clean records lasting, responsible positions, contracts guaranteeing profit-sharing and drawing account; relative investment required; to guarantee long service by individual candidates; others not desirable. L 779 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Old-established express business; new two-ton Selden truck; complete; two heavy horses, wagons, harness, &c.; all in perfect condition. A., Box 8, New Brighton, S. I.

Will invest $1,000 in any legitimate going business where my services will receive good living; have exceptional executive business ability and experience. L 363 Times.

Merchant, young man, with large business practice in South America, wishes to find representations of manufacturers for Chile Republica. J. R. Cerda, 68 West 89th St.

Restaurant for Sale.—Cafeteria and service; best downtown location; capacity $500 daily; would consider live partner; splendid opportunity. B 534 Times Downtown.

Bachelor's apartment, furnished, 7-story building, business section, will give long lease to one tenant, showing handsome returns. Address Bachelor, 176 Times.

Partner, active salesman, with some capital for artificial limb business of good reputation; rare opportunity. 104 5th Av.

SHIRT PLANT, with cutting facilities, making at present 1,000 dozen shirts, for sale. B 666, Times Harlem.

Seil prosperous public stenographic business; privilege large building; splendid clientelle. B 614 Times Downtown.

Active partner with $5,000 wanted in essential, established business. B 501 Times Downtown.

$1,000 to buy or invest, legitimate business; prefer manufacturing novelties. H 869 Times.

Active partner wanted with $3,000 in established essential business. K 7 Times.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Please take notice that the co-partnership of JARKOW & WEISSMAN, also doing business under the name of J. & W. COSTUME COMPANY, has this day been dissolved by the retirement of Jacob J. Jarkow. The said business will be conducted and continued under the name of J. & W. COSTUME COMPANY by Mr. Max Weissman, who will assume all the liabilities of the former copartnership.

JACOB S. JARKOW,
MAX WEISSMAN.

Dated, October 29, 1918.

NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE SELWELL SKIRT CO., which heretofore consisted of Sol. Replansky, Abraham Weissberg, and Levi Kornfeld, has dissolved connections with Levi Kornfeld. Also the Selwell Skirt Co. will absolutely not be responsible for purchases made by said Levi Kornfeld.

LIST PAPER CERTIFICATES.

Stock Exchange Approves American Writing Company's Issue.

A special meeting of the Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange was held yesterday afternoon, at the request of the Committee on Stock List, to consider the application of the Old Colony Trust of Boston and the Central Union Trust Company of New York to list $600,000 of temporary interchangeable certificates of deposit, which have been issued and are outstanding, representing first mortgage, sinking fund gold bonds of the American Writing Paper Company, due July 1, 1919, with coupons due Jan. 1 and July 1, 1919. The application was granted.

At the meeting some rather animated discussion was indulged in over the criticism lodged against the Exchange for what many brokers regard as the altogether too drastic orders issued by the Exchange autnorities to curtail credit and reduce loans. One of the Governors of the Exchange said that he could not discuss what was said at the meeting. He pointed out, however, that naturally the Exchange was not seeking to limit its own business, or that of its members, on its own initiative. The information came from several sources yesterday that, if the orders of the Exchange were carried out literally, not far from $100,000,000 in loans would be retired Friday or Saturday of this week.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.01
Alta	.03	Justice	.01
Andes	.04	Mexican	.11
Best & Belcher	.01	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.04
Caledonia	.01	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.08
Confidence	.10	Sierra Nevada	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.07
Con. Virginia	.04	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.02	Mexican dollars	.77¾

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.40	Atlanta	.08
Cash Boy	.04	Booth	.02
Halifax	.10	Florence	.10
Jim Butler	.18	Goldfield Cons.	.10
McNamara	.23	Goldfield Merger	.01
Midway	.08	Great Bend	.02
Mispah	.03	Jumbo Exten	.09
Monarch Pitts	.04	Kewanas	.02
Montana	.09	Lone Star	.02
North Star	.05	Silver Pick	.02
Rescue	.07	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Divide	1.47½	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten	1.47½	Pearl	.01
West End	.99	Rochester	.82
West Tonopah	.10	Round Mountain	.16
		United Eastern	4.20
		White Caps	.11

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5¾	6¼	Isabella	5¾	6¼
Dr. J'pot	3½	3¾	McKinney	7	10
Elkton	5	7	Portland	97	101
El Paso	10	25	U. Gold M.	12	13½
Golden C.	170	171	Vindicator	35	40
Granite	18	40	Rose Nicol	8	11

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 490, store and cellar; George W. Jarchow to Fritz Cederburg, 488 2d Av, 7 years from March 1, 1916, 3 years, renewal; address, 490 2d Av. $960

86TH ST, 72-76 West, all; Frederic A. Canehols to Keen's English Chop House, 72 West 86th St, 6 years from May 1, 1917; attorney, Joseph F. McNaboe, 68 William St. $12,000

45TH ST, 240-242 East, all; Charles Hoffman to Best & Co., 240 East 45th St, 10 years from Nov. 16, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway. $4,000

27TH ST, 142-148 East, all; Abr. W. Browning to Abr. Arkin, 601 West 177th St, and Hikra Realty Co., 534 West 177th St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, Adolph Blerman, 558 West 181st St. $14,000

PARK AV, 1,253, s e corner of 97th St, all; F. Zebro & Co. to Samuel Diamondstein, 102 East 97th St, 2 years from Oct. 15, 1918. $2,820

WILLETT ST, 89, all; Frank Migdalsky to Isidore Lernen, on the premises, and another, 8 years from Nov. 1, 1918; attorney, William H. Wack, 256 Broadway. $2,460

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

126TH ST, 215 and 217 East; James H. Cruikshank to Frank Mescia, 16 East 8th St; attorney, Charles P. Pinto, 320 Broadway. $1,000

21ST ST, 431 West, mtg $6,750; Sarah M. Devoe to Harriet E. Devoe, 59 Park Av, and another; attorneys, Holt & Gaillard, 42 Broadway. $1

28TH ST, 4 to 8 West, mtg $155,000; Charles Miller to United States Mortgage and Trust Co., 55 Cedar St. $1

22D ST, 210 East, mtg $10,000; Central Union Trust Co. and another, trustees of will of Lewis S. Welch, to Clara F. Wolff, to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway. $1

Bronx.

SHERIDAN AV, n e corner 163th St, 49x100x84.7x100.2; Columbia Trust Co. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway. $100

MONROE AV, w s, 95 ft n of 173d St, 75x95; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Charles J. Earl, Rumson, N. J.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway. $2,500

ST. ANN'S AV, 158; Herman Berkowitz to Rosa Harris, 1,980 Prospect Av; attorney, Morris Berkowitz, 74 Broadway. $100

TAYLOR AV, 1,402; Frederick A. Southworth, executor, to Lucy E. Elliott, 246 Tremont Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $2,500

165TH ST, 868 East; Carrie H. Ruhlender to Theresa Daus, 238 East 41st St; attorney, August Dreyer, 1,482 Broadway. $100

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ATTORNEY ST, e s, 150 ft n of Stanton St, 25x100; Sarah W. Herrman against Herman Hochs.ein et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Baylis & Sanborn.

2D AV, 2,104 and 2,106, two actions; Robert W. Candler against Jacob Levin et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorneys, Jay & McCandler.

127TH ST, n s, 61 ft w of 2d Av, 19.6x49.4; American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless against George F. Fullman, trustee, et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

39TH ST, 319 and 321 West; General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States against Lillian L. Goldstein et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Murray, Ingersoll, Hoge & Humphrey.

24TH ST, 144 East; Belle Selig et al. against Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Elkus, Yogel, Gleason & Prekauer.

52D ST, 249 East; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., executor, against Mary J. Murphy et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

122D ST, s s, 97.6 ft w of Pleasant Av, 12.6x80.5; Fulton Trust Co. of New York against Annie Gaffney et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Kneeland, Harison & Hewitt.

47TH ST, 426 West; Sarah A. Joseph against Elizabeth Wellinghorst et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn.

Bronx.

LOT 15, Block 3,018, Section 11, on tax map; Municipal Liens Co. against Esther Kelly Baker et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, H. Swain.

LOT 867, westerly half, map of Village of Wakefield; H. Elizabeth Oliver against Mary Arote Atkinson, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Mott & McCready.

156TH ST, s s, 52.5 ft w of Cauldwell Av, 50x100; Leontine J. Frost, as trustee, against Vito Calcagno et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. C. French.

138TH ST, 606 and 608 East; Jacob J. Newman et al. against Herman Cohen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Hirsch, Sherman & Limburg.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

4TH AV, 71 and 73; Jacob Kantrowitz against Morris Weinstein, owner; Sam Wolf, contractor. $350

26TH ST, 114 to 120 West; J. Harry Riker against Criterion Construction Co., owner and contractor. $313

82D ST, 55 West; Herman B. Birnbaum against New Rochelle Trust Co., trustee, owner; August H. Hillers & Co., contractor. $159

3D AV, 903; Joseph Schmideberg against W. Bourke Cockran, owner; Western Cabinet Co., Inc., contractor. $250

BROADWAY, 2,525 to 2,539; Emergency Plumbing Corp., Inc., against 95th St. and Broadway Corp., owner; Kennedy Theatres, Inc., contractor. $2,076

AV B, 329 to 333; R. MacCracken, Inc., against John N. Brockman estate, owner; Thomas J. Fanning, contractor. $213

53D ST, 512 West; R. MacCracken, Inc., against Elizabeth McGillicuddy, owner; 512 West 53d St. Co., contractor. $330

Bronx.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

KNICKERBOCKER CHAMBERS
22 EAST 62d ST.
Between 5th & Madison Aves.
Furnished or Unfurnished.

One Suite of Large Living Room, Large Bedroom and 2 Baths.
Also
One Suite—Living Room, Bedroom and Bath.

FINE HOTEL SERVICE.
All Night Elevator.
All Meals Served in Rooms.
Professional Services.
E. de Forest Simmons
Tel. 837 Plaza—31 West 58th St.

Carlton Chambers
Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Maid and restaurant service if desired. Rent $1350 unfurnished
Herbert Gulick Co., Inc.,
402 Madison Ave.

40TH ST., NO. 34 EAST
High Class, Elevator, All Improvements;
3 ROOMS AND BATH;
non-housekeeping; including service.
$900 to $1,200.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agts.,
542 5th Av., N.Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, sumptuously furnished; all appointments of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 7040.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Delightfully furnished red brick private house on East 52d St., near Park Avenue, for rent from November to June, $4,000. Drawing room, library, living room with sun parlor, foyer hall, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, laundry, storage room, five bedrooms and two baths; furnace heat and open fireplaces.
BLAKEMAN QUINTARD MEEKER,
50 E. 42d St. Tel. Mur. Hill 2455.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

87TH ST., 153 WEST.—Lower half private dwelling, adapted for physician, dentist, or two couples. Owner.

Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH.
Newly erected; beautiful 8-room modern detached house, with double garage; all improvements; sacrifice price; easy terms; can be used for 1 or 2 families; must be seen to be appreciated; located on Ocean Av., between Avs. S and T; Brighton L to Av. U or Ocean Av. car passes door; owner.
MANVER REALTY CORP.,
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
Phone 2386 Cortlandt. Room 1201.

Semi-detached, one-family Colonial house, garage space, deep lot, near subways; $6,200. Other bargains as low as $3,300. Easy terms. Write for appointment. A. Breier, 261 Broadway.

Long Island.

"THE GABLES"
A new dwelling of unusual charm, English Stucco design, brown tone, with mottled roof. Artistic and pleasing to a remarkable degree; 8 rooms, 2 baths, large plot 120x140; 2-car plastered garage with all improvements and sleeping quarters on second floor. In Hempstead, L. I., convenient to Garden City, golf links, &c. Will take $12,750 on reasonable terms. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 Broadway. Phone Worth 4657.

A professional man going to the coast must sell his beautifully furnished dwelling, with garage and plot 100x100, near trolley and deep water; easy commuting distance; small cash payment. Full particulars from George Heyes, 182 State St., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—Forest Hills, L. I.; 14 minutes from Pennsylvania Station, New York; 8-room new house; every convenience; furnished or unfurnished; large yard; coaled; terms. Telephone Forest Hills 0417.

Broadway, Flushing, eight-room house, fully furnished; excellent location; garage. Aiuhaus & Co., 2,339 7th Av. K 9 Times.

Long Beach.—Bungalow; corner; electricity, plumbing, furnished, $1,750, terms. Call on Walsh, West End, Long Beach, L. I.

Westchester County.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY—For rent, furnished, long or short term, Tile I, house with garage, or will sell at sacrifice; good location; high ground; coal in cellar. Ten minutes from station. Howard S. Falling, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. N. Y. Spring 9176.

New Jersey.

For Sale.—Very handsome dwelling; good repair; finest residence section; New Rochelle; large improved corner lot, garage; nine rooms, many closets, reception hall, alcove study, large bath; maids' wash bowl and toilet; hard floors; commodious porch; extra large cellar; hot-air furnace; double windows; easy terms; bargain; whether for investment or for home; assessed New York $10,130. Apply C. S. Leeds, 32 Broadway.

NEW HOUSES.
Six and seven rooms; steam heat; tiled baths, open fireplaces, large living rooms, large kitchens, with pantry; plot 40x150; prices, $4,200 and $6,000; terms to suit; also desirable home sites for sale. Frank Miller, 13 Park Row, N. Y. Tel. Barclay 8085.

Bungalow on half-acre plot, 6 rooms and bath, fireplace; all improvements; short walk station; view Ramapo Hills; garage; $5,000; easy terms. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Madison Square.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; steam heat; hollow tile stucco dwelling; half hour, Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 3808 Beekman.

Houses Wanted.

Unfurnished cottage, about 6 or 8 rooms, $25 up, with room for garage; steady tenant; west section of Bronx, in or near Woodlawn. John Morrison, 845 Walton Av., Bronx.

Immediately, small house, improvements, near city; $25-$45. Stationery, 1,264 Amsterdam Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MACHINE PLANT
For sale, a $27,000 chattel mortgage on an up-to-date going machine plant located in New York City, fully equipped to manufacture parts for aeroplanes or similar work requiring double action presses and other machinery necessary for such purposes; everything in first-class condition; full particulars on request. Z 275 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

English cottage, stucco, just completed, with large plot; a model in detail and planning; spacious veranda; sleeping porch, &c.; in finest section of Hempstead, Long Island; 42 minutes out; a bargain at $6,500; on reasonable terms. G. P. Norton, 277 Broadway, New York. Worth 4657.

Offering my beautiful Long Island corner residence, ten rooms, three baths, garage, half hour out, $16,000; very easy terms, ample coal. L 400 Times.

15-room furnished room house for sale; profit $150 per month. 259 West 75th St. Telephone Col. 9037.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

BAY RIDGE BARGAINS
Beautiful two-family new brick houses, 11 rooms, 2 baths, 2 large store rooms, 2 stables, 2 heaters, garage for 2 cars, near corner station, $1,500; investment; owner will give free rent on first floor. Torkel Larsen, 3605 5th Av., Brooklyn.

NEW detached one-family stucco houses; ready to occupy; $7,000-$9,500. Call, phone, or write, Otto Singer, Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach subway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Madison, N. J.—Shingled house, white trimmings and large veranda; 10 rooms and 2 baths; open fireplace, steam heat, with Winter coal in cellar; screens, storm windows, doors, and new awnings; elevation nearly 600 feet; $12,000. P. O. Box 272, Madison, N. J.

Beautiful studio residence; view of Sound; 8 rooms, every modern improvement; 2½ acres; terms to suit. Bedell, 11 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6441.

Bargain.—Owner will sacrifice beautiful 15-acre estate, commuting distance; house, garage, gardener's cottage. Hughes, 11 East 42d St. 6442 Murray Hill.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE,
527 5th Av., New York.

REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A wonderful bargain
at Mount Vernon, N. Y.
33 1-3% discount from former price; large stone mansion of 15 rooms, 3 baths, 2 sun parlors, beautiful woodwork, stable, garage, garden, one acre; choicest surroundings, most valuable residence section.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

11-room house, convenient to all transit facilities; running water in most of the rooms; rent, $75 monthly. Apply 304 West 116th, or Robert Levers, 376 Lenox Av.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$25,000, mortgage $12,500 at 5%; beautiful 3-story and basement private dwelling; Washington Heights; choice location; 10 rooms, 2 baths; parquet floors; gas and electric lights; now rented at $1,200; water; repairs; might exchange equity for free and clear place. Desirable, Box 246 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

Have clients who purchase deeds for Manhattan or Bronx improved property; threatened with foreclosure. Adler, 1,506 1st Av.

I have buyers for really attractive Manhattan bargains. Harry E. Hayes, 29 B'way.

FARMS.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

FARM for sale; about 200 acres. Inquire of F. W. Turner, Gales Ferry, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
20,000 SQ. FEET.
20,000 SQ. FEET.
New 2-story fireproof building.
Rent or sell on easy terms.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

TO LET, AT PASSAIC, N. J.,
15,000 sq. ft. in Rittenhouse Mill, on Passaic St., with power; 1st and 2d floors have 10,000 sq. ft each; railroad siding; low insurance to Mill Mutuals.
Apply, J. J. WYNNE, on premises, or
RICHARD ROSSITER,
158 Ellison St., Passaic, N. J.

MODERN FACTORY SPACE.
9,500 square feet floor space in modern concrete loft building at 106 South 5th St., Brooklyn, facing Williamsburg Bridge; steam heat and elevator service; space now available. Louis Gretsch, 177 Remsen St. Phone 3162 Main.

You can have an office on Broadway, use of desk, full privileges, use of telephone switchboard carrying 10 numbers, your mail cared for and forwarded if desired, consultation room, all for $5 per month. Duane Co., 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Yard and shop, Long Island City, midway between tube and Queensboro Bridge, 55x100; reasonable rent; living apartments upstairs and offices on second floor; dry basement and shed in rear. Apply Room 1010, 103 Park Av., New York City.

LARGE FLOORS, near East River and 23d St.; storage, factories; carry heavy weights; near new piers and docks; low rent; apply quickly 438 East 23d St. Manhattan, 5511 (Gramercy).

152-6 EAST 120TH STREET.
Four-story, 50 ft. Building.
Good Light—Reasonable Rent.
AMES & COMPANY, 2d West 31st St.

Candler Building, 220 West 42d.—Large light furnished room; part of suite, with or without service. Bryant 1903. Phone 1942 Bryant.

Loft 5,000 square feet, light on four sides, freight elevator; 35 cents per foot; immediate possession; power if wanted. Apply to National Clutch Co., 546 West 27th St.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE,
TWO MILES DOWNTOWN,
G. M. PEARSON & CO., INC.,
527 FIFTH AV.

Astoria, Long Island, near 92d St. Ferry, one-story, fireproof building, 50x100; fine for factory or garage. Jacob Weiss, 1 Bridge Plaza, L. I. City.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Loft, 22x90; elevator building; heat, good light. Apply on premises or Rieser, phone 5350 Madison Square.

Light office; excellent accommodations; ideally located; $40; corner of Broadway, Mass. Bracher, 200 West 72d St.

PART OF OFFICE OR DESK ROOM—AIRY ROOM WITH NORTH LIGHT. 31 EAST 27TH ST., ROOM 85.

Sublet, furnished, two small offices; separate telephone. Room 1708, 303 5th Av. Madison Square 8860.

Desk room, telephone and stenographer privileges. 128 Broadway, Room 1209, after 4:30 only.

Lenox Av., 342, near 125th subway, large store, $100 monthly; 3 years.

Offices, $25 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1,203.

ELEGANT office to sublet; suitable for professional men. 309 Broadway, Room 506.

Subdivided, light office, furnished, unfurnished. Room 1209, 37 Liberty St.

45TH ST., 16 EAST—Handsome parlor floor for business, dentist or doctor. Furnished.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFT, 90 OR 100 FEET SQUARE, BETWEEN 29TH AND 32D, NEAR BROADWAY. ANSWER BOX 11, GENERAL POST OFFICE.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $19 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

80S, (Murray Hill.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, all rooms, light, airy; phone; $200 month. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merrill, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

40TH, 149 EAST.—Handsomely furnished 3-room apartment, kitchen; view; $150. Apt. 94.

50'S.—3 rooms; very nicely furnished; short or long lease. Phone Columbus 1277.

59TH ST., 51 EAST—Large bright parlor chamber and bath. Telephone, Murray Hill 5022.

59TH ST., 51 EAST—Artist's Studio chamber and bath, north light. Murray Hill 5022.

60TH ST., 134 EAST—Parlor rooms, light housekeeping; $7 a week.

76TH ST., 53 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Handsomely furnished seven rooms and bath; southern exposure; $150; immediate possession; long, short lease. M. Coyle, Lenox 1690.

83D, EAST.—Elevator; six beautiful sunlit rooms, piano, $110. Frank. Lenox 4087.

ALL DESIRABLE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

APARTMENT HOMES—$150 TO $1,000.
Personally Inspected.
EAST-WEST SIDE APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 W. 72D ST. COL. 1277.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realthy, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1456.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

ATTENTION! — APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St.

Four-room apartment, outside rooms, furnished complete; modern conveniences; 182 23d St.; apartment Jackson Heights, Elmhurst, L. I.; twenty minutes from Grand Central Station; Corona subway train to 25th St. station. Seen by appointment. Phone Newtown 2550.

MADISON AV., 507.—To rent for six months or longer, 3 rooms and bath, attractively furnished; suitable for one person only; seen by appointment. Apply to Supt.

MADISON AV., 785.—Bachelor apartment, three large, sunny rooms, single; $6, $8.

PARK AV. APARTMENT, EIGHT ROOMS, EXQUISITELY FURNISHED IN ROSE AND GRAY BROCADES; FRENCH ATMOSPHERE THROUGHOUT, EXCEPT DINING ROOM, WHICH IS ITALIAN WITH VENETIAN VELVET; LARGE MUSIC ROOM AND LIBRARY; CAFE VOISIN IN BUILDING. PLAZA 2468.

PARK AV. 940, (East 81st.)—Elegantly furnished seven-room apartment, corner. Tel. 3463 Lenox.

PARK AV.—Seven-room apt., clean, comfortable, attractive; piano; $140. Lenox 360.

PLAZA SECTION.—Seven rooms, three baths; charmingly furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Two or more rooms and bath.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY to lease handsomely furnished studio apartment; four rooms, bath, kitchenette, sunny; open fireplaces; alterations just completed; service if required; year or season. Housekeeper, 125 East 34th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.
9 West 9th St., unusual apartment, two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces, steam heat, phone, electricity, service unusual.

Furnished—West Side.

2 room, $85; 5, $135; 6, $125; 7, $225; light, sunshine. Tripp, 416 W. 118th; hours 10-2. Morningside 3502.

114 WEST 37TH ST.
Most beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, (living room 20x20 feet, open fireplace,) Steinway grand piano.

1¼ WEST 37TH ST.
Unusually wonderful studio, three rooms and bath; (studio room 25x35 feet, two open fireplaces;) most artistically furnished.

23D, 440 WEST.—Beautiful 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence, (London Terrace;) steam heat, electricity, telephone; reasonable.

32D, 9 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, service; period furniture; large rooms; fireplace.

34TH ST., 130 WEST.—Comfortably furnished two rooms, kitchentte and bath; southern exposure; immediate possession; rent $85; references required. Apt. 2.

42D, 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55 to $100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath; $85 to $100, including service; also unfurnished, $65 to $75; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

47TH, 132 WEST. (Felix-Portland Hotel.)—Desirable suites, two rooms, bath, $21 per week up; European plan; high-class American plan, $24.50 week up per person; special monthly rates.

48TH, 13 WEST.—Non-housekeeping 1-3 room suites, private baths; furnished, unfurnished; elevator.

49TH, 11 WEST.—2 or 3 rooms with bath; non-housekeeping; maid service; furnished or unfurnished; also 3 handsome large rooms, beautifully decorated, on parlor floor with bath; parquetry floors; unfurnished; maid service; tea room in basement.

57 WEST 50TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; most attractively furnished apartment; parquet floors, open fireplaces; lease; references; $100 monthly. Call 3 to 6, or phone Circle 5778.

508, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three large rooms, bath; piano; $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST, 245 WEST. (off Broadway.)—3 rooms and bath, housekeeping; high-class elevator apartment; fireproof.

54TH ST., 201 WEST.—Sublet charming apartment, 4 rooms, bath. Apartment 6-D.

57TH ST., 130 WEST.—Sublet handsomely furnished two rooms, kitchenette, bath.

58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished 2-room suite.

59TH, WEST, (Near Fifth Av.)—Elegantly fur. 2-room apt., kitchen; view of park, 12th floor, four windows in bedroom; sunny, fine air; immediate; $187 month. Winter lease, or $167 yearly lease. Phone 3915 Cathedral, Apt. 12G.

59TH, 116 WEST.—Sublet beautifully furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchenette, overlooking park.

38 WEST 59TH ST.
Two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Newly furnished 2-3 rooms, kitchenette; absolute cleanliness; refined surroundings; reference; to let unfurnished.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the new west end.)—2-room apartment; $60-$70. Col. 4488.

70'S, (West End.)—7 rooms, 2 baths, handsomely furnished; newly decorated. Columbus 3974.

708, West End.—Three-room apt., kitchen, $165. Columbus 8109 from 2 to 6 P. M.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Three magnificently furnished, large, sunny rooms; needle shower, electric bath. Telephone Columbus 9415. Hager.

71ST ST., 346 WEST.—Handsomely; two room, kitchenette, bath, fireplace. $125 monthly. McGuire.

72D ST., 42 WEST.—Two rooms and bath in the acme of refinement and taste; wonderful sunshine; Japanese restaurant; leases only. Royalton Hotel, 7941 Columbus.

72D, 116 WEST.—Attractive, homelike apartment; 2 rooms, bath; maid service; restaurant; concessions to October. 14E.

73D, 271 WEST. — Particularly desirable rooms, kitchenette; high-class house and neighborhood; references.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Studio suites, beautifully furnished; all conveniences; terms moderate.

79TH, 307 WEST.—6 sunny rooms, 2 baths, home comforts, grand piano, southern exposure; $2,750; also monthly. Myer.

80S.—8 rooms, 3 baths; newly, nicely furnished; 3 master bedrooms; must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Col. 1277.

80S, (Near Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths, $165 month. Silberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S, (West End.)—Nine rooms, four baths; artistic furnishings. Gray, Columbus 3974.

81ST ST., 219 WEST.
Five outside rooms, two baths, twelfth floor; artistically, completely furnished; $250. Appointment only. Telephone Schuyler 4700, Apartment 12E.

84TH, (Riverside.)—8 rooms, 2 baths, attractively furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

87TH, 67 WEST.—Private house, sunny 2d floor, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $85; 3-room studio, single adult, $45.

93D, 270 WEST.—Light studio; private bath; kitchenette; furnished, $70; unfurnished, $60; other large studio, part time. Opper.

93D, 317 WEST.—7 rooms, bath, comfortably furnished apt. Apt. B.

101ST, 300 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 6 rooms, modern, newly decorated. Kent.

110TH ST., 214 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—4 rooms, front apartment, completely furnished. Apt. 92. Apply to superintendent.

111TH, 518 WEST.—High-class, seven-room apartment, well furnished; every convenience; lease six months or more; owner going abroad; references. Cathedral 5986, Apt. 54.

111TH ST., 507 WEST.—Seven rooms, all light and airy; elevator; convenient to Broadway subway. Stockbridge, Tel. Cathedral 6350.

111TH ST., 610 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 5-room Apt., complete; $150. McGuire.

111TH, 605 WEST.—5 rooms, furnished; elevator apartment; season, year. Morningside 4740.

113TH (near Broadway).—High-class bachelor apartment of two rooms and bath; steam heat, electric lights; dining room in building. R. & McEntee Co., 544 W. 113th. Telephone Morningside 1891.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Very high-class apartment house, furnishings unequaled, home atmosphere, 2, 4, 5 and 6 rooms. Telephone Morningside 8240.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—Very desirable 2-room suite, private bath; 1 room, with bath; full hotel service.

Are you looking for an exceptionally high-class 4-room furnished apartment, select new building facing Central Park West? Rent, sell. Telephone Circle 1535.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice apartments, 4 to 12 rooms; East, West; $150 up. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally Inspected. Consult Mrs. Dinkeman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d, Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences. At Apartment Rates. Inspection invited. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.

110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartments rented monthly. 1 Room with kitchenette & bath from $35 up. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $65 up. Telephone Academy 6100 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BROADWAY, (Near 110th St.)—Bachelor or business woman, two rooms, bath; ideal; $75 month; references essential. W 720 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY.—3 front rooms, kitchenette; elevator; central location. Riverside 5400, Apt. 31.

BROADWAY, 2,333.—Newly renovated; electricity; substantially furnished; 4 rooms, 7 rooms. Schuyler 7854.

BROADWAY, 3,089.—Cozy four-room apartment. Apt. 57.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—7 rooms, 3 baths; well furnished; will lease for short or long term. Phone Columbus 1277.

Choice furnished apartments. E. K. Van Winkle, 158 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Phone Col. 2756.

FURNISHED hotel apartment, six rooms, two baths, to sublet; Marie Antoinette, Broadway and 66th St. Inquire of lessee. Apartment 31.

FURNISHED Apartments a Specialty; Town, Country—Renting. 200 W. 72d. Col. 5565.

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Two or more rooms and bath.

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WASHINGTON SQUARE.
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2 room, $85; 5, $135; 6, $125; 7, $225; light, sunshine. Tripp, 416 W. 118th; hours 10-2. Morningside 3502.

114 WEST 37TH ST.
Most beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, (living room 20x20 feet, open fireplace,) Steinway grand piano.

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32D, 9 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, service; period furniture; large rooms; fireplace.

34TH ST., 130 WEST.—Comfortably furnished two rooms, kitchentte and bath; southern exposure; immediate possession; rent $85; references required. Apt. 2.

42D, 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55 to $100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath; $85 to $100, including service; also unfurnished, $65 to $75; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

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48TH, 13 WEST.—Non-housekeeping 1-3 room suites, private baths; furnished, unfurnished; elevator.

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57 WEST 50TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; most attractively furnished apartment; parquet floors, open fireplaces; lease; references; $100 monthly. Call 3 to 6, or phone Circle 5778.

508, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three large rooms, bath; piano; $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST, 245 WEST. (off Broadway.)—3 rooms and bath, housekeeping; high-class elevator apartment; fireproof.

54TH ST., 201 WEST.—Sublet charming apartment, 4 rooms, bath. Apartment 6-D.

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58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished 2-room suite.

59TH, WEST, (Near Fifth Av

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN experienced with railroad claims; knowledge of all office work; can begin at once; wire at my expense. Levy, 826 West 146th Street.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good character, holding managerial position, now wants position where responsibility and self-reliance are required; references. J. L. L., 1,418 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18½, educated, two years law clerk, wishes position at anything assuring advancement; excellent references. B 553 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, exempt, who has done big things, wants a big job with big future. Q 234 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) exempt, intelligent, tactful, wishes responsible position with good prospects; selling ability. G 388 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position with responsible firm; reads and writes Spanish, Italian; also knowledge of French. G 387 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19 years, desires position with opportunity for advancement. B 598 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, knowledge stenography, desires position in manufacturing concern. B 607 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, 3 years' business experience, desires clerical position. P 663 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) practical business experience; high and business school education. B 620 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) billing clerk, knowledge bookkeeping, typist, clerical; references. W 722 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, wishes position typist, bill and order clerk. L 391 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) wishes clerical position; experience. G 376 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20), 4 years' practical business experience; draft exempt. L 381 Times.

YOUNG MAN, draft exempt, honest, reliable, clerical and selling ability. L 388 Times.

YOUNG SPANIARD (22), business college graduate in this country; office experience. A. V., 20 Irving Pl.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our hosiery, silverware, dress goods, linen, silk, toys, leather goods, grocery, housefurnishing, and women's neckwear departments. Applications may be made any day between the hours of 9:45 A. M. and 6:15 P. M. at the Superintendent's office or by mail.

ALSO

WRAPPING DEPT.

requires a number of girls to wrap parcels; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, subway floor, Central Building.

ADDRESSOGRAPH STENCIL MACHINE OPERATORS

Wanted several young ladies to operate addressograph stencil machines in high class establishment under unusually attractive working conditions; good wages. Address B 206 Times.

ADDRESSER, circularizing department publishing house; salary, $10 or $12; state experience. B 199 Times.

Apply for
PATRIOTIC SERVICE—GOVERNMENT WORK.

Absolutely permanent positions, with many opportunities for advancement.

Young women, 16 to 25 years of age, wanted for

telephone operating.

"SOLDIERS OF THE SWITCHBOARD."

$8 to $9 per week first four weeks while learning the business in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn.

$9.50 to $12.50 per week within the next few weeks, according to hours of duty assigned. Frequent increases thereafter.

No experience necessary.
Good health, eyesight, and hearing.

Employes are especially well cared for. Meals served at cost, anniversary payments, sick benefits, vacations with pay, pensions, superior environment, and delightful quarters. 7 to 8 hour working day.

Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Manhattan.....58 West Houston St.
Miss K. M. Schmitt.

Brooklyn.....81 Willoughby St.
Miss M. T. Murray.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

ASSEMBLERS wanted, experienced on small electrical instruments. If on Government work do not apply. Boucher, 150 Lafayette St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.

Capable, intelligent, young lady with knowledge of bookkeeping, as bill and ledger clerk; opportunity to develop full-fledged bookkeeper; salary $15; state age and previous experience. B 202 Times.

ASSISTANT in office; must be accurate at figuring and neat penman. Address, stating salary expected, B 198 Times.

ASSISTANT in office; experienced; must be accurate at figures. Call after 9:30, F. & W. Grand, 5-10-25c. Store, 8 East 14th St.

BILLING CLERKS.

Must be experienced. Apply main office, sixth floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

BILLING CLERK with stenographic or dictaphone experience; attractive position; opportunity for advancement. Write, stating qualifications, age, nationality, salary desired. American Foundry Equipment Co., 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.

One with department store experience preferred, but not absolutely essential. Must also be rapid and accurate. A splendid opening with advancement and liberal salary assured to one who can qualify. Apply main office, sixth floor. Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

BOOKKEEPING.—Typist; knowledge stenography perferred but not essential; clever girl for classified department of daily newspaper; salary $24 weekly; splendid opportunity; quick advancement; only experts write; state full particulars, age experience, nationality. Box W. O., 1619 St. James Building.

BOOKKEEPER (double entry) and typist; must be neat penman; excellent opportunity for advancement for one qualified for the position; reply in own handwriting, stating references and salary expected. H 649 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced in both branches; no beginners; interior decorative firm; salary $25; apply by letter only stating references; do not call. F. P. Duryea & Co., 718 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman experienced on ledgers, trial balances, and statements for permanent position with Brooklyn manufacturer; state age, experience, reference, and salary wanted. Z 274 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Must be good at figures; one experienced in advertising office preferred; good opportunity for bright, conscientious person. A. N., 159 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in corporation accounting, to take charge of books; must be able to prepare statement, reports; $30 week. Excellent opportunity for advancement. Address P. O. Box 209, City Hall Sta.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, (young lady,) to take full charge of office and understanding typewriting; best references required; cotton goods house. Levy & Meyrich, 30 University Place.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist; must understand bookkeeping and have several years' experience; $15 start; state references, &c. B. A., 159 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must be thoroughly competent to handle controlling accounts; good position; state salary expected. B 208 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or entry clerk for purchasing department; Government position; state age, experience, salary desired, telephone number. B 211 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; must be exceptionally fine penman; good position. Address, stating age and salary. B 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant bookkeeper, experienced, in engineering and contracting office; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 623 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; commercial house; office position to young lady with knowledge of accountancy. Write, giving experience and salary expected, B 201 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, knowledge of double entry, good penman, and efficient worker. Apply in writing, Charles Solomon & Co., 53 West 36th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, with automobile experience preferred. John B. Elsey, 188th St. and Concourse.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with pipe and fittings preferred; state salary expected. B 656 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced wanted. Apply, stating experience, salary desired, A 435 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, single entry, quick, correct; accustomed market work preferred. 813 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, one who understands double entry and trial balance. Call at 4, Samuel Gordon, 1,265 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID.—Bright, intelligent girl to care for physician's office and do light chamberwork evenings free; good salary. Apply Thursday morning, 10-2, Mrs. Mayer, 2 West 89th St., Apt. 1 West. Telephone 8328 Riverside.

CHAMBERMAID-LAUNDRESS wanted in apartment; call 9-10, 6-8. Call Apt. 4E, 150 West 79th.

CLERICAL WORKERS in subscription department of a publishing house; salary $8 per week. Apply Room 92, Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., New York City.

CLERKS.

We are in position to employ a few clerical workers, those with some high school training preferred, to be trained to become correspondents.

The Mail Order business offers exceptional opportunity for female workers in this branch of their business. The pay while learning is good and advancement is rapid.

THOSE EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERKS.

Experienced girls for filing and indexing address stencils; experience in any sort of alphabetical filing would be helpful.

THOSE EMPLOYED NOW CAN PARTICIPATE IN OUR BONUS, PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

CALL AT ONCE.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y. ,

CLERKS.

Grammar school graduates between the ages of 16 and 23 for work in accounting department; experience unnecessary; rapid advancement for those who qualify; hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Saturday half holiday throughout the year. Apply between 1 P. M. and 4 P. M., to

New York Telephone Company,
Room 502, 25 Church St., N. Y. C.

CLERK

experienced in general office work retail specialty shop; one with knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; good opportunity for industrious and intelligent young women. Apply by mail or personally.
DE PINNA,
5TH AV., CORNER 50TH ST.

CLERK.—Publishing house requires a young woman for clerical work; experience in filing, billing, and entering of records, and care of stencils; some experience in subscription work favorably considered; hours at present, 8:30-4:30; Saturday, 12:30. Call McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av., 36th St. Ask for Miss Sedramsk.

CLERKS AND BOOKKEEPERS with good knowledge of French and able to operate typewriter, by large steamship company; answer, stating nationality, age, experience, and salary expected. P. O. Box 200, City Hall Station.

CLERK.—Permanent position, with advancement, to learn filing of correspondence; state age, salary desired, previous business experience, if any. C. C., 221 Times Downtown.

CLERK, experienced in distribution and classification work, with Christian firm; hours 8 to 5 P. M., 1 P. M. Saturday; state age, nationality, experience, and salary wanted. B 602 Times Downtown.

COMPANION AND NURSE.—Refined, educated, for nervous lady; one who is cheerful, can play piano, read well; suburban residence; apply in person after 12 o'clock. John W. Ryan, 4 Arcade, Penn. Station, City.

COMPANION or chaperon wanted by a lady of social position, willing to travel or go to the country. Miss Magee, Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, Telephone Kingsbridge 427.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.

EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, QUICK; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO ONE WHO MAKES GOOD; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, AGE, LENTH OF EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, SALARY EXPECTED. J. K., 400 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COOK, first class, wanted; $75 per month. B 531 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER on ladies' shirtwaists. Apply after 9:30, Hart, Wang & Stein, 1,270 Broadway, Room 402.

DRAFTSWOMAN.—Wanted, young lady with drafting experience on technical proposition as engineering assistant to general manager; must have ability and personality. Write, stating experience, and initial salary expected. H 618 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR AND STENOGRAPHER IN LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 799 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT with knowledge of stenography for trade Magazine. Excellent chance for advancement. Salary start $20.00. H 638 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.

Women, 20 to 35, with mechanical ability, for interesting indoor work under splendid conditions; knowledge of elementary electricity and shop experience desirable but not essential; opportunity for advancement unusual to those who can make good; good pay while learning. G 627 Times Downtown.

ERRAND GIRLS.

The Western Electric Company is in need of girls (must be at least 16 years old) to do light messenger work in offices; good pay to start and advancement is assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

ERRAND GIRLS wanted. The Lochhead Laboratories, Inc., 100 W. 42d St.

EXPERIENCED young girl as office assistant in cotton converting house. Apply J. Grossmann & Co., 70 Leonard St.

FILE CLERKS

TWO EXPERIENCED FILE CLERKS WANTED; PERMANENT POSITION TO THOSE WHO QUALIFY.
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
SPRING & McDOUGAL STS.
TAKE 7TH AV. SUBWAY TO HOUSTON ST.

FILE CLERK-TYPIST.

Experienced young lady familiar with general office work, required by a steamship company; state experience, age, and salary expected. Address A 433 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.—One with experience preferred; must be rapid typist; excellent position for right party. Apply A 434 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK; permanent position, with advancement; state age, salary desired and previous experience, if any. F. C., 219 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, circulation department publishing house; salary, $12. Address stating experience, B200 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted for work in small family; trustworthy girl or woman who appreciates good home. 600 West 142d St., Apt. 45.

GENERAL houseworker, white; no washing, high wages, good home; references required. Apt. 8-E, 849 West 85th St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

33d St. and Broadway,

Require

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS for mail order department. Pleasant surroundings and excellent opportunity for those who qualify.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR.

GIRLS

and

WOMEN.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO PEOPLE LIVING IN BROOKLYN.

This company's buildings are located in Brooklyn, near the East River, between the Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges; three minutes' walk from the Sands St. Station and Brooklyn Bridge.

UTILITY WORKERS.

Rapid advancement to better-paying positions in our shipping room to those who qualify. The work consists of assembling and wrapping general merchandise for parcel post and express shipping.

ORDER SELECTORS.

These positions, for active girls over 16 years of age, consist in filling mail orders in our piece goods, hosiery, underwear, and millinery divisions; pay $9 to $10 per week to start; no experience necessary.

PACKERS.

No experience necessary; positions offer an opportunity to those who may never have been employed or who have not worked for a number of years, but feel they should now be employed.

ALL EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS, PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

Call at once.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS

AND

WOMEN

A real opportunity for girls and women from 18 to 35 years of age with experience in magazine or mail order work; position permanent.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$14 TO START.
STENCIL FILERS, $12-$13 TO START.
STENCIL CUTTERS, $12-$15 AND BONUS.
WRAPPER SORTERS, $10-$12 TO START.
GENERAL CLERKS, $11-$14.
EXPERIENCED DIVISION HEAD, $18.

BEGINNERS LEARN AND EARN.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES,
$9 START.
HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, $10 START, RAPID ADVANCEMENT.

Large, light offices and half day Saturdays.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
236 WEST 37TH ST.

GIRLS.

LARGE PLANT DOING VERY IMPORTANT WAR WORK NEEDS GIRLS AT ONCE; AGES 18 TO 40; BEST LIVING CONDITIONS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GIRLS WHOSE CHARACTERS ARE BEYOND REPROACH.

APPLY READY TO LEAVE.
DU PONT CO.,
244 WEST 23D ST.
U. S. EM. S. PERMIT 44.

GIRLS.

The Western Electric Company is in need of girls (must be at least 16 years old) to do light messenger work in offices; good pay to start and advancement is assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS.
LIGHT FACTORY WORK.
SHORT HOURS.
CONGENIAL WORK.
GOOD PAY.
APPLY MR. THOMAS, 125 FRONT ST., N. Y.

GIRLS—GIRLS,

bright and ambitious, in purchasing department of large downtown wholesale firm; knowledge of typewriting preferred; state age, experience, and salary expected. B. J., 303 Times.

GIRLS, 15 TO 21,

for office and clerical work in large mail order house; steady position; excellent opportunity for advancement; 8:30 to 5:30; half day Saturday. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRLS AND WOMEN

in our packing and stock room; experience unnecessary; good salary to start; hours 8:30 to 5:30; half day Saturday. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRLS for entering subscriptions and filing; experience unnecessary but desirable; good, permanent position for accurate workers; state salary and experience, if any. W., Box 43, Station D, city.

GIRLS for office messengers; pleasant work in large office; must be neat, clean, willing; $8 per week to start; good chance for advancement for bright girls. Apply Mr. Dibble, 469 10th Av., 11th floor.

GIRL (16 to 17) for filing and general office work, occasional errands; salary $9 to start. Call Sterling Motor Truck Co., 12th Av. and 132d St.

GIRL.—Thoroughly experienced, as elevator operator for high-class apartment house. Apply from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., 4th floor, 340 Madison Av.

GIRL in office, about 15 or 16 years old. Call this morning at 9:30, Room 1018, 27 William St.

GIRL, bright assistant for general office duty; salary to begin $8. Call 354 4th Av., Room 1607, at 4:30.

GIRL or OLDER WOMAN to do general housework; good home to right party. D. H. Brinkmann, 435 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

GIRLS, on assembling small electrical instruments. Call on Government work do not apply. Boucher, 150 Lafayette St.

GIRL, visiting, to take care of boy from 1:30 until 6 P. M.; call between 1 and 2. Mrs. Endel, 249 West 102d.

GIRL, general housework, small family; wages $40. 324 West 56th St.

GOVERNESS.—French, for two children week days, 2:30 to 5:30. Riverside 4793.

HOUSE MOTHER'S ASSISTANT wanted in a boarding school for younger boys; an active lady from 30 to 40 years old to help with physical care of the children; salary $40 a month, board and laundry. Telephone Kingsbridge 867.

HOUSEWORK. — Competent Swedish girl, small apartment, family two. Telephone Circle 4744.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted; competent; call and bring references. Apt. 6E, 294 West 92d.

HOUSEKEEPER for small apartment hotel; room, no board; state age, experience, and salary required. C. R., Box 270 Times Annex.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl (white) for general housework; small family; 523 West 112th St., Apartment 31. Telephone Morningside 82.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS.

The Western Electric Company is in need of girls (must be at least 16 years old) to do light messenger work in offices; good pay to start and advancement is assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LADIES WANTED for a term of seven weeks to present attractive assortments of Christmas cards; required to be of neat appearance and courteous manner; salary and commission. Call Thursday morning after 10. Herbert B. Covert, 111 B'way.

LAUNDRESS WANTED.—Must be experienced in first-class work, for two days a week, Thursdays and Fridays, beginning today. Rascovar, 260 West 72d St.

LEDGER CLERK
in large wholesale house,
one accurate, to handle a large number of accounts.
MUST BE GOOD PENMAN,
quick and accurate at figures.
Steady position.
State age, experience, and salary expected.
S. E. 250 Times.

LEDGER CLERK on sales ledger; knowledge of trial balances, credit and correspondence; opportunity; salary to begin, $15-$17. B. S., 121 Times.

MAID wanted as attendant in prominent uptown bank; earnings approximately $55 per month. Address "C. X.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

MAID. — REFINED FRENCH VISITING MAID; HALF OR WHOLE DAY. WEIR, 270 PARK AV.

MESSENGERS.

The Western Electric Company is in need of girls (must be at least 16 years old) to do light messenger work in offices; good pay to start and advancement is assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

MILLINERY FORELADY, EXPERIENCED; HAND-MADE HAT WORKROOM; OLD ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE HOUSE; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BUSINESS AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY ESSENTIAL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS INITIATIVE, 241 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MOTHER'S HELPER, young, for girl under 2 years, help light household duties; references required. Call Wednesday, Apartment 61, Euclid Hall, 86th St. and Broadway.

NURSE OR GOVERNESS, refined, to take charge baby 18 months old and assist with two other children; state fully age and experience; highest price paid. P 662 Times Harlem.

NURSE, to care for boy 4½, girl 3 years old, country all year; 35 minutes from New York; good home and good wages; $40-$45. Apply care Buchler, Apt. A, 255 West 84th St. 2088 Schuyler.

NURSE or Mother's Helper.—A trustworthy, refined person to care for two children, 4 and 2½ years; best references required; aged 40 to 50; no German. Phone Plaza 848.

NURSE.—For two well-behaved children; good home and wages; reference required; Apt. 3 E. 349 W. 85th.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, French, or maid for one little girl; call 9 to 10, 6 to 8. Apt. 4E, 150 West 79th.

NURSE, white, experienced, for baby of 2 and older child. Apply Steinfeld, 216 W. 100th St., Tel. 2960 River.

NURSE.—Experienced, for girl of 3. Apply before 9 A. M. or after 5:30 P. M. Nathan, 152 West 72d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two refined young ladies for general office work; write full particulars; mention salary. B 574 Times Downtown.

OFFICE GIRLS.

The Western Electric Company is in need of girls (must be at least 16 years old) to do light messenger work in offices; good pay to start and advancement is assured.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

OFFICE GIRLS in office of an insurance company; must be at least 16 years of age; opportunities for advancement to clerical positions; salary to start, $9 weekly; state age and education. Address P. O. Box 225, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

OFFICE GIRL wanted for advertising department of well known concern; $10 per week to start; good hours; fine opportunity for right party. A 428 Times Downtown.

OFFICE GIRL.—16 to 17 years; American, neat, refined; replying, state age, education, nationality. B 618 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — GOOD PENMANSHIP NECESSARY; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. HECHT BROS., 53-57 WEST 14TH.

OFFICE GIRLS.—Neat appearance essential. Apply 6th floor, 22 William St.

ORDER CLERK.—Young lady to be assistant to head of order department; responsible position; must be reliable and painstaking, with good memory; experience desirable but not essential; state salary. E. D., 256 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK and assistant to office manager in large export house; must operate typewriter; stenography desirable but not necessary; state experience and salary desired. A 422 Times Downtown.

RECORD CLERK in large manufacturing concern; must be quick, accurate, and capable of making neat figures; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected. A 800 Times Downtown.

SALESLADIES.

New 8th Av. retail toy store requires experienced, neat, intelligent salesladies for permanent positions. Address in own handwriting, giving age, experience, and reference, Strauss, 7 West 22d St.

SALESGIRLS.
Experienced in confectionery line.
SCHRAFFT'S, 383 5TH AV.

SALESLADY for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary; apply after 11 M. or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. HAVE VACANCIES IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS FOR COMPETENT SALESWOMEN OR FOR WOMEN WHO ARE ABLE TO BECOME COMPETENT SALESWOMEN THROUGH THE AID OF OUR DEPARTMENT OF TRAINING:
LACES,
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
MERINO UNDERWEAR,
PETTICOATS,
BOOKS,
LAMPS,
PICTURES,
TOYS,
CHINA,
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

SALESWOMEN
FOR THE
HOLIDAY SEASON
B. ALTMAN & CO.
MADISON AV.—37TH AV.
34TH AND 35TH STREETS
NEW YORK
HAVE A NUMBER OF VACANCIES IN THEIR HOLIDAY DEPARTMENT FOR EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN THOSE SEEKING TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT POSITIONS MAY APPLY AT THE 35TH ST. EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—ONE FAMILIAR WITH HARDWARE TERMS; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING STATING SALARY EXPECTED AND EXPERIENCE; EXPERIENCE IN HARDWARE ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. A 430 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STATISTICIAN.—Young lady, American, specially trained, college graduate, four years Wall Street experience, investigating and keeping record systems, writing statistical booklets and company reports; also making graphic charts; desires connection. Address C. H., P. O. Box 107 Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER; accuracy in transcribing notes, correct spelling and punctuation are absolutely necessary; good beginner considered; state salary, education, and experience. W., Box 43, Station D, city.

STENOGRAPHER,
beginner preferred, by large manufacturing concern; steady position; excellent chance for advancement; state salary expected. B. P., 238 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, perfect operator; only those well experienced need apply; with knowledge of Spanish preferred. Apply Manhattan Shirt Co., 244 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Permanent position; good penman; healthy appearance necessary; ideal surroundings. Telephone Murray Hill 1067.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be genuinely rapid on notes and transcribing; state age, religion, experience and salary desired; write only. R., Room 414, 44 Whitehall St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, 25 to 30 years, American, experienced; replying state age, experience, nationality, salary expected. B 616 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for office of export house, experience not essential; fair salary to start; call Weiss, Biheller & Brooks, 135 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Wanted, Spanish-English stenographer in export business; salary $30. A 423 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, initiative, understanding office routine; state nationality, age, salary. B 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in the office of a publishing house; state experience and salary. Box 20, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Publication manager wants capable, refined assistant seeking permanent position; start $18, with advances; write full particulars, experience, &c. Executive, B 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and CLERK.—Efficient; congenial position open; salary $100 month; hours 8:30-5:30. Apply, stating religion, A 417 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER willing to do clerical work; state salary and experience. A 404 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent and experienced; one with knowledge of office routine; salary, $15. A 431 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST wanted; come prepared to work. 67 Irving Place, 5th floor. $12.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST. — State salary and experience. B 192 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced. Apply 20 Warren St., Shapiro & Aronson.

STRAW SEWERS — FORELADY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED — CAPABLE TAKING CHARGE LARGE SEWING HALL. OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM. EXCELLENT POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS ESTABLISHED, 260 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

A large corporation requires several young women to operate telephone switchboards.
EVENING HOURS
5 P. M. TO 12 P. M.
Central office experience preferred; rapid advancement; salary to start, $12; state age, also experience in detail. Box B 588 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.

We are in need of a few typists. Those who have had experience will be paid accordingly. Every opportunity is given to beginners.

Call at once.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

TYPIST to take dictation from business phonograph; steady; $15 to $18; 9 to 6; Saturday, 9 to 1. Third floor, Metal Stamping, 18th St. and East Av., L. I. City. Queensborough Tube to 11th St. or 59th St. Bridge to Vernon Av.

TYPIST.—Wide-awake young lady, with department store experience, permanent position, good salary; splendid opportunity for advancement. Oliver A. Olson & Co., 79th St. and Broadway, New York City.

TYPIST for billing and correspondence, preferably with dictaphone experience. Write, stating qualifications, age, nationality, salary desired. American Foundry Equipment Co., 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

TYPIST, speed and accuracy essential; $60 per month to start; fine opportunity to work up in advertising department of established concern; stenography not essential. A 427 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and office assistant; bright, capable girl able to post books and accurate at figures. Apply letter only in own handwriting. Dolphin Cutlery Co., 3 W. 29th St.

TYPIST.—Young woman, American, experienced, quick and accurate; replying state age, experience, nationality, salary expected. B 617 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—Salary, $60 month; big company; hours, 9-4, Saturdays 12; quick advancement. Write, stating age, experience, H 625 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Underwood operator to do addressing and copying; salary, $12. State experience. B 198 Times.

TYPIST for billing dep't; accurate; steady position. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10 Christopher St.

TYPIST wanted for Oliver typewriter; pleasant office. Call Educators Association, 303 5th Av.

TYPIST.—Wanted on Remington machine; accurate and reliable. Apply 15 John St., 2d floor.

TYPIST, 15-20, for large magazine; good wages for speed and accuracy. McCall, 236 West 37th.

TYPISTS, OPPORTUNITY EXTRA MONEY EVENING WORK. APPLY DURING DAY. BOYD'S, 19 PEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST, French speaking. Morris, Russell & Co., 14 Church St.

WARD MAID.—Pay $30 month. Call 146 East 28th St., today at 4 P. M.

WOMAN WANTED.—A thoroughly competent cafeteria woman to take charge of the Underwood Lunch Club, 80 Vesey Street, first floor; apply to Miss Craney before 10 A. M.

WOMAN, (white,) trustworthy, for general housework in country; good wages and home for right woman. Apply 434 76th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bay Ridge 564.

WOMAN, (white), general housework; considerate American family; adults. Audubon 3120, Apt. 2.

WOMAN, take nurse's place; two adults; experience not necessary; $5 per day. Top floor, 119 W. 83d St.

YOUNG GIRLS.—No experience necessary; to start at the bottom, in busy office; several vacancies; quick promotion assured. Call at the Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 West 39th.

YOUNG GIRL.—Learn wholesale mercantile business; very clean occupation. B 490 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES seeking a permanent position, offering exceptional opportunities, required by a large casualty insurance company; those with a knowledge of bookkeeping and graduates of high school preferred; salary $12-$15 per week, according to assignment; state age, education, and business experience. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG LADIES wanted in office of an insurance company as filing clerks; also several to assist in mailing department; splendid opportunity for advancement; high school graduates preferred, but not necessary; salary, $12-$13 weekly, according to assignment; state age and education. Address P. O. Box 325 City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG LADY to work on sales ledger in office of large wholesale house; if bright, quick, and accurate at figures and acquainted with the principles of bookkeeping previous experience on books not essential; state references and salary expected. Accurate 228 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Refined, wanted by Christian engineering firm near Grand Central, who can do touch typewriting and is accustomed to answering plug switchboard; give reference, age, and salary expected. B 197 Times.

YOUNG LADIES.

Real opportunity is opened to grammar school graduates, 16-20; short hours, agreeable surroundings; half day Saturday; in accounting department of Collier's Weekly, 416 West 13th. Apply Miss Collins.

Young lady whose neatness and accuracy will win her advancement; work under congenial special surroundings; doctor's office; $14 to $15. Apply 9-10 A. M., Apt. 5-D, 16 East 96th St.

YOUNG LADY for inside messenger work in large publishing house; hours, 9 to 5:30; good opportunity; salary to start, $8; state age and experience. Z 230 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADIES to assist in office; permanent positions; excellent opportunities for advancement. Revillon Freres, 670 5th Av. Use 53d St. entrance.

YOUNG LADY for office work; experience unnecessary; easy hours and good salary to start. Apply 4th floor, 1,845 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN to operate small switchboard and for general office work; should be a good penman; experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5, half holiday on Saturdays. Address Penman, Box 105, Madison Square Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG WOMAN, 17 to 20, to learn duties in executive dental practice; refinement, energy, and neatness demanded. Telephone Circle 1068 for appointment.

YOUNG WOMEN

with college or technical school training, able to do simple drafting work, lettering, and plotting charts; business experience preferred; good salary to start and advancement; write, stating age, experience, and salary desired. A. H. C., 468 West St., N.Y.C.

YOUNG WOMEN, who wish to care for children and learn orthopaedics; good salary and good home. Apply N. Y. Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 59th St.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syl-la-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILING—INDEXING.
Positions open for our graduates after a month's intensive training.
Day and Evening Classes.
Visitors welcome any time.
Over three thousand graduates.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

ATTENTION—GIRLS—LADIES.
Learn filing course, $10.
Telephone operating, Elevator operating, Typewriting, Dictaphone, Stenography, Comptometer.
City and Government positions.
CAPTAIN O'BRIEN,
112 EAST 23D.

PROMOTION or a better position comes to those who take the Emerson Institute Home Study Course in specialized training for business or secretarial positions. Write for Cat. H. S. The Emerson Inst., 334 5th Av., New York.

Instruction.

FILE CLERKS ARE WANTED
by big business houses every day. TRAINED file clerks are scarce. They get good pay and fine opportunities for promotion. Our inexpensive four weeks' course teaches you the things you can't learn in an office, and also gives you ACTUAL PRACTICE in filing. Positions secured when proficient. The only Filing School affiliated with a Filing Equipment House. Afternoon and Evening classes now forming. Classes limited. Call, write, or phone today. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin Street, near Broadway.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Individual Training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 500 5th Av. at 42d St. Telephone 7880 Murray Hill.

BE A DOCTOR OF CHIROPRACTIC AND EARN $5,000 TO $10,000 YEARLY. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, 1,416 BROADWAY, CORNER 39TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC. HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

BOOKKEEPERS—
Restaurant of large manufacturing plant, New Jersey, $23 and meals.
Assistant Cashier, with knowledge of double entry and ability to meet patrons, $20-$25.
Bookkeeper and Cashier, motor agency, Brooklyn, $20-$22.
Office Assistants, slight knowledge bookkeeping, $15-$18.

STENOGRAPHERS—
Some experience necessary, $18; college trained, knowledge of French or Spanish, able to do research work.

TYPISTS—
With knowledge of stenography, Brooklyn, $18.
Typists and Bill Clerks, $15-$18.

CLERKS—
Women with mature judgment, $15.
Young girl, able to handle correspondence, $14

HELP WANTED—Male.

DOOR MAN wanted in office; elderly man of good appearance with previous clerical experience; state qualifications, experience, salary. B 179 Times.

DRAFTSMEN,
HELP BUILD
AEROPLANES
FOR UNCLE SAM.

FIRST-CLASS LAYOUT AND DETAIL DRAFTSMEN FOR AEROPLANE FACTORY DOING DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTAL WORK ON ALL KINDS OF AEROPLANES.

UNEXCELLED WORKING CONDITIONS
APPLY OR WRITE
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, N. Y.

Take L. I. Railroad train from either Penn. Station, N. Y., or Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, to Garden City.

DRAFTSMEN,
DESIGNERS, AND DETAILERS ON
JIGS AND FIXTURES; ALSO
CHECKERS; DESIRABLE POSITIONS NOW OPENING TO GOOD MEN; LOCATION, NEWARK, N. J.;
STATE NATIONALITY, AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. O. F., ROOM 2502, 110 WEST 40TH ST., N. Y. CITY.

DRAFTSMAN,
tool designer, one familiar with lathes and automatics preferred. Nathan Mfg. Co., Lawrence and Grove Sts., Flushing, N. Y.; take Penn. R. R. to Main St., Flushing, or B. R. T. cars to Prospect Av., or Flushing or College Point cars from Queensboro Bridge Plaza to Lawrence St.

DRAFTSMEN, Gauge Designers, and Derail Men wanted; men now in direct Government work need not apply. Bureau of Aircraft Production, Section of Gauges and Standards, 360 Madison Av., 10th floor.

DRAFTSMEN.—2 or 3 mechanical draftsmen familiar with piping drawings for general layout on detail work. Apply by letter or in person to Mr. Brice, 440 4th Av., 16th floor.

DRAUGHTSMEN.—Mechanical detailers and tracers; permanent position; Government work; apply after 10 A. M. Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th St.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical, good detailers, also tracer, wanted; state age, education, reference, and salary. A 409 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Competent mechanical draftsman for valve work. Jenkins Bros., 80 White St.

DRUG CLERK JUNIOR.
Night work only, to a thoroughly experienced man we offer a good position at a good salary. James, 247 West 46th St.

ELECTRICIANS.
First-class men only apply.
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
20 RYERSON ST., BROOKLYN.

ENGRAVER
on silverware and jewelry; only first-class mechanic need apply;
ALSO
polisher for silverware;
ALSO
boy to act as apprentice to silverware polisher.
APPLY GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway.

Management Office, Fifth Floor.
"Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108."

ENGINEER AND MASTER MECHANIC
For large Brooklyn factory; good pay and excellent prospects for thoroughly competent man; ability to direct the work of others is essential; experience and knowledge of economic power plant operation is necessary, plus the ability to put that knowledge into practical use; applications will be treated as strictly confidential, but must give full particulars of applicant's training and experience to receive consideration. A 424 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ENGINEER.
We desire a young college man to work in our research laboratories.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

ENGINEER with South American experience; the man we seek has had a broad professional experience in Latin America; he knows the engineering field there, the people and their language; a unique opportunity with a large aggressive organization. B 204 Times.

ENGINEERING ASSISTANT for electrical and mechanical tests; permanent position; Government work; resident of Brooklyn preferred; apply after 10 A. M. Arma Engineering Co., 252 West 29th St.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN, white or colored, 8-hour day; good wages; steady employment. New York Hospital, 8 West 16th.

ENTRY CLERK, EXPERIENCED, TAKE CHARGES FROM CALL; NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS. E. C., 233 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ENTRY CLERK.—Man, experienced entering charges from call clerk. B 491 Times Downtown.

ERRAND BOY wanted; neat appearance. Apply, with reference, Room 1904, 220 Broadway.

ERRAND BOYS wanted. The Lochhead Laboratories, Inc., 109 W. 42d.

EXPORT LICENSES.—Young man, experienced with licenses preferred, though not necessary in bright applicant. Morris Russell Co., 14 Church St.

FINISHER on loose leaf binders. Wilson Jones Loose Leaf Co., 129 Lafayette St.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT
for successful concern making specialties for auto, hardware and electrical trades, principally flexible metal hose and coil windings. Not simply a war job. Hustler with understanding of machine shops and machinery will be given entire charge of manufacturing and production and will have a life position. Address with full particulars to Specialty, Box 135 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN.—Experienced handling simple dies on foot presses; if capable of running small factory good opportunity awaits you; state experience, salary expected, and draft classification. B 187 Times.

FLOORMAN.—Experienced man wanted by large department store; steady position. Call Syndicate Trading Co., 230 5th Av.

HELPERS on cable machines; strong; experience unnecessary; Government work; S. E. S., 52 Sprague Electric Works, 528 West 35th.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY,
REQUIRE
PACKERS thoroughly experienced in the packing of dry goods. Those with at least six months' experience in a retail store preferred to take charge of female wrappers and checkers on selling floors.
APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 108.

GRINDER HANDS,
TOOL GAUGE AND
SURFACE GRINDERS.
CALL OR WRITE.
WRIGHT-MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Take Queensboro subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint car from Calvary Cemetery car.

HOUSE MAN, for bachelor's apartment; prepare breakfast and dinner; if desired, work elsewhere or go to school during day; state age, references, and remuneration expected. Z 283 Times Annex.

HOUSEMAID AND VALET.—Two in family; best of references required. Call mornings, 11:30 to 12 o'clock; permanent position for right man; good wages. 242 West 71st St.

INKMAKER wanted; a man that is competent in making type and lithographic inks; a grand opportunity for the right man; correspondence strictly confidential. Z 220 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

INSTRUCTORS wanted; two experienced workmen competent to teach machine shop practice or carpenter work to college students; applicants should give references and state experience, age, and draft classification, and whether they have ever taught beginners. Address E. F. C., 38 Monroe Place, Brooklyn.

JANITOR, Bronx, man and wife, two four-story double flats; steam, hot water; four nice front basement rooms and $20. Brettell, 184 East 123d St.

JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
A graduate mechanical engineer who has had two or three years' experience, preferably along maintenance lines.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

JUNIOR ASSISTANTS
for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

LABORERS.
GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION
WORK, EDGEWOOD ARSENAL,
NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.; SHIPPING DAILY. APPLY U. S.
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
240 WEST 23D ST.
310 JAY ST., BROOKLYN.
CENTRAL CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION.

LABORERS
FOR GOVERNMENT WORK.
E. W. BLISS CO.,
76 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.
LICENSED U. S. E. S. NO. 317.

LABORERS WANTED.
STEADY WORK, GOOD PAY.
NATIONAL SULPHUR CO.,
624 KENT AV., BROOKLYN.

LACE WEAVERS WANTED. APPLY REGINA LACE CO., CENTRAL FALLS, RHODE ISLAND.

LEDGER CLERK on sales ledger; knowledge of trial balances, credit, and correspondence; opportunity; salary to begin $15-$17. H. D., 163 Times.

MANAGER AND READY-TO-WEAR BUYER.
Thoroughly experienced women's ready-to-wear buyer for retail cash cloak and suit establishment in Providence, R. I. One who is capable of assuming full responsibility of managing and merchandising a specialty house with twelve departments. New York interviews arranged for those desiring same. Address, giving full particulars, W. H. Kerr, 501 Washington St., Boston.

MANAGER AND SALESMAN.
FIRST-CLASS MAN WANTED TO MANAGE THE SALES END AND HAVE GENERAL SUPERVISION OF AN ESTABLISHED LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY WHICH IS WELL EQUIPPED TO DO ANNUALLY FROM $300,000 UP. ANSWERS WILL BE TREATED IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. FUTURE LIMITED TO ABILITY. Z 273 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted; reliable man, with selling ability to collect; steady out-door employment; bright future; substantial salary; liberal commission. The Prudential, 217 West 125th St.

MACHINISTS AND LATHE HANDS, SET UP MEN FOR MILLING MACHINES, EXPERIENCED MAN FOR TOOL CRIB; STEADY EMPLOYMENT FOR FIRST-CLASS MEN; GOVERNMENT WORK. APPLY GENERAL OPTICAL CO., WASHINGTON ST., MOUNT VERNON.

MACHINIST ON GOVERNMENT WORK WANTED, PLANT IN NEWARK, N. J.; TOOLMAKERS, LATHE HAND, MILLING MACHINE HAND, AND ALL-AROUND MACHINIST; WE PAY STANDARD WAGES FOR RELIABLE MAN. L 332 TIMES.

MACHINISTS.—All-around first-class men can obtain good positions on Government work. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

MAN WANTED
to take charge of claims and complaints in a large wholesale shoe house, one having some traffic experience preferred; excellent opportunity for right man; answer, giving nationality, age, education, experience and salary desired. Licensed by U. S. E. S., Permit No. 116.
TRAFFIC, 267 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN
OVER DRAFT AGE
IN PUBLISHING HOUSE
to handle mail,
tie up bundles and run errands.
THOMAS Y. CROWELL CO.,
428 WEST BROADWAY.

MAN to take charge of messenger department in a large metropolitan daily newspaper; an active, middle-aged man preferred; good opportunity; state age, experience, and salary desired. In answering give telephone number. Z 281 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to work in color mixing room; state age, previous occupation, and your draft classification; a good opportunity for the right man. G 789 Times Downtown.

MAN to serve papers in legal proceedings. B 562 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.
Experienced men on telephone equipment and electrical apparatus.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
We prefer men who have had three years' experience in designing small apparatus.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

MECHANICS.
To mechanics who have had machine assembling or adjusting experience an opportunity is offered to train for positions as out-of-town repairmen; to men who qualify a good future is assured; state age, experience in detail, and salary expected. T. M., 365 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, experienced in light structural steel or sheet metal designing; day or evening work. 35 West 39th St. Room 1205.

MEN.
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
OPERATORS,
DIE, TOOL AND MACHINE
SETTERS.
Both day and night shifts. Excellent working conditions, 18-45 years.
APPLY DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
SATURDAYS, 8 A. M. to 12 M.
REMINGTON ARMS UMC CO.,
14TH & WASHINGTON STS.,
HOBOKEN, N. J.

MEN.—Several men between the ages of 45 and 55, clean cut, good physical make-up, for outside night patrol work; salary to start, $18 per week; call during business hours. J. W. Gannon, room 707, 25 Church St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MESSENGERS to carry small packages and deliver envelopes; $10 per week; good work for man above draft age. Apply Mr. Dibble, 11th floor, 469 10th Av.

MILLINERY FORELADY, EXPERIENCED; HAND-MADE HAT WORKROOM; OLD-ESTABLISHED WHOLESALE HOUSE; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BUSINESS AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY ESSENTIAL; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. ADDRESS INITIATIVE, 270 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR wanted in large Christian Importing house. Apply Birdsong Bros., 391 Washington St., Tel. Franklin 4146.

NIGHT CLERK.—White; steady position; $85 and meals; good penman; switchboard; hours 7:30 P. M. to 7:30 A. M. 44 West 44th St.

NIGHT CLERK.—Hotel; competent auditor; permanent. Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 70th St.

OFFICE BOY in advertising agency for filing and errands; must be bright, willing and energetic; salary, $8, with chance for advancement; call 9-5 P. M. Thursday. 1706 Flatiron Bldg.

OFFICE MAN wanted, experienced, for C. B. Exchange of 3,600 subscribers; furnish references, state salary expected and where now employed. Petersburg Telephone Co., Petersburg, Va.

OFFICE BOY wanted; salary to begin $10 per week; good opportunity for advancement; references required. Apply 204 Franklin St., Room 203.

OFFICE BOY in a large cotton goods commission house; salary to start $8. Address W. E. B., P. O. Box 43, Madison Square Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY, to make himself generally useful; easy work; pleasant surroundings. Pace & Pace, 8th floor, Hudson Terminal, No. 30 Church St.

OFFICE BOY.
Mercantile concern. Write or call Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 22d. Permit No. 294.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in advertising office of wholesale house, about 17 years old; steady position. Apply Weinstein Bros., 47 West 34th St.

OFFICE BOY wanted for export concern; unusual opportunity for bright boy; run errands and learn export business. Call at once, Francis H. Love Co., Inc., 100 Broad St.

OFFICE BOYS wanted by large insurance Company. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C. Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 361.

OFFICE BOY FOR LARGE PERFUME HOUSE. CALL V. VIVAUDOU, INC., 418 WEST 25TH.

OFFICE BOY wanted by silk commission house; state age, experience. G 702 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Wholesale glass house; $10 per week. Call 40 Vestry St., Mr. Fowler.

OPTOMETRIST, registered, to connect with high grade department store in Brooklyn on percentage basis; at present doing $6,000 per year; can be made to yield $15,000; excellent opportunity for a progressive man. G. M. S., 116 Times.

PACKERS a
PART TIME WORK
Experienced men only as packers. Those who are interested in earning extra money by working from 7:30 until 10:30 P. M., five nights per week, call Friday at 7:30 P. M.
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
U. S. E. S. Permit No. 85.

PACKER,
experienced in
GOWNS, SUITS,
AND MILLINERY.
Good wages.
Steady work.
Apply 8th floor.
HICKSON, INC.,
601 FIFTH AV.

PACKERS.—Strong, experienced men, able to make cases and pack panel boards and switchboards; Government work. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

PACKER and assistant in shipping department, 18-45, essential business, chance for advancement; state salary to start. Carrie, Box 1178, City Hall Station, N. Y.

PACKERS,
experienced if possible, in paints and varnishes; steady work, good pay. Keystone Varnish, 71 Otsego St., Erie Sta., B'klyn.

PACKER, experienced, wanted in shipping department of large wholesale house; permanent position to a strong, conscientious worker; state age. A 420 Times Downtown.

PACKER.—Man, experienced packing fancy glassware; wholesale export house. B 494 Times Downtown.

PACKING DEPARTMENT MAN.—All-around helper wholesale export house. B 488 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN, under 60 years, graduate recognized school, as chief resident physician hospital in Philadelphia, with bed capacity of 55, large surgical service; general hospital; salary, $1,200 or more; medical superintendent wanted by same institution at same salary; send application to Dr. D. Roman, 1,904 South Rittenhouse Square, Philadelphia.

PIPE FITTERS.
First-class men only apply.
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
20 RYERSON ST., BROOKLYN.

PLUMBERS, NOTICE.
SHIPBUILDERS NEED HOUSES AT NEWPORT NEWS, VA. YOUR HELP REQUIRED.
APPLY U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE:
22 East 22d St., Manhattan.
240 West 23d St., Manhattan.
176 Clinton St., Manhattan.
210 Jay St., Brooklyn.
JAMES STEWART & CO., INC.

POLISHERS AND GRINDERS ON BRASS AND STEEL; STEADY EMPLOYMENT. GENERAL OPTICAL CO., INC., WASHINGTON ST., MT. VERNON.

PORTERS
FOR WAREHOUSE WORK.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

REPAIR MEN—GENERAL on machinery, Warner & Swazey and Fox lathes. Nathan Mfg. Co., Lawrence and Grove St., Flushing, N. Y.; take Penn. R. R. to Main St., Flushing, or B. R. T. cars to Prospect Av., or Flushing or College Point cars from Queensboro Bridge Plaza to Lawrence St.

SAFETY ENGINEER
wanted by large industrial organization; one who has had extended experience in planning and erecting safety devices in conjunction with machine tools and who is conversant with safety work generally; excellent opportunity for right man. Call or write
WRIGHT-MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Borden and Starr Avs.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Take Queensboro subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

SALES ENGINEER.—As manager of established New York branch of well-known company in steam power plant field; necessary qualifications are good selling experience in this field and technical knowledge of it; answer only if you have these; good opportunity on salary and bonus; give telephone number for interview Friday. Z 267 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Reputable brokerage house, member Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y., with rapidly expanding business, have room for high-grade salesman; consideration will be given to those who can prove integrity and show from past record earning power of $200-$300 weekly; commission basis. H 630 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR TO NEW ENGLAND RETAILERS; APPLICANT MUST HAVE ESTABLISHED TRADE AND KNOW THE LINE; WILL TURN OVER GOOD ACCOUNTS TO RIGHT MAN; SALARY AND COMMISSION. H 630 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opportunity for wide-awake salesman, preferably experienced in calling on factory trade; for present local work, eventually traveling; must give best references and preferably be exempted from draft; over 25; commission and salary. Room 68, 81 Fulton St.

SALESMAN.—Preferably one now selling for mill supply house, to represent manufacturer of power plant essentials, calling on engineers in Manhattan and vicinity; state age, salary expected, and experience. Z 278 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to handle good line of children's colored and white dresses in Middle West; commission basis; can earn $40 to $50 a week. L. Brill, 37 West 21st.

SALESMAN.—Automobile accessories traveling salesman to handle side line of auto specialties greatly in demand; commission basis; write particulars. B 306 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to call on the local electric trade with a high-class well-known household appliance; salary. Room 204, 47 West 34th St.

SALESMAN, lubricating oil; one with following; commission basis. Write Wm. Miller Co., 248 Greene St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN
for metropolitan territory, to sell on commission and salary for large jobbers and manufacturers in auto accessory, hardware, gas, machine shop, mill supply, and electric trades; orders repeat year round; thoroughly established; plenty capital; new man will be given plenty of help and cooperation, with office in plant and all the opportunity to make good; references required. Address Opportunity, Box 123 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Two stock salesmen to handle issue authorized by Capital Issues Committee, Steel Products; business highly profitable; company controls patents on wonderful single unit portable pneumatic hammer, compressing its own air in barrel of hammer, electrically driven from any electric light socket; one man does work of twenty; essential for war purposes and after war reconstruction; will revolutionize pneumatic hammer business; company successfully operating now in other branches; hammer to be immediately placed on market; right man can make big money and build splendid future; commission basis; leads.
J. P. CAPLES & CO.,
25 WEST BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.
FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.,
5th Av., 37th and 38th Sts.
EXPERIENCED
SALESMEN
for
MEN'S SHOES.
Permanent positions and opportunity for advancement.
Apply
SUPERINTENDENT'S
OFFICE.

SALESMEN.
Harman & Co., of 52 Vanderbilt Av., Suite 815, can use two or three more salesmen in the handling of a seasoned, dividend-paying, financial security of the highest type; if you are working on a commission basis paying you only 10 per cent. in this line of business, or not being in this particular line and are making less than $100 per week, you having the ability to work conscientiously and stick to true statements of fact only, it will pay you to see Mr. Corey, between 9 and 2; commission basis.

SALESMEN—SPECIALTY MEN TO CALL ON RETAIL DRUG, HARDWARE AND DEPARTMENT STORES FOR NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE. STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. APPLY BY LETTER. STERNO CANNED HEAT, 35 GOLD ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN to sell new high-class paint oil; commission basis; metropolitan district; experienced men with references. H 646 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for Middle West to take strong line of popular priced children's headwear; one with following only need apply; no objection to one other kindred line. S. K., 395 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Magazine and book men on new offers; absolutely exclusive introductory plan with advance interviews arranged for every day's work; liberal commissions. Sales Office, 823 Marbridge Bldg.

SALESMEN for silk manufacturers wanted for city and country territory; commission and drawing account; state experience and full particulars. B 195 Times.

SCREW MACHINE OPERATOR FOR BROWN AND SHARPE AUTOMATIC; MUST BE ABLE DO OWN SETTING UP; STEADY WORK. GENERAL OPTICAL CO., INC., WASHINGTON ST., MOUNT VERNON.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, ONE FAMILIAR WITH HARDWARE TERMS; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING SALARY EXPECTED AND EXPERIENCE; EXPERIENCE IN HARDWARE ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. A 429 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SEWING FOREMEN.
LARGE WAR PLANT, EMPLOYING SEVERAL HUNDRED POWER SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, WANTS TEN FOREMEN; MUST BE AMERICAN BORN AND THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN DIRECTING AND SUPERVISING STITCHING ROOM WORK. APPLY AT ONCE, U. S. GAS DEFENSE PLANT, JACKSON AV. AND HONEYWELL ST., LONG ISLAND CITY.

SHIPPING CLERK, competent, active, willing man, permanent, good chance for advancement; write; call. Provisions, 35 Desgraw St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SHIPPING CLERK ASSISTANT.—Aged 20-30; must have had practical experience and furnish A1 refrences; state age, experience, salary desired. R. S., 203 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Man as experienced assistant; wholesale import house. B 493 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE SEVERAL ROUTERS FOR THEIR DELIVERY DEPARTMENT. APPLY MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 288.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE AN EXPERIENCED CLERK FOR THEIR WRONG ADDRESS DEPARTMENT. APPLY MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 288.

STENOGRAPHER wanted at once, young man to learn office and clerical work, with knowledge of stenography. Apply Thursday morning, Fireproof Contractors' Corporation, 405 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Apply by letter, stating schooling, experience, age, and salary expected. J. A. Ganger, Sec'y, 1,476 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY for English and Italian musical business; permanent position; reply, stating salary expected. "M," 97 Times.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery, commercial, office supply store; must be experienced; permanent position; good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted; high class, with clientele; commission basis. O 223 Times.

STOREKEEPER, capable of taking charge of service station stock room and records; state experience and wages required. B 157 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT for a dyeing and finishing mill; experienced on silks or cotton goods, with executive ability to take full charge; state experience, references, and salary. Z 213 Times Annex.

SUPERVISOR. — EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN FOR JEWISH ORPHAN ASYLUM, (BOYS;) ROOM AND BOARD; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS; GOOD SALARY. APPLY A 416 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SUPERINTENDENT for elevator apartment; must be a hustler; salary $75 per month. Apply in person, 9:30 A. M., L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.

TEACHER of manual training, wood work, for a few weeks only; five mornings a week at the Staten Island Academy, St. George, Staten Island. Phone Tompkinsville 111.

TENOR SINGER needed for city church quartet; good soloist and reader. B 194 Times.

TIME STUDY MAN wanted by large plant doing war work; good opportunity for advancement; state age, education, experience, and salary wanted. Address W 719 Times Downtown.

TINSMITH for general all-around automobile work; must be able to repair radiators, tenders, and bodies; good wages. Apply Sullivan-Butler Co., Inc., 1,804 Broadway.

TOOL DESIGNERS.
Three expert designers on tools, jigs, and fixtures; prefer technical graduates with some shop experience; 90 to 95 per cent. Government work; state age, nationality, education, and experience fully. Tools, 96 New York Times, Brooklyn.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS.
Steady employment on Government work; only first-class men need apply. General Optical Co., Washington St., Mount Vernon.

TRADE INVESTIGATOR wanted, experience unnecessary; salary $14-$16. Call Eastern Millinery Association. Room 560, 200 5th Av.

TYPIST.
Young man for translating business letters into Spanish, in export office of large wholesale shoe house, excellent opportunity for bright young man to learn export business. Apply in person.
McELWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS,
21-29 HUDSON ST., N. Y. C.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 116.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED
TRAINMEN
AND
STATIONMEN.
AGES 21 TO 55.
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
Apply
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily except Sunday.
165 Broadway—Room 1233.
22 East 22d St.
58 Cooper Square.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
86th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WAREHOUSE MEN
FOR
PORTER WORK
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 113.

WINDOW TRIMMER and card writer for department store in Johnstown, Penn.; good salary to right man. Call Wednesday morning or Wednesday evening with samples of work. Ben F. Lewis, 37 West 26th.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the office of the general manager of one of the large New York department stores, between the ages of 16 and 20; must live with parents and be bright and neat in appearance; a substantial salary and rapid advancement to young man proving his adaptability; answer with full particulars.
EXCELLENT, B 191 TIMES.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit 105.

YOUNG MAN to work on sales ledger in office of wholesale house; if bright, quick, and accurate at figures and acquainted with the principles of bookkeeping, previous experience on books not essential; state references and salary expected. Ledger, 224 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN possessing ability, with some knowledge of retail clothing, to act as assistant manager in out-of-town men's clothes shop for chain store company; splendid opportunity. Call A. J. Michaels of Samuel Stores, Inc., 460 4th Av., morning.

YOUNG MAN in deferred draft classification; position in purchasing department of manufacturer; one experienced in clerical work and handling correspondence required; give full qualifications and experience. A 406 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in storeroom, familiar with electrical and plumbers' supplies. Call 9:30 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN as mail clerk and assist running electric elevator; must have good references. Apply Mehlin Piano Co., 4 East 43d St.

YOUNG MAN wanted; first-class dental mechanic; salary $50, with good prospects for advancement. Call Enterprise, 75 St. Mark's Place.

YOUNG MAN, as assistant manager for a popular-priced vaudeville and motion picture house. B 209 Times.

YOUNG MAN, by Christian firm, for light shipping; if proven competent can work into selling. Address Z 258 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN.
We desire a few capable men having at least five years' experience in sales, shop, cost, or accounting department of an electrical manufacturing business, preferably familiar with telephone equipment.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MEN
for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
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to the aid of their country."
MANY ESSENTIAL OPENINGS.
5 stenographers—$20-$25.
1 stenographer, railroad experience—$1,500.
2 stenographers, Government—$1,500.
Comptometer operators—$1,200-$1,500.
Warehouse office man—$1,200.
6 salesmen; electrical, rubber, hardware—$20-$40.
15 clerical men—$15, $18, $20, $25.
10 bookkeepers, cost accountants — $1,200, $2,000.
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HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

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ACCOUNTANTS (4)—Gov't work, probably permanent; New Jersey; $2,000-$2,600.
COST ACCOUNTANTS (2) — Excellent opportunity, experienced factory work or ladies' apparel; $2,400-$3,000 up.
BOOKKEEPERS — Many openings; bookkeepers, accountants, traveling auditors, paying $35-$2,000 and expenses.
SHIPPING CLERK—Excellent opportunity for young man; $25-$30-$35 up.
CABLE MEN (2)—Able to decode mutilated messages; willing to go to South America; banking experience preferable; $35-$40 up.
CLERKS (3)—Railroad work; essential work; $1,200 year.
EXPORT CLERK—Understand foreign invoices, consular invoices, bills lading and office routine; $30 wk.
BOOKKEEPER—Export firm; splendid chance for advancement in the coming business of the world; $30 week.
BOOKKEEPER—Office of a Gov't commission; permanent position, with good opportunities for advancement; $30 week.
BOOKKEEPER — Construction firm; must be experienced in office work of public utilities; $30 week.
STENOGRAPHER—Gov't work; 18 yrs. and over; $1,000 year.
CLERK—Do cost work; bright young man without cost experience will do; must be good at figures; $20.
JUNIOR CLERKS—In various houses; one with slight knowledge of stenography; $15-$18.
LEDGER CLERK — Take trial balance; $20.
ENTRY CLERK—Bright, able to typewrite; $18-$20.
RECEIVING CLERK — Mechanically inclined; $20.
TYPISTS (3)—Gov't work; $1,000.
(1)—Insurance office; $17.
(1)—Newspaper office; night work; $22 up.
CORRESPONDENT—With or without experience; must be bright and adaptable; $20.

TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
SALES ENGINEERS (2)—Must know airplane parts; $3,000.
ESTIMATOR on machine tools; $2,500.
HYDRAULIC ENGINEER — Power plant supervision and maintenance; $3,000.
Your choice of drafting positions in Mech., Elect., and Industrial, from $1,500-$2,500.

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ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Chanderi, G. F., is appointed a Major.

Following are appointed Captains:

Bookman, A.
Newhart, H.
Leach, W. O.
Lewis, J. S.
Woodward, S. A.
Davis, F. A.
Hale, W. Le B.
Rice, R. A.
Grasell, C. F.
Lancaster, A. C.
Hosley, W. A.
Prather, S. S.
Campbell, W. M.
Coy, L. F.
Coley, J. W.
Cass, C. J.
Simpson, J. E.
O'Brien, D. F.
Milner, H. E.
Bates, G. C.
Kaufman, L.
Snider, J. S.
Curan, H. A.
Stroud, W. C.
Anderson, W. J.
Morgan, R. J.
Selyn, A. E.
Feet, S. G.
Mashburn, H.
Sweeney, E. A.
Neal, F. A.
Mertz, H. W.
Jeffrey, L. M.
Gallinger, D. S.
Enbrie, C. E.
Klein, T. L.
Dicas, W.
Pate, L. N.

Following from Camp Greenleaf to base hops. at camps specified:

CAPTAINS.

Eveleth, C. W., Wadsworth.
Force, W. H., Jackson
Barnhard, W. E., Grant.
Farrow, J. W., Sevier.
Wheeler, H. H., Jackson.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Chilcott, I. H., Howie.
Dean, C., MacArthur.
Clayman, S. E., Greene
Hogan, R. R., Logan.
Howe, R. W., Gordon.
Cunningham, H. L., Travis.
Diamond, P. T., Shelby.
Gibson, J. P., Beauregard.
Jahn, A. H., Hancock.

Wierat, 1st Lt. J. V.; Baker, 1st Lt. B. W., Eber, 1st Lt. C. R., and Mosley, 1st Lt. F., to Camp Hemphreys.
Virgin, Maj. D. C.; Altman, Capt. E.; Moore, 1st Lt. J. T., and Wickliff, 1st Lt. J. P., will report to Cmdg. Off. at Camp Greenleaf.
Hill, Capt. W. W.; Dingman, Capt. H. W.; Davis, 1st Lt. M. D., and Eveleth, 1st Lt. S. C., to Evac. Hosp. No. 51, at Camp Greenleaf.
Baldwin, Maj. S. C.; Mowery, Capt. H. C., and Keppel, 1st Lt. F. D., to Hoboken.
Redman, Maj. J. E.; McLaughlin, Capt. P. J.; Greer, 1st Lt. C. B., and Hartman, 1st Lt. J. C., to Base Hosp. No. 132, at Camp Sheridan.
McCleave, Capt. T. C.; Andrews, Capt. N.; Beatty, 1st Lt. J. J., and Bishop, 1st Lt. E. L., to Base Hosp. No. 127, at Camp McClellan.
Woodyatt, Maj. R. T.; Sanders, Capt. A. O.; Street, 1st Lt. W. W., and Sweeney, 1st Lt. J. J., to Base Hosp. No. 184, at Camp Grant.
Wadsworth, Maj. J. F.; Hurd, Capt. W. K.; McCabe, 1st Lt. H.; Fregeau, 1st Lt. A. N., and Stone, 1st Lt. A. A., to Evac. Hosp. No. 37, at Camp Grant.
Burke, Capt. C. H.; Arnold, 1st Lt. J. L., and Cooley, 1st Lt. C. O., to Evac. Hosp. No. 5, at Camp Greenleaf.
McCay, Capt. O. L., and Rhodes, 1st Lt. R. L., to Evac. Hosp. No. 38, at Camp Greenleaf.
Ambrose, Capt. O. A., and Ashton, 1st Lt. L. O., to Base Hosp. No. 74, at Camp Greenleaf.
Lawrence, Maj. W. S., to Camp Kendrick.
Riley, Capt. E. McI., to hon. discharged.
McConnell, Capt. W., to Ft. Riley.
Thomas, Capt. G. H., to Middletown, Pa.
Robertson, Capt. G. A., to Hazelhurst Field.
Bennett, Capt. L. J., to Camp Cody.
Troutman, Capt. E. O., to Camp McClellan, re diseases.
Buchanan, Capt. T. D., to Army Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.
Powell, Capt. E. V., to Mobile Hosp. No. 101, at Camp Crane.
Kiser, 1st Lt. A. E., to Army Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.
Odland, 1st Lt. H., to Stationary Lab. No. 6, at U. S. Army Lab. School.
Hunter, 1st Lt. J. E., to Mobile Hosp. No. 105, at Camp Crane.
Parker, 1st Lt. H. R., to Hazelhurst Field.
Bentley, 1st Lt. J. E., to Army Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.
Guthrie, 1st Lt. G. C., to Army Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.
Wilson, 1st Lt. J. L., to Evac. Hosp. No. 47, at Camp Greenleaf.
Wallace, 1st Lt. H. C., to Hosp. No. 92, at Camp Greene.
Smith, 1st Lt. A. N., to Camp Dix.
Leary, 1st Lt. J. J., to Camp Wadsworth, re diseases.
Dewey, 1st Lt. L. S., to Camp Crane.
Sharp, 1st Lt. R. A., to Camp Upton, re diseases.
Toomey, 1st Lt. T. N., to Camp Dodge, re diseases.
Ramsdell, 1st Lt. E. S., assigned to 36th Regt., at Eustis.
Pullinin, 1st Lt. E. J., to Yale Army Lab. School.

Quartermaster Corps.

Following appointed Captains:

Brock, P. G.
Beinecke, E. J.
McCloy, A. W.
Smith, S. S.
Fiske, R. F.
Gredler, J. G.
Griffith, J. M.
Meigs, J. F.
Rice, E.
Nalsawal, D.
Burbank, R. A.
Falladeau, E. V. A.
Rubenstein, L.

Butler, 1st Lt. H., promoted to be a Capt. in M. C.
Goodwin, 1st Lt. D. R., promoted to be a Capt.
Clark, 1st Lt. P. P., assigned to 446th Reserve Lab. Bat.
Pradmore, Capt. C. M. A., to Camp Dodge, as asst. to Sub-depot Qm.

Engineer Corps.

Savage, J. A., appointed a Major.

Following appointed Captains:

Clark, G. H.
Ross, E. S.
Kletzer, W.
Shibley, J. K.
Whitsit, L. A.
Brewbridge, A. L.
Sawyer, E. M.
Wright, B. V.
Bahn, A. J.
Phelan, S. H.
Godfrey, D. E.
Houghtaling, C. A.
Newman, R. R.
Knepper, E. H.
Dissinger, E.
Masson, C. H.

Lednicky, Capt. V. E., to United States, at Camp Humphreys.
Hoar, Maj. F. E., is detailed in administrative sec. purchase branch, of Purchase, Storage and Traffic Div., Gen. Staff.
Williams, Capt. A. R., assigned to 217th, at Camp Humphreys.
Tracy, Maj. E., to Camp Leach, reorganization of camouflage troops.
Lewis, 1st Lt. J. R., is hon. discharged.

Ordnance Department.

Ready, E. S.; Field, R. E., and Clark, N. J., appointed Majors.

Following are appointed Captains:

Moore, H.
Hoffman, A. A.
Barton, H. E. R.
Reicher, L. I.
Jackson, C. H.

Swartout, Capt. J. F., Jr.; Bode, Capt. C. L.; Beckett, Capt. H.; Riggs, 1st Lt. W. C., and Lucas, 1st Lt. W. R., to Picatinny Arsenal.
Morgan, Maj M. B., to Detroit.
Jungclas, Capt. E. H., to Cincinnati Dist. Ord. Off.
Wynne, Capt. D. R., to Camp Custer, as rifle demonstrator.
Bass, Capt. S. Q., is hon. discharged.
Stewart, 1st Lt. E. F., appointed an Act. Qm. at Pittsburgh Dist. Ord. Off.
Stagg, 1st Lt. W. C., to Camp Greene as Ord. Off., relieving Capt. E. S. Barkhurst.

Air Service.

Wynne, Maj. W. W.; Webster, Capt. J. P., and White, 1st Lt. T. H., will report to Dir. of Aircraft Prod.
Watson, Lt. Col. H. L., to Chanute Field and assume command.
McIntosh, Lt. Col. L. W., will report to the President of a board created Oct. 19, for examination for rating as jun. mil. aviator.
Grammer, E. S., appointed a Major and will proceed to Vancouver Barracks with Spruce Prod. Div.
Schwars, W. A., is appointed a Capt. and will proceed to Vancouver Barracks in Spruce Prod. Div.
Mallott, 1st Lt. V. T., assigned to Aeronautics and will proceed to Kelly Field.

Cavalry.

Williams, Maj. S. M., promoted to be a Lt. Col.
Mace, Temp. Capt. E. M., hon. discharged as a Temp. Capt. only.

Sanitary Corps.

Manning, A. C.; Decker, A. J., and Jacobs, B. R., appointed Captains.

Veterinary Corps.

O'Hara, Capt. E. J., to Camp Greenleaf.
Sandsberg, 1st Lt. C. R., to Aux. Remount Depot No. 322, at Camp Dodge, as the veterinarian.

Adjutant General's Department.

Edwardson, Capt. C. A., to Camp Shelby as personnel adjt.
Gurtin, Capt. C. C., to Camp Taylor, as personnel adjt.
Kyle, Capt. W. H., to Ft. Crockett, as personnel adjt.
Walters, R. W., is appointed a Capt.

Coast Artillery.

Patterson, Lt. Col C. H., promoted to be a Col.
Ford, Maj. F. L., to Camp Eustis and assume com. of 8th Anti-Aircraft Batt.
Ashbridge, Maj. D. M., to Washington for examination for assignment as G-2 officer.
Muller, Maj. H. L., to Ft. Monroe, Va.
Oglesby, Capt. E. J., to Univ. of Texas, with Students' A. T. C.
Scribner, Capt. G. H. Sd., to Camp Eustis with 41st Art. Brig.
Hedge, Capt. A. A., to Camp Eustis with 37th Art.
Moore, Capt. O. C., assigned to 34th Art. at Camp Eustis.
Smith, Maj. H. W.; Harrigan, Capt. A. N.; Connors, Capt. H. E.; Johnson, 1st Lt. H. G. and Whitaker, 1st Lt. L. L., assigned to 34th Art. at Ft. Totten.
Pennington, 1st Lt. J., and Gleason, 1st Lt. R. M., assigned 34th Art.
Wright, 1st Lt. E. P., assigned to Students' A. T. C. U., Univ. of Cal., Berkeley, Cal.
Snyder, 1st Lt. J. H., assigned to Air Serv.

Infantry.

Humber, Lt. Col. R. C., and Shaw, Lt. Col. G. C., promoted to be Cols.

Following promoted to be Lt. Cols.:

Stritsinger, F. G., Jr.
Smith, C. C.
Wells, F. L.
Wells, B. H.
Garrison, D. G. C.

Wood, 1st Lt. O. S., and Marshall, 1st Lt. F. G., promoted to be Capts.
Wood, 1st Lt. S. B., promoted to be a Capt. in F.A. and assigned to 46th, at Camp Kearny.
Brown, Capt. P. M., to Vanderbilt Univ. as Cmdg. Off. of Students A. T. C. U.
Guggenheim, Maj. S., assigned to personnel branch operations div. of Gen. Staff.
Hurt, Maj. J. W., to Camp Wadsworth, with 90th Div.
Harding, Lt. Col. E. F., assigned to 151st Depot Brig., at Camp Devens.
Daly, Capt. L. M., to Camp Sevier.
Doucet, 1st Lt. O. L., to Knox and Lombard College, Galesburg, Ill., as Cmdg. Off. of Students A. T. C. U.
Copelin, 1st Lt. R. Y., will report to Brig. Gen. James R. Lindsay, as aide de camp on his staff.
Heer, 1st Lt. F. W., hon. discharged.

Signal Corps.

Madden, Capt. J., to Chicago, with personnel branch Gen. Staff, and take station at St. Paul when duty completed.
Marsh, 1st Lt. W. A., to Kelly Field.
Bridgen, Maj. W. E., to Camp Meade.
Merrill, Capt. J. O., to Av. Gen. Supply Depot at Little Rock.
Porter, G. H., appointed a Capt. and assigned to Procurement Div.
McWilliams, 1st Lt. J. L., to Azalea, N. C., for observation and treatment Army Gen. Hosp. 10.

Motor Transport Corps.

Boggs, Capt. F. G., assigned to 96th Div., at Camp Wadsworth.
Swentsel, Capt. F. J., to Philadelphia, re maintenance of motor veh. off.
Nelson, R. G., appointed a Capt. and assigned to repair unit No. 305, at Camp Jesup.
Laidlaw, R. R., appointed a Capt. and assigned in commissioned personnel branch of Gen. Staff.
Dickey, 1st Lt. R. C., to Camp Johnston in Motor Transport Corps Training School.
Nickels, 1st Lt. A. M., to Camp Kearny with Motor Supply Train 16th Div.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Satler, L. L., appointed a Capt.
Murtfeldt, 1st Lt. W. S., promoted to be a Capt.
Spofford, 1st Lt. C. B., Jr., transferred to Gas Defense Div. at Boston.

Miscellaneous.

Revelle, C. G., appointed a Major, Judge Advocate.
Harvey, G. R., appointed a Major, Judge Advocate.
Brown, 1st Lt. L. A., promoted to be Capt.
Courtney, Capt. P., Philippine Scouts, ret., to Ft. Oglethorpe.
Fanel, Capt. C., Philippine Scouts, ret., relieved from active duty.
Kerman, Capt. R., Philippine Scouts, ret., relieved from active duty.
Benton, Col. E. S., U. S. A., ret., to State Normal School, Troy, Ala., as Cmdg. Off. of Students' A. T. C. U.
Griffith, Col. T. W., U. S. A., ret., to Clark College, Worcester, Mass., as Cmdg. Off. of Student's A. T. C. U.
Flynn, Maj. W. F., U.S.A., ret., advanced to grade of Lt. Col. on retired list.
Skinner, Maj. J. O., U.S.A., ret., promoted to be a Lt. Col.
Herron, Capt. C. A., U.S.A., transferred same grade to U.S.G., U.S.A.
Brown, R. C., and Braun, J. S., appointed as Capts., unassigned, U.S.A., and assigned to New York for temp. duty.
Smith, K. W., Brown, F. M., appointed Majors, unassigned, U.S.A., and will go to New York for temp. duty.
Clopton, Col W. H., Jr., Tank Corps, to Washington, and return to proper station when temporary duty completed.
Moss, Maj. W. B., Adjt. Gen., relieved from detail in Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.
Gwinn, L. E., appointed a Major, Judge Advocate.

Leaves.

Elliott, Lt. Col. J. D., Inf., 14 days.
Wood, Maj. J. S., Ord. Dept., 10 days.
Armstrong, Capt. A. W., Med., extended 10 days.
Gilbert, 1st Lt. M. H., U.S.A., 10 days.

New Officers Commissioned.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The following appointments in the United States Army have been made to date from Oct. 29:

McDavitt, W. F., Capt. in U. S. A.

MAJORS IN JUDGE ADV. GEN.'S DEPT.

Ballhorn, G. E.
Hayes, W. A.
Adams, A. B.
Blu, E. F.
Stanley, E. O., Jr.

Caffey, H. M., 1st Lt. in Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept.

CAPTAINS IN ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

Hirsch, H.
McGovern, J. P.
Youngquist, G. A.
Brewer, C. P.
Chapman, H. H.
O'Connell, D. T.

1ST LTS. IN ARMY SER. CORPS.

Patterson, S. T.
Windolph, F. L.
Frith, G. H.
Holthusen, H. F.
Remmers, O. T.
Henske, E. A.

1ST LTS. IN ENGINEER CORPS.

Andrus, D. E.
Blackburn, W.
Blucher, C. M.
Bradley, H. C.
Darlington, F. G.
Moore, J. T.
Turner, R. M.
Weakley, S. A.

CAPTAINS IN ORDNANCE CORPS.

Caldwell, J. E.
Ivins, M. F., Jr.
Wilson, W., Jr.

1ST LTS. IN ORDNANCE CORPS.

Brice, C. F.
Broom, H. C.
Heinrich, A. W.
Fournier, A.
Hartline, H. C.
Irwin, R. T.
Mitchell, J.
Small, B. C.
Walters, F. H.
Winter, M. W.
Barnes, H. H.

MAJORS IN QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Mott, C. S.
Taft, J. M.

CAPTAINS IN QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Gorman, J. W.
Butz, T. C.
Murray, W.
Sherman, W. A.

1ST LTS. IN QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

Fink, F. A.
Floyd, J. B.
Johnstone, P. T.
Maxwell, E. H. W.
Sloan, H. A.
Jouannet, F. L.
Spargo, C. A.
Stewart, S. B.

CAPTAINS IN MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS.

Andrus, C. E.
Seelbach, E. H.
Shakeman, W. A.
Williams, W. L.

1ST LTS. IN MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS.

Albaugh, W. A.
Johnson, H.
Lecain, J. H.
Dasch, P.
Gray, W. I.
Keating, P. V.
Thompson, G. G.
Brinks, W.

CAPTAINS IN CHEM. WARFARE SERV.

Hale, H. A., Jr.
Boyle, J., Jr.

1ST LTS. IN CHEM. WARFARE SERV.

Boyer, J. W.
Guthrie, J. M., Jr.
Judy, E. L.
Ruick, S. K.
Vanettisch, R. T.
Willcox, R. E.

MAJORS IN MEDICAL CORPS.

Broderick, J. J.
Phillips, C. E.

CAPTAINS IN MEDICAL CORPS.

Bragg, L. R.
Brookhart, L. S.
Bruce, E. T.
Evans, T. A.
Green, E. H.
Ladwig, W. A.
Mead, H. B.
Milliken, L. F.
Parisen, G. B.
Thompson, R. A.
Vogel, G. L.
Adams, O. L.
Anderson, F. L.
Bauer, E. E.
Baxter, J. W.
Bewley, J. D.
Boatwick, B. E.
Boyd, C. L.
Briscoe, C. E.
Campbell, W. E.
Carter, J. B.
Cass, H. M.
Cattermole, G. H.
Chace, A. F.
Champenois, C.
Chilton, W. E.
Collier, T. J.
Cragin, D. B.
Christian, F. L.
Crull, E. A.
Cupler, R. G.
Detweller, A. J.
Dickinson, F. M.
Dolman, P.
Donaldson, A. I.
Duenning, H. A.
Evans, J. H.
Fleck, H. W.
Hartwell, J. B.
Hastings, G. H.
Hoglund, E. J.
Hull, A. R.
McClenahan, H. C.
McGraw, H. R.
Magbee, G. H.
Mahin, F. M.
Onesti, S. J.
Owen, W. L.
Pumphrey, G. E.
Richey, A. R.
Sivertsen, I.
Thompson, D. O.
Tobin, T. J.
Tong, G. W.
Weisskopf, M. A.
Williams, B. F.
Wurdemann, H. V.
Ziegler, F. J.

1ST LTS. IN MEDICAL CORPS.

Adams, W. S.
Bliger, F. W.
Blanchard, W. B.
Bonner, C. A.
Bunch, M. M.
Burns, D. S.
Burton, C.
Caldwell, R. W.
Collins, T.
Deveraux, A. B.
Ewing, H. H.
Gale, G. H.
Henney, P. J.
Hewett, A. J.
Hunter, R. L.
Lutkart, J. H.
Robb, T. J.
Merriam, W. H.
McCormick, T. G.
Vedder, C. V. B.
Abel, J. A.
Anderson, B.
Ballard, C. A.
Benshoff, A. M.
Benz, J.
Best, T. H. E.
Bloom, N. N.
Bradford, C. T.
Brandon, H. A.
Briggs, F. S.
Brown, L. M.
Bull, J. H.
Canfield, H. A.
Casale, J. B.
Chipp, J. K.
Commorato, J. R.
Conover, W. J.
Cooper, R. S.
Cousins, J. A.
Abercrombie, R. T.
Ballance, C.
Bates, I. C.
Bentley, A. G.
Berkey, H. A.
Blauvelt, H.
Bocher, I. E.
Braithwaite, W. W.
Breakey, R. S.
Brown, C. W.
Brown, N. J., Jr.
Butterfield, P. M.
Carmichael, A. B.
Chilton, R. H.
Coffin, G. H.
Conerty, J. M.
Cook, F. H.
Corey, C. W.
Cring, G. V.
Crofts, J. L.
Dorough, J. L.
Elliott, J. R.
Epstein, W. G.
Fullerton, L. A.
Gleraltowski, C. P.
Halle, H. B.
Havens, E.
Hendrick, A. H.
Highsmith, C. O.
Hutchison, C. W.
Irwin, C. M.
Karkeet, R. B.
Kilpatrick, L. A.
Lagasa, J. A.
Leachman, R. S.
Levin, I. H.
Lovas, A.
Magnus, A.
Metivier, A. O.
Morris, A. L.
Nedergaard, H.
Nutter, W. L.
Park, E. C., Jr.
Davis, I. G.
Edmunds, T. W.
Ellison, H. L.
Fortson, J. L.
Fuson, A. A.
Griffith, T.
Hamilton, T. F.
Havey, L. A.
Henton, G. E.
Horton, N.
Hutto, O. D.
Johnson, R. K.
Kershaw, R. B.
Klingon, L. E.
Larochelle, A. H.
Learned, E. T.
Long, W. H.
Lundvick, A. W.
Marshall, W. V.
Moore, F. B.
Matheney, J. C.
Nunnally, H. B.
Overton, E. M.
Parker, T. E.
Patchin, H. J.
Peek, E. G.
Righett, H.
Rosen, L.
Schultz, A. W.
Smith, N. M.
Spits, E. A.
Sullivan, E. W.
Thieme, D. A.
Treder, W. C.
Wallace, B. R.
West, H. D.
Payne, L. E., Jr.
Ransom, C. A.
Roach, L. S.
Sanders, K. D.
Siegelstein, M. J.
Sparks, W. R.
Stein, A.
Tebbetts, H. E.
Thompson, W. H.
Walker, R.
Walsh, L. S. N.
White, T. R.

1ST LTS. IN DENTAL CORPS.

Curry, F. L.
Barbosa, R. C.
Carballo, J. F.
Carr, G. H.
Hardimon, E. W.
Torregrosa, E. A.
Wheeler, M. H.
Sanders, L. E.
Blake, R. F.
Carbello, R. F.
Goyce, R. G.
Rodriguez, L. P.
Torregrosa, R. E.
Malmstrom, N. H.

CAPTAINS IN SAN. CORPS.

Eaton, J. J.
White, G. B.
Smith, W. W.

1ST LTS. IN SAN. CORPS.

Volcker, P. A.
Knight, J. H.
Houser, R. C.
Scott, A. H.
Lyall, H. W.
Howe, J. I.

CAPTAINS IN AIR SERV.

Atherton, A. E.
Allen, C. F.
Robinson, L. J.

1ST LTS. IN AIR SERV.

Hammond, J. M.
Leach, L. T.
Bergen, J. T.
Walsh, J. E.

CHAPLAINS, FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Stritch, J. H.
Barasch, N. E.
Watts, J. W.
Cunningham, H. C.
Frees, W. C.
Pupen, J. S.
Sherrill, H. K.
John, K. R.
Manton, P. J.
Allgood, J. L.
Elliot, F. M.
Russell, G. J.
Flewelling, R. T.
Cassetta, D. A.
Locke, R. F.
Hershey, P. H.
Campbell, W. R.
Jefferys, E. M
McAllister, R. H.
Shank, W. O.
Claiborne, W. S.
Fair, J. H. S.
Moore, S. W.

Education Notes.

The new Manhattan Trade School for Girls, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-second Street, is the largest and most complete high school for girls and women in the world. It comprises, among other trades, an extensive machine operating department to train women for making all kinds of clothing, of which are especially needed by the Government at the present time. A particular feature of the school will be intensive courses, both day and evening, for women more than 18 years of age, which aim to train for immediate war work in any line of electric power machine stitching or hand sewing. Application may be made from Monday to Friday, inclusive.

Classes in English for foreigners will be organized in P. S. 64, Manhattan, the Bush Terminal Board of the Young Women's Christian Association, Brooklyn, and in the Knights of Columbus Hut, Fort Hamilton, and annexes to Evening School 25, Manhattan, 186 Brooklyn, and the Bay Ridge High School.

Leaves of absence without loss of pay have been granted Anna G. Judge, music teacher Wadleigh High School, to attend a meeting of the New York State Teachers' Association on Nov. 26 and 27 at Albany, and to Katherine M. Christopher, librarian, Julia Richman High School, to attend a meeting of the New York State Librarians' Association on Nov. 26 at Albany.

Thomas I. Donohue has been appointed as teacher of common branches in the evening elementary schools.

Martin R. Byrne, a clerk in Secretary Palmer's office, has been captured and imprisoned at Limburg.

Leaves of absence with 40 per cent. of pay have been recommended from Nov. 1 to Jan. 31 for Marguerite Andrew, P. S. 108, Manhattan; Blanche Archer, P. S. 124, Brooklyn; Alice M. Clark, P. S. 108, Queens; Anne G. Congdon, P. S. 166; Harriet E. Hart, P. S. 57; Janet A. Farries, P. S. 41; Rose Frank, P. S. 77, all of Manhattan; Jeannie Green, P. S. 78, Queens; Evy D. Howlett, shopwork; Nannette Nevins, cooking; Mary E. Pinkham, drawing; Mabel E. Robertson, P. S. 58, Manhattan; Bertha Rosenstadt, Jamaica High School; Bertha Schaad, German; Emanuel Wehe, Morris High School.

The Civil Service.

City.

The promotion examination for Captain in the Fire Department, which was to have been held on Nov. 1, has been postponed indefinitely on account of the influenza epidemic. There are about 600 Lieutenants on the sick list, and if the examination was held now a special test would have to be given them later.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for blue printer, for both men and women. Vacancies in the Departmental Service, Washington, D. C., at entrance salaries ranging from $2 per diem to $900 a year, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated upon practical tests, 50, and experience in making blue prints or brown prints, 50. Applicants must have had at least six months' practical experience in making blue prints or brown prints, and must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of making oath to the application. Male applicants of draft age should state in their applications their draft classification. The commission will sustain objections of appointing officers to the appointment or certification of men in Class I.A. On account of the urgent needs of the service, applications will be received until further notice. Papers will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Estates Appraised.

COHN, JACOB, (Nov. 14, 1917.) Total estate, $128,212; assets, real estate, $4,013; interest in J. Cohn & Co., tobacco, 164 Water Street, $123,212. His wife, Betsy Cohn, 258 West Ninetieth St, receives $102,262, and his son, Milton L. Cohn, 895 West End Avenue, receives $20,000.

HARKNESS, LAMON V. Total estate taxable in New York, $700,360; assets, real estate, $442,500; 933 Fifth Avenue, $275,000; 65 East Seventy-sixth Street, $52,500; residence and three acres of land, Easthampton, $40,000; vacant land on Flushing Creek, Queens Borough, $75,000; steam yacht, Wakiva, $265,000, which is the value that was fixed by the Government when the yacht was taken over for war purposes in July, 1917; furniture in Easthampton house, $1,860. Beneficiaries, son and daughters, Harry S. Harkness, Lela H. Edwards, Myrtle H. Macomber, $173,440 each.

HAUBNER, KATHRYN H., (Jan. 13, 1918.) Total estate, $57,533; assets, real estate, $13,033; personal, $10,101; stocks and bonds, $34,181. Beneficiaries, son and daughters, Oscar V. Haubner, Elsie F. Haubner, and Frederica O. Haubner.

MORTIMER, RICHARD, JR., (May 22, 1918.) Estate taxable in New York, $187,031, consisting wholly of real estate as follows: 9-11 Wall Street, $610,000, decedent's interest, $68,737; 64-66 Nassau Street, valued at $290,000, decedent's interest, $32,625; 825 Broadway, 49 East Twelfth Street, valued at $136,500, decedent's interest, $15,356; 935 Broadway, valued at $540,000, decedent's interest, $60,750; Bowery and Division Street, valued at $93,000, decedent's interest, $10,462. His mother, Eleanor Jay Mortimer, of Tuxedo Park, received the entire estate.

SHEPPARD, FRANK L., (April 13, 1918.) Total estate, $128,093; assets, cash $8,813, personal $11,744, stocks and bonds $113,106. His wife, Mary Knapp Sheppard, 42 West 51st Street, receives $118,995, and a friend, George E. Bates, Newark, $1,000.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Patrol, from precincts indicated to Headquarters Div., in office of bookkeeper, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 1—H. J. McCormack, 6; John Kissinger, 14; Edward O'Brien, 10. From precincts indicated to 6th Insp. Dis., in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 1—George Le Clair, 10; Richard Holt, 42; John Sullivan, 49; W. H. Daly, 91; David Elmanis, 18; J. H. Thompson, 49; James Quinlan, 53; Peter McGuirk, 109.

Fire Department.

Relieved: Captain F. J. Hennessy, Eng. 265, on an annual pension of $1,400, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 1.; Lieut. J. J. Canhalin, H. & L. 104, on an annual pension of $1,175, to take effect 8 A. M., Nov. 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The trough of low pressure which has persisted for several days in the Mississippi Valley has advanced to the Middle Atlantic States and now forms a disturbance of considerable intensity with a rapid movement, east northeastward.

A strong area of high pressure and cooler weather has overspread the North Rocky Mountain region.

General rains have fallen in the Lower Lake region, the Upper Ohio Valley, the Middle and South Atlantic States, and Northern New England.

The weather will clear early Thursday morning in Atlantic Coast districts with considerably lower temperature. Fair, cool weather is indicated for Friday for practically all parts of the Washington forecast district.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Cape Henry to Eastport, Me.

A special advisory storm message, issued at 9 P. M., was to hoist southwest storm warnings on the Atlantic Coast from Cape Henry to Boston, the storm being then central over Maryland, moving northeastward rapidly, with strong southerly winds, which it was indicated would shift to west Thursday morning.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be south, becoming west Thursday morning, with rain in South Atlantic Coasts, fresh south, fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy and cooler Thursday preceded by rain on the coast; Friday, fair.

Southern New England—Rain and cooler Thursday; Friday, fair and continued cool.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Clearing and cooler Thursday; Friday, fair.

Western New York—Fair Thursday and Friday, cooler Thursday.

Northern New England—Rain Thursday; Friday, fair and cooler.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1917.	1918.		1917.	1918.
3 A. M.	66	4 P. M.	69	70
6 A. M.	64	66	6 P. M.	69	68
9 A. M.	63	66	9 P. M.	67	65
12 M.	60	72	11 P. M.	66	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 66; for the corresponding date last year it was 50; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 50. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 66. Maximum temperature, 73 degrees at 11:50 A. M.; minimum, 64 degrees at 12:50 A. M. Humidity, 96 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 90 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.84 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.73 inches.

Shipping News.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.....6:24 | Sun sets.....5:55

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:03	5:31	11:24	11:33
Governors Island	5:44	6:00	1:51	
Hell Gate	7:53	8:18	1:50	2:21

Fire Record.

A M. Loss.

1:40—2 Av. & 14 St., (auto;) Alex Shaffus.....Not given
6:40—148 E. 42 St.; not given.....Slight
7:30—58 St. & North River, (auto;) Garford Coal Co.....$2,000

P. M.

2:06—1,303 3 Av.; Annie Lynch.....Slight
2:50—1,892 Marmion Av.; Jacob Bloch.Slight
3:15—Pier 50, N. R., (barge;) not given.....Slight
3:30—254 Lafayette St., (auto;) Henry Brenhein.....Slight
6:45—818 E. 38 St., (auto;) P. Baker.Slight
8:45—1,050 Amsterdam Av.; F. Hildebrand.....Slight
10:20—154 Mott St.; Savirono Tereone..None
10:20—Eastchester Av. & Gun Hill Road; (auto;) Edward Morgan.....Total

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Lunberg<CNY.
Seht<same.
Murphy<same.
McCoo<same.
Re Jersey St.
Stehli<Town Oyster Bay.
Silverman<Moss.
Kilroy<McKinney.
C Wright<same.
Healy<Duffy.
Herring<Crouse.
Re Kramer.
Weiss<Hays.
Humphreys<Hudson & Manhattan RR.
Bergen Beach Land Corp<CNY.
Schilling<Schilling.
Kahn<Rosenthal.
Katz<Stampler.
Smith<Smith.
Re Weiman, (Khoel.)
Hicks<Schaefer.
Ward<L I RR.
Re Schofler.
Re Royal Land Co.
Kominsky<Kominsky.

PART II.—Benedict, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Fawcett, J.—At 10 A. M.

Sand<Title.
Grand Court of Foresters<Seneca.
Ford<Equit Trust Co.
Farnolo<Ackerman.
Gilroy<Russo.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1155.

TRIAL TERM—Part I, Kapper, J.; Part II., Callaghan, J.; Part III., Aspinal, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Faber, J.; Part VII., Seeger, J.

Aranow<Cowperthwaite Furn Co.
Ferro<Hosford & ano.
Hansen<NY Rys.
Dalsell<A. T. & S. F. Ry.
Eurell<Stephenson.
Wallace<Corey.
Knudsen<Burns.
May<Mills.
Avitabile<Di Muria.
Jaeger<B. H. RR.
Corteselli<CNY.
Buckley<same.
Roche<Hanson-Tillotson Co.
Kovac<Nas RR.
Levy<Schwartzreich.

The following causes will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Johnston<NY Con RR.
Hagan<Blossom.
De Polo<Mall & Exp Co et al.
Beck<Bernstein & ano.
Anderson<Schorn & ano.
Fuchs<Cooper.
Bengen<B. H. RR and ano.
Miller<Mendeloff and ano.
Robertson<Tumbridge Realty Co.
McHugh<Kennedy Const Co.
Werner<CNY.
Moore<N. Y. Rys.
Willner<B'klyn Fdy.
Simonson<B. H. RR.
Bloom<Nassau RR.
Maley<B. Q. C. & Sub RR.
Gerndt<Abrams.
Desser<Ind. El. Lgt. Co.
Monahan<Jaworlinsky.
Stubbmann<Flatbush Water Works.
Pigorsch<Faber.
Richter<Clover Farms.
Walsh<Haedrich.
Kelley<Butler.
Dassau<Mona Rity Co.
Russell<Struss.
Veen<Bklyn Un Gas.
Radden<Van Pelt.

Highest number reached on regular call, 5795.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Susanna Davies,
Marie Clement,
Ludwig Schwanenflgel
Augustus Allison.

Accountings of:
Phillip Lapiocolo.
Heinrich Seidensticker
Anna Kuhn,
Edith Cotton,
Frank Nostrand,
David Julian,
Catherine Armstrong.

Walter Bloomer,
Mary Martin,
Catherine Gippert,
Malaka Macksond,
Phillip Ochsenreiter,
Albert Berry.

Estates of:
Theodore Johnson
Gunn infants,
Doyle infants,
William Press,
Edward Long,
Estelle Butts.

County Court.

PART V.—May, J.

Diktakis<NY Cons RR
Salisbury<Salisbury.
Phillips<B. H RR.
Courtney<Sprigade.
Lang<Cooper.
Wannack<Seale.

Balance of calendars of the 29th, 30th, and 31st passed until Monday, Nov. 4, 1918.

Hooke<Hooke.
Sylvester<Sylvester.
Torres<Cosmo Bros.
Rodgers<Kavanaugh.
Buchois<Altstadter.
Hartmen<Hartmen.
Kaplan<Kaplan.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V

STEAMSHIP LINES THREATEN TO LEAVE

Committee, Representing 25 Companies, Complain of Docking Facilities.

HULBERT TO ACT AT ONCE

Dock Commissioner's Plan to Move Sound Steamers to the East River Indorsed by the Government.

For more than a year certain foreign steamship lines, which have been unable to obtain docking facilities in Manhattan, have been complaining to the Dock Commissioner that unless conditions in New York Harbor were improved they would have to go elsewhere. This culminated yesterday in a committee, representing twenty-five steamship companies, calling on Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert. They said that the lack of proper facilities for handling steamships in New York Harbor had seriously interfered with their business, and unless some action was taken by the city officials they would have to move to some other Eastern port.

Among hte lines represented were: Nippon Yusen Kaisaj, (Japanese Steamship Line, John G. Todd;) Lorm Dock Company, Raporel Steamship Company, Oriental Navigation Company, Wessel, Duval & Co., Union Transport Company, Norton, Lilly & Co., Lloyd Braziliero, Funch Edye & Co., Norwegian-American Line, Independent Steamship Company, care Harriman & Co.; American Smelting & Refining Company, Kerry Steamship Company Luckenbach Steamship Company, United States Steel Products Company, Pease & Elliman, Moore & McCormack, Holland-American Line, Hartfield, Solari & Co., Martens & Co., Lamport & Holt, McDonnell & Truda, and Transatlantica Italiana.

Commissioner Hulbert told the committee he would take up the matter immediately and would meet them again tomorrow afternoon to discuss the situation. The Dock Commissioner's plan for ending the congestion in New York includes shifting the Sound steamboats from the North River to the East River, and has the indorsement of the United States Government through William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce. The Dock Commissioner's plan submitted to the Sinking Fund Commission and the Mayor calls for $20,000,000 expenditure for 1918 to 1921.

The rebuilding of the pier at Canal Street, North River, now used as a dump, will cost $350,000 alone, the Commissioner said. So far there are only five piers available for big steamships, Piers 14, 16, 18, and 19, and Pier 40.

Will Reopen Coal Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30. — Investigation into the coal situation is to be reopened by the Senate Manufactures Committee as soon as members return to Washington after the elections, Senator Reed of Missouri, Chairman, announced today, and said Sophia Irene Loeb, a New York newspaper writer, who made an independent investigation of coal production, would be the first witness. The committee also investigated the sugar situation, and there is talk of reopening that subject also.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Diamond bar pin Monday night, between Lyric Theatre and Plaza Hotel; had thirteen diamonds; return to Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.; no questions asked and liberal reward.

LOST—Ladies' square gold wrist watch, torn band, between 88th St., Central Park West and Columbus Av., or near Sherman Square Hotel; liberal reward. London, Sherman Square Hotel.

LOST—A gold wrist watch on a gold mesh bracelet on Merrick Road; initials "H. A. H." on back; reward. Return to Cartier, 653 5th Av. No questions asked.

LOST—Blue enameled gold powder box, initials L. B. S., in taxicab from Plaza to 23d St. ferry, Oct. 26, after 6 P. M.; liberal reward. Phone Montclair 1956.

LOST—Black leather wallet, initialed A. D., containing owner's registration card, war zone pass; also other documents; reward. Return to Armand Dreyfus, Room 819, 29 Broadway.

LOST—At corner of Broome St. and Bowery, or 2d Av. surface car, silver mesh bag, name engraved on bag and in card case. Return to 892 Union St., Brooklyn; reward. Phone Prospect 482.

LOST—Skunk cape, on the Post Road, between Noroton and 180th St., on Sunday night. Reward if returned to Mrs. J. K. Byard, 150 Waverley Place. Spring 5300.

LOST.—No questions asked if muff taken from rack over Seat 10 in parlor car of N. Y., N. H. Road, Tuesday, Oct. 22, is returned to Mrs. McClanahan, 780 Riverside Drive; reward.

LOST—Between 49 Maiden Lane and 87 Nassau St., small envelope containing 18 lavalliere mountings, 36 small diamonds, 36 small sapphires; $100 reward to finder. 49 Maiden Lane, Room 1102.

LOST—In Pennsylvania Terminal Post Office, Wednesday, black leather notebook; reward. R. C. Zindel, care of E. B. Stauffer, 242 West 31st St.

LOST—Diamond wedding ring, engraved S. M. L. to A. C. P. Return 120 East 69th St., Apt. 9B. Reward.

LOST—Pocketbook, on Broadway car; $5 reward and no questions if returned to owner. Edmond B. Bronson, 111 Broadway.

LOST—Beaded bag, Wanamaker, bus or subway; reward. Tel. 137 Yonkers. Brodt.

LOST—Gold studded bar pin, on West 160th St. McIntyre, 884 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Emerald and diamond scarf pin; $25 reward. Superintendent, 152 West 58th St.

LOST — Pearl-diamond ring at Newbury, Labor Day; reward. Harrick, 306 Lexington Av.

LARGE REWARD for return of diamond and sapphire bar pin, one sapphire missing. Phone Madison Square 2585.

$100 REWARD

no questions asked, return platinum neck chain with pearl between each link; lost on Broadway car between 59th and 80th Sts., about Sept. 28. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$750.00 REWARD.

No questions asked, return diamond bar pin about three inches, lost Oct. 27 at or between New York City and Lake Mahopac. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$50 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gents' single stone diamond ring, lost Oct. 17, 74th St., near Columbus Av. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$25 REWARD.

No questions asked, return diamond and onyx monogram, initials H. H. W., lost about Sept. 15. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

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Business men and the war

THE only real business we have now is "winning the war." There is no such thing as private business; all business is the nation's business.

Clothes-buying and selling may seem to have nothing to do with war; but men must have them; they take materials and labor and they cost money. Therefore, clothes that save, help.

You can save by not buying more clothes than you need.

When you need clothes, you can save by buying good ones, that last long, and don't have to be replaced soon. We make that kind of clothes.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
clothes are all wool

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Clothes that save

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We're trying to do our part by carrying only merchandise that lasts; such clothes as Hart Schaffner & Marx make

Wallach Bros.

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3d Ave., cor. 122d